

## DALJI RAZVOJ ADO.NET - A

- o Gotovo sve aplikacije su orijentisane ka podacima datacentric app.
- Razvoj ADO.NET je neophodan, ali je neophodno i čuvanje mogućnosti prethodnih verzija. To se postiže:
  - Proširenjem funkcionalnosti na postojećem steku biblioteka, kada je moguće
  - Izgradnjom novih slojeva na vrhu steka

#### KLIJENTSKI POGLEDI KOD ADO.NET-A

- o Svaka aplikacija ima odgovarajuće poglede na podatke.
- Pogledi na podatke se u potpunosti implementiraju na strani klijenta.
  - Treba izbegavadi nepotrebno dodavanje pogleda na stani baze zbog pogleda potrebnih za aplikaciju.
  - Razvoj aplikacija ne bi trebalo vezivati za razvoj baze.
- Velike mogućnosti
  - Veoma širok set pogleda koji se mogu koristiti pri ažuriranju
     Ažuriranje se radi preko tabela, relacija...

6

#### MODEL PODATAKA - TRADICIONALNI

- Svaka aplikacija ima, eksplicitno ili implicitno definisan neki konceptualni model podataka.
- o Da li je *Db Schema* idealna?

SalesOrder		
PK	<u>SalesOrderID</u>	
FK1	SalesPersonID 0 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	

Contact			
PK	PK ContactID		
	FirstName MiddleName LastName EmailAddress Phone		

Employee				
PK,FK1	<u>EmployeeID</u>			
	LoginID ManagerID Title BirthDate HireDate SalariedFlag VacationHours SickLeaveHours CurrentFlag			

SalesPerson

PK,FK1 SalesPersonID

Bonus
SalesLastYear
SalesQuota
SalesYTD

7

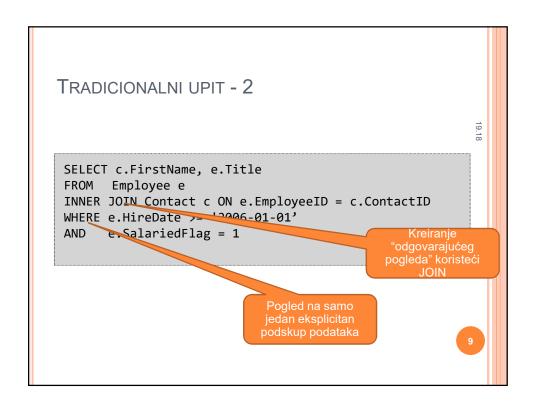
### TRADICIONALNI UPIT - 1

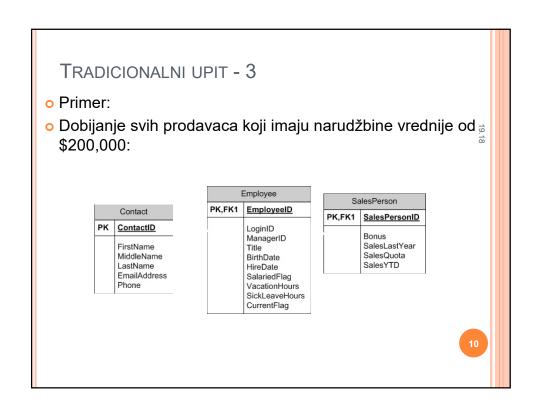
- o Primer:
- Napisati upit za zaposlene koji su zaposleni tokom 2006 i prikazati imena i titule.

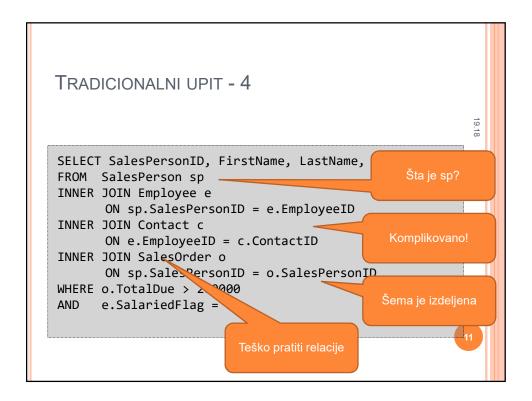
Contact	
PK	ContactID
	FirstName
	MiddleName
	LastName
	EmailAddress
	Phone

