

RYAN



EXCELLENCE IN EDUCATION
&
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Computer Science Project

Certificate

This is to certify that Krishna Bagade, a student of class XII-B, Ryan International School, Sanpada has successfully completed the coursework of Computer Science, that is “Python Project File” under the guidance of Mrs Gargly Dam during 2022-23 in partial fulfilment of physics practical examination of Central Board of Secondary Education.

Signature of Internal
Examiner:

Signature of External
Examiner:

Signature of Principal:

School stamp:

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#1 To write a program that prints a table on two columns-table that helps converting miles into kilometre

Source code:-

```
print("Miles\t | \tKilometer")

for j in range (7)
    print(10**j , end= "\t" )
    print(" | " , end= "\t")
    print( 1.6093 * 10**j)
```

Output:-

Miles		kilometer
1		1.6093
10		16.093
100		160.93
1000		1609.3
10000		16093.0
100000		160930.0
1000000		1609300.0

#2 To write a program printing a table with two columns that help convert pounds into kilograms

Source code:-

```
print("Pound\t | \tKilogram")  
  
for j in range (0,101,5)  
    print( j , end= "\t" )  
    print(" | " , end="\t")  
    print( 0.45* j )
```

Output:-

Pounds		Kilogram
0		0.0
5		2.25
10		4.5
15		6.75
20		9.0
25		11.25
30		13.5
35		15.75
40		18.0
45		20.25
50		22.5
55		24.75
60		27.0
65		29.25
70		31.5
75		33.75
80		36.0
85		38.25
90		40.5
95		42.75
100		45.0

#3 To write a program that reads two times in military format(0900,1730) and prints the number of hours and minutes between the two times.

Source code:-

```
first = int(input("Please Enter the  
first time ="))  
sec = int(input("Please Enter the  
second time = " ))  
  
a = sec - First  
  
print(a // 100, "hours" , a  
%100,"min")
```

Output:-

```
Please Enter the first time = 0900  
Please Enter the sec time = 1730  
8 hours 30 min
```

```
Please Enter the first time = 1115  
Please Enter the sec time = 1730  
6 hours 15 min
```

```
Please Enter the first time = 1214  
Please Enter the sec time = 2230  
10 hours 16 min
```

- #4 To write a function called addDict(dict1,dict2) which computes the union of two dictionaries. It should return a new dictionary, with all the items in of both its arguments (assumed to be dictionaries). If the same key appears in both arguments,pick a value from either dictionary.

Source code:-

```
def adddict(dict1,dict2) :
    dic = {}
    for i in dict1 :
        dic [ i ] = dict1 [i]
    for j in dict2 :
        dic [ j ] = dict2 [j]
    return dic
dict1=eval(input("Enter First Dictionary :- "))
dic2=eval(input("Enter Second Dictionary :-"))

print(adddict(dict1,dict2))
```

Output:-

```
Enter First Dictionary :-{"Zone":1,"Area":2,"Street":3}
Enter Second Dictionary:-{"Road":4,"Area":2,"Street":4}
{'Zone': 1, 'Area': 2, 'Street': 4, 'Road': 4}
```

```
Enter First Dictionary :-{"Name":"Lion","Scientific name":"Panthera leo","Length":"1.8m"}
Enter Second Dictionary:-{"Mass":"190kg","Lifespan":"8-10years","speed":"80km/hr"}
{'Name': 'Lion', 'Scientific name': 'Panthera leo', 'Length': '1.8m', 'Mass': '190kg', 'Lifespan': '8-10years', 'speed': '80km/hr'}
```

```
Enter First Dictionary :-{"Brand name":"Dominos","Type of food":"Pizza"}
Enter Second Dictionary:-{"Average price":"300-400"}
{'Brand name': 'Dominos', 'Type of food': 'Pizza', 'Average price': '300-400'}
```

#5 To write a program to sort a dictionary's keys using Bubble sort and produce the sorted keys as a list.

