· sui l'seiges feltetel

Of (xo, yo) = 0

(cz tetroleges di-onziola missidi 2)

· elégréges pelletel I., H(x,y) Herse maltix

· det #(x0,40) >0, allor los. n.é.

· 31 (x0.70) >0, aller los. --.

· 32/ (x6,76) <0, alle lol. Lax.

· det #(xo170) co, allor yergrat

· det #(xo,yd=0, alhor 222

ez csal 2D-ben ilidili

· déssèses lettetel II.,

· H(xo, yo) > 0, alson lot. min.

· # (xo, yo) < 0, allo. lo &. wax.

• #/x 0, 40) szemidefinit, alsor 2.7.2.

(van milla cajuletté?,

de a föbbi élőjele

aronos)

H(xo1yo) indefinit, abhor ungreggert (102- is neg. sajaiteitellis)

· ez tetnoliges d'enzièber

Ţ., => Ţ.

hicen

det A = sajaitelte ? sionata

1. 
$$f(x,y) = x^2 - hxy^4 y^3 + hy$$

Haditer

•  $(x,y)$  , we give  $0$   $f(x,y) = 0$ 

•  $f(x_0,y_0)$  , we give  $0$   $f(x_0,y_0) = 0$ 

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•  $f(x_0,y_0)$   $f(x_0,y_0) = 0$ 
 $f(x_0,y_0)$   $f$ 

2., 
$$f(x,y) = x^{4} - 4xy + y^{4}$$
  
 $\frac{3f}{3x} = 4x^{3} - 4y^{3}, \quad \frac{3^{2}f}{3x^{2}} = 12x^{2}, \quad \frac{3^{2}f}{7y^{3}x} = \frac{3^{3}f}{3x^{3}y^{2}} = -4$   
 $\frac{3f}{3y} = -4x + 4y^{3}, \quad \frac{3^{2}f}{7y^{2}} = 12y^{2}$   
 $\frac{7}{7y^{2}} = \frac{12x^{2}}{-4x^{2}} - 4$   
 $\frac{7}{7y^{2}} = \frac{12x^{2}}{-4x^{2}} - 4$ 

$$T$$
. •  $H(-1,-1) = \begin{bmatrix} 12 & -4 \\ -4 & 12 \end{bmatrix}$ 

Gerschgorin tétel

• a; = i. sor i. eleme -> a,= 12, az = 12

 $v_1 = \sum_{\substack{i \in SO'\\ \text{ livelue}}} |ele-ell| \quad \gamma \quad \gamma_1 = |-4|, \quad \tau_2 = |-4|$ 

ailitais: {sajaiteitélek} (ÜDi lu la loiepportie Vi sagani sor a somplex sainsiton

=> let pointiv sa jatelité 
$$au => det \#(-1,-1)>0$$

e's  $3^{-1}(-1,-1)=12>0$ 

(g)  $log_{-1}u_{-1$ 

• 
$$H(0,0) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -4 \\ -4 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
 det  $H(0,0) = 0^2 - (-4)^{\frac{2}{2}} - 16c 0$ ,

3, 
$$f(x,y) = \frac{x}{y} + \frac{x}{x} + \frac{y}{y}$$
  
 $\frac{2i}{3x} = \frac{1}{3} - \frac{8}{x^{2}}$ ,  $\frac{2^{2}f}{3x^{2}} = \frac{16}{x^{3}}$ ,  $\frac{2^{2}f}{3y^{3}x} = \frac{7^{2}f}{3x^{3}y^{3}} = \frac{1}{y^{2}}$   
 $\frac{2i}{3y} = -\frac{x}{y^{2}} + 1$ ,  $\frac{2^{2}f}{3y^{3}} = \frac{2x}{y^{3}}$ 

$$\nabla f = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{y} - \frac{9}{x^2} \\ -\frac{x}{y^2} + 1 \end{bmatrix} \qquad H = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{16}{x^3} & -\frac{1}{y^2} \\ -\frac{1}{y^2} & \frac{2x}{y^3} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{1}{y_0} - \frac{8}{x_0^2} = 0 = ) \quad x_0^2 = 8y_0$$

$$-\frac{x_0}{y_0^2} + 1 = 0 = ) \quad x_0 = y_0^2$$

$$= 3y_0$$

$$y_{0}(y_{0}^{3}-8)=0$$

$$y_{0}=0$$

$$y_{0}=8$$

$$y$$

I, 
$$\nabla V(x_{\cdot}, \gamma_{0}) = 0$$
, aras

 $V_{\cdot}(3-x_{0}-\gamma_{0}) = 0$ ,  $\nabla V_{\cdot}(3-x_{0}-\gamma_{0}) = 0$ 
 $V_{\cdot}(3-x_{0}-\gamma_{0}) = 0$ 
 $V_{\cdot}(3-x_{0}-\gamma_{0}) = 0$ 
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 $V_{\cdot}(3-x_{0}) = 0$ 
 $V_{\cdot}(3-x_{0})$ 

ha x,4,270, allor

$$3\sqrt{xy^{2}} \leq \frac{x+y+2}{3}$$

$$xy^{2} \leq \left(\frac{x+y+2}{3}\right)^{3} = \left(\frac{3}{3}\right)^{3} = 1$$

$$cgenbise$$

$$k = y = 2 = 1.$$

5., 2x-y+z=0 six mely portja in a leg size lebb a (-4,1,3) providez.

altalairos port a sison:  $(x_0,y_0,y_0-2x_0)$   $2x_0-y_0+z_0=0$   $D(x,y) = ||(x_0,y_0,y_0-2x_0)-(-4,1,3)||$   $= \sqrt{(x_0-(-4))^2+(y_0-1)^2+(y_0-2x_0-3)^2}$   $= \sqrt{5x_0^2-4x_0y_0+20x_0+2y_0^2-8y_0+26}$ 

3D = 1 . 2 (5x2- 4x0y0+20x0+2y2-8y0+26)

hellette virsquiljul a  $d(x,y) = D^2(x,y)$  figuelyt.