Assignment 4

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GitHub Link: https://github.com/Krishnavamsikoppula/Assignment_4_NNDL_Summer

Video Link: https://drive.google.com/file/d/17-sPvHansM5bhdobxiELi0SE-EjbprjG/view?usp=sharing

1. Add one more hidden layer to autoencoder.

```
of from keras.layers import Input, Dense
        from keras.models import Model
        # this is the size of our encoded representations
       encoding_dim = 32 # 32 floats -> compression of factor 24.5, assuming the input is 784 floats
       # this is our input placeholder
       input_img = Input(shape=(784,))
       # "encoded" is the encoded representation of the input
       encoded = Dense(encoding_dim, activation='relu')(input_img)
        # "decoded" is the lossy reconstruction of the input
       decoded = Dense(784, activation='sigmoid')(encoded)
       # this model maps an input to its reconstruction
       autoencoder = Model(input_img, decoded)
       # this model maps an input to its encoded representation
       autoencoder.compile(optimizer='adadelta', loss='binary_crossentropy', metrics ='accuracy')
       from keras.datasets import mnist, fashion_mnist
       import numpy as np
       (x_train, y_train), (x_test, y_test) = fashion_mnist.load_data()
       x_train = x_train.astype('float32') / 255.
       x_test = x_test.astype('float32') / 255.
       x_train = x_train.reshape((len(x_train), np.prod(x_train.shape[1:])))
       x_test = x_test.reshape((len(x_test), np.prod(x_test.shape[1:])))
       autoencoder.fit(x_train, x_train,
                       epochs=5,
                       batch_size=256,
                       shuffle=True,
                       validation_data=(x_test, x_test))
```

Output:

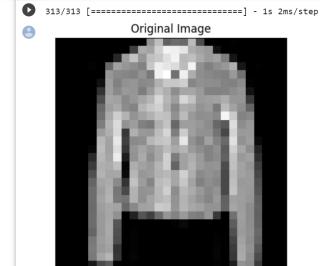
```
opunloading data from https://storage.googleapis.com/tensorflow/tf-keras-datasets/train-labels-idx1-ubyte.gz
   29515/29515 [=========] - Os Ous/step
 Downloading data from <a href="https://storage.googleapis.com/tensorflow/tf-keras-datasets/train-images-idx3-ubyte.gz">https://storage.googleapis.com/tensorflow/tf-keras-datasets/train-images-idx3-ubyte.gz</a>
   26421880/26421880 [============= ] - 2s Ous/step
   Downloading data from https://storage.googleapis.com/tensorflow/tf-keras-datasets/t10k-labels-idx1-ubyte.gz
   5148/5148 [=========================]
                        - 0s Ous/step
   Epoch 1/5
   Epoch 2/5
   235/235 [==
          Epoch 3/5
   Epoch 4/5
   Epoch 5/5
          <keras.callbacks.History at 0x7d8a564dbc70>
```

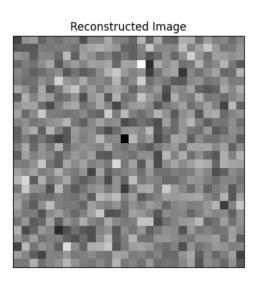
2. Do the prediction on the test data and then visualize one of the reconstructed version of that test data. Also, visualize the same test data before reconstruction using Matplotlib

```
from keras.layers import Input, Dense
 from keras.models import Model
 # This is the size of our encoded representation
encoding_dim = 32 # 32 floats -> compression of factor 24.5, assuming the input is 784 floats
 # This is our input placeholder
input_img = Input(shape=(784,))
 # "encoded" is the encoded representation of the input
encoded1 = Dense(128, activation='relu')(input img)
encoded2 = Dense(encoding_dim, activation='relu')(encoded1)
# "decoded" is the lossy reconstruction of the input
decoded1 = Dense(128, activation='relu')(encoded2)
decoded2 = Dense(784, activation='sigmoid')(decoded1)
 # This model maps an input to its reconstruction
autoencoder = Model(input_img, decoded2)
\ensuremath{\text{\#}} This model maps an input to its encoded representation
encoder = Model(input_img, encoded2)
# This is our decoder model
 encoded_input = Input(shape=(encoding_dim,))
decoder layer1 = autoencoder.layers[-2]
decoder_layer2 = autoencoder.layers[-1]
decoder = Model(encoded_input, decoder_layer2(decoder_layer1(encoded_input)))
 # Compile the model
autoencoder.compile(optimizer='adadelta', loss='binary_crossentropy',metrics ='accuracy')
# Load the MNIST dataset
 from keras.datasets import mnist, fashion_mnist
import numpy as np
(x_train, y_train), (x_test, y_test) = fashion_mnist.load_data()
# Normalize and flatten the data
x_train = x_train.astype('float32') / 255.
x_test = x_test.astype('float32') / 255.
x train = x train.reshape((len(x train), np.prod(x train.shape[1:])))
x_test = x_test.reshape((len(x_test), np.prod(x_test.shape[1:])))
 # Train the autoencoder
autoencoder.fit(x_train, x_train,
                 epochs=5,
                 batch size=256,
                 shuffle=True.
                 validation_data=(x_test, x_test))
```

