

Group 55 - Assignment 2 - Problem 1

Deriving formulas for Stochastic Gradient-Based method for training an RBF NN.

Given Error Cost function

$$J(n) = \frac{1}{2} |e(n)|^2 = \frac{1}{2} [y_d(n) - y(n)]^2 \rightarrow \textcircled{1}$$

$y_d(n)$ = desired output

$$y(n) = \sum_{k=1}^N w_k(n) \cdot \phi\{x(n), c_k, \sigma_k\} \rightarrow \text{Actual output}$$

RBF seed function $\phi\{x(n), c_k, \sigma_k\}$ is chosen to be Gaussian kernel, hence

$$y(n) = \sum_{k=1}^N w_k(n) e^{-\frac{|x(n) - c_k(n)|^2}{2\sigma_k^2(n)}} \rightarrow \textcircled{2}$$

where,

$c_k(n)$ is the center vector for k^{th} radial function

$\sigma_k(n)$ is the spread parameter

Updated parameters of the network are given by the following equations

$$w(n+1) = w(n) - \mu_w \frac{\partial J(n)}{\partial w} \Big|_{w=w(n)} \rightarrow \textcircled{A}$$

$$c_k(n+1) = c_k(n) - \mu_c \frac{\partial J(n)}{\partial c_k} \Big|_{c_k = c_k(n)} \rightarrow \textcircled{B}$$

$$\sigma_k(n+1) = \sigma_k(n) - \mu_\sigma \frac{\partial J(n)}{\partial \sigma_k} \Big|_{\sigma_k = \sigma_k(n)} \rightarrow \textcircled{C}$$

μ_w, μ_c, μ_σ are appropriate learning parameters

\Rightarrow Considering the chain rule of differentiation,

$$\frac{\partial J(n)}{\partial w} = \frac{\partial J(n)}{\partial e(n)} \cdot \frac{\partial e(n)}{\partial y(n)} \cdot \frac{\partial y(n)}{\partial w}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{From } \textcircled{1}, \quad \frac{\partial J(n)}{\partial e(n)} &= \frac{\partial}{\partial e(n)} \left[\frac{1}{2} |e(n)|^2 \right] = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 2 \cdot e(n) \\ &= e(n) \rightarrow \textcircled{3} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{From } \textcircled{2}, \quad \frac{\partial y(n)}{\partial w} &= \frac{\partial}{\partial w} \left[\sum_{k=1}^N w_k(n) e^{-\frac{|x(n) - c_k(n)|^2}{2\sigma_k^2(n)}} \right] \\ &= \sum_{k=1}^N e^{-\frac{|x(n) - c_k(n)|^2}{2\sigma_k^2(n)}} \rightarrow \textcircled{4} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{From } \textcircled{1}, \quad \frac{\partial e(n)}{\partial y(n)} = \frac{\partial}{\partial y(n)} [y_d(n) - y(n)] = -1 \rightarrow \textcircled{5}$$

from $\textcircled{3}, \textcircled{4}$ and $\textcircled{5}$

$$\frac{\partial J(n)}{\partial w} = e(n) \cdot (-1) \cdot \sum_{k=1}^N \phi\{x(n), c_k, \sigma_k\}$$

From \textcircled{A}

$$w(n+1) = w(n) - \mu_w \cdot \left[-e(n) \sum_{k=1}^N \phi\{x(n), c_k, \sigma_k\} \right]$$

$$w(n+1) = w(n) + \mu_w e(n) \varphi(n) \rightarrow \textcircled{6}$$

$$\text{where } \varphi(n) = [\phi\{x(n), c_1, \sigma_1\}, \dots, \phi\{x(n), c_N, \sigma_N\}]^T$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\partial J(n)}{\partial c_k} = \frac{\partial J(n)}{\partial e(n)} \cdot \frac{\partial e(n)}{\partial y(n)} \cdot \frac{\partial y(n)}{\partial c_k}$$

$$\text{From ②, } \frac{\partial y(n)}{\partial c_k} = \frac{\partial}{\partial c_k} \left[\sum_{k=1}^N w_k(n) \cdot e^{-\frac{|x(n) - c_k(n)|^2}{2\sigma_k^2(n)}} \right]$$

$$= \sum_{k=1}^N w_k(n) \cdot e^{-\frac{|x(n) - c_k(n)|^2}{2\sigma_k^2(n)}} \cdot \left[\frac{-2|x(n) - c_k(n)|}{2\sigma_k^2(n)} \right] \cdot (-1)$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$\phi\{x(n), c_k, \sigma_k\}$$

Re-writing,

$$\frac{\partial y(n)}{\partial c_k} = \frac{w_k(n)}{\sigma_k^2(n)} \cdot \phi\{x(n), c_k, \sigma_k\} \cdot |x(n) - c_k(n)|$$

$$\text{From ③, } c_k(n+1) = c_k(n) - \mu_c (-1) e(n) \cdot \frac{\partial y(n)}{\partial c_k}$$

$$c_k(n+1) = c_k(n) + \mu_c \frac{e(n) w_k(n)}{\sigma_k^2(n)} \phi\{x(n), c_k, \sigma_k\} [x(n) - c_k(n)]$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$\text{⑦}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\partial J(n)}{\partial \sigma_k} = \frac{\partial J(n)}{\partial e(n)} \cdot \frac{\partial e(n)}{\partial y(n)} \cdot \frac{\partial y(n)}{\partial \sigma_k}$$

$$\text{From ③, } \frac{\partial y(n)}{\partial \sigma_k} = \frac{\partial}{\partial \sigma_k} \left[\sum_{k=1}^N w_k(n) \cdot e^{-\frac{|x(n) - c_k(n)|^2}{2\sigma_k^2(n)}} \right]$$

$$= \sum_{k=1}^N w_k(n) \cdot e^{-\frac{|x(n) - c_k(n)|^2}{2\sigma_k^2(n)}} \cdot \left[-\frac{|x(n) - c_k(n)|^2}{\sigma_k^4(n)} \right] \cdot \left[\frac{-2}{2\sigma_k^3(n)} \right]$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$\phi\{x(n), c_k, \sigma_k\}$$

$$\frac{\partial y(n)}{\partial \sigma_k} = \frac{w_k(n)}{\sigma_k^3(n)} \phi \{x(n), c_k, \sigma_k\} \|x(n) - c_k(n)\|^2$$

from (c),

$$\sigma_k(n+1) = \sigma_k(n) - \mu_\sigma (-1)(e(n)) \cdot \frac{\partial y(n)}{\partial \sigma_k}$$

$$\sigma_k(n+1) = \sigma_k(n) + \mu_\sigma \frac{e(n) w_k(n)}{\sigma_k^3(n)} \phi \{x(n), c_k(n), \sigma_k\} \|x(n) - c_k(n)\|^2 \rightarrow (8)$$

from (6), (7), (8)

$$w(n+1) = w(n) + \mu_w e(n) \psi(n)$$

$$c_k(n+1) = c_k(n) + \mu_c \frac{e(n) w_k(n)}{\sigma_k^2(n)} \phi \{x(n), c_k(n), \sigma_k\} [x(n) - c_k(n)]$$

$$\sigma_k(n+1) = \sigma_k(n) + \mu_\sigma \frac{e(n) w_k(n)}{\sigma_k^3(n)} \phi \{x(n), c_k(n), \sigma_k\} \|x(n) - c_k(n)\|^2$$

where,

$$\psi(n) = \left[\phi \{x(n), c_1, \sigma_1\}, \dots, \phi \{x(n), c_N, \sigma_N\} \right]^T$$