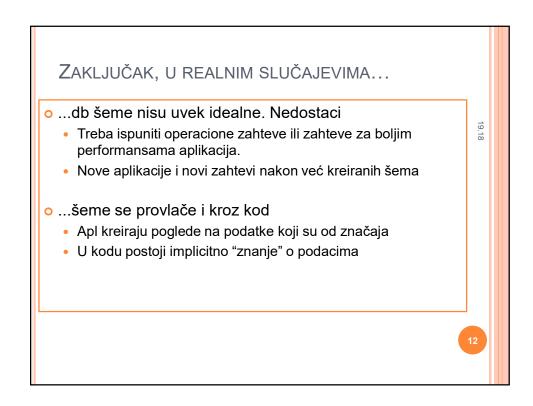
Employee		
PK,FK1	EmployeeID	
	LoginID ManagerID Title BirthDate HireDate SalariedFlag VacationHours SickLeaveHours CurrentFlag	

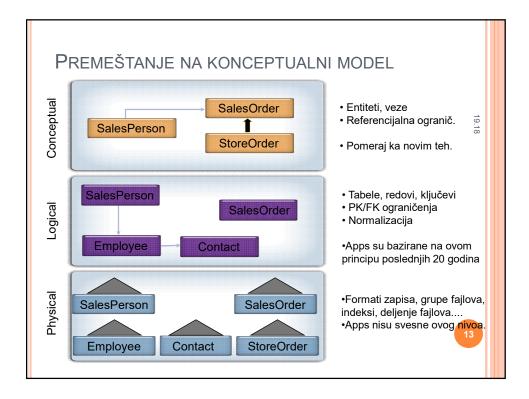
٠.