Output:

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# Get the reconstructed images for the test set
reconstructed_imgs = autoencoder.predict(x_test)
# Choose a random image from the test set
n = 10 # index of the image to be plotted
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
# Plot the original image
ax = plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
plt.imshow(x_test[n].reshape(28, 28))
plt.gray()
ax.get_xaxis().set_visible(False)
ax.get_yaxis().set_visible(False)
ax.set_title("Original Image")
# Plot the reconstructed image
ax = plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
plt.imshow(reconstructed_imgs[n].reshape(28, 28))
plt.gray()
ax.get_xaxis().set_visible(False)
ax.get_yaxis().set_visible(False)
ax.set_title("Reconstructed Image")
plt.show()
```



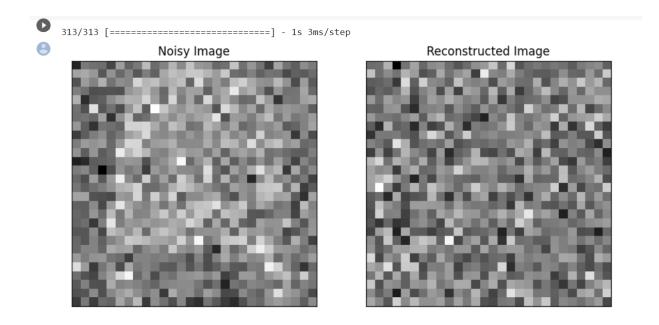


3. Repeat the question 2 on the denoisening autoencoder

```
from keras.layers import Input, Dense
from keras.models import Model
# this is the size of our encoded representations
encoding_dim = 32 # 32 floats -> compression of factor 24.5, assuming the input is 784 floats
# this is our input placeholder
input_img = Input(shape=(784,))
# "encoded" is the encoded representation of the input
encoded = Dense(encoding_dim, activation='relu')(input_img)
# "decoded" is the lossy reconstruction of the input
decoded = Dense(784, activation='sigmoid')(encoded)
# this model maps an input to its reconstruction
autoencoder = Model(input_img, decoded)
# this model maps an input to its encoded representation
autoencoder.compile(optimizer='adadelta', loss='binary_crossentropy',metrics ='accuracy')
from keras.datasets import fashion_mnist
import numpy as np
(x_train, _), (x_test, _) = fashion_mnist.load_data()
x_train = x_train.astype('float32') / 255.
x_test = x_test.astype('float32') / 255.
x\_train = x\_train.reshape((len(x\_train), np.prod(x\_train.shape[1:])))
x_test = x_test.reshape((len(x_test), np.prod(x_test.shape[1:])))
#introducing noise
noise factor = 0.5
x_train_noisy = x_train + noise_factor * np.random.normal(loc=0.0, scale=1.0, size=x_train.shape)
x_test_noisy = x_test + noise_factor * np.random.normal(loc=0.0, scale=1.0, size=x_test.shape)
autoencoder.fit(x_train_noisy, x_train,
                epochs=10,
                batch_size=256,
                shuffle=True,
                {\tt validation\_data=}(x\_{\tt test\_noisy}, \ x\_{\tt test\_noisy}))
```