**Source
Code:-**

```
dic = eval (input("Enter a dictionary : "))
key = list(dic.keys())

For j in range (len(key)):
    For i in range ( len ( key ) - 1) :
        If key [ i ] > key [ i +1 ] :
            key [ i ] , key [ i + 1 ] =
key [ i +1 ] , key [ i ]

print(key)
```

Output:-

```
Enter a dictionary:{1:"Violet",2:"Indigo",3:"blue"}
[1, 2, 3]
```

```
Enter a dictionary:{5:"red",4:"green",7:"yellow"}
[4, 5, 7]
```

#6 Write a function that receives 2 numbers and generates a random number from the range. Using this function the main program should be able to print 3 numbers randomly.

Source Code:-

```
import random
def generate_random(a,b):
    randNum=[]
    randNum.append(random.randrange(a, b))
    randNum.append(random.randrange(a, b))
    randNum.append(random.randrange(a, b))
    print(randNum)
    return randNum

# __main__
first_number=int(input("Enter the first number:"))
second_number=int(input("Enter the second
number:"))
generate_random(first_number,second_number)
```

Output:-

```
/usr/bin/python3 /Users/krishnabagade/PycharmProjects/Oct2022/pythonProjectXII/ch3Q.4.py
Enter the first number:4
Enter the second number:56
[47, 8, 11]

Process finished with exit code 0
```

```
/usr/bin/python3 /Users/krishnabagade/PycharmProjects/Oct2022/pythonProjectXII/ch3Q.4.py
Enter the first number:4
Enter the second number:56
[47, 8, 11]

Process finished with exit code 0
```

#7 Write a function that receives 2 string arguments and check whether they are same length strings(return true otherwise false)

Source Code:-

```
def string_length(string1,string2):  
    return len(string1)==len(string2)  
  
#__main__  
string1=input("Enter the first string: ")  
string2=input("Enter the second string: ")  
print(string_length(string1,string2))
```

Output:-

```
/usr/bin/python3 /Users/krishnabagade/PycharmProjects  
/demo/ch3.Q5.py  
Enter the first string: redhead  
Enter the second string: redbed  
False  
Enter the first string: luffy  
Enter the second string: flufy  
True
```

#8 Write a function that takes two numbers and returns the number that has minimum 1's digit.

Source Code:-

```
def minimumcheck(num1,num2):  
    uni1=num1%10  
    uni2=num2%10  
    if uni1<uni2:  
        return num1  
    else:  
        return num2  
  
#__main__  
num1=int(input("Enter the first number: "))  
num2=int(input("Enter the second number: "))  
print("Minimum one's  
digit",minimumcheck(num1,num2))
```

Output:

-

```
/usr/bin/python3 /Users/krishnabagade/PycharmProjects  
/demo/ch3.Q8.py  
Enter the first number: 107  
Enter the second number: 454  
Minimum one's digit 454  
Enter the first number: 10000  
Enter the second number: 9999  
Minimum one's digit 10000  
  
Process finished with exit code 0
```

#9 Write a function that receives 2 string arguments and check whether they are same length strings(return true otherwise false)

Source Code:-

```
def string_length(string1,string2):  
    return len(string1)==len(string2)  
  
#__main__  
string1=input("Enter the first string: ")  
string2=input("Enter the second string: ")  
print(string_length(string1,string2))
```

Output

:-

```
/usr/bin/python3 /Users/krishnabagade/PycharmProjects  
/demo/ch3.Q5.py  
Enter the first string: redhead  
Enter the second string: redbed  
False  
Enter the first string: luffy  
Enter the second string: flufy  
True
```

#10 Write a program that copies one file to another. Have the program read filenames from the user.