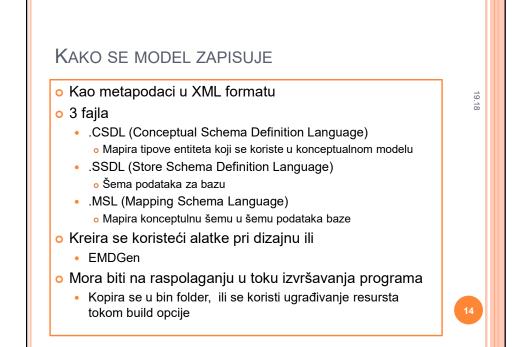




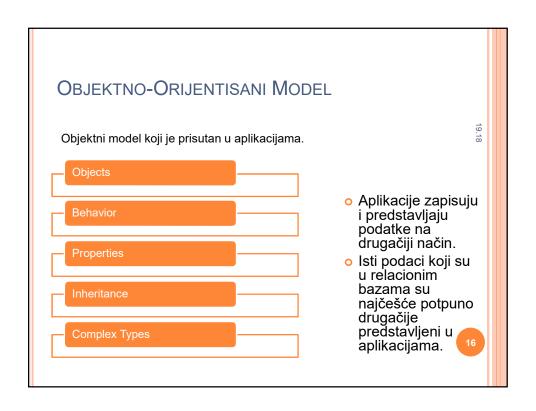


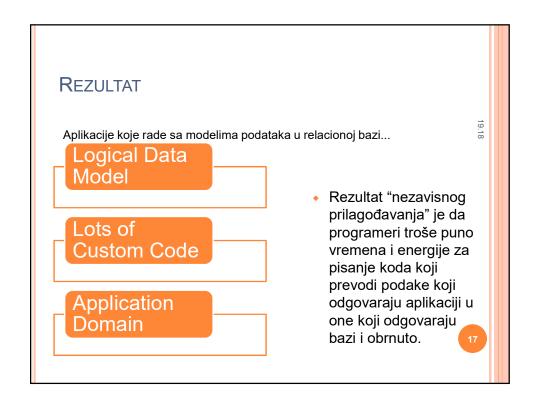


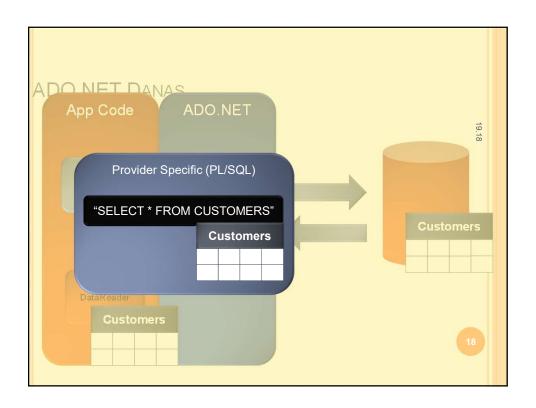


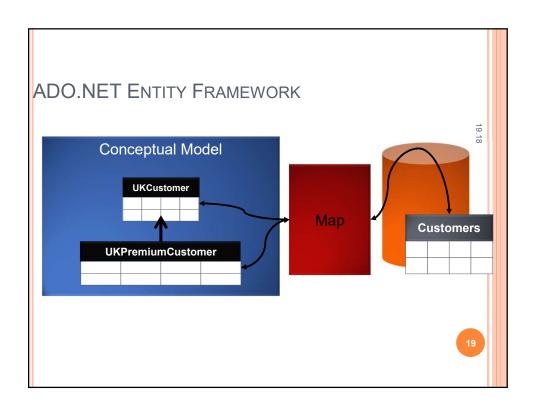


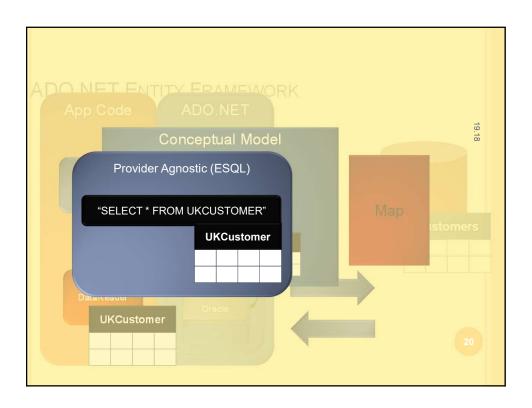
LOGIČKI MODEL VS. OBJEKTNO ORIJENTISANI MODEL	
Tradicionalni, zasnovan na modelu podataka u bazi	19.18
Views	Tipičan, masovan, dobro poznat i
Stored Procedures .	primenljivan. Ovo znači i brigu oko stanog ključa, pogleda
Foreign Key Relationships	i procedure.

