

Cont. Pandas - I

🎯 Session Objectives:

- ✓ Understand what Pandas is and its importance
- ✓ Install and import the Pandas library
- ✓ Understand data structures in Pandas
- ✓ Understand what a Series is
- ✓ Differentiate Pandas Series vs NumPy Arrays
- ✓ Create Series from scalar, list, array, and dictionary
- ✓ Access Series elements using indexing and slicing
- ✓ Understand attributes of Series
- ✓ Learn basic mathematical operations on Series

What is Pandas?

A high level data manipulation tools build on Numpy And Matplotlib.

It is used to :

- Import / Export Data Easily.
- Clean and Analyze the Data.
- Perform Statistical Operations.
- Visualize the data.

Why is Pandas Important?

1. Simple Syntax for Complex Task. **Power Query Editor**
2. Efficient Operations using Numpy in Backend.
3. Work with multiple formats - .csv , .excel , .json, **.sql** **SQLAlchemy**
4. Data Cleaning - Handle Missing or Inconsistent Value **Imputing [Stats]**
5. Powerful Analysis Tools - Filtering , Grouping , Pivoting , Melting , Aggregations, etc..

```
pip install pandas  
conda install pandas
```

It has 2 types of Structures:

1. Series -> One Dimensional Array (Like One Column)
2. DataFrame -> Two Dimensional Array (Like a Table having rows or cols) (Spreadsheet)

```
import pandas as pd
```

What is Series?

A Series is :

1. A 1D Labelled Array of the data
2. Each element has an index
3. Can Store int , float, str, bool and object
4. Mutable (values can be updated)

Note: Think of it as a single column from an Excel Sheet [Univariate Analysis]

```
# Series (data , Index) [By Default indexing starts from 0]
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
data = [11,22,33,44,55,66,77,88,99]
series = pd.Series(data)
series

0    11
1    22
2    33
3    44
4    55
5    66
6    77
7    88
8    99
dtype: int64
```

```
data = [11,22,33,44,55,66,77,88,99]
label = ['a','b','c','d','e','f','g','h','i']
series = pd.Series(data,label) # Positional Argument
# series = pd.Series(data,index = Label) # KeyWord Argument
series

a    11
b    22
c    33
d    44
e    55
f    66
g    77
h    88
i    99
dtype: int64
```

```
# indexing starts with 1
data = [11,22,33,44,55,66,77,88,99]
label = range(1,10) # [1,2...9]
series = pd.Series(data,label) # Positional Argument
# series = pd.Series(data,index = Label) # KeyWord Argument
series
```

| | |
|---|--------------|
| 1 | 11 |
| 2 | 22 |
| 3 | 33 |
| 4 | 44 |
| 5 | 55 |
| 6 | 66 |
| 7 | 77 |
| 8 | 88 |
| 9 | 99 |
| | dtype: int64 |

```

# Dictionary {Key-Value} -> Series(Index - Data)
_employee_dict = {
    'emp_id' : 'emp101',
    'name' : 'Shyam Sundar',
    'age' : 27,
    'gender' : 'M',
    'salary' : '$10,00,000',
    'designation' : 'Senior Analyst',
    'email' : 'shyam.sundar@gmail.com',
    'state' : 'Andhra Pradesh',
    'country' : 'India'
}
series = pd.Series(_employee_dict)
series
```

| | |
|-------------|------------------------|
| emp_id | emp101 |
| name | Shyam Sundar |
| age | 27 |
| gender | M |
| salary | \$10,00,000 |
| designation | Senior Analyst |
| email | shyam.sundar@gmail.com |
| state | Andhra Pradesh |
| country | India |
| dtype: | object |

```

type(series)
pandas.core.series.Series

print(type(series))
<class 'pandas.core.series.Series'>

# How to Access an elements from a Series.
# .iloc[Positional Based Indexing][Non-Inclusive] [1,10)
# .loc [Labelled Based Indexing][Inclusive] [1,10]
data = [11,22,33,44,55,66,77,88,99]
series = pd.Series(data)
series
```

| | |
|---|--------------|
| 0 | 11 |
| 1 | 22 |
| 2 | 33 |
| 3 | 44 |
| 4 | 55 |
| 5 | 66 |
| 6 | 77 |
| 7 | 88 |
| 8 | 99 |
| | dtype: int64 |

```

print(series[-1]) # -ve indexing is not allowed
# KeyError: -1
```

```

print(series.iloc[-1]) # 99 # only .iloc can perform -ve indexing
print(series[6]) # +ve indexing are allowed # 77
print(series.loc[0]) # 11
print(series.iloc[-5]) # 55
# print(series.loc[-5]) # Error # KeyError: -5
print(series.loc[4]) # 55