Source
Code:-

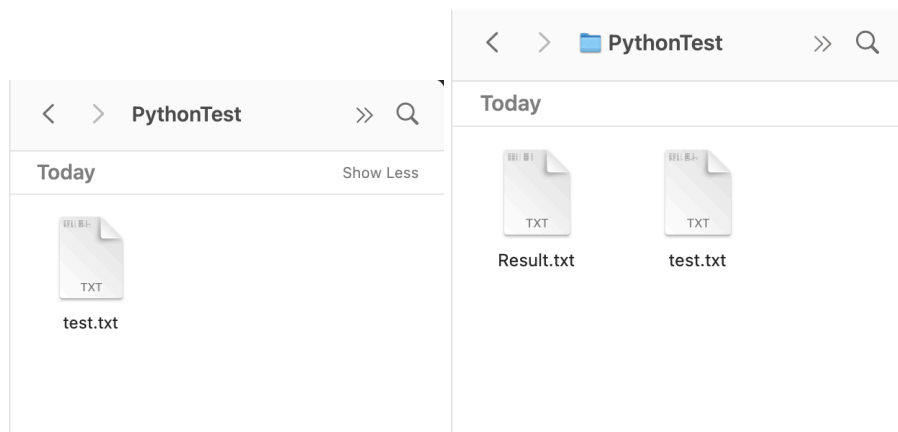
```
def readfile(filepath):
    myfile = open(filepath, "r")
    s=myfile.readlines()
    print("File output",s)
    writeFile(s)
    myfile.close()

def writeFile(s):

fileout=open("/Users/krishnabagade/Documents/Python
Test/Result.txt", "w")
    for sen in range(len(s)):
        fileout.write(s[0])
    fileout.close()

#/Users/krishnabagade/Documents/PythonTest/test.txt
userip=input("Enter file path:")
readFile(userip)
```

Output:



```

/Users/krishnabagade/PycharmProjects/Oct2022/pythonProjectXIIB/venv/bin/python /Users/krishnabagade/PycharmProjects/Oct2022/pythonProjectXIIB/filehandling.py
Enter file path: /Users/krishnabagade/Documents/PythonTest/test.txt
File output ['Fluffy\Harold\tcat\tf\t1993-02-04\t\N\n', 'Claws\tGwen\tcat\tm\t1994-03-17\t\N\n', 'Buffy\Harold\tdog\tf\t1989-05-13\t\N\n', 'Fang\tBenny\tdog\tf\t1990-08-01\t\N\n']
Process finished with exit code 0

```


Result.txt					
Fluffy	Harold	cat	f	1993-02-04	\N
Claws	Gwen	cat	m	1994-03-17	\N
Buffy	Harold	dog	f	1989-05-13	\N
Fang	Benny	dog	m	1990-08-27	\N
Bowser	Diane	dog	m	1979-08-31	1995-07-29
Chirpy	Gwen	bird	f	1998-09-11	\N
Whistler		Gwen	bird	\N	1997-12-09 \N
Slim	Benny	snake	m	1996-04-29	\N

test.txt					
Fluffy	Harold	cat	f	1993-02-04	\N
Claws	Gwen	cat	m	1994-03-17	\N
Buffy	Harold	dog	f	1989-05-13	\N
Fang	Benny	dog	m	1990-08-27	\N
Bowser	Diane	dog	m	1979-08-31	1995-07-29
Chirpy	Gwen	bird	f	1998-09-11	\N
Whistler		Gwen	bird	\N	1997-12-09 \N
Slim	Benny	snake	m	1996-04-29	\N

- #11 Write a program that will create an object called fallout for writing , associate it with the filename STRS.txt. The code should keep on writing strings to it as long as the user wants.

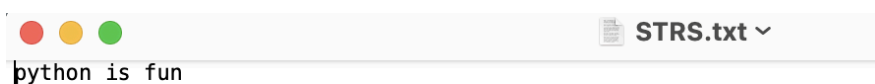
Source Code:-

```
def writeFile():
    fileout=open("/Users/krishnabagade/Documents/Python
Test/STRS.txt", "w")
    while True:
        print("Enter file operation:")
        print("1.To write sentences in file")
        print("2. to close the file")
        ch=int(input("Enter choice:"))
        if ch==1:
            s=input("Enter text to be added:")
            fileout.write(s)
        elif ch==2:
            fileout.close()
            break
        else:
            print("Please enter a valid number:")

#__main__
writeFile()
```

Output:

-



#12 Consider the following definition of a dictionary member, write a method in python to write the content in a pickled file member.dat.