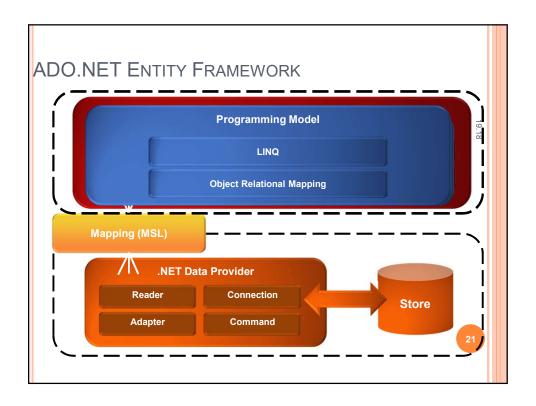


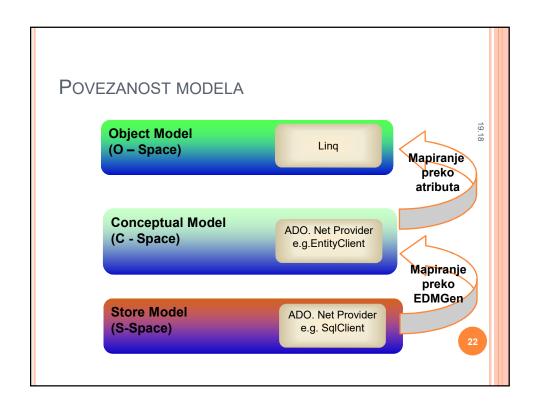


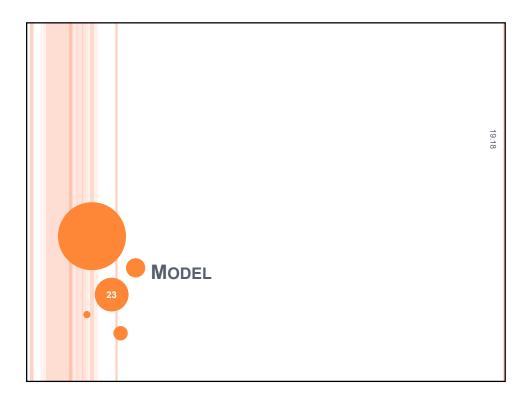






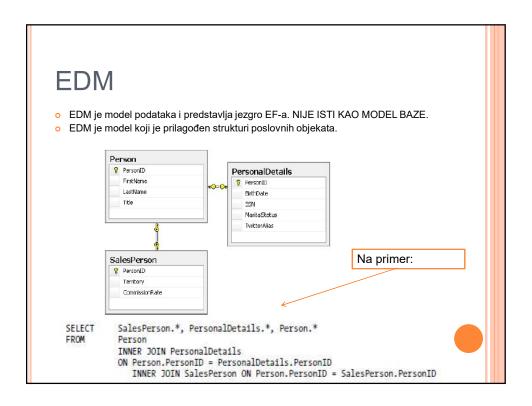


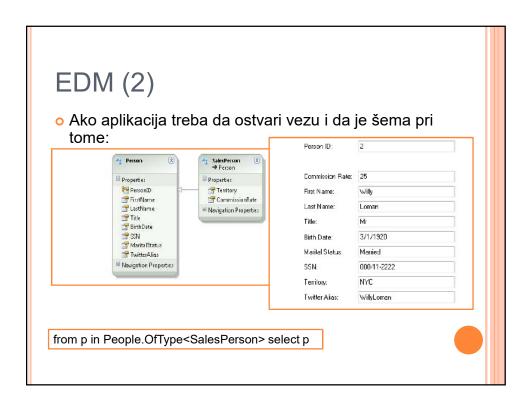


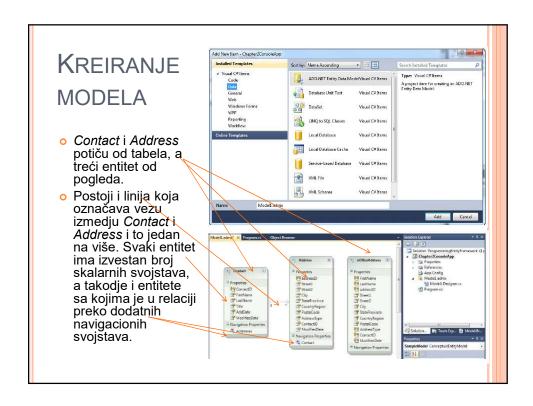


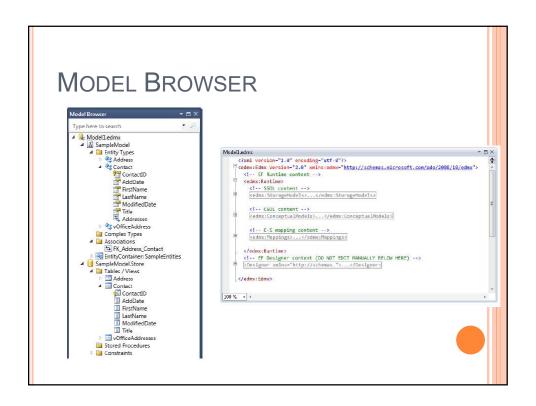
# ENTITY DATA MODEL (EDM)