```

```

99
77
11
55
55

```

```

data = [11,22,33,44,55,66,77,88,99]
label = ['a','b','c','d','e','f','g','h','i']
series = pd.Series(data,label) # Positional Argument
print(series)
# print(series[0]) # KeyError
print(series['a']) # 11
print(series.iloc[-5]) # 55
print(series.iloc[7]) # 88
# print(series.loc[7]) # KeyError
print(series.loc['i']) # 99

```

| | |
|---|--------------|
| a | 11 |
| b | 22 |
| c | 33 |
| d | 44 |
| e | 55 |
| f | 66 |
| g | 77 |
| h | 88 |
| i | 99 |
| | dtype: int64 |
| | 11 |
| | 55 |
| | 88 |
| | 99 |

```

# Slicing
data = [11,22,33,44,55,66,77,88,99]
label = ['a','b','c','d','e','f','g','h','i']
series = pd.Series(data,label) # Positional Argument
print(series)
print("\n Labelled Based Slicing using .loc")
print(series.loc['a':'e']) # [11,22,33,44,55]
print("\n Positional Based Slicing using .iloc")
print(series.iloc[0:5]) # [11,22,33,44,55]

```

```

a    11
b    22
c    33
d    44
e    55
f    66
g    77
h    88
i    99
dtype: int64

```

```

Labelled Based Slicing using .loc
a    11
b    22
c    33
d    44
e    55
dtype: int64

```

```

Positional Based Slicing using .iloc
a    11
b    22
c    33
d    44
e    55
dtype: int64

```

```

# Dictionary {Key-Value} -> Series(Index - Data)
_employee_dict = {
    'emp_id' : 'emp101',
    'name' : 'Shyam Sundar',
    'age' : 27,
    'gender' : 'M',
    'salary' : '$10,00,000',
    'designation' : 'Senior Analyst',
    'email' : 'shyam.sundar@gmail.com',
    'state' : 'Andhra Pradesh',
    'country' : 'India'
}
series = pd.Series(_employee_dict)
print(series)
# Normal Indexing
print(series['email']) # 'shyam.sundar@gmail.com'
# print(series[4]) # KeyError
print(series.iloc[4]) # '$10,00,000'

```

| | |
|------------------------|------------------------|
| emp_id | emp101 |
| name | Shyam Sundar |
| age | 27 |
| gender | M |
| salary | \$10,00,000 |
| designation | Senior Analyst |
| email | shyam.sundar@gmail.com |
| state | Andhra Pradesh |
| country | India |
| dtype: object | |
| shyam.sundar@gmail.com | |
| \$10,00,000 | |

```

# Using .Loc [Labelled Based Indexing]
print(series.loc['state']) # 'Andhra Pradesh'
print(series.loc['name' : 'email']) # slicing[Inclusive]

Andhra Pradesh
name              Shyam Sundar
age               27
gender            M
salary            $10,00,000
designation       Senior Analyst
email             shyam.sundar@gmail.com
dtype: object

print(series.loc['name' : 'postalcode']) # slicing[Inclusive]
# KeyError: 'postalcode'

# .Loc[Calling Multiple Columns]
print(series.loc[['name', 'email', 'designation', 'salary', 'state']])

name              Shyam Sundar
email            shyam.sundar@gmail.com
designation       Senior Analyst
salary            $10,00,000
state             Andhra Pradesh
dtype: object

```

```
data = [11,22,33,44,55,66,77,88,99]
series = pd.Series(data)
series

0    11
1    22
2    33
3    44
4    55
5    66
6    77
7    88
8    99
dtype: int64

series.iloc[0:4] # [11-44]

0    11
1    22
2    33
3    44
dtype: int64

series.iloc[0:8:3] # [11,44,77]

0    11
3    44
6    77
dtype: int64
```

```
series.loc[0] # 11

11

series.loc[0:4] # [11 to 55] [Inclusive]

0    11
1    22
2    33
3    44
4    55
dtype: int64

data = [11,22,33,44,55,66,77,88,99]
label = ['a','b','c','d','e','f','g','h','i']
series = pd.Series(data,label) # Positional Argument
print(series)

a    11
b    22
c    33
d    44
e    55
f    66
g    77
h    88
i    99
dtype: int64
```

```

series.iloc[0:4] # [11-44]

a    11
b    22
c    33
d    44
dtype: int64

series.loc['a':'e'] # [11-55]

a    11
b    22
c    33
d    44
e    55
dtype: int64

# Attributes of Series
car_list = np.array(['Taigun','Thar','Magnite','Brezza',
                     'Harrier','Slavia','City','Fortuner','Creta'])
brand_list = np.array(['VW','Mahindra','Nissan','Suzuki',
                      'Tata','Skoda','Honda','Toyota','Hyundai'])
car_model = pd.Series(
    car_list,
    index = brand_list, # keyword-argument
    name = 'Car Model 😊'
)
car_model