Member = {'MemberNo.': _____, 'Name': _____}

Source Code:-

```
import pickle

def dictionary_wb(mem1):
    memberfile =
open('/Users/krishnabagade/Documents/PythonTest/member.dat', 'wb')
    pickle.dump(mem1, memberfile)
    memberfile.close()

mem_no = input("Enter dictionary member number to
be recorded in file memberfile:")
mem_name = input("Enter dictionary member name to
be recorded in file memberfile:")
mem1 = {mem_no: mem_name}
dictionary_wb(mem1)
```

Output

:-

```
/Users/krishnabagade/PycharmProjects/Oct2022/pythonProjectXIIB/venv/bin/python /Users/krishnabagade/PycharmProjects/Oct2022/pythonProjectXIIB/filehandling3.py
Enter dictionary member number to be recorded in file memberfile:12345678901234567890
Enter dictionary member name to be recorded in file memberfile:Mrs Singh Honey to Ya
Process finished with exit code 0
```



 **member.dat**

- #13** Write a program that depending on the user's choice, either pushes or pops an element in a stack. The elements are shifted towards the right so that the top always remains at the 0th (zeroth) index.

**Source
Code:-**

```
def POP(Arr):
    if len(Arr) > 0:
        v = Arr.pop(0)
        return v
    else:
        print("Stack is empty underflow occurred")

def push(Arr, a):
    Arr.insert(0, a)

Arr = []
Top = None
while True:
    print("stack operations")
    print("1.Push")
    print("2.Pop")
    print("3.Exit")
    ch = int(input("Enter your choice 1-3:"))
    if ch == 1:
        a = input("Enter number to be entered in stack:")
        push(Arr, a)
        print(Arr)
    elif ch == 2:
        h = POP(Arr)
        print(h)
    elif ch == 3:
        break
    else:
```

```
print("Enter a valid number:")
```

Output:-

```
/Users/krishnabagade/PycharmProjects/Oct2022/pythonProjectXIIB/venv/bin/python /Users/krishnabagade/PycharmProjects/Oct2022/pythonProjectXIIB/stackspf.py
stack operations
1.Push
2.Pop
3.Exit
Enter your choice 1-3:1
Enter number to be entered in stack:rge
['rge']
stack operations
1.Push
2.Pop
3.Exit
Enter your choice 1-3:2
Enter number to be entered in stack:121
['121', 'rge']
stack operations
1.Push
2.Pop
3.Exit
Enter your choice 1-3:3
121
stack operations
1.Push
2.Pop
3.Exit
Enter your choice 1-3:
```

#14 Write a function in python POP(Arr), where Arr is a stack implemented by a list of numbers. The function returns values deleted from the stack.

Source Code:-

```
def POP(Arr):
    if len(Arr) >0:
        v=Arr.pop()
        return v
    else:
        print("Stack is empty underflow occurred")

def push(Arr,a):
    Arr.append(a)
    top=len(Arr)-1

Arr = []
Top = None
while True :
    print("stack operations")
    print("1.Push")
    print("2.Pop")
    print("3.Exit")
    ch=int(input("Enter your choice 1-3:"))
    if ch ==1:
        a=int(input("Enter number to be entered in
stack:"))
        push(Arr,a)
    elif ch ==2:
        h=POP(Arr)
        print(h)
    elif ch ==3:
        break
    else:
        print("Enter a valid number:")
```

Output:

-

```
/Users/krishnabagade/PycharmProjects/Oct2022/pythonProjectXIIB/venv/bin/python /Users/krishnabagade/PycharmProjects/Oct2022/pythonProjectXIIB/stackspf.py
stack operations
1.Push
2.Pop
3.Exit
Enter your choice 1-3:1
Enter number to be enetred in stack:23
stack operations
1.Push
2.Pop
3.Exit
Enter your choice 1-3:1
23
stack operations
1.Push
2.Pop
3.Exit
Enter your choice 1-3:1
Stack is empty underflow occurred
None
stack operations
1.Push
2.Pop
3.Exit
Enter your choice 1-3:1
Enter number to be enetred in stack:1
stack operations
1.Push
2.Pop
3.Exit
Enter your choice 1-3:1
Process finished with exit code 0
```


#15 A line of text is read from the input terminal into a stack. Write a program to output the string in the reverse order, each character appearing twice.

