

**Geena Davis Institute**



**on Gender in Media**

*If she can see it, she can be it.™*

# See Jane | Research Project Data Normalization

Final Project Presentation

# 1. Team & Project Introduction

- **Team Structure**
  - Sponsors: Meredith Conroy, Romeo Perez
  - Project Manager: Grace Yoon
  - Team Members: Dayong Wu (Team Lead), Emmanouil Kritharakis, Yan Tong, Junfei Huang, Yuanli Wang
- **Project Motivation**
  - Create gender balance, foster inclusion and reduce negative stereotyping in family entertainment media.
- **Project Goal**
  - Normalize the datasets & refine the codebooks
  - Analyze industry differences in representation in advertisements
  - Summarize the change in representation in advertisements
  - Detect the trends of representations in advertisements
- **Backgrounds Needed to Understand the Project**
  - Prior knowledge to the entertainment industry
  - Sense of social responsibility of gender balance, race equality, diversity and inclusion, etc
  - Comprehensive understanding of the codebooks
  - Python Pandas, Numpy, Matplotlib (etc), and Excel skills are prerequisites

## 2. Merging Datasets

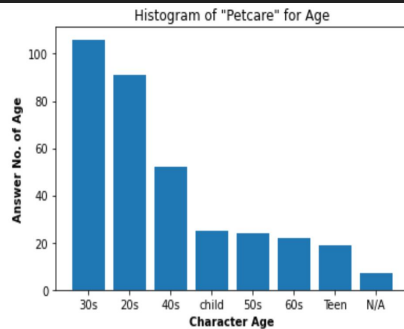
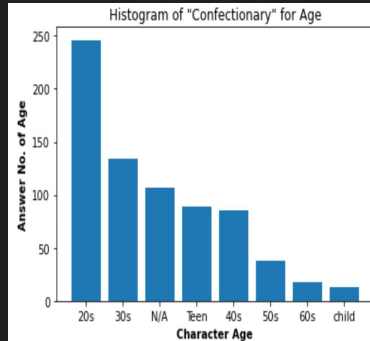
- **What data have you used? If you collected data, how did you do that?**
  - Mars 2020-2021 & Cannes datasets.
  - Include answers over questionnaires on gender representation in advertisements
  - Data were provided by the Geena Davis Institute.
- **What challenges did you encounter working with data?**
  - People's responses do not match with the multiple choice answers provided by questionnaires.
  - Questionnaires slightly alter over the years.
  - Take into consideration multiple column answers to create a new one.
  - Abiding communication with clients to conclude over which final columns need to be merged correctly.
  - Fixing final dataset codebook along with the clients.

### 3. Analysis & Methods

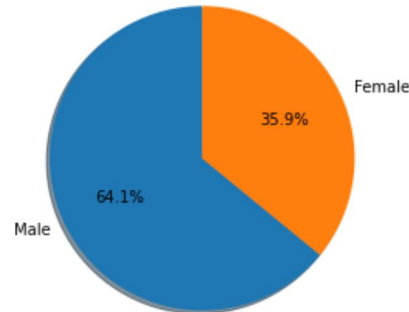
- Main analysis
  - Are there industry differences in representation in advertisements?
  - Is there a change in representation in advertisements over time?
  - What are the trends?
- Analysis Method
  - Select specific features
  - Visualize selected features
  - Do analysis based on visualization figures

# 4 Are there industry differences?

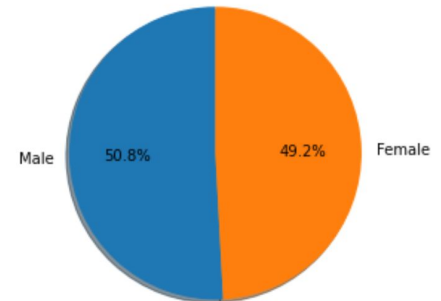
- **What results or observations do you have?**
  - The largest number of people work in “Confectionary” industry regardless of gender.
  - We find that the average age of the “Food” industry is the youngest.
  - And for “Food” industry, compared with other races, the number of "White" is the largest.
  - We observe that among the Race column, for value "White", the number of "Confectionary" industry and "Petcare" industry which are far more than "Wrigley" and "Food" industry. Therefore, the majority of "White" work in these two industries.
  - By the statistics, we find that the largest amount of data whatever their race is in the "Confectionary" industry.
- **What visualizations can you show?**



Gender Portions of Amount of Confectionary

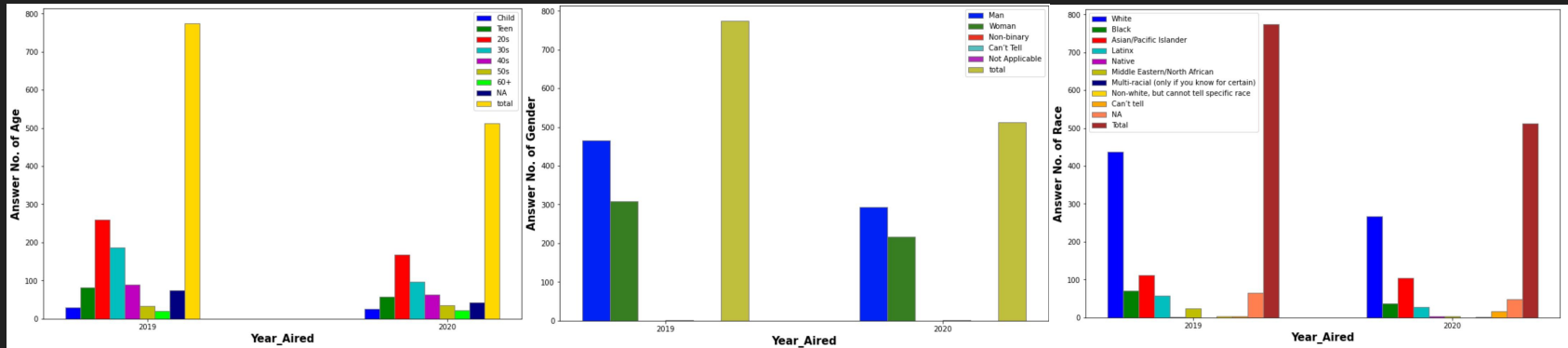


Gender Portions of Amount of Wrigley



# 5. What are the trends?

- Interpretation of this key question:
  - The data moving tendency in terms of the columns (e.g. age, gender, race) over time (i.e. year\_aired).
- Trends of Age:
  - The total number decreases from 2019 to 2020.
  - “20s” is the largest value between two years.
  - Some didn't tell or are unwilling to disclose the information of age.
- Trends of Gender:
  - We find that the total number decreases from 2019 to 2020.
  - Male numbers are larger than female numbers in both two years.
- Trends of Race:
  - We find that the total number of Race decreases from 2019 to 2020.
  - Among all different answers, option “White people”, is the largest in both two years.
  - The total number of rest options is almost the same as the number of option “White people”.



## 6. Challenges & Conclusions

- **Any additional challenges you have encountered?**
  - Not enough data
  - Scope of key questions
  - Not strong consistent between code book and dataset
- **What limitations have you encountered? What assumptions have you had to make?**
  - Limitation: Too many features to choose from
  - Assumption: Only use the most interpretable features to do analysis (e.g. sex, age, race)
- **Conclusions**
  - Analyzed industry differences and summarized changes in representation in advertisements
  - Detected the trends of representations in advertisements