```

```

VW          Taigun
Mahindra     Thar
Nissan       Magnite
Suzuki        Brezza
Tata         Harrier
Skoda        Slavia
Honda         City
Toyota       Fortuner
Hyundai      Creta
Name: Car Model 😊, dtype: object

car_model.name

'Car Model 😊'

car_model.index

Index(['VW', 'Mahindra', 'Nissan', 'Suzuki', 'Tata', 'Skoda', 'Honda',
       'Toyota', 'Hyundai'],
      dtype='object')

car_model.values

array(['Taigun', 'Thar', 'Magnite', 'Brezza', 'Harrier', 'Slavia', 'City',
       'Fortuner', 'Creta'], dtype=object)

car_model.dtype

dtype('O')

```

```
car_model.shape  
(9,)  
  
car_model.size  
9  
  
car_model.empty # True/False [False-> as it holds data in it]  
False  
  
# hasnans -> has NaNs [Not a Number]  
car_model.hasnans # False [No Missing Value]  
False  
  
# SELECT <DISTINCT> NAME FROM TABLENAME -> Unique  
car_model.is_unique # True  
True  
  
# ndim [Numpy N-Dimensional Array]  
car_model.ndim # 1 [Series]  
1
```

```
# Basic Mathematical Operations  
series = pd.Series([7,9,11,15,17,21,29,55,77,99])  
print(series+11)  
  
0    18  
1    20  
2    22  
3    26  
4    28  
5    32  
6    40  
7    66  
8    88  
9   110  
dtype: int64  
  
series = pd.Series([7,9,11,15,17,21,29,55,77,99])  
print(series**2)  
  
0    49  
1    81  
2   121  
3   225  
4   289  
5   441  
6   841  
7  3025  
8  5929  
9  9801  
dtype: int64
```

```
series = pd.Series([7,9,11,15,17,21,29,55,77,99])
print(series * 10)

0    70
1    90
2   110
3   150
4   170
5   210
6   290
7   550
8   770
9   990
dtype: int64

series = pd.Series([7,9,11,15,17,21,29,55,77,99])
print(series // 10)

0    0
1    0
2    1
3    1
4    1
5    2
6    2
7    5
8    7
9    9
dtype: int64
```

```
# Attributes of Series
car_list = np.array(['Taigun','Thar','Magnite','Brezza','City','Than',
                     'Harrier','Slavia','City','Fortuner','Creta'])
car_model = pd.Series(
    car_list,
    name = 'Car Model 😊'
)
car_model

0    Taigun
1    Thar
2    Magnite
3    Brezza
4    City
5    Thar
6    Harrier
7    Slavia
8    City
9    Fortuner
10   Creta
Name: Car Model 😊, dtype: object

car_model.is_unique # False

False
```

```

# Students_Data -> Name as Index , and Marks as Value
name = pd.Series(['Shyam','Swinki','Rajat','Vaibhav','Deepak','Harisha','Pragya','Aryan',
                 'Shahzain','Kajal','Umang','Shubham'])
marks = np.array([95,99,91,89,85,91,77,95,97,92,81,90])
stud_series = pd.Series(marks,name)
stud_series

Shyam      95
Swinki    99
Rajat     91
Vaibhav   89
Deepak    85
Harisha   91
Pragya    77
Aryan     95
Shahzain  97
Kajal     92
Umang     81
Shubham   90
dtype: int32

stud_series.index

Index(['Shyam', 'Swinki', 'Rajat', 'Vaibhav', 'Deepak', 'Harisha', 'Pragya',
       'Aryan', 'Shahzain', 'Kajal', 'Umang', 'Shubham'],
      dtype='object')

stud_series.values

array([95, 99, 91, 89, 85, 91, 77, 95, 97, 92, 81, 90])

