Fashion_mnist(Single Perceptome ANN)

Mnist datasets

```
In [1]: import tensorflow as tf
    from tensorflow import keras
In [2]: import numpy as np
    import pandas as pd
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

Dataset

```
In [3]: mnist=keras.datasets.fashion_mnist
    (X_train,y_train),(X_test,y_test)=mnist.load_data()

In [4]: X_train.shape
Out[4]: (60000, 28, 28)

In [5]: # look to one pixel
    X_train[0,23,23]
Out[5]: 194

In [6]: X_train.shape,y_train.shape
Out[6]: ((60000, 28, 28), (60000,))
```

```
In [7]: X_test.shape,y_test.shape
 Out[7]: ((10000, 28, 28), (10000,))
 In [8]: class_name=['top','Trouser','Pullover','Dress','Coat','Sandal','Shirt','Sneaker','Bag','Ankle boot']
 In [9]: plt.figure()
         plt.imshow(X_train[0])
         plt.colorbar()
         plt.show()
           5 -
                                               200
          10
                                              - 150
          15
                                              - 100
           20
          25
                      10
                            15
                                 20
In [10]: y_train
```

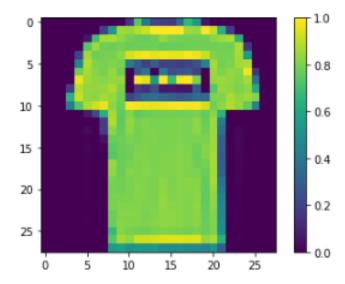
Out[10]: array([9, 0, 0, ..., 3, 0, 5], dtype=uint8)

Data Processing

```
In [11]: X_train=X_train/255.0
X_test=X_test/255.0

In [12]: plt.figure()
   plt.imshow(X_train[1])
   plt.colorbar()
```

Out[12]: <matplotlib.colorbar.Colorbar at 0x1fb852d6e88>



Build the model with tenserflow

```
In [13]: from tensorflow.keras import Sequential
         from tensorflow.keras.layers import Flatten, Dense
In [14]: model=Sequential()
         model.add(Flatten(input_shape=(28,28)))
                                                      # input layer
         model.add(Dense(128, activation='relu')) # hidden layer
         model.add(Dense(10, activation='softmax')) # output layer
In [15]: model.summary()
         Model: "sequential"
                                      Output Shape
                                                                Param #
         Layer (type)
         flatten (Flatten)
                                      (None, 784)
                                                                0
         dense (Dense)
                                      (None, 128)
                                                                100480
         dense 1 (Dense)
                                      (None, 10)
                                                                1290
         Total params: 101,770
         Trainable params: 101,770
         Non-trainable params: 0
```

Compilation

- loss function
- optimizer
- metrics

```
In [16]: model.compile(loss='sparse categorical crossentropy',optimizer='adam',metrics=['accuracy'])
In [17]: model.fit(X train,y train, epochs=19)
                                           # 19 times
        Train on 60000 samples
        Epoch 1/19
        60000/60000 [============ ] - 3s 56us/sample - loss: 0.4911 - accuracy: 0.8275
        Epoch 2/19
        60000/60000 [============ ] - 3s 48us/sample - loss: 0.3720 - accuracy: 0.8667
        Epoch 3/19
        60000/60000 [============= ] - 3s 46us/sample - loss: 0.3345 - accuracy: 0.8776
        Epoch 4/19
        60000/60000 [============ ] - 3s 46us/sample - loss: 0.3110 - accuracy: 0.8849
        Epoch 5/19
        60000/60000 [============ ] - 3s 44us/sample - loss: 0.2938 - accuracy: 0.8909
        Epoch 6/19
        60000/60000 [============ ] - 3s 45us/sample - loss: 0.2779 - accuracy: 0.8964
        Epoch 7/19
        60000/60000 [============= ] - 3s 44us/sample - loss: 0.2667 - accuracy: 0.9008
        Epoch 8/19
        60000/60000 [============ ] - 3s 45us/sample - loss: 0.2534 - accuracy: 0.9057
        Epoch 9/19
        60000/60000 [============= ] - 3s 51us/sample - loss: 0.2453 - accuracy: 0.9078
        Epoch 10/19
        60000/60000 [============= ] - 3s 52us/sample - loss: 0.2367 - accuracy: 0.9122
        Epoch 11/19
        60000/60000 [============ ] - 3s 50us/sample - loss: 0.2279 - accuracy: 0.9135
        Epoch 12/10
```

```
In [18]: test_loss,test_acc=model.evaluate(X_test,y_test,verbose=1)
         print('Test accuracy=',test_acc)
         10000/10000 [============= ] - 1s 83us/sample - loss: 0.3699 - accuracy: 0.8807
         Test accuracy= 0.8807
In [19]: y_pred=model.predict_classes(X_test)
        y_pred
Out[19]: array([9, 2, 1, ..., 8, 1, 5], dtype=int64)
In [20]: y_test
Out[20]: array([9, 2, 1, ..., 8, 1, 5], dtype=uint8)
In [21]: plt.figure()
         plt.imshow(X_test[0])
         plt.colorbar()
Out[21]: <matplotlib.colorbar.Colorbar at 0x1fb85af5208>
           5 -
          10
          15
```

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