```
■ Epoch 1/10
   235/235 [==
                                  ==] - 4s 14ms/step - loss: 0.6964 - accuracy: 7.8333e-04 - val_loss: 0.6963 - val_accuracy: 8.0000e-04
  Fnoch 2/10
                         :=======] - 3s 13ms/step - loss: 0.6962 - accuracy: 8.0000e-04 - val_loss: 0.6961 - val_accuracy: 8.0000e-04
   235/235 [==
   Epoch 3/10
   235/235 [==
                        :=======] - 3s 13ms/step - loss: 0.6959 - accuracy: 8.1667e-04 - val loss: 0.6959 - val accuracy: 8.0000e-04
   Epoch 4/10
   235/235 [===
               Fnoch 5/10
                           ========] - 3s 11ms/step - loss: 0.6955 - accuracy: 8.6667e-04 - val_loss: 0.6954 - val_accuracy: 7.0000e-04
   235/235 [==
   Epoch 6/10
   235/235 [==
                         :=======] - 3s 11ms/step - loss: 0.6952 - accuracy: 8.6667e-04 - val_loss: 0.6952 - val_accuracy: 8.0000e-04
   Epoch 7/10
   235/235 [==
                            =======] - 3s 11ms/step - loss: 0.6950 - accuracy: 9.0000e-04 - val_loss: 0.6950 - val_accuracy: 9.0000e-04
   Epoch 8/10
                       :========] - 3s 13ms/step - loss: 0.6948 - accuracy: 8.6667e-04 - val_loss: 0.6948 - val_accuracy: 0.0011
   235/235 [===
   Epoch 9/10
                           =======] - 3s 11ms/step - loss: 0.6946 - accuracy: 8.6667e-04 - val loss: 0.6946 - val accuracy: 0.0013
   235/235 [==
   Epoch 10/10
   235/235 [====
                  <keras.callbacks.History at 0x2b9da289810>
```

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# Get the reconstructed images for the test set
reconstructed_imgs = autoencoder.predict(x_test_noisy)
# Choose a random image from the test set
n = 10 # index of the image to be plotted
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
# Plot the original noisy image
ax = plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
plt.imshow(x_test_noisy[n].reshape(28, 28))
plt.gray()
ax.get xaxis().set visible(False)
ax.get_yaxis().set_visible(False)
ax.set title("Noisy Image")
# Plot the reconstructed image
ax = plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
plt.imshow(reconstructed imgs[n].reshape(28, 28))
plt.gray()
ax.get xaxis().set visible(False)
ax.get_yaxis().set_visible(False)
ax.set_title("Reconstructed Image")
plt.show()
```



4. plot loss and accuracy using the history object

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# Train the autoencoder
history = autoencoder.fit(x_train_noisy, x_train,
                 epochs=10,
                 batch size=256,
                 shuffle=True,
                 validation_data=(x_test_noisy, x_test_noisy))
# Plot the loss
plt.plot(history.history['loss'], label='train')
plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'], label='test')
plt.title('Model Loss')
plt.ylabel('Loss')
plt.xlabel('Epoch')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
# Plot the accuracy
plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'], label='train')
plt.plot(history.history['val_accuracy'], label='test')
plt.title('Model Accuracy')
plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
plt.xlabel('Epoch')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

Output:

```
Epoch 1/10
   235/235 [==
                                :=====] - 4s 16ms/step - loss: 0.6942 - accuracy: 8.5000e-04 - val_loss: 0.6942 - val_accuracy: 0.0013
   Epoch 2/10
    235/235 [==
                        :=========] - 3s 12ms/step - loss: 0.6940 - accuracy: 8.3333e-04 - val_loss: 0.6940 - val_accuracy: 0.0013
   Epoch 3/10
   235/235 [===
                           ========] - 3s 12ms/step - loss: 0.6939 - accuracy: 8.1667e-04 - val_loss: 0.6938 - val_accuracy: 0.0013
   Epoch 4/10
                           ========] - 3s 11ms/step - loss: 0.6937 - accuracy: 8.3333e-04 - val_loss: 0.6937 - val_accuracy: 0.0013
   235/235 [==
   Epoch 5/10
   235/235 [==
                              =======] - 3s 12ms/step - loss: 0.6935 - accuracy: 8.5000e-04 - val_loss: 0.6935 - val_accuracy: 0.0013
   Epoch 6/10
                           :=======] - 4s 16ms/step - loss: 0.6933 - accuracy: 8.6667e-04 - val_loss: 0.6933 - val_accuracy: 0.0013
    235/235 [==
    Epoch 7/10
   235/235 [==
                    =========] - 3s 13ms/step - loss: 0.6931 - accuracy: 8.8333e-04 - val_loss: 0.6931 - val_accuracy: 0.0013
   Epoch 8/10
   235/235 [==
                          ========] - 3s 12ms/step - loss: 0.6929 - accuracy: 8.6667e-04 - val_loss: 0.6929 - val_accuracy: 0.0013
   Epoch 9/10
   235/235 [==
                         =========] - 3s 14ms/step - loss: 0.6928 - accuracy: 8.6667e-04 - val_loss: 0.6928 - val_accuracy: 0.0012
   Epoch 10/10
```

