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State	Finished
Completed on	Monday, 9 December 2024, 11:01 AM
Time taken	10 mins 9 secs
Marks	14.00/15.00
Grade	93.33 out of 100.00

Question 1

Incorrect

Mark 0.00 out of 1.00

1. How can you apply a 2x2 max-pooling operation to a tensor input_tensor?

input_tensor = torch.rand(1, 3, 8, 8)

- ☐ a. output = nn.MaxPool1d(kernel_size=2)(input_tensor)
- ☐ b. output = nn.MaxPool2d(kernel_size=2)(input_tensor)
- ☐ c. output = F.pool2d(input_tensor, 2)
- ☒ d. output = nn.MaxPool2d(input_tensor, kernel_size=2) ❌

Your answer is incorrect.

The correct answer is:

output = nn.MaxPool2d(kernel_size=2)(input_tensor)

Question 2

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Which of the following activation functions is commonly used in hidden layers?

- ☐ a. Softmax
- ☐ b. Sigmoid
- ☒ c. Relu ✔️
- ☐ d. All the above

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is:

Relu

Question 3

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

What is the role of an activation function in a neural network?

- ☐ a. To combine input features
- ☐ b. To compute loss
- ☐ c. To initialize weights
- ☒ d. To introduce non-linearity ✔️

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is:

To introduce non-linearity

Question 4

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

What does backpropagation do in a neural network?

- ☐ a. Adds more layers to the network
- ☒ b. Updates weights by calculating gradients ✔️
- ☐ c. Optimizes the input data
- ☐ d. Adjusts the learning rate

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is:

Updates weights by calculating gradients

Question 5

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

What is the output shape after applying a convolutional layer with the following parameters to an input tensor of shape (1, 1, 28, 28)?

conv = nn.Conv2d(1, 16, kernel_size=3, padding=1, stride=1)

- ☐ a. (1, 1, 28, 28)
- ☐ b. (1, 16, 26, 26)
- ☒ c. (1, 16, 28, 28) ✔️
- ☐ d. (1, 16, 30, 30)

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is:

(1, 16, 28, 28)

Question 6

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

How do you define a fully connected layer with 256 input features and 10 output features in PyTorch?

import torch.nn as nn

- ☐ a. layer = nn.Dense(256, 10)
- ☐ b. layer = nn.Linear(256, 256)
- ☒ c. layer = nn.Linear(256, 10) ✓
- ☐ d. layer = nn.Linear(10, 256)

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is:

layer = nn.Linear(256, 10)

Question 7

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Which loss function is typically used for classification tasks in ANNs?

- ☐ a. Mean Squared Error (MSE)
- ☒ b. Categorical Cross-Entropy ✓
- ☐ c. Hinge Loss
- ☐ d. Mean Absolute Error (MAE)

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is:

Categorical Cross-Entropy

Question 8

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

What is the purpose of dropout in a neural network?

- ☐ a. To reduce the size of the dataset
- ☐ b. To increase model capacity
- ☐ c. To increase the size of the dataset
- ☒ d. To prevent overfitting ✓

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is:

To prevent overfitting

Question 9

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

What are the primary hyperparameters in training an ANN?

- ☐ a. Dataset size, output size, and bias
- ☐ b. Input dimensions, dropout rate, and regularization
- ☐ c. Number of features, loss function, and gradient
- ☒ d. Learning rate, batch size, and number of epochs ✓

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is:

Learning rate, batch size, and number of epochs

Question 10

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

What happens if the learning rate is too high during training?

- ☒ a. The model will oscillate and fail to converge ✓
- ☐ b. The model will converge faster
- ☐ c. The model will stop updating weights
- ☐ d. The loss will decrease to zero

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is:

The model will oscillate and fail to converge

Question 11

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

What is the primary purpose of convolutional layers in a CNN?

- ☐ a. To reduce the dimensionality of the input
- ☐ b. To normalize the data
- ☐ c. To flatten the input for dense layers
- ☒ d. To extract spatial features from the input ✓

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is:

To extract spatial features from the input

Question 12

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

What does the term 'kernel' or 'filter' refer to in a CNN?

- ☐ a. A normalization layer
- ☐ b. A function used for gradient updates
- ☐ c. A layer that reduces overfitting
- ☒ d. A small matrix that slides over the input to extract features ✓

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is:

A small matrix that slides over the input to extract features

Question 13

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

What is the purpose of max-pooling in a CNN?

- ☐ a. To smooth the feature maps
- ☐ b. To increase the resolution of the feature map
- ☐ c. To perform normalization on feature maps
- ☒ d. To select the maximum value in a region for dimensionality reduction ✓

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is:

To select the maximum value in a region for dimensionality reduction

Question 14

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

What is the effect of stride in a convolutional layer?

- ☐ a. Increases the size of the feature map
- ☒ b. Determines the step size when the kernel moves across the input ✓
- ☐ c. Applies pooling to the input
- ☐ d. Adds more filters to the layer

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is:

Determines the step size when the kernel moves across the input

Question 15

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

How do you flatten a tensor of shape (batch_size, channels, height, width) to (batch_size, -1)?

```
input_tensor = torch.rand(32, 64, 7, 7)
```

- ☐ a. flattened = input_tensor.view(32, -1)
- ☐ b. flattened = input_tensor.flatten(1)
- ☒ c. flattened = input_tensor.reshape(-1) ✓
- ☐ d. flattened = input_tensor.view(-1, 64)

Your answer is correct.

The correct answers are:

```
flattened = input_tensor.view(32, -1),
```

```
flattened = input_tensor.reshape(-1)
```