

MIT WORLD PEACE UNIVERSITY

Object Oriented Programming with Java and C++  
Second Year B. Tech, Semester 1

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CASE STUDY - ELEMENTS OF AN ARRAY

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PROJECT REPORT

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November 21, 2022

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## 1 Aim

To perform a Case study on the given problem statement, and implement the problem in C++ and Java

## 2 Problem Statement

Write a C++ and Java Program to Calculate Average of elements in an Integer Arrays. Take input values. Also display number of elements which are greater than average value.

## 3 Platform

**Operating System:** Arch Linux x86-64

**IDEs or Text Editors Used:** Visual Studio Code

**Compilers :** g++ and gcc on linux for C++, and javac, with JDK 18.0.2 for Java

## 4 Flowchart

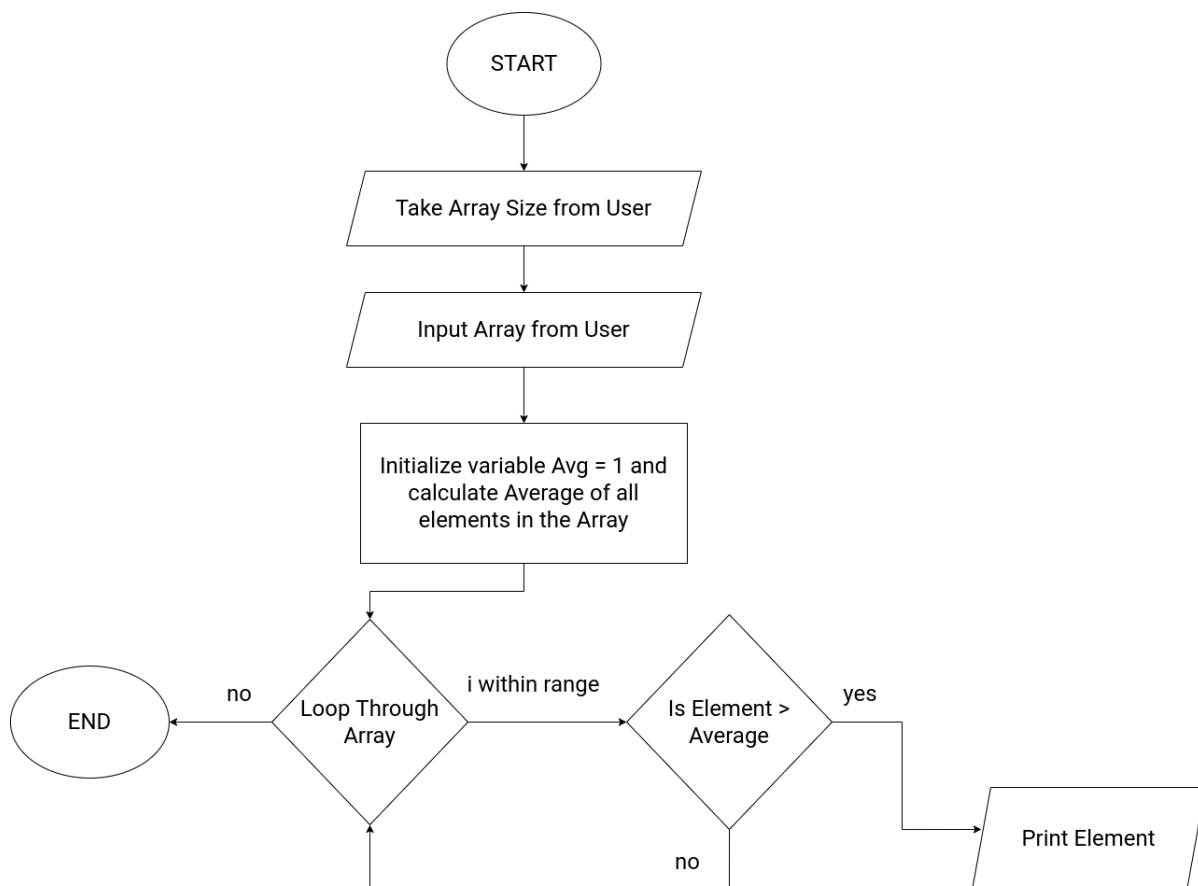



Figure 1: Flowchart for Algorithm

## 5 Algorithm

STEP 1: Start  
STEP 2: Input Length of Array from user  
STEP 3: Input the Array from the user  
STEP 4: Initialize a variable avg to 1, and find average of Array  
STEP 5: Loop through the array, if element is greater than average then print it.  
STEP 6: Exit.