Source Code:-

```
def POP(Arr):
    res=[]
    while Arr:
        cur_char=Arr.pop()
        res.extend([cur_char,cur_char])
    return res

def push(Arr,a):
    for chr in a:
        Arr.append(chr)

Arr = []
while True :
    print("stack operations")
    print("1.Push")
    print("2.Pop")
    print("3.Exit")
    ch=int(input("Enter your choice 1-3:"))
    if ch == 1:
        sentence = input("Enter sentence to be
entered in stack:")
        push(Arr, sentence)
    elif ch == 2:
        h=POP(Arr)
        print(h)
    elif ch ==3:
        break
```

Output:

-

```
/Users/krishnabagade/PycharmProjects/Oct2022/pythonProjectXIIB/venv/bin/python /Users/krishnabagade/PycharmProjects/Oct2022/pythonProjectXIIB/stackspf.py
stack operations
1.Push
2.Pop
3.Exit
Enter your choice 1-3:1
Enter sentence to be entered in stack:python is fun
stack operations
1.Push
2.Pop
3.Exit
Enter your choice 1-3:2
['n', 'n', 'u', 'u', 'f', 'f', ' ', ' ', 's', 's', 'i', 'i', ' ', ' ', 'n', 'n', 'o', 'o', 'h', 'h', 't', 't', 'y', 'y', 'p', 'p']
stack operations
1.Push
2.Pop
3.Exit
Enter your choice 1-3:
```

#16

Write a query to display the name, job title and salary of those employees who do not have manager.

Source

```
Select ename, job, sal from empl where job not  
like 'Manager';
```

Code:-

Output:-

```
1 Select ename, job, sal from empl where job not like 'Manager';
```

100% 61:1		
Result Grid		
ename	job	sal
SMITH	CLERK	800
ANYA	SALESMAN	1600
SETH	SALESMAN	1250
MOMAN	SALESMAN	1250
KULDEEP	ANALYST	3000
SHIVASH	PRESIDENT	5000
ANOOOP	SALESMAN	1500
SCOTT	CLERK	1100
JATIN	CLERK	950
FAKIR	ANALYST	3000
MITA	CLERK	1300

#17

Write a query to display the name of the employee whose name contains 'T' as the last alphabet.

Source Code:- `Select ename from empl where ename like '%t';`

Output:-

The screenshot shows a database query interface. At the top, a text area contains the SQL query: `1 Select ename from empl where ename like '%t';`. Below the text area is a toolbar with a zoom level of 100%, a refresh icon, a zoom in icon, and a zoom out icon. The main area displays the query results in a table with the following structure:

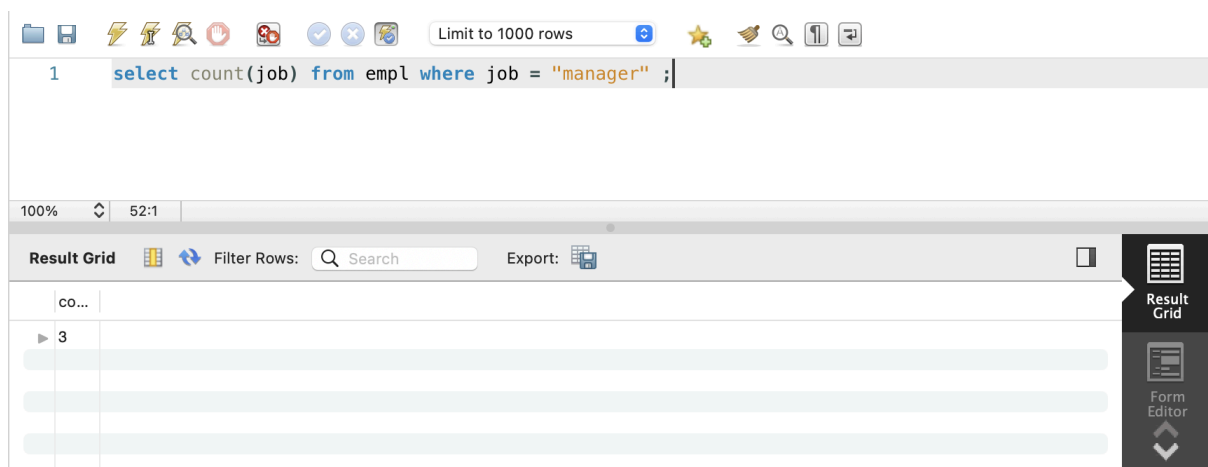
ename
SCOTT

On the right side of the interface, there is a sidebar with a 'Result Grid' icon and a 'Form Editor' icon.

