# MIT WORLD PEACE UNIVERSITY

# Object Oriented Programming with Java and C++ Second Year B. Tech, Semester 1

# COLLECTION FRAMEWORKS IN JAVA

# PRACTICAL REPORT ASSIGNMENT 6

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November 25, 2022

# Contents

1	Aim and Objectives	1
2	Problem Statement	1
3	Theory  3.1 Concept of collection framework in Java	1
4	Platform	1
5	Input	1
6	Output	2
7	Code           7.0.1 Output	<b>2</b> 4
8	Conclusion	7
9	$\mathbf{FAQs}$	8

## 1 Aim and Objectives

#### Aim

Demonstrating the use of Collection Frameworks in Java.

## **Objective**

- To study the concept of collection framework
- To get familiar with features of collection framework in Java

### 2 Problem Statement

Write a Java Program to:

- Create a new array list and print out the collection by position
- Add some elements (string)
- Search an element in an array list
- Reverse elements in an array list
- Test an array list is empty or not
- Join two array lists

## 3 Theory

- 3.1 Concept of collection framework in Java
- 3.2 Benefit of Generics in Collections Framework
- 3.3 Basic interfaces of Java Collections Framework
- 3.4 Types of collections allowed by the Java collections framework, Explain with suitable syntax and examples

#### 4 Platform

Operating System: Arch Linux x86-64

IDEs or Text Editors Used: Visual Studio Code

**Compilers**: g++ and gcc on linux for C++, and javac, with JDK 18.0.2 for Java

## 5 Input

## For C++

- 1. Number of Each Type of Employee
- 2. Name, Age, Address City, and Salary of Each Employee

#### For Java

- 1. The Side of the Square
- 2. The Radius of the Circle
- 3. The Length and Breadth of the Rectangle.

## 6 Output

#### For C++

- 1. General Information about Each Employee
- 2. The Weekly, hourly and commisioned Salary for Respective Employees.

#### For Java

- 1. The Area of the Shapes
- 2. The Location of the Hill Stations
- 3. The Reason the Hill stations are Famous for.

## 7 Code

```
1 // Write a Java program to
2 // create a new array list and print out the collection by position
3 // add some elements (string)
4 // search an element in an array list
5 // reverse elements in an array list
_{6} // test an array list is empty or not
7 // join two array lists
9 // Krishnaraj Thadesar
10 // PA20
11 // Batch A1
12 // Assignment 6 in OOPCJ
import java.util.*;
import javax.lang.model.util.ElementScanner14;
17
  import java.lang.*;
18
19
  public class assignment_6 {
      static Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
21
      static ArrayList < String > arrayList, list1, list2;
      static String list1_input, list2_input, main_list_input;
23
24
      public static void main(String[] args) {
25
          System.out.println("Welcome to Assignment 6! What do you want to do? ");
27
          int choice = 0;
          arrayList = new ArrayList < String > ();
          while (choice != 7) {
```

```
System.out.println(
30
                        "\n\n1. Add some elements (string)\n2. Search an element in an
31
       array list\n3. Reverse elements in an array list\n4. Test an array list is
      empty or not\n5. Join two array lists\n6. Display All Elements\n7. Quit\n");
               choice = input.nextInt();
32
               switch (choice) {
33
                   case 1:
34
                        System.out.println("Enter the Element that you want to enter:
35
      ");
                        main_list_input = input.next();
37
                        arrayList.add(main_list_input);
38
                        break;
                   case 2:
39
                       System.out.println("Enter the Element that you want to Search:
40
       ");
41
                       main_list_input = input.next();
                       // search an element in ArrayList
42
                       if (arrayList.contains(main_list_input)) {
43
                            System.out.println("Element found");
44
                       } else {
45
                            System.out.println("Element not found");
46
                       }
47
                        break;
49
                   case 4:
50
                        System.out.println("Checking if Arraylist is Empty: ");
                       if (arrayList.isEmpty()) {
51
                            System.out.println("Array list is empty!");
52
                       } else {
53
                            System.out.println("Array list isnt empty!");
54
                       }
56
                       break:
                   case 5:
57
                        System.out.println("Joining 2 Array lists, so enter them: ");
58
                        System.out.println("Enter List 1, enter \"done\" to stop
59
      entering");
                        list1 = new ArrayList < String > ();
60
61
                        list1_input = new String();
                        while (!list1_input.equals("done")) {
62
                            list1_input = input.next();
63
                            if (!list1_input.equals("done")) {
64
                                list1.add(list1_input);
65
                            }
66
                        }
67
                        System.out.println("Enter List 2, enter \"done\" to stop
68
      entering");
                       list2 = new ArrayList < String > ();
69
                       list2_input = new String();
70
                        while (!list2_input.equals("done")) {
71
                            list2_input = input.next();
                            if (!list2_input.equals("done")) {
                                list2.add(list2_input);
74
                            }
75
                       }
76
                        // merge 2 Arraylists
                       list1.addAll(list2);
78
                        System.out.println("Displaying all the elements");
                        for (String iterable_element : list1) {
80
                            System.out.println(iterable_element);
81
                       }
82
```

```
break;
83
                    case 6:
84
                         System.out.println("Displaying all the elements");
86
                         for (String iterable_element : arrayList) {
                             System.out.println(iterable_element);
87
88
                        break;
89
                    case 3:
90
                        System.out.println("Reversing the Elements of the List");
91
                         Collections.reverse(arrayList);
93
                        System.out.println("Displaying all the elements");
94
                        for (String iterable_element : arrayList) {
                             System.out.println(iterable_element);
95
                        }
96
                        break;
97
                    case 7:
                        System.out.println("Quitting!");
                         System.exit(0);
100
                    default:
101
                        break;
102
               }
103
           }
104
105
       }
106 }
```