## 6 Code

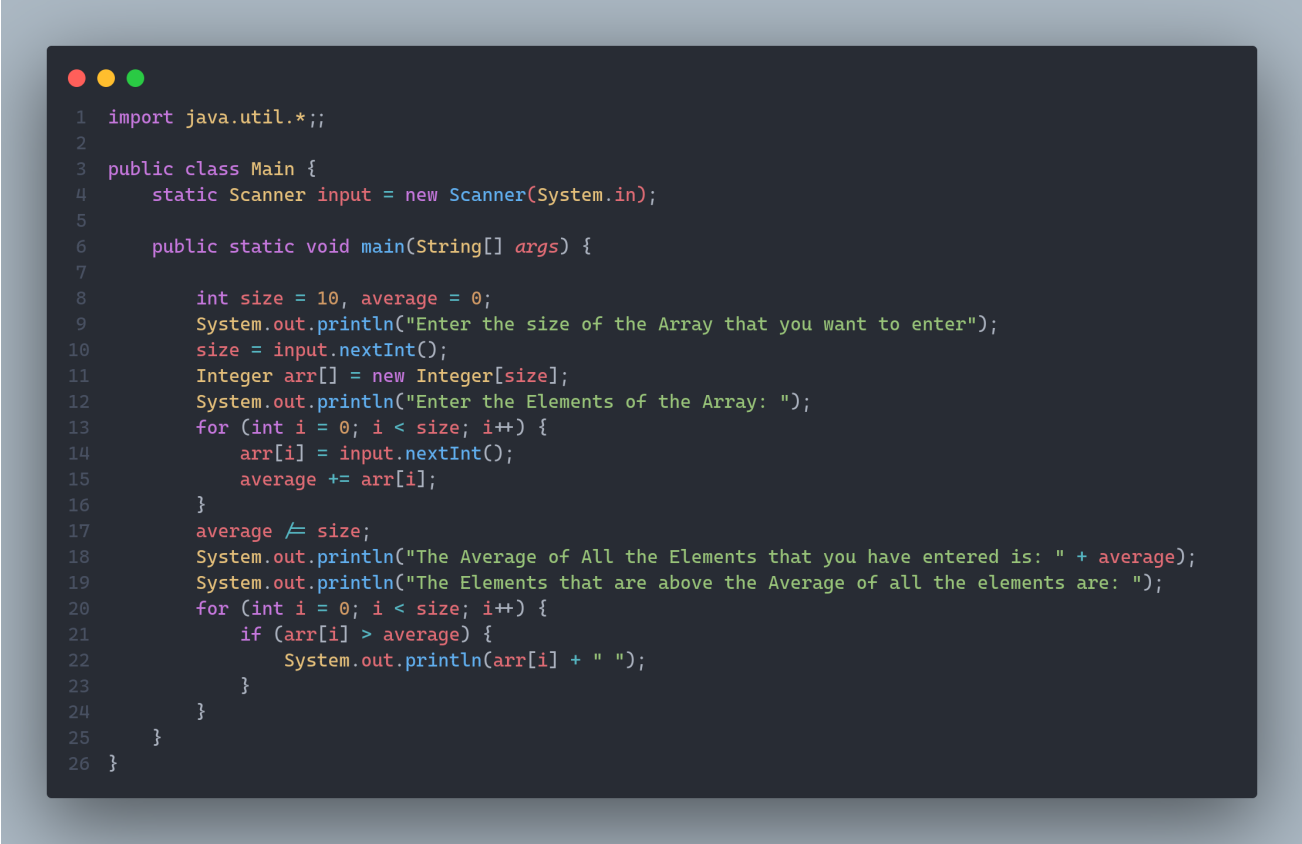
### 6.1 C++ Implementation of Problem



```
1 // C++ and Java Program to Calculate Average of elements in an Integer Arrays.Take input values.Also display number of elements which are greater than average value.
2
3 #include <iostream>
4 using namespace std;
5 int main()
6 {
7     int size = 10, average = 0;
8     cout << "What size array do you want? " << endl;
9     cin >> size;
10    int arr[size];
11    cout << "Enter the elements of the array!" << endl;
12    for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)
13    {
14        cin >> arr[i];
15        average += arr[i];
16    }
17    average /= size;
18    cout << "The Average of all the elements in the array is: " << average << endl;
19    cout << "The Elements of the Array which are greater than the Average of the Array are: " << endl;
20    for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)
21    {
22        if (arr[i] > average)
23        {
24            cout << arr[i] << endl;
25        }
26    }
27
28    return 0;
29 }
```

Figure 2:

## 6.2 Java Implementation of Problem



```
1  import java.util.*;;
2
3  public class Main {
4      static Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
5
6      public static void main(String[] args) {
7
8          int size = 10, average = 0;
9          System.out.println("Enter the size of the Array that you want to enter");
10         size = input.nextInt();
11         Integer arr[] = new Integer[size];
12         System.out.println("Enter the Elements of the Array: ");
13         for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
14             arr[i] = input.nextInt();
15             average += arr[i];
16         }
17         average /= size;
18         System.out.println("The Average of All the Elements that you have entered is: " + average);
19         System.out.println("The Elements that are above the Average of all the elements are: ");
20         for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
21             if (arr[i] > average) {
22                 System.out.println(arr[i] + " ");
23             }
24         }
25     }
26 }
```

