Case Study - Retail Analytics - IV

Challenge16:

Write an SQL query that segments customers based on the total quantity of products they have purchased. Also, count the number of customers in each segment which will help us target a particular segment for marketing.

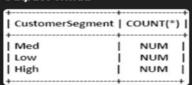
Hint:

- Use the customer_profiles and sales_transaction tables.
- Create a separate table named customer_segment and create the segments on the total quantity of the purchased products.
- To segment customers based on their purchasing behavior for targeted marketing campaigns. Create Customer segments on the following criteria-

Total Quantity of Products Purchased	Customer Segment	
1-10	Low	
11-30	Mid	
>30	High	

- The resulting table should count the number of customers in different customer segments.
- The resulting table should count the number of customers in different customer segments.
- · Return the result table in any order.

Output Format:



Note: The NUM in the output table denotes Number of customers.



TransactionID	CustomerID	ProductID	QuantityPurchased	TransactionDate	Price	TransactionDate_updated
1	103	120	3	01/01/23	30.43	2023-01-01
2	436	126	1	01/01/23	15.19	2023-01-01
3	861	55	3	01/01/23	67.76	2023-01-01
4	271	27	2	01/01/23	65.77	2023-01-01
5	107	118	1	01/01/23	14.55	2023-01-01
6	72	53	1	01/01/23	26.27	2023-01-01
7	701	39	2	01/01/23	95.92	2023-01-01
8	21	65	4	01/01/23	17.19	2023-01-01
9	615	145	4	01/01/23	66	2023-01-01
10	122	158	2	01/01/23	22.27	2023-01-01
11	467	181	2	01/01/23	69	2023-01-01
12	215	13	3	01/01/23	18.78	2023-01-01
13	331	21	1	01/01/23	14.29	2023-01-01
14	459	147	3	01/01/23	53.98	2023-01-01
15	88	53	2	01/01/23	26.27	2023-01-01

```
-- Challenge 16: Customer Segmentation by Quantity
USE retail_analytics;
SELECT * FROM customers;
SELECT * FROM sales;
CREATE TABLE customer_segment AS
    SELECT
        CustomerID,
        CASE
            WHEN TotalQuantity BETWEEN 1 AND 10 THEN 'Low'
            WHEN TotalQuantity BETWEEN 11 AND 30 THEN 'Med'
            WHEN TotalQuantity > 30 THEN 'High'
        ELSE 'None'
            END AS CustomerSegment
   FROM (
        SELECT
            c.CustomerID,
            SUM(s.QuantityPurchased) AS TotalQuantity
        FROM Customers c
        JOIN sales s
        ON c.CustomerID = s.CustomerID
        GROUP BY CustomerID
    ) AS customer_totals;
SELECT * FROM customer_segment;
```

CustomerID	CustomerSegment
103	Med
436	Med
861	Med
271	Low
107	Low
72	Low
701	Med
21	Med
615	Low
122	Med
467	Med
215	Med
331	Low
459	Med
88	Med
373	Low

SELECT

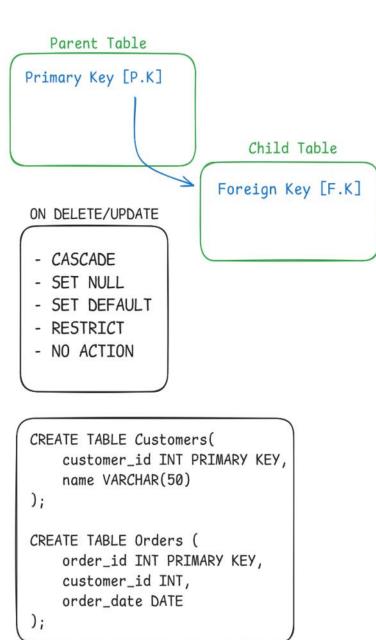
CustomerSegment,

COUNT(*)

FROM customer_segment

GROUP BY CustomerSegment;

CustomerSegment	COUNT(*)
Med	559
Low	423
High	7

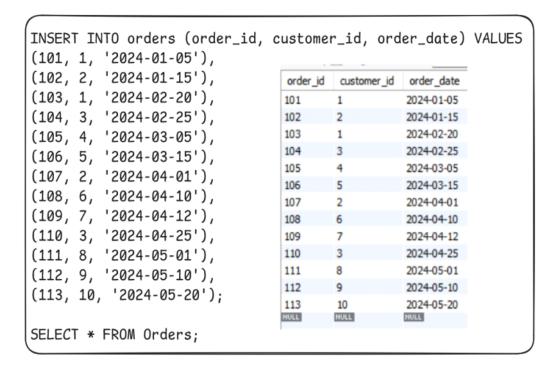




```
119 ·
       ALTER TABLE Orders
120
       ADD CONSTRAINT fk_customer
121
       FOREIGN KEY(customer_id)
122
        REFERENCES Customers(customer_id)
        ON DELETE CASCADE;
123
124
Result Grid Filter Rows:
                             Export: Wrap Cell Content: TA
   Field
            Type
                           Default
                                 Extra
                  Null
                       Kev
                           HULL
                      PRI
                           NULL
 customer_id int
  order_date
                  YES
```

```
INSERT INTO customers (customer_id, name) VALUES
(1, 'Alice Johnson'),
(2, 'Bob Smith'),
(3, 'Charlie Lee'),
(4, 'Diana Patel'),
(5, 'Ethan Clark'),
(6, 'Fiona Davis'),
(7, 'George Brown'),
(8, 'Hannah Wilson'),
(9, 'Ian Thompson'),
(10, 'Julia Martinez');
SELECT * FROM customers;
```

customer_id	name
1	Alice Johnson
2	Bob Smith
3	Charlie Lee
4	Diana Patel
5	Ethan Clark
6	Fiona Davis
7	George Brown
8	Hannah Wilson
9	Ian Thompson
10	Julia Martinez