Listing 1: Output

#### 7.0.1 Output

```
2 Welcome to Assignment 6! What do you want to do?
5 1. Add some elements (string)
6 2. Search an element in an array list
7 3. Reverse elements in an array list
8 4. Test an array list is empty or not
9 5. Join two array lists
10 6. Display All Elements
11 7. Quit
12
13 1
14 Enter the Element that you want to enter:
15
16
17
18 1. Add some elements (string)
19 2. Search an element in an array list
20 3. Reverse elements in an array list
21 4. Test an array list is empty or not
22 5. Join two array lists
23 6. Display All Elements
24 7. Quit
25
26 1
27 Enter the Element that you want to enter:
  b
28
29
```

```
31 1. Add some elements (string)
32 2. Search an element in an array list
33 3. Reverse elements in an array list
34 4. Test an array list is empty or not
35 5. Join two array lists
36 6. Display All Elements
37 7. Quit
40 Enter the Element that you want to enter:
44 1. Add some elements (string)
45 2. Search an element in an array list
46 3. Reverse elements in an array list
47 4. Test an array list is empty or not
48 5. Join two array lists
49 6. Display All Elements
50 7. Quit
51
52 1
53 Enter the Element that you want to enter:
55
57 1. Add some elements (string)
58 2. Search an element in an array list
59 3. Reverse elements in an array list
60 4. Test an array list is empty or not
61 5. Join two array lists
62 6. Display All Elements
63 7. Quit
65 2
66 Enter the Element that you want to Search:
68 Element found
71 1. Add some elements (string)
72 2. Search an element in an array list
73 3. Reverse elements in an array list
74 4. Test an array list is empty or not
75 5. Join two array lists
76 6. Display All Elements
77 7. Quit
78
80 Reversing the Elements of the List
81 Displaying all the elements
82 4
83 C
84 b
88 1. Add some elements (string)
89 2. Search an element in an array list
```

```
90 3. Reverse elements in an array list
91 4. Test an array list is empty or not
92 5. Join two array lists
93 6. Display All Elements
94 7. Quit
95
97 Checking if Arraylist is Empty:
98 Array list isnt empty!
101 1. Add some elements (string)
102 2. Search an element in an array list
3. Reverse elements in an array list
4. Test an array list is empty or not
105 5. Join two array lists
106 6. Display All Elements
107 7. Quit
108
109 5
Joining 2 Array lists, so enter them:
111 Enter List 1, enter "done" to stop entering
112 1
113 2
114 3
115 done
116 Enter List 2, enter "done" to stop entering
118 4
119 55
120 done
121 Displaying all the elements
123 2
124 3
125 33
126 4
127 55
128
129
130 1. Add some elements (string)
131 2. Search an element in an array list
3. Reverse elements in an array list
4. Test an array list is empty or not
134 5. Join two array lists
6. Display All Elements
136 7. Quit
137
140 Displaying all the elements
141 4
142 C
143 b
144 a
147 1. Add some elements (string)
148 2. Search an element in an array list
```

```
149 3. Reverse elements in an array list
150 4. Test an array list is empty or not
151 5. Join two array lists
152 6. Display All Elements
153 7. Quit
154 155 7
156 Quitting!
```

Listing 2: Output

## 8 Conclusion

Thus, learnt the use of collection framework in java and performed array list operations

## 9 FAQs

- 1. Why do we use collection framework?
- 2. Which is best collection framework in Java?
- 3. What is difference between array and collection?
- 4. What is HashMap in Java?