

PROMISES IN JAVASCRIPT



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WHAT IS A PROMISE?

- ◆ A Promise is an object representing the eventual completion or failure of an asynchronous operation.
- ◆ Promises have three states: **pending**, **fulfilled**, and **rejected**.



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CREATING A PROMISE

```
const myPromise = new Promise((resolve, reject) => {  
  let success = true; // Simulate an operation  
  
  if (success) {  
    resolve('Operation was successful!');  
  } else {  
    reject('Operation failed.');  }  
});
```

- ◆ In this example, **myPromise** will either resolve or reject based on the success condition.



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HANDLING PROMISES

- ◆ We use `.then()` to handle a resolved promise and `.catch()` for a rejected promise.

```
myPromise
  .then((message) => {
    console.log(message); // Logs: 'Operation was successful!'
  })
  .catch((error) => {
    console.error(error); // Logs: 'Operation failed.'
  });
```

- ◆ `.then()` is called if the promise resolves, and `.catch()` is called if it rejects.



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CHAINING PROMISES

- ◆ Promises can be chained to handle a sequence of asynchronous operations.

```
fetch('https://api.chaining.com/data')  
  .then(response => response.json())  
  .then(data => {  
    console.log(data); // Handle the data from the API  
  })  
  .catch(error => {  
    console.error('Error fetching data:', error);  
  });
```

- ◆ Each `.then()` returns a new promise, allowing chaining.



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BETTER SYNTAX?

- ◆ Using 'async' and 'await' provide a cleaner syntax for working with Promises.

For example:

```
async function fetchData() {  
  try {  
    const response = await fetch('https://api.example.com/data');  
    const data = await response.json();  
    console.log(data);  
  } catch (error) {  
    console.error('Error fetching data:', error);  
  }  
}  
  
fetchData();
```

- ◆ The await keyword pauses the function execution until the promise settles.



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IN SUMMARY

- ◆ Promises simplify handling asynchronous operations in JavaScript
- ◆ Use `.then()` and `.catch()` for promise handling and `async/await` for cleaner syntax.
- ◆ Understanding promises helps in writing efficient and maintainable asynchronous code.



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HI THERE!



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I'm Oluwakemi Oluwadahunsi, a Frontend Software Developer. I enjoy sharing knowledge and helping others on their coding journey.

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