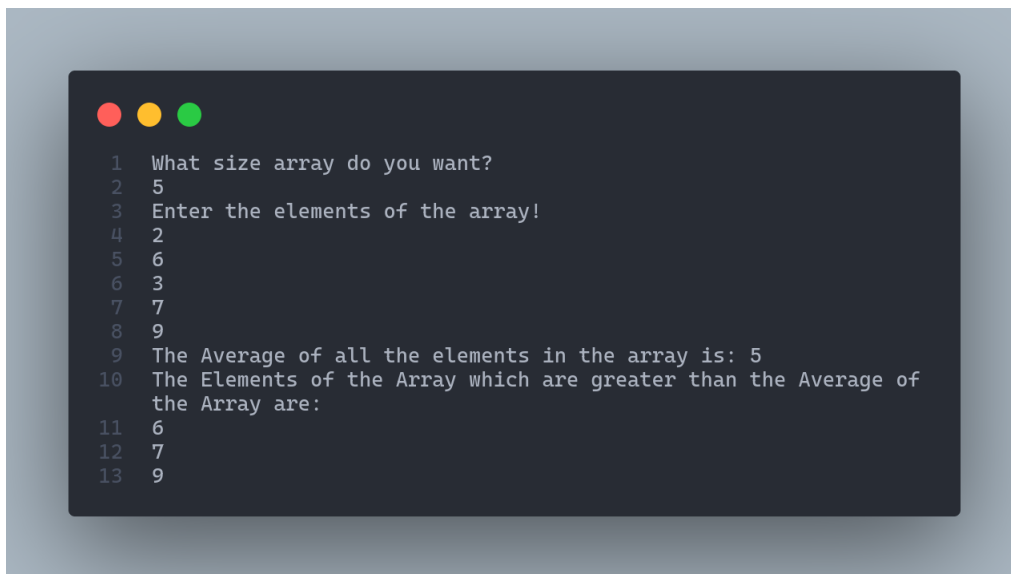
Figure 3:

## 6.3 Input

1. Length of the Array
2. The Elements of the Array

### **6.4 Output**

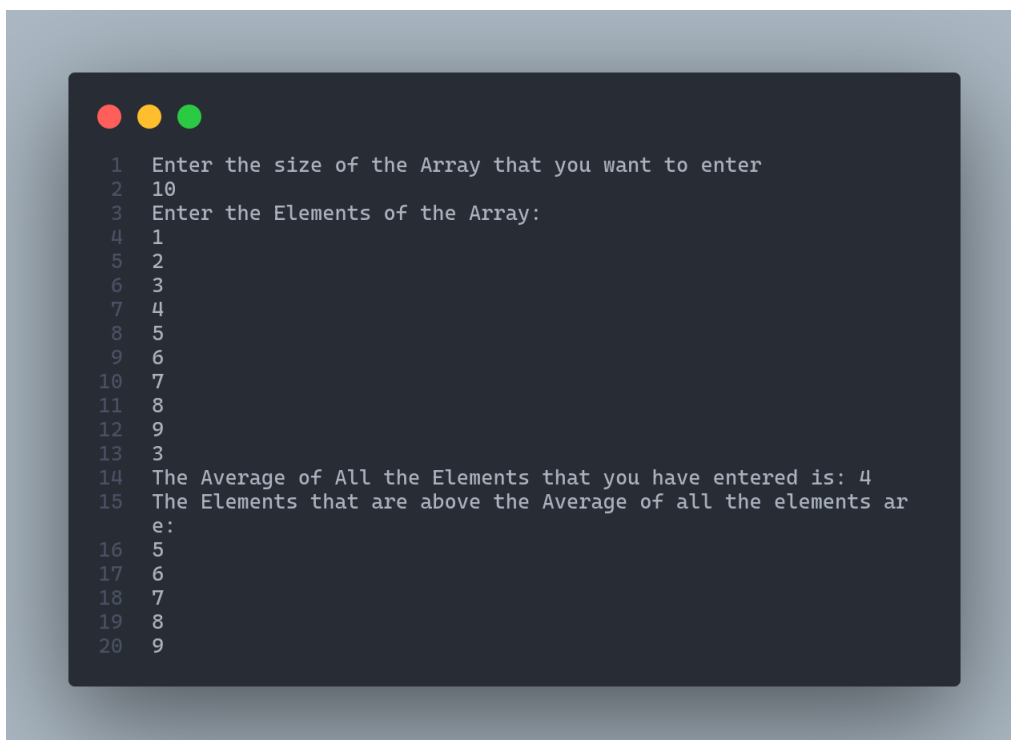
### **6.5 C++ Output**



```
1  What size array do you want?
2  5
3  Enter the elements of the array!
4  2
5  6
6  3
7  7
8  9
9  The Average of all the elements in the array is: 5
10 The Elements of the Array which are greater than the Average of
    the Array are:
11 6
12 7
13 9
```

Figure 4:

### **6.6 Java Output**



```
1  Enter the size of the Array that you want to enter
2  10
3  Enter the Elements of the Array:
4  1
5  2
6  3
7  4
8  5
9  6
10 7
11 8
12 9
13 3
14 The Average of All the Elements that you have entered is: 4
15 The Elements that are above the Average of all the elements ar
    e:
16 5
17 6
18 7
19 8
20 9
```

Figure 5: