CET325





Advanced Mobile Development Lecture 2B

Agenda

- Java review
- Exercises solutions
- Java Generics



JDK – Java Development Kit

In the cells (Windows) JDK in installed on

- C:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.8.0_101\
 - Important: is "jak" and not "jre" (Java Runtime Environment). There is no compiler (javac) in JRE.
 - Usually a system variable is pointing at set JAVA_HOME=C:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.8.0_101\
 - javac is in %JAVA_HOME%\bin
 - You may add it to your PATH
 - set PATH=%PATH%;%JAVA_HOME%\bin



Java Object Class

- Every class in Java extends Object class
 https://docs.oracle.com/javase/8/docs/api/java/lang/Object.html
- Inherited methods (they must usually be overridden in your class declaration)
 - toString()
 - equals()
 - •



Java – Command line arguments

Command line arguments

- equals vs ==
 - If (args[0]=="e") {} else {}
 - If (args[0].equals("e")) {} else {}



Java – Arguments validation

```
if(!args[0].equals("e") && !args[0].equals("d")) {
     System.out.println(args[0] + " error";
     // return or exit
int arg2 = Integer.parseInt(args[1]);
if(arg2 < 1 \mid | arg2 > 26) {
   System.out.println(args[1] + " error");
  // return or exit
if(!args[2].matches("[a-z]+"){
    // return or exit
```



Java – String Shift

```
class C
{
          private int shift = 0;
          private final static char alphFirst = 'a';
          private final static char alphLast = 'z';
          private final static int alphSize = 'z'-'a'+1;
          public C (int shift)
                               {this.shift = shift;}
          public String e(String msg) {
                    String s = "";
                    int len = msg.length();
                    for (int x = 0; x < len; x++) {
                               char c = (char) (msg.charAt(x) + shift);
                               if (c > alphLast)
                                         s += (char) (msq.charAt(x) + shift - alphSize));
                               else
                                         s += (char) (msq.charAt(x) + shift);
                    return s;
          }
```

Java Inheritance

-vear:int

-fee:double

program=?, year=?, fee=?]"

```
Person
              -name:String
              -address:String
              +Person(name:String,address:String)
              +getName():String
              +getAddress():String
              +setAddress(address:String):void
                                                      "Person[name=?,address=?]"
              +toString():String
                      extends
                Student
                                                          Staff
-program:String
                                          -school:String
                                          -pay:double
                                          +Staff(name:String,address:String,
+Student(name:String,address:String,
                                            school:String,pay:double)
 program:String,year:int,fee:double)
                                          +getSchool():String
+getProgram():String
                                          +setSchool(school:String):void
+setProgram(program:String):void
                                          +getPay():double
                                          +setPay(pay:double):void
+getYear():int
+setYear(year:int):void
                                          +toString():String •
+getFee():double
+setFee(fee:double):void
                                               "Staff[Person[name=?,address=?],
+toString():String •
                                               school=?,pay=?]"
        "Student[Person[name=?,address=?],
```



Java Inheritance

```
class Person {
   private String name;
    private String address;
    Person(String name, String address) {
        this.name=name;
        this.address=address;
    }
      public String toString() {
        return "Person[name="+name+",address="+address+"]";
```



Java Inheritance

```
class Student extends Person {
   private String program;
   private int year;
   private double fee;
    Student(String name, String address, String program,
                                                             int year,
        double fee) {
        super(name, address);
        setProgram(program);
        setYear(year);
        setFee(fee);
                 // define setters and getters here
        public String toString() {
        return "Student[" + super.toString() + ",program=" + getProgram() +
        ",year=" + getYear() + ",fee=" + getFee() + "]";
    }
```



Java Generics

 Generics enable types (classes and interfaces) to be parameters when defining classes, interfaces and methods



Java Generics

Benefits:

- Stronger type checks at compile time
- Implement generic algorithms
- Elimination of casts

```
List list = new ArrayList();
list.add("hello");
String s = (String) list.get(0);

List<String> list = new ArrayList<String>();
list.add("hello");
String s = list.get(0); // no cast

Lifechanging
```

Java Generics

Benefits:

- Stronger type checks at compile time
- Implement generic algorithms
- Elimination of casts

Java Resources

- Java Official documentation <u>https://docs.oracle.com/javase/8/docs/</u>
- Java Tutorials
 https://docs.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/