```

```

# Indexing .iloc Vs Loc
stud_series['Shubham'] # case-sensitive

90

# stud_series[7] # KeyError
stud_series.loc['Swinki']

99

stud_series.iloc[-3]

92

stud_series.loc[['Shyam','Rajat','Deepak']]

Shyam      95
Rajat     91
Deepak    85
dtype: int32

# Limit -> Order By ['Sorting'] ['SQL']
# .head() -> preview of the Series/DataFrame [by default 5 rows returns]
stud_series.head() # First 5 values from the Series

Shyam      95
Swinki    99
Rajat     91
Vaibhav   89
Deepak    85
dtype: int32

```

```
# .tail() -> preview of the Series/DataFrame [by default 5 rows returns]
stud_series.tail() # Last 5 values from the series
```

```
Aryan      95
Shahzain   97
Kajal      92
Umang      81
Shubham    90
dtype: int32
```

```
stud_series.head(7) # First 7 values from the Series
```

```
Shyam      95
Swinki    99
Rajat      91
Vaibhav   89
Deepak     85
Harisha    91
Pragya     77
dtype: int32
```

```
stud_series.tail(9) # Last 9 values from the Series
```

```
Vaibhav   89
Deepak     85
Harisha    91
Pragya     77
Aryan      95
Shahzain   97
Kajal      92
Umang      81
Shubham    90
dtype: int32
```

```
stud_series.values
```

```
array([95, 99, 91, 89, 85, 91, 77, 95, 97, 92, 81, 90])
```

```
stud_series.values.dtype
```

```
dtype('int32')
```

```
# Data Profiling [Statistical Analysis]
```

```
stud_series.describe()
```

```
count    12.000000
mean    90.166667
std     6.478402
min    77.000000
25%    88.000000
50%    91.000000
75%    95.000000
max    99.000000
dtype: float64
```

```
car_model.describe()
```

```
count      11
unique      9
top        Tiar
freq       2
Name: Car Model 🚗, dtype: object
```

```
# Frequency - Mode  
car_model.value_counts()
```

```
Car Model 🚗  
Thar      2  
City      2  
Taigun    1  
Magnite   1  
Brezza    1  
Harrier   1  
Slavia    1  
Fortuner  1  
Creta     1  
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

```
# Sorting -> Ascending To Descending  
stud_series.sort_values()
```

```
Pragya    77  
Umang     81  
Deepak    85  
Vaibhav   89  
Shubham   90  
Rajat     91  
Harisha   91  
Kajal     92  
Shyam     95  
Aryan     95  
Shahzain  97  
Swinki    99  
dtype: int32
```

```
# Sorting -> High to Low []  
# Sort a Series in ascending or descending order by some criterion.  
stud_series.sort_values(ascending = False) # Desc to Asc
```

```
Swinki    99  
Shahzain  97  
Shyam     95  
Aryan     95  
Kajal     92  
Rajat     91  
Harisha   91  
Shubham   90  
Vaibhav   89  
Deepak    85  
Umang     81  
Pragya    77  
dtype: int32
```

```
stud_series # Original Table as the above changes are Temporary
```

```
Shyam     95  
Swinki   99  
Rajat    91  
Vaibhav  89  
Deepak   85  
Harisha  91  
Pragya   77  
Aryan    95  
Shahzain 97  
Kajal    92  
Umang    81  
Shubham  90  
dtype: int32
```

```
# sort_index() # Object [Albhatically Sort -> 'ASCII'] 'A'->'Z'  
stud_series.sort_index()  
  
Aryan      95  
Deepak     85  
Harisha    91  
Kajal      92  
Pragya     77  
Rajat      91  
Shahzain   97  
Shubham    90  
Shyam      95  
Swinki     99  
Umang      81  
Vaibhav    89  
dtype: int32
```

```
# sort_index() # Object [Albhatically Sort -> 'ASCII'] 'Z'->'A'  
stud_series.sort_index(ascending = False) # reversed
```

```
Vaibhav    89  
Umang      81  
Swinki     99  
Shyam      95  
Shubham    90  
Shahzain   97  
Rajat      91  
Pragya     77  
Kajal      92  
Harisha    91  
Deepak     85  
Aryan      95  
dtype: int32
```

```
stud_series # Orginal Table as the above changes are Temporary
```

```
Shyam      95  
Swinki     99  
Rajat      91  
Vaibhav    89  
Deepak     85  
Harisha    91  
Pragya     77  
Aryan      95  
Shahzain   97  
Kajal      92  
Umang      81  
Shubham    90  
dtype: int32
```