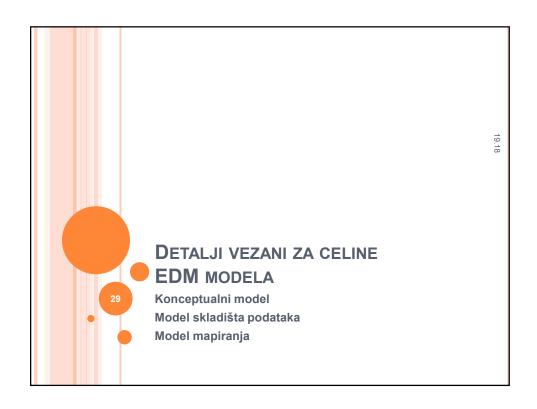
- o Predstavlja model sastavljen od elemenata entitet-relacije
- o Glavni koncepti:
- Tip Entiteta je struktuirani zapis sa ključem
- Entitet je jedna instanca tipa entiteta
- Entiteti su grupisani u skupove entiteta: Entity-Sets
- Tip jednog entiteta može naslediti drugi tip

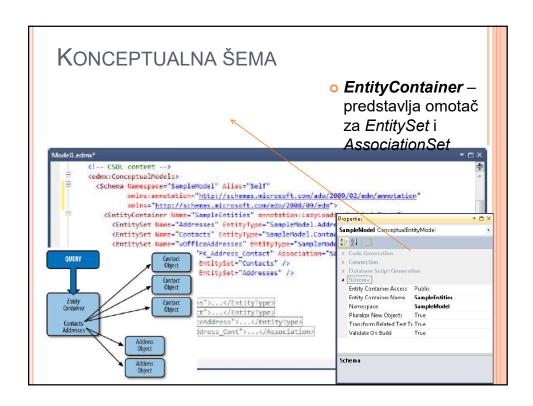












### **ENTITYSET**

- Predstavlja kontejner za tipove jednog entiteta.
   Sadrži dva polja: Name i EntityType.
- Definiše koji entitet je sadržan u skupu koristeći strogo tipizirana imena. Na primer:

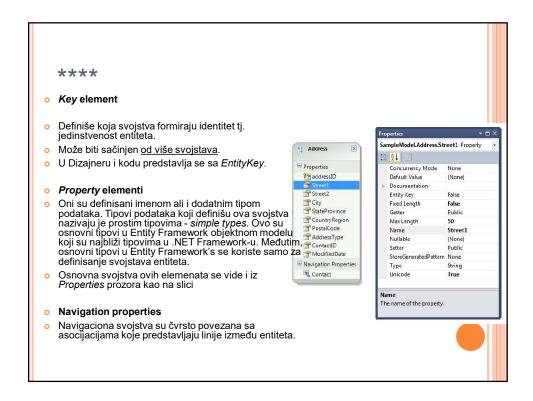
```
<EntitySet Name="Addresses"
    EntityType="SampleModel.Address" />
<EntitySet Name="Contacts"
    EntityType="SampleModel.Contact" />
```

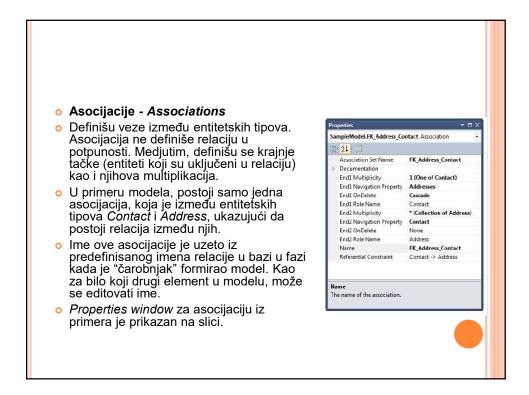
 Koristćei ovaj skup, pristupa se pojedinačnim objektima putem raznih upita.

