→ HTML

1. What is HTML?

HTML stands for HyperText Markup Language. It is used to create the structure of web pages.

2. What are HTML elements and attributes?

Elements define the structure (e.g., ,), and attributes provide additional information (e.g., id, class).

3. What is the role of , , and ?

<head> contains meta info, <body> contains visible content, <title> sets the tab name.

4. What is the use of and?

<div> is a block-level container; is an inline container.

5. How do you make a webpage responsive using HTML?

Use meta viewport tag and combine HTML with CSS and frameworks like Bootstrap.

→ CSS

1. What is CSS?

CSS (Cascading Style Sheets) defines the style and layout of web pages.

2. Types of CSS?

Inline, Internal, and External CSS.

3. Difference between class and ID selectors?

Class: .classname (can be reused). ID: #idname (must be unique).

4. What is the Box Model?

It consists of content, padding, border, and margin.

5. How can we make a layout responsive using CSS?

Use media queries, flexbox, grid, and relative units.

Bootstrap

1. What is Bootstrap?

A CSS framework for developing responsive and mobile-first websites.

2. Why use Bootstrap?

It simplifies styling and layout with pre-designed components.

3. What is CDN?

Content Delivery Network to load Bootstrap files online.

- 4. Difference between container and container-fluid? container has fixed width; container-fluid spans full width.
- 5. What are components in Bootstrap?
 Cards, navbars, modals, forms, grid system, etc.

JavaScript & AJAX

1. What is JavaScript?

A scripting language for creating dynamic content on websites.

2. What is AJAX?

Asynchronous JavaScript and XML. It sends/receives data without reloading the page.

3. How does AJAX work?

It uses XMLHttpRequest to send requests to the server in the background.

4. What is XMLHttpRequest?

An object used in JavaScript to interact with servers.

5. What are readyState values?

0 to 4 indicating different stages of the request (4 = done).

- 6. What are common AJAX methods?
 - o GET: Retrieve data.
 - POST: Send new data to the server.
 - o PUT: Update existing data.
 - DELETE: Remove data from server.
- 7. What is localStorage in JavaScript?

It's a browser feature to store data locally as key-value pairs.

→ Git & GitHub

1. What is Git?

A version control system for tracking changes in code.

2. What is GitHub?

A platform to host Git repositories online.

3. Common Git commands:

o git init: Initialize repository

o git add: Add files to staging

o git commit: Save changes

o git push: Upload to GitHub

git pull: Fetch and merge from GitHub

o git status: Check status

o git log: View history

o git branch: Manage branches

4. Difference between Git and GitHub? Git is the tool; GitHub is the platform.

5. How to create a repo on GitHub?

Use GitHub UI or CLI to make a new repository and push local code.

Node.js & Express.js

1. What is Node.js?

A runtime to execute JavaScript on the server.

2. What is Express.js?

A Node.js framework for building web applications.

3. What is middleware in Express?

Functions that execute during request processing.

4. What are CRUD operations?

Create, Read, Update, Delete - basic database operations.

5. How to serve static files in Express?

Use app.use(express.static('foldername'))

6. Common HTTP methods in Express:

o app.get(): Handle GET request

o app.post(): Handle POST request

o app.put(): Handle update

o app.delete(): Delete resource

7. How to connect Express with MongoDB?

Use mongoose library: mongoose.connect('mongodb://localhost/dbname')

→ MongoDB

1. What is MongoDB?

A NoSQL database that stores data in JSON-like documents.

2. How to connect MongoDB with Node.js?
Using MongoDB native driver or Mongoose.

3. What are collections and documents? Collections = tables; Documents = rows.

How to perform CRUD in MongoDB?
 Use insertOne(), find(), updateOne(), deleteOne().

Angular

1. What is Angular?

A frontend framework for building single-page applications (SPAs).

2. What is Angular CLI?

Command-line tool to create and manage Angular projects.

How to bind data in Angular?
 Using [(ngModel)] or property binding [].

4. What is ngModel and ngForm? ngModel binds input value; ngForm is used to handle forms.

5. How to run Angular app? ng serve -o

jQuery Mobile

What is jQuery Mobile?
 A framework for building mobile-friendly web apps.

2. Why use jQuery Mobile?

Works on all devices and simplifies UI design.

3. Difference from jQuery?

jQuery = JS library, jQuery Mobile = UI framework built on jQuery.

4. Features?

Responsive layout, touch-optimized UI, cross-platform.

AWS & Deployment

1. What is AWS?

Amazon Web Services - a cloud platform for hosting and deploying apps.

2. What is cloud computing?

Using remote servers to store and process data.

3. How to deploy on AWS?

Use EC2 or Elastic Beanstalk to upload and run your app.

4. What is EC2?

A virtual server provided by AWS to run web apps.

1. Project name and domain?

(Your answer: E.g., E-commerce Website)

2. Which technologies used?

HTML, CSS, Bootstrap, Node.js, Express, MongoDB, Angular, etc.

3. What does your project do?

(Your answer: E.g., User can register, log in, view products, etc.)

4. How is data stored?

In MongoDB database.

5. How is the application hosted?

Hosted on AWS EC2 or Elastic Beanstalk.

Good luck with your oral exam! You've got this 🧎