```
stud_series.index
```

```
Index(['Shyam', 'Swinki', 'Rajat', 'Vaibhav', 'Deepak', 'Harisha', 'Pragya',  
       'Aryan', 'Shahzain', 'Kajal', 'Umang', 'Shubham'],  
      dtype='object')
```

```
stud_series.values
```

```
array([95, 99, 91, 89, 85, 91, 77, 95, 97, 92, 81, 90])
```

```
0-9 > A to Z > a to z, in Ascending Order  
0-9 < A to Z < a to z, in Descending Order
```

```

# Permanent Changes
# Marks High to Low
stud_series = stud_series.sort_values(ascending = False)
stud_series

Swinki      99
Shahzain    97
Shyam        95
Aryan        95
Kajal        92
Rajat        91
Harisha     91
Shubham      90
Vaibhav      89
Deepak        85
Umang        81
Pragya       77
dtype: int32

stud_series.index

Index(['Swinki', 'Shahzain', 'Shyam', 'Aryan', 'Kajal', 'Rajat', 'Harisha',
       'Shubham', 'Vaibhav', 'Deepak', 'Umang', 'Pragya'],
      dtype='object')

stud_series.values

array([99, 97, 95, 95, 92, 91, 91, 90, 89, 85, 81, 77])

```

```

# Permanent Changes
stud_series.sort_index(ascending = False , inplace = True) # 'Z' to 'A'
stud_series

Vaibhav      89
Umang        81
Swinki       99
Shyam        95
Shubham      90
Shahzain     97
Rajat        91
Pragya       77
Kajal        92
Harisha     91
Deepak        85
Aryan        95
dtype: int32

stud_series.index

Index(['Vaibhav', 'Umang', 'Swinki', 'Shyam', 'Shubham', 'Shahzain', 'Rajat',
       'Pragya', 'Kajal', 'Harisha', 'Deepak', 'Aryan'],
      dtype='object')

stud_series.values

array([89, 81, 99, 95, 90, 97, 91, 77, 92, 91, 85, 95])

```

```
# 'Dropping an elements' from a Series  
stud_series.drop('Umang') # Temporary Drop
```

```
Vaibhav    89  
Swinki    99  
Shyam     95  
Shubham    90  
Shahzain   97  
Rajat      91  
Pragya     77  
Kajal      92  
Harisha    91  
Deepak     85  
Aryan      95  
dtype: int32
```

```
stud_series # Changes won't reflected on my original Series
```

```
Vaibhav    89  
Umang      81  
Swinki    99  
Shyam     95  
Shubham    90  
Shahzain   97  
Rajat      91  
Pragya     77  
Kajal      92  
Harisha    91  
Deepak     85  
Aryan      95  
dtype: int32
```

```
# If you are dropping a person from stud_series that doesn't exist.  
stud_series.drop('Chirag', inplace = True)  
stud_series # KeyError: "[ 'Chirag'] not found in axis"
```

```
# L.H.S = R.H.S [Permanent Drop]  
stud_series = stud_series.drop('Harisha')  
stud_series
```

```
Vaibhav    89  
Swinki    99  
Shyam     95  
Shubham    90  
Shahzain   97  
Rajat      91  
Pragya     77  
Kajal      92  
Deepak     85  
Aryan      95  
dtype: int32
```

```
# .replace() -> String Manipulation
stud_series.replace(95,98,inplace = True)
stud_series

Vaibhav    89
Swinki    99
Shyam     98
Shubham    90
Shahzain   97
Rajat      91
Pragya     77
Kajal      92
Deepak     85
Aryan      98
dtype: int32

# .tolist()
stud_series.index.tolist()

['Vaibhav',
 'Swinki',
 'Shyam',
 'Shubham',
 'Shahzain',
 'Rajat',
 'Pragya',
 'Kajal',
 'Deepak',
 'Aryan']
```

```
type(stud_series.index.tolist())
list

stud_series[stud_series.index == 'Aryan']

Aryan    98
dtype: int32

stud_series[stud_series.index == 'Aryan'].replace(98,95)

Aryan    95
dtype: int32

stud_series[stud_series.index == 'Aryan'].replace(98,95,inplace = True)

stud_series[stud_series.index == 'Aryan'] = stud_series[stud_series.index == 'Aryan'].replace(98,95)
stud_series

Vaibhav    89
Swinki    99
Shyam     98
Shubham    90
Shahzain   97
Rajat      91
Pragya     77
Kajal      92
Deepak     85
Aryan      95
dtype: int32
```