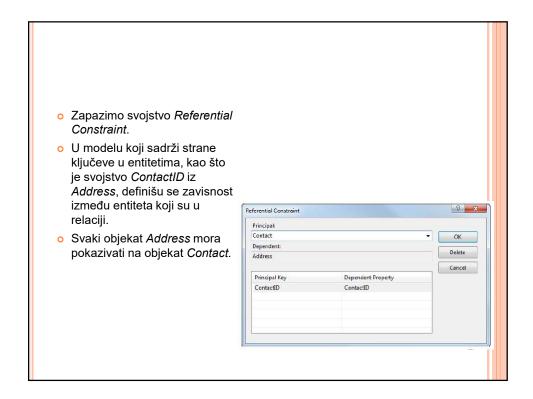
### ENTITYTYPE

- EntityType je tip podataka u modelu. U prethodnom primeru postoji Contact i Address.
- Kada se u XML šemi proširi tip Address dobija se XML koji je prikazan. Prepoznaju se:
  - ključ "Key" i
  - svojstva tj. Property elemenata.

<EntityType Name="Address"> <PropertyRef Name="addressID" /> </Key> <Property Name="addressID" Type="Int32" Nullable="false"</p> annotation:StoreGeneratedPattern="Identity" />
<Property Name="Street1" Type="String" MaxLength="50"
Unicode="true" FixedLength="true" /> <Property Name="Street2" Type="String" MaxLength="50" Unicode="true" FixedLength="true" />
<Property Name="City" Type="String" MaxLength="50"
Unicode="true" FixedLength="true" /> <Property Name="StateProvince" Type="String" MaxLength="50" Unicode="true" FixedLength="true" /> Property Name="CountryRegion" Type="String" MaxLength="50" Unicode="true" FixedLength="true" /> <Property Name="PostalCode" Type="String" MaxLength="20" Unicode="true" FixedLength="true" />
<Property Name="AddressType" Type="String" Nullable="false"</p> MaxLength="10" Unicode="true" FixedLength="true" /> <Property Name="ContactID" Type="In:132" Mullable="false" />
<Property Name="ModifiedDate" Type="DateTime" Nullable="false" />
<NavigationProperty Name="Contact"</p> Relationship="SampleModel.FK\_Address\_Contact" FromRole="Address" ToRole="Contact" /> </EntityType>









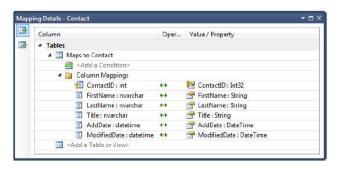
# ŠEMA ZA SKLADIŠTENJE PODATAKA SSDL: The Store Schema

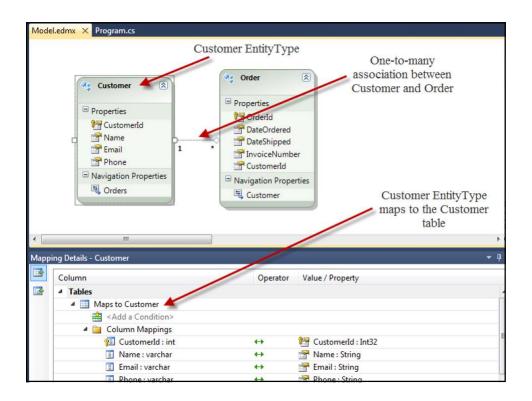
 Ovaj deo modela podseća na prethodni, kao što se moše videti iz XML koda. Predstavlja šematsku reprezentaciju pridruženog skladišta za podatke.

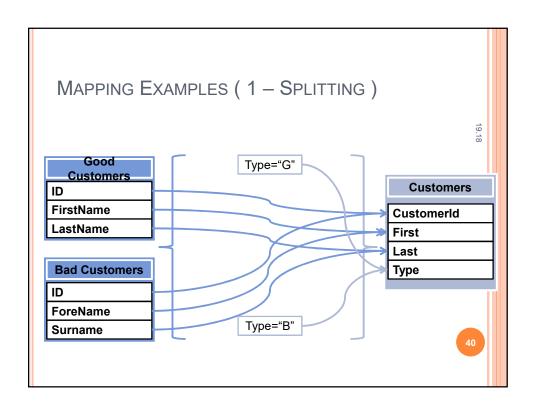
```
| Model Content | 1.0" on continue | 1.0" on continue | 1.0" on content | 1.0" on co
```

