Assignment 2 - Problem 1

Desiving formulas for Stochastic Gradient-Based method for training an RBF NN.

Given EDEOR Cost function

$$J(n) = \frac{1}{2} |e(n)|^2 = \frac{1}{2} [y_d(n) - y(n)]^2 \rightarrow 0$$

y (n) = desired output

$$y(n) = \sum_{K=1}^{N} i i_{K}(n) \cdot g(x(n), C_{K}, \sigma_{K}) \rightarrow Actual$$

RBF seed function & (x(n), (k, ok) is chosen

to be Gaussian kernel, hence

$$y(n) = \underbrace{\xi}_{k=1} W_{k}(n) = \underbrace{-1, \chi(n) - C_{k}(n)}_{2 \sigma_{k}^{2}(n)} \xrightarrow{} 2$$

CK(n) is the center vector for kth radial function

ork(n) is the spread parameter

Updated parametrs of the network are given

by the following equations

$$\omega(n+1) = \omega(n) - \mu_{\omega} \frac{\partial}{\partial \omega} J(n) / \omega = \omega(n) \rightarrow A$$

$$C_{K}(u+1) = C_{K}(u) - M^{2} \frac{\partial C_{K}}{\partial C_{K}} C_{K} = C_{K}(u) \rightarrow \emptyset$$

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$$\frac{37(n)}{3\omega} = \frac{87(n)}{3e(n)} \cdot \frac{3e(n)}{3g(n)} \cdot \frac{3y(n)}{3\omega}$$

From (1)
$$\frac{\partial J(n)}{\partial e(n)} = \frac{\partial}{\partial e(n)} \left[\frac{1}{2} \left| e(n) \right|^2 \right] = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 2 \cdot e(n)$$

$$=e(n) \rightarrow 3$$

From
$$O$$
, $\frac{\partial y(n)}{\partial w} = \frac{\partial}{\partial w} \left[\sum_{k=1}^{N} w_k(n) e^{-\frac{1}{2}\sigma_k^2(n)} \right]^2$

$$= \underbrace{\begin{array}{c} N & -\left(x(n) - C_{k}(n)\right)^{2} \\ \in & \underbrace{2C_{k}^{2}(n)} \end{array}} \rightarrow \underbrace{A}$$

From (1),
$$\frac{\partial e(n)}{\partial y(n)} = \frac{\partial}{\partial y(n)} \left[y_{d}(n) - y(n) \right] = -1 \rightarrow \bigcirc$$

From 3, and 5
$$\frac{\partial}{\partial w} = e(n) \cdot (-1) \cdot \underbrace{\xi}_{k=1} \otimes [\chi(n), C_k, \sigma_k]$$

From (a) =
$$\omega(n) - \mathcal{U}_{\omega} \cdot \left[-e(n) \stackrel{N}{\leq} \phi \left[\chi(n), \zeta_{k}, \sigma_{k} \right] \right]$$

$$\omega(n+1) = \omega(n) + \omega_{\omega} e(n) \psi(n) \rightarrow 6$$

where
$$\psi(n) = \left[\emptyset \left\{ \pi(n), \zeta_{1}, \sigma_{1} \right\}, \dots \emptyset \left\{ \pi(n), \zeta_{M}, \sigma_{M} \right\} \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\partial J(n)}{\partial \zeta_{K}} = \frac{\partial J(n)}{\partial c(n)} \cdot \frac{\partial c(n)}{\partial y(n)} \cdot \frac{\partial y(n)}{\partial c_{K}}$$

$$= \frac{\partial J(n)}{\partial \zeta_{K}} = \frac{\partial J(n)}{\partial \zeta_{K}} \cdot \frac{\partial c(n)}{\partial c_{K}} \cdot \frac{\partial y(n)}{\partial c_{K}} \cdot \frac{\partial J(n)}{\partial c_{K}} \cdot \frac{\partial J(n)}{\partial$$

& facus, ck, ox)

$$\frac{\partial \sigma_{k}}{\partial \sigma_{k}} = \frac{\sigma_{k}^{3}(n)}{\omega_{k}(n)} \otimes \left[x(n), (k, \sigma_{k})\right] \|x(n) - (k\omega)\|^{2}$$

$$C_{K}(n+1) = C_{K}(n) - M_{K}(-1)(e(n)) \frac{\partial Q(n)}{\partial Q_{K}}$$

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$$\zeta(n+1) = \sigma_{\kappa}(n) + M_{\sigma} = \frac{\sigma_{\kappa}(n)}{\sigma_{\kappa}^{3}(n)} \mathcal{S}[\chi(n), \zeta(n)]$$

$$q(n+1) = q(n) + M_0 = (n) w_k(n) p[x(n), k(n), e_k] = q(n+1) = q(n) + M_0 = (n) w_k(n) p[x(n), k(n), e_k] = q(n) + M_0 = q(n) w_k(n) p[x(n), k(n), e_k] = q(n) w_k(n)$$

from
$$G, \overline{H}, \overline{S}$$

$$w(n+1) = w(n) + uw e(n) \psi(n)$$

$$e(n) w k(n) w f x(n), c k(n), c k$$

$$C_{K}(n+1) = C_{K}(n) + il_{\ell} = \frac{e(n)\omega_{K}(n)}{\sigma_{K}^{2}(n)} = \frac{\sigma_{K}(n)}{\sigma_{K}(n)} - c_{K}(n)$$

where,

$$\psi(n) = \left[\emptyset \left\{ x(n), (1, 0) \right\}, --- \cdot \emptyset \left\{ x(n), (n, 0) \right\} \right]$$