```
stud_series = stud_series[stud_series.index == 'Aryan'].replace(98,95)
stud_series # Aryan in Stud_series
```

```
# isnull / isna() / notnull()
stud_series.isnull() # False represent no null value present
```

```
Vaibhav    False
Swinki    False
Shyam     False
Shubham    False
Shahzain   False
Rajat      False
Pragya     False
Kajal      False
Deepak     False
Aryan      False
dtype: bool
```

```
stud_series.isna()
```

```
Vaibhav    False
Swinki    False
Shyam     False
Shubham    False
Shahzain   False
Rajat      False
Pragya     False
Kajal      False
Deepak     False
Aryan      False
dtype: bool
```

```
stud_series.notnull() # True
```

```
Vaibhav    True
Swinki    True
Shyam     True
Shubham    True
Shahzain   True
Rajat      True
Pragya     True
Kajal      True
Deepak     True
Aryan      True
dtype: bool
```

```
stud_series.notnull().sum() # 10
```

```
10
```

```
stud_series.isna().sum() # False [0] -> 0
```

```
0
```

```
# Mathematical Operations on 2 Different Series
label1 = ['a','b','c','d','e']
label2 = ['p','q','a','d','c']
seriesA = pd.Series([11,22,33,44,55] , index = label1)
seriesB = pd.Series([5,15,-9,-21,0] , index = label2)
print("\n SeriesA:")
print(seriesA)
print("\n SeriesB:")
print(seriesB)
```

```
SeriesA:
a    11
b    22
c    33
d    44
e    55
dtype: int64

SeriesB:
p     5
q    15
a    -9
d   -21
c     0
dtype: int64
```

```
print(seriesA.shape)
print(seriesB.shape)
(5,)
(5,)

resultSeries = seriesA + seriesB
resultSeries
a    2.0
b    NaN
c    33.0
d    23.0
e    NaN
p    NaN
q    NaN
dtype: float64

resultSeries.isna()
a    False
b    True
c    False
d    False
e    True
p    True
q    True
dtype: bool
```

```

resultSeries.isna().sum() # Count of Missing Values
4

resultSeries.notnull() # Boolean Return [True for Non-NullValue]
a    True
b    False
c    True
d    True
e    False
p    False
q    False
dtype: bool

resultSeries.notnull().sum() # Count of Non-Null Values
3

# Cleaning -> Handling a Missing Values
# Impact Analysis [.drop] Vs Imputing[.fill]
resultSeries.dropna() # Temporary Changes
a    2.0
c    33.0
d    23.0
dtype: float64

```

| resultSeries | |
|------------------------|----------------|
| a | 2.0 |
| b | NaN |
| c | 33.0 |
| d | 23.0 |
| e | NaN |
| p | NaN |
| q | NaN |
| | dtype: float64 |
| resultSeries.fillna(0) | |
| a | 2.0 |
| b | 0.0 |
| c | 33.0 |
| d | 23.0 |
| e | 0.0 |
| p | 0.0 |
| q | 0.0 |
| | dtype: float64 |
| resultSeries | |
| a | 2.0 |
| b | NaN |
| c | 33.0 |
| d | 23.0 |
| e | NaN |
| p | NaN |
| q | NaN |
| | dtype: float64 |

```

resultSeries.fillna(0, inplace = True)
resultSeries

a    2.0
b    0.0
c    33.0
d    23.0
e    0.0
p    0.0
q    0.0
dtype: float64

# Mathematical Operations on 2 Different Series
label1 = ['a','b','c','d','e']
label2 = ['p','q','a','d','c']
seriesA = pd.Series([11,22,33,44,55] , index = label1)
seriesB = pd.Series([5,15,-9,-21,0] , index = label2)
print("\n SeriesA:")
print(seriesA)
print("\n SeriesB:")

```

```
print(seriesA)
print("\n SeriesB:")
print(seriesB)
```

```
SeriesA:
a    11
b    22
c    33
d    44
e    55
dtype: int64
```

```
SeriesB:
p     5
q    15
a    -9
d   -21
c     0
dtype: int64
```

```
resultSeries = seriesA * seriesB
resultSeries
```

```
a   -99.0
b      NaN
c      0.0
d  -924.0
e      NaN
p      NaN
q      NaN
dtype: float64
```

```
resultSeries.dropna(inplace = True)
resultSeries # Permanent Changes
```

```
a   -99.0
c      0.0
d  -924.0
dtype: float64
```