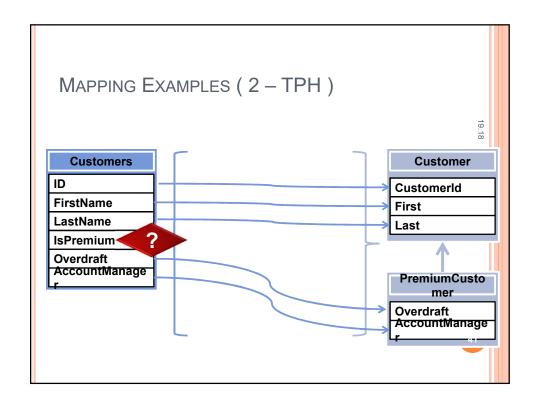
# MAPIRANJE MSL: THE MAPPINGS

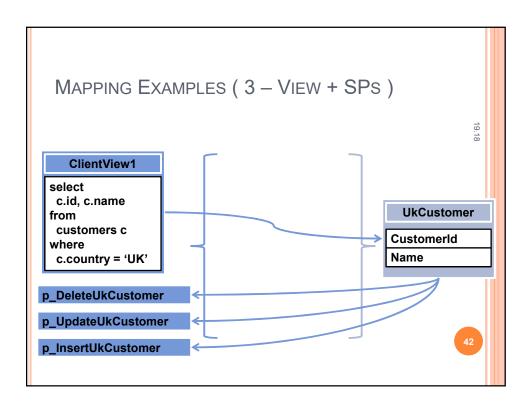
- o Poslednja sekcija u EDMX fajlu, a ujedno i deo EDM modela je, mapiranje.
- o Mapiranje je smešteno između konceptualnog sloja i sloja za skladištenje.
- Mapiranje je sekcija u fajlu ,ali se mapiranje podešava po pravilu koristeći Dizajner, dvostrukim klikom na EDMX model fajl u Solution Explorer- u.
- Da bi videli Mapping Details window, desni klik na Contact a zatim selektuj Table Mapping iz menija..





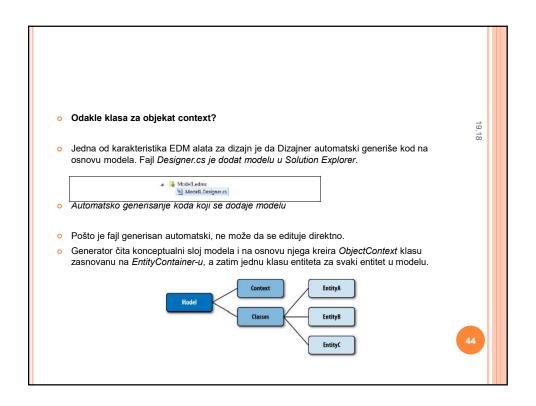


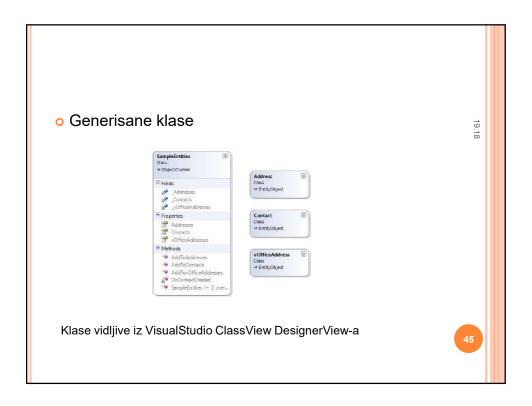




```
EDM UPITI

private static void QueryContacts()
{
    using (var context = new SampleEntities())
    {
        var contacts = context.Contacts;
        foreach (var contact in contacts)
        {
            Console.WriteLine("{0} {1}",
            contact.FirstName.Trim(),
            contact.LastName);
        }
    }
    Console.Write("Press Enter...");
    Console.ReadLine();
}
```







```
ENTITY CLIENT

    Upotreba klasa iz navedenog prostora imena daje

        mogućnost dobavljanja podataka. Na primer.
static void EntityClientQueryContacts()
                                                                                   conn.Close();
Console.Write("Press Enter...");
  using (EntityConnection conn = new
                                                                                    Console.ReadLine();
  EntityConnection("name=SampleEntities"))
    conn.Open():
    var queryString = "SELECT VALUE c " +
     "FROM SampleEntities.Contacts AS c " +
   "WHERE c.FirstName='Robert'";
EntityCommand cmd = conn.CreateCommand();
   cmd.CommandText = queryString;
   using (EntityDataReader rdr = cmd.ExecuteReader(CommandBehavior.SequentialAccess | CommandBehavior.CloseConnection))
     while (rdr.Read())
        var firstname = rdr.GetString(1);
        var listname = rdr.GetString(1);
var lastname = rdr.GetString(2);
var title = rdr.GetString(3);
Console.WriteLine("{0} {1} {2}",
title.Trim(), firstname.Trim(), lastname);
```