#18 Find out number of employees having "Manager" as Job.

Source Code:- `select count(job) from empl where job = "manager" ;`

Output:-



The screenshot shows a database query tool interface. At the top, there is a toolbar with various icons and a dropdown menu set to "Limit to 1000 rows". Below the toolbar, a SQL query is entered in a text area: `1 select count(job) from empl where job = "manager" ;`. The query is executed, and the results are displayed in a "Result Grid" at the bottom. The grid shows a single row with the value "3" in the first column, indicating that there are 3 employees with the job title "manager". The interface also includes a "Filter Rows" section with a search bar and an "Export" button.

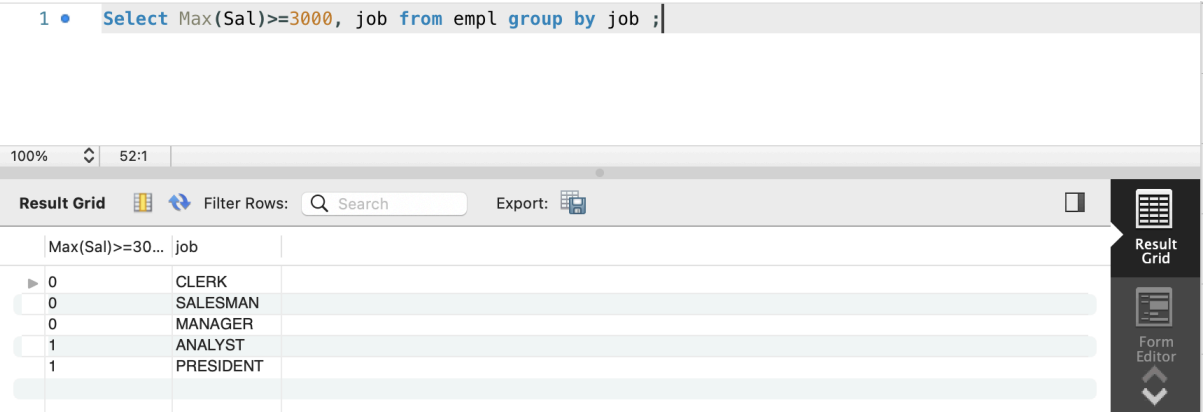
CO...
3

#19 Display only the jobs with maximum salary greater than or equal to 3000.

Source `Select Max(Sal)>=3000, job from empl group by job`
Code:- `;`

Output:

-



The screenshot shows a database query interface. At the top, a SQL query is entered: `Select Max(Sal)>=3000, job from empl group by job ;`. Below the query editor, there is a toolbar with options like '100%', '52:1', 'Result Grid', 'Filter Rows', 'Search', and 'Export'. The main area displays the results in a grid format. The grid has two columns: 'Max(Sal)>=30...' and 'job'. The results are as follows:

Max(Sal)>=30...	job
0	CLERK
0	SALESMAN
0	MANAGER
1	ANALYST
1	PRESIDENT

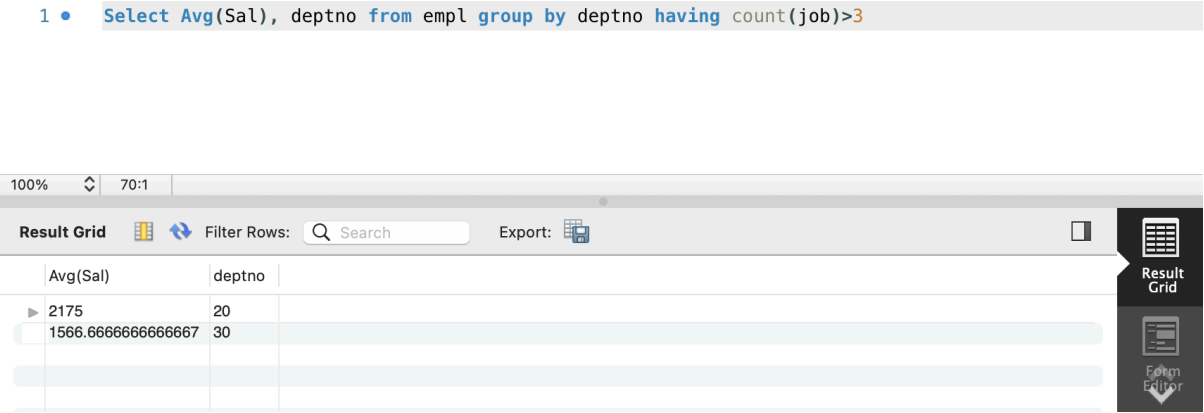
On the right side of the grid, there is a vertical toolbar with icons for 'Result Grid' and 'Form Editor'.

#20 Show the average salary for all the departments with more than 3 people for a job.

Source `Select Avg(Sal), deptno from empl group by deptno`
Code:- `having count(job)>3`

Output:

-



1 • `Select Avg(Sal), deptno from empl group by deptno having count(job)>3`

100% 70:1

Result Grid Filter Rows: Search Export:

Avg(Sal)	deptno
2175	20
1566.6666666666667	30

Result Grid Form Editor

#21 Write a Python database connectivity script that fetches match one table of database empl that has dept no = '20'.

Source Code:-

```
import mysql.connector as sqlr
def search_criteria():

mycon=sqlr.connect(host="localhost",user="root",p
asswd="kingler79",database="menagerie",buffered=T
rue)
    if mycon.is_connected():
        print("Successfully connected to mysql")
        cursor=mycon.cursor()
        strbuilder="Select * from empl where
deptno in ('20');"
        query= cursor.execute(strbuilder)
        values=cursor.fetchmany(3)
        for v in values:
            print(v)

# __main__
print(search_criteria())
```

Output:-

```
/Users/krishnabagade/PycharmProjects/Oct2022/pythonProjectXIIB/venv/bin/python /Users/krishnabagade/PycharmProjects/Oct2022/pythonProjectXIIB/interface1.py
Successfully connected to mysql
(8369, 'SMITH', 'CLERK', 8902, datetime.date(1990, 12, 18), 800.0, None, 20)
(8566, 'MAHADEVAN', 'MANAGER', 8839, datetime.date(1991, 4, 2), 2975.0, None, 20)
(8788, 'KULDEEP', 'ANALYST', 8566, datetime.date(1991, 9, 8), 3000.0, None, 20)
None
Process finished with exit code 0
```


#22 Write a Python database connectivity script that fetches one table of database empl that has job = 'Salesman'.

Source Code:-

```
import mysql.connector as slqr
def search_criteria():

mycon=slqr.connect(host="localhost",user="root",password="kingler79",database="menagerie",buffered=True)
    if mycon.is_connected():
        print("Successfully connected to mysql")
        cursor=mycon.cursor()
        strbuilder="Select * from empl where job in ('salesman');"
        query= cursor.execute(strbuilder)
        values=cursor.fetchone()
        print(values)
        values = cursor.fetchone()
        print(values)

# __main__
print(search_criteria())
```

Output

:-

```
/Users/krishnabagade/PycharmProjects/Oct2022/pythonProjectXIIB/venv/bin/python /Users/krishnabagade/PycharmProjects/Oct2022/pythonProjectXIIB/interface1.py
Successfully connected to mysql
(8499, 'ANYA', 'SALESMAN', 8698, datetime.date(1991, 2, 20), 1600.0, 300.0, 30)
(8521, 'SETH', 'SALESMAN', 8698, datetime.date(1991, 2, 22), 1250.0, 500.0, 30)
None
Process finished with exit code 0
```

#23 Design a Python application that fetches all the records from Pet table of menagerie database.

