# Tutorial on Relational Algebra

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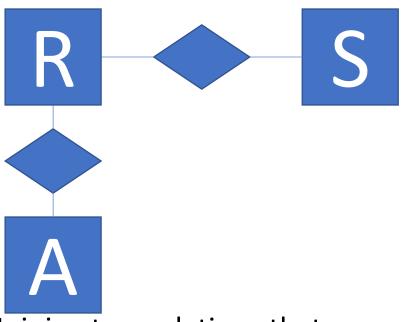
**Instructor: Thomas Heinis** 

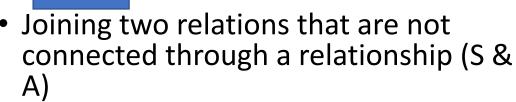


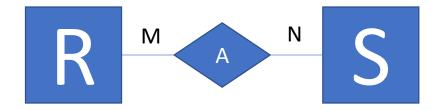
### Reminder

- 1. SELECT  $\sigma_{\{selection\_condition\}}R$
- 2. PROJECT  $\pi_{\{attribute\_list\}}R$
- 3. UNION  $R \cup S$
- 4. INTERSECTION  $R \cap S$
- 5. SET\_DIFFERENCE R S Aka. MINUS
- 6. JOIN  $R\bowtie_{join\_condition} S$
- 7. NATURAL\_JOIN  $R \bowtie S$  R & S have at least 1 attribute with the same name

## Most common mistakes







- To join two relations that participate in an M-N relationship (i.e. R & S), you also need to join them with their relationship relation (i.e. A).
- $R \bowtie S$  is wrong
- $R \bowtie S \bowtie A$  is correct

#### Most common mistakes

- Referring to individual relations within an RA operation
- Every expression creates a new relation with an unknown name. You can't refer to individual relations within an expression

- Wrong:  $\pi_{R_a}(R \bowtie S)$
- Correct:  $\pi_a(R \bowtie S)$

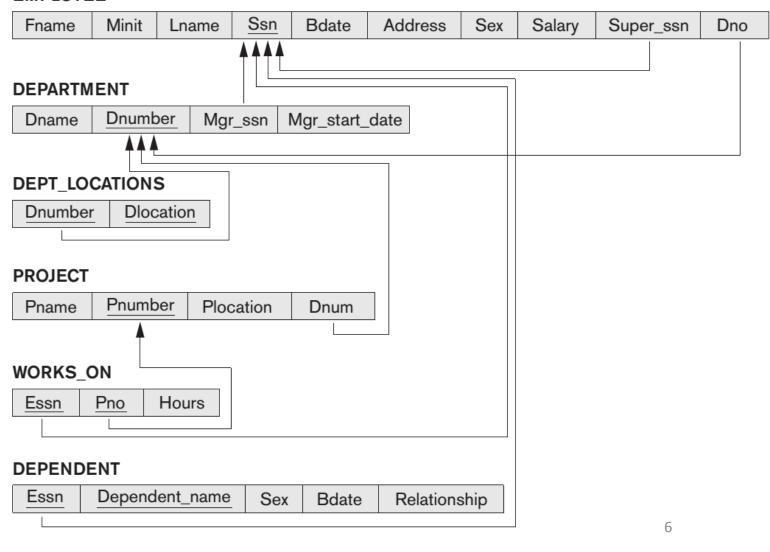
## Most common mistakes

Use one-liners with caution, if not at all!

```
(\pi_{Pno}((\rho_{(Essn)}(\pi Ssn(\sigma_{Lname='Smith'}(EMPLOYEE))))\bowtie WORKS\_ON))\cup\\ (\rho_{Pno}(\pi_{Pnumber}((\rho_{Dnum}(\pi_{Dnumber}(\sigma_{Lname='Smith'}(\pi_{Lname,Dnumber}(EMPLOYEE\bowtie_{Ssn=Mgr\_ssn}DEPARTMENT)))))\bowtie PROJECT)))
```

Retrieve the name and address of all employees who work for the 'Research' department.