## IZMENE NA ENTITETIMA I SNIMANJE PROMENA Čuvanje traga o entitetima Klase ObjectContext i SampleEntities class koji se nasleđuju iz klase ObjectContext koriste se za izvršavanje upita. ObjectContext ima metodu SaveChanges, koja može da sačuva sve promene na entitetima u bazi. Pozivom metode SaveChanges biće provereni svi objekti, tačnije njihova stanja, ObjectStateEntry kojima se upravlja od strane konteksta čije stanje nije Unchanged, a zatim će biti korišćeni detalji za izgradnju posebnih upita Insert, Update, and Delete koji se šalju bazi. using (PEF context = new PEF()) var contact = context.Contacts.First(); contact.FirstName = "Julia"; contact.ModifiedDate = DateTime.Now; context.SaveChanges(); exec sp\_executesql N'update [dbo].[Contact] set [FirstName] = @0, [ModifiedDate] = @1 where ([ContactID] = @2) ',N'@0 nvarchar(50),@1 datetime2(7),@2 int',@0=N'Julia', @1='2009-11-30 09:27:20.3335098',@2=1

```
DODAVANJE NOVOG OBJEKTA

var contact = context.Contacts.Where(c => c.FirstName == "Robert").First();

var address = new Address();
address.Street1 = "One Main Street";
address.City = "Burlington";
address.StateProvince = "VT";
address.AddressType = "Business";
address.ModifiedDate = DateTime.Now;
address.Contact = contact;
context.SaveChanges();
```

#### DODAVANJE NOVIH RODITELJSKIH ODNOSNO DEČIJIH OBJEKATA var contact = Contact.CreateContact (0, "Camey", "Combs", DateTime.Now, DateTime.Now); var address = new Address(); address.Street1 = "One Main Street"; address.City = "Olympia"; exec sp\_executesql N'insert [dbo].[Contact]([FirstName], [LastName], [Title], [AddDate], [ModifiedDate]) values (@0, @1, null, @2, @3) select [ContactID] from [dbo].[Contact] where @@ROWCOUNT > 0 and [ContactID] = scope\_identity()', N'@0 nvarchar(50),@1 nvarchar(50),@2 datetime2(7),@3 datetime2(7)', @0=N'Camey',@1=N'Combs',@2='2009-08-30 09:27:31.7449098', @3='2009-11-30 09:27:31.7449098', [Street1], [Street2], [City], address.StateProvince = "WA"; address.AddressType = "Business"; address.ModifiedDate = DateTime.Now; address.Contact = contact; egu-zuus-11-30 US:27:31.7449USE exec sp\_executesql Ninsert [dbo].[Address]([Street1], [Street2], [City], [StateProvince], [CountryRegion], [PostalCode], [AddressType], [ContactID], [ModifiedDate]) values (@0, null, @1, @2, null, null, @3, @4, @5) select [addressID] from [dbo].[Address] context.Contacts.AddObject(contact); context.SaveChanges(); where @@ROWCOUNT > 0 and [addressID] = scope\_identity()', N'@0 nvarchar(50),@1 nvarchar(50),@2 nvarchar(50),@3 nvarchar(50), @4 int,@5 datetime2(7)', @0=N'One Main Street',@1=N'Olympia',@2=N'WA',@3=N'Business', @4=714,@5='2009-11-30 09:27:31.7449098'