-- ON DELETE CASCADE DELETE FROM Customers WHERE customer_id = 10;

customer_id	name	
1	Alice Johnson	
2	Bob Smith	
3	Charlie Lee	
4	Diana Patel	
5	Ethan Clark	
6	Fiona Davis	
7	George Brown	
8	Hannah Wilson	
9	Ian Thompson	
NULL	NULL	

order_id	customer_id	order_date
101	1	2024-01-05
102	2	2024-01-15
103	1	2024-02-20
104	3	2024-02-25
105	4	2024-03-05
106	5	2024-03-15
107	2	2024-04-01
108	6	2024-04-10
109	7	2024-04-12
110	3	2024-04-25
111	8	2024-05-01
112	9	2024-05-10

-- ON UPDATE CASCADE

ALTER TABLE Orders

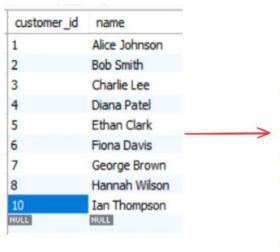
ADD CONSTRAINT [fk_update_customer]

FOREIGN KEY(customer_id)

REFERENCES Customers(customer_id)

ON UPDATE CASCADE;

UPDATE Customers SET customer_id = 10
WHERE customer_id = 9;



order_id	customer_id	order_date
101	1	2024-01-05
102	2	2024-01-15
103	1	2024-02-20
104	3	2024-02-25
105	4	2024-03-05
106	5	2024-03-15
107	2	2024-04-01
108	6	2024-04-10
109	7	2024-04-12
110	3	2024-04-25
111	8	2024-05-01
112 NULL	10 NULL	2024-05-10

-- ON UPDATE SET NULL
ALTER TABLE Orders
ADD CONSTRAINT [fk_set_null]
FOREIGN KEY(customer_id)
REFERENCES Customers(customer_id)
ON UPDATE SET NULL;

UPDATE Customers SET customer_id = 9
WHERE customer_id = 10;

customer_id	name	
1	Alice Johnson	
2	Bob Smith	
3	Charlie Lee	
4	Diana Patel	
5	Ethan Clark	-
6	Fiona Davis	
7	George Brown	
8	Hannah Wilson	
9	Ian Thompson	
MULL	HULL	

order_id	customer_id	order_date
101	1	2024-01-05
102	2	2024-01-15
103	1	2024-02-20
104	3	2024-02-25
105	4	2024-03-05
106	5	2024-03-15
107	2	2024-04-01
108	6	2024-04-10
109	7	2024-04-12
110	3	2024-04-25
111	8	2024-05-01
112	NULL	2024-05-10
NULL	NULL	NULL

-- ON DELETE SET NULL

ALTER TABLE Orders

ADD CONSTRAINT [fk_delete_set_null]

FOREIGN KEY(customer_id)

REFERENCES Customers(customer_id)

ON DELETE SET NULL;

DELETE FROM Customers WHERE customer_id = 8;



order_id	customer_id	order_date
101	1	2024-01-05
102	2	2024-01-15
103	1	2024-02-20
104	3	2024-02-25
105	4	2024-03-05
106	5	2024-03-15
107	2	2024-04-01
108	6	2024-04-10
109	7	2024-04-12
110	3	2024-04-25
111	NULL	2024-05-01
112	HULL	2024-05-10
NULL	NULL	NULL

```
SELECT

CONSTRAINT_NAME,

CONSTRAINT_TYPE,

TABLE_NAME

FROM

INFORMATION_SCHEMA.TABLE_CONSTRAINTS

WHERE

TABLE_NAME = 'orders'

AND TABLE_SCHEMA = 'trigger_demo';
```

CONSTRAINT_NAME	CONSTRAINT_TYPE	TABLE_NAME
PRIMARY	PRIMARY KEY	orders
fk_customer	FOREIGN KEY	orders
fk_delete_set_null	FOREIGN KEY	orders
fk_set_null	FOREIGN KEY	orders
fk_update_customer	FOREIGN KEY	orders

```
ALTER TABLE Orders

ADD CONSTRAINT [fk_update_restrict]

FOREIGN KEY (customer_id)

REFERENCES Customers(customer_id)

ON UPDATE RESTRICT;

UPDATE Customers

SET customer_id = 12

WHERE customer_id = 2;

Error Code: 1451. Cannot delete or update a parent row: a foreign key constraint fails
(`trigger_demo`.`orders`, CONSTRAINT `fk_update_restrict` FOREIGN KEY (`customer_id`)

REFERENCES `customers` (`customer_id`) ON UPDATE RESTRICT)
```

MySQL Connector