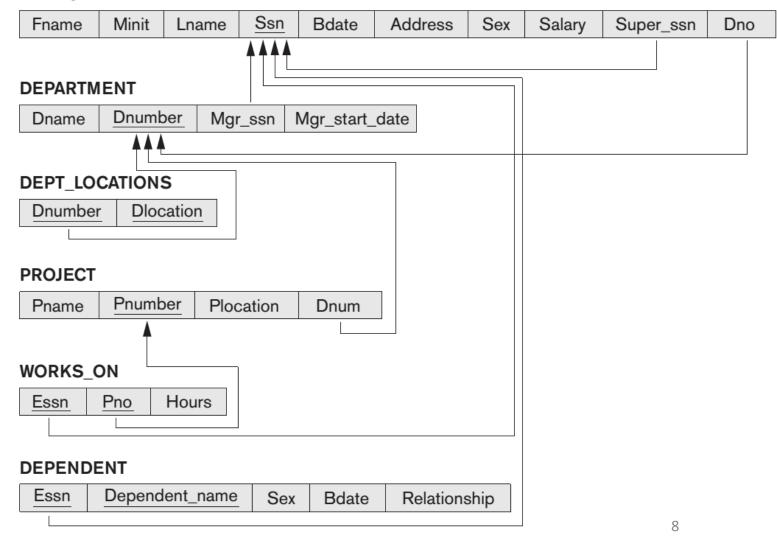
# Exercise 1



```
\begin{aligned} & \mathsf{RESEARCH\_DEPT} \leftarrow \sigma_{\mathsf{Dname='Research'}}(\mathsf{DEPARTMENT}) \\ & \mathsf{RESEARCH\_EMPS} \leftarrow (\mathsf{RESEARCH\_DEPT} \bowtie_{\mathsf{Dnumber=Dno}} \mathsf{EMPLOYEE}) \\ & \mathsf{RESULT} \leftarrow \pi_{\mathsf{Fname,\ Lname,\ Address}}(\mathsf{RESEARCH\_EMPS}) \end{aligned}
```

For every project located in 'Stafford', list the project number, the controlling department number, and the department manager's last name, address, and birth date.

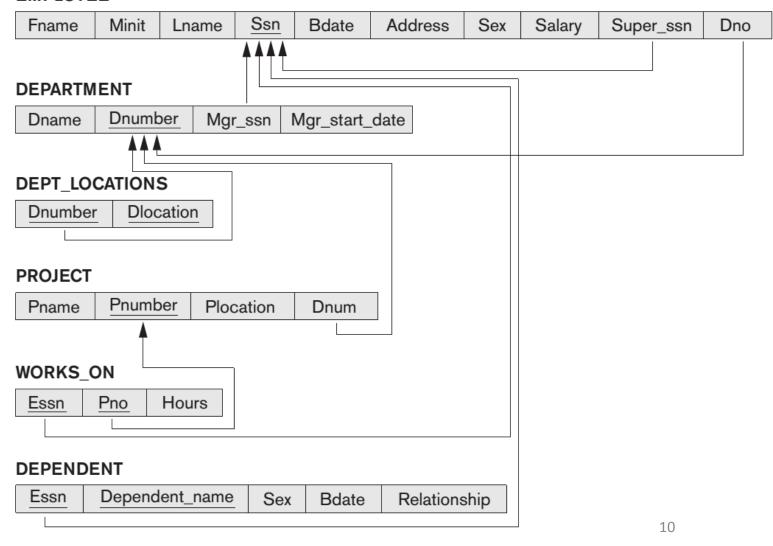
# Exercise 2



```
\begin{split} &\mathsf{STAFFORD\_PROJS} \leftarrow \sigma_{\mathsf{Plocation=`Stafford'}}(\mathsf{PROJECT}) \\ &\mathsf{CONTR\_DEPTS} \leftarrow (\mathsf{STAFFORD\_PROJS} \bowtie_{\mathsf{Dnum=Dnumber}} \mathsf{DEPARTMENT}) \\ &\mathsf{PROJ\_DEPT\_MGRS} \leftarrow (\mathsf{CONTR\_DEPTS} \bowtie_{\mathsf{Mgr\_ssn=SsnE}} \mathsf{MPLOYEE}) \\ &\mathsf{RESULT} \leftarrow \pi_{\mathsf{Pnumber,\ Dnum,\ Lname,\ Address,\ Bdate}(\mathsf{PROJ\_DEPT\_MGRS}) \end{split}
```

Retrieve the names of employees who have no dependents.

# Exercise 3



```
ALL_EMPS \leftarrow \pi_{Ssn}(EMPLOYEE)

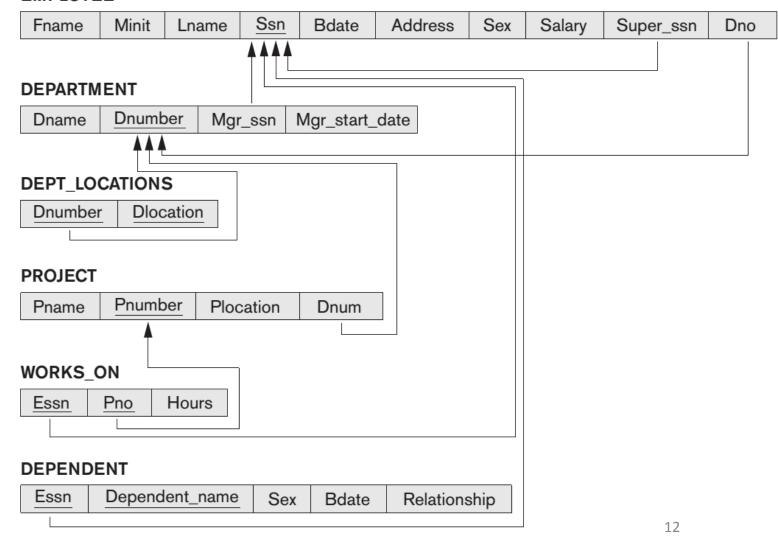
EMPS_WITH_DEPS(Ssn) \leftarrow \pi_{Essn}(DEPENDENT)

EMPS_WITHOUT_DEPS \leftarrow (ALL_EMPS - EMPS_WITH_DEPS)

RESULT \leftarrow \pi_{Lname, Fname}(EMPS_WITHOUT_DEPS \bowtie EMPLOYEE)
```