Source
Code:-

```
import mysql.connector as slqr
mycon=slqr.connect(host="localhost",user="root",
,passwd="kingler79",database="menagerie",buffered=True)
if mycon.is_connected():
    print("Successfully connected to mysql")
    cursor=mycon.cursor()
    query= cursor.execute("Select * from pet")
    values=cursor.fetchall()
    for v in values:
        print(v)
```

Output:-

```
/Users/krishnabagade/PycharmProjects/Oct2022/pythonProjectXIIB/venv/bin/python /Users/krishnabagade/PycharmProjects/Oct2022/pythonProjectXIIB/interface1.py
Successfully connected to mysql
('Puffball', 'Diane', 'hamster', 'f', datetime.date(1999, 3, 30), None)
('Fluffy', 'Harold', 'cat', 'f', datetime.date(1993, 2, 4), None)
('Claws', 'Gwen', 'cat', 'm', datetime.date(1994, 3, 17), None)
('Buffy', 'Harold', 'dog', 'f', datetime.date(1989, 5, 13), None)
('Fang', 'Benny', 'dog', 'm', datetime.date(1990, 8, 27), None)
('Bowser', 'Diane', 'dog', 'm', datetime.date(1979, 8, 31), None)
('Chirpy', 'Gwen', 'bird', 'f', datetime.date(1998, 9, 11), None)
('Whistler', 'Gwen', 'bird', 'f', datetime.date(1997, 12, 9), None)
('Slim', 'Benny', 'snake', 'm', datetime.date(1996, 4, 29), None)
```

#24

Design a Python application that fetches only those records from Event table menagerie database where type is Kennel.

Source Code:-

```
import mysql.connector as sqlr
mycon=sqlr.connect(host="localhost",user="root",passwd="kingler79",database="menagerie",buffered=True)
if mycon.is_connected():
    print("Successfully connected to mysql")
    cursor=mycon.cursor()
    query= cursor.execute("Select * from event where type='kennel'")
    values=cursor.fetchall()
    for v in values:
        print(v)
```

Output:-

```
/Users/krishnabagade/PycharmProjects/Oct2022/pythonProjectXIIB/venv/bin/python /Users/krishnabagade/PycharmProjects/Oct2022/pythonProjectXIIB/interface1.py
Successfully connected to mysql
('Bowser', datetime.date(1991, 10, 12), 'kennel', None)
('Fang', datetime.date(1991, 10, 12), 'kennel', None)

Process finished with exit code 0
```

#25 Design a Python application to obtain a search criteria from the user and then fetch records based on that from empl table.

Source Code:-

```
import mysql.connector as slqr
def search_criteria(string1, string2):

mycon=slqr.connect(host="localhost",user="root",password="kingler79",database="menagerie",buffered=True)

    if mycon.is_connected():
        print("Successfully connected to mysql")
        cursor=mycon.cursor()
        strbuilder="Select * from empl where
"+string1+" in ('"+string2+"');"
        query= cursor.execute(strbuilder)
        values=cursor.fetchall()
        for v in values:
            print(v)

# __main__
string1 = input("Enter the Column Name from
[EMPNO,ENAME,JOB,MGR,HIREDATA,SAL,COMM,DEPTNO]: ")
string2 = input("Enter the Filter value : ")
print(search_criteria(string1, string2))
```

Output:-

```
/Users/krishnabagade/PycharmProjects/Oct2022/pythonProjectXIIB/venv/bin/python /Users/krishnabagade/PycharmProjects/Oct2022/pythonProjectXIIB/interface1.py
Enter the Column Name from [EMPNO,ENAME,JOB,MGR,HIREDATA,SAL,COMM,DEPTNO]: JOB
Enter the Filter value : CLERK
Successfully connected to mysql
(8369, 'SMITH', 'CLERK', 8902, datetime.date(1990, 12, 18), 800.0, None, 20)
(8876, 'SCOTT', 'CLERK', 8788, datetime.date(1992, 12, 9), 1100.0, None, 20)
(8900, 'JATIN', 'CLERK', 8698, datetime.date(1991, 12, 3), 950.0, None, 30)
(8934, 'MITA', 'CLERK', 8782, datetime.date(1992, 1, 23), 1300.0, None, 10)
None
Process finished with exit code 0
```

Bibliography

1. Computer Science with Python, Sumita Arora, Dhanpat Rai & Co.