

Assignment - 5

Collection classes :-



1) Array list :-

• It is a dynamic array based implements of the list interface.

```
import java.util. ArrayList;
```

```
Public static void main (Strings [ ] args) {
```

```
ArrayList < string > names = new ArrayList < > ();
```

```
names.add ("Alice");
```

```
names.add ("Bob");
```

```
names.add ("charlie");
```

```
System.out.println ("Names : " + names);
```

```
names.remove ("Bob");
```

```
System.out.println("Names after remove bob: " + names);
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

2) LinkedList() :-

- It is another implementation of list interface, based on doubly-linked list data structure.
- It Provides efficient insertion and deletion of element at both ends of the list.
- Here's a simple Program that demonstrates it.

```
import java.util. LinkedList;
```

```
Public class LinkedList {
```

```
    Public static void main (String[] args) {
```

```
        LinkedList< Integer> number = new LinkedList<>();
```

```
        number.add(1);
```

```
        number.add(2);
```

```
        number.add(3);
```

```
        System.out.println("Numbers after remove: " + number);
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

3) Map Interface :-

* Hash Map :-

→ It is an implementation of the Map interface that stores key value Pairs.

→ It uses a hash table to provide fast access to value based on their keys.

```
import java.util. hashmap;
```

```
Public class hash {
```

```
    Public static void main (String [] args) {
```

```
        Hash <String, Integer> scores = new hashmap<>();
```

```
        scores. Put ("Alice", 95);
```

```
        scores. Put ("Bob", 89);
```

```
        scores. Put ("charlie", 91);
```

```
        System. out. Println ("Bob's score: " + scores.get ("Bob"));
```

```
        scores. remove ("charlie");
```

```
        System. out. Println ("Hash map after remove: " + scores);
```

```
}
```

```
}
```


* Linked Hash Map :-

- It is another implementation of map interface.
- It maintains the order of key value Pairs based on the insertion order.

```
import java.util. linked hash map;
```

```
Public class linked {
```

```
    Public static void main (String[] args) {
```

```
        linked hash map < String, Integer > ages = new linked <>();
```

```
        ages. Put ("Alice", 25);
```

```
        ages. Put ("Bob", 20);
```

```
        ages. Put ("Charlie", 22);
```

```
        System. out. Println ("Ages: " + ages);
```

```
        ages. remove ("Bob");
```

```
        System. out. Println ("Linked hash map after remove Bob: " +  
                                ages);
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```