List the names of managers (i.e. department managers) who have at least one dependent.

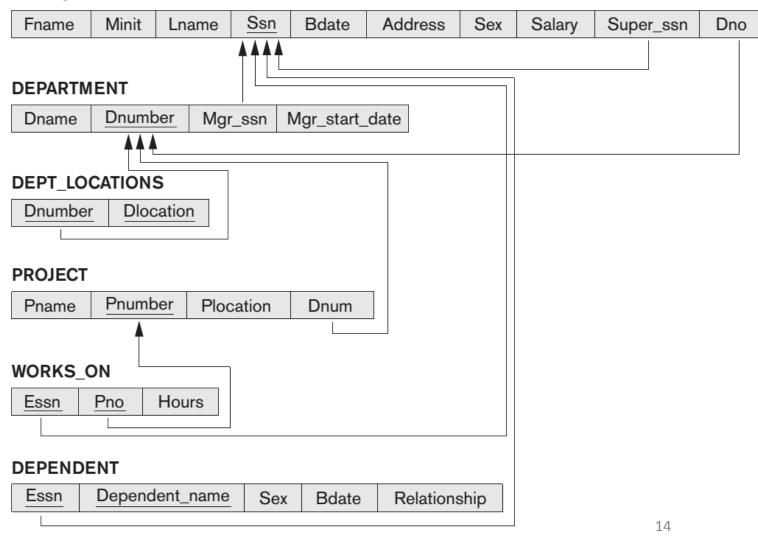
# Exercise 4



```
\begin{split} & \mathsf{MGRS}(\mathsf{Ssn}) \leftarrow \pi_{\mathsf{Mgr\_ssn}}(\mathsf{DEPARTMENT}) \\ & \mathsf{EMPS\_WITH\_DEPS}(\mathsf{Ssn}) \leftarrow \pi_{\mathsf{Essn}}(\mathsf{DEPENDENT}) \\ & \mathsf{MGRS\_WITH\_DEPS} \leftarrow (\mathsf{MGRS} \cap \mathsf{EMPS\_WITH\_DEPS}) \\ & \mathsf{RESULT} \leftarrow \pi_{\mathsf{Lname},\;\mathsf{Fname}}(\mathsf{MGRS\_WITH\_DEPS} \bowtie \mathsf{EMPLOYEE}) \end{split}
```

Make a list of project numbers for projects that involve an employee whose last name is 'Smith', either as a worker or as a manager of the department that controls the project.

## Exercise 5



```
\begin{split} & \mathsf{SMITHS}(\mathsf{Essn}) \leftarrow \pi_{\mathsf{Ssn}} \left( \sigma_{\mathsf{Lname='Smith'}}(\mathsf{EMPLOYEE}) \right) \\ & \mathsf{SMITH\_WORKER\_PROJS} \leftarrow \pi_{\mathsf{Pno}}(\mathsf{WORKS\_ON} \bowtie \mathsf{SMITHS}) \\ & \mathsf{MGRS} \leftarrow \pi_{\mathsf{Lname,\ Dnumber}}(\mathsf{EMPLOYEE} \bowtie_{\mathsf{Ssn=Mgr\_ssn}} \mathsf{DEPARTMENT}) \\ & \mathsf{SMITH\_MANAGED\_DEPTS}(\mathsf{Dnum}) \leftarrow \pi_{\mathsf{Dnumber}} \left( \sigma_{\mathsf{Lname='Smith'}}(\mathsf{MGRS}) \right) \\ & \mathsf{SMITH\_MGR\_PROJS}(\mathsf{Pno}) \leftarrow \pi_{\mathsf{Pnumber}}(\mathsf{SMITH\_MANAGED\_DEPTS} \bowtie \mathsf{PROJECT}) \\ & \mathsf{RESULT} \leftarrow \left( \mathsf{SMITH\_WORKER\_PROJS} \cup \mathsf{SMITH\_MGR\_PROJS} \right) \end{split}
```

## References

 Ramez Elmasri and Shamkant Navathe. 2010. Fundamentals of Database Systems (6th ed.). Addison-Wesley Publishing Company, , USA.

