

React JS CheatSheet

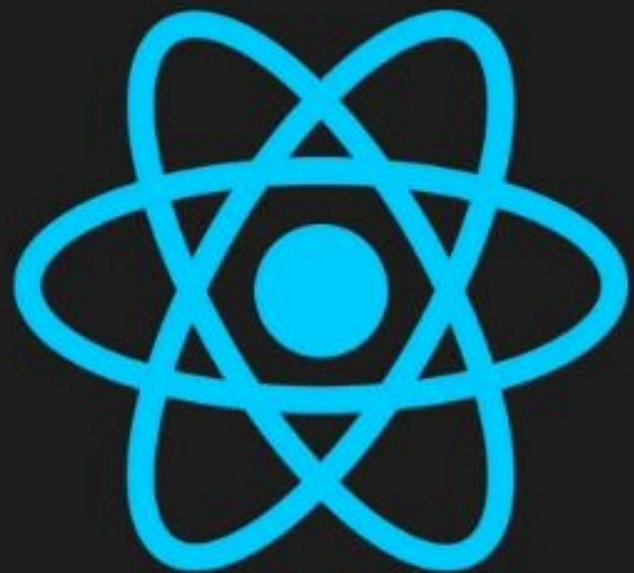


What is React js ?

- React is a powerful JavaScript library used for building interactive UIs and single-page applications.

Key Features of React

- **Component-Based:** Build encapsulated components that manage their own state.
- **Virtual DOM:** Faster UI updates by efficiently managing DOM changes.
- **JSX:** Write HTML in JavaScript with JSX syntax for cleaner code.
- **Unidirectional Data Flow:** Data flows downwards, ensuring stable data management.



Components

- Functional Component

```
function Greeting() {  
  return <h1>Hello, User!</h1>;  
}
```

- Class Component

```
class Greeting extends React.Component {  
  render() {  
    return <h1>Hello, User!</h1>;  
  }  
}
```



Basics

- Create React App:



```
npx create-react-app my-app  
cd my-app  
npm start
```

- JSX Syntax:



```
const element = <h1>Hello, world!</h1>;
```



Props (Properties)

- Pass data to child components.
- Immutable in child components.



Iron Coding
iron-coding

```
<Greeting name="John" />
function Greeting(props) {
  return <h1>Hello, {props.name}</h1>;
}
```



State

- Manages dynamic data within a component.
- Use useState in functional components.



```
const [count, setCount] = useState(0);
```



Lifecycle Methods

- **componentDidMount()**: Called after the component mounts.
- **componentDidUpdate()**: Called after updates.
- **componentWillUnmount()**: Called before unmounting.



React Hooks

- **useState**: State management.
- **useEffect**: Side effects (e.g., API calls).
- **useContext**: Global state management.
- **Example (useEffect)**:

```
useEffect(() => {
  // Fetch data or other side effects
}, []);
```



Conditional Rendering

- Render based on conditions.

```
{isLoggedIn ? <Dashboard /> : <Login />}
```

Event Handling

- Handle user inputs like clicks.

```
<button onClick={handleClick}>Click Me</button>
```





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