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The <fieldset> tag is used to group related elements in a form.

The <fieldset> tag draws a box around the related elements.

<legend> TAG

Tip: The < legend > tag is used to define a caption for the < fieldset > element.





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```
o index.html
 <form action="/action_page.php">
 <fieldset>
   <legend>Personal:</legend>
  <label for="fname">Name:</label>
  <input type="text" id="name" name="fname"><br><br>
   <label for="email">Email:</label>
  <input type="email" id="email" name="email"><br><br>
  <input type="submit" value="Submit">
  </fieldset>
 </form>
-Personal: -
Name:
Email:
 Submit
```



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02

<figure> TAG

The <figure> tag specifies self-contained content, like illustrations, diagrams, photos, code listings, etc.

<figcaption>

The <figcaption> tag defines a caption for a <figure> element.





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```
<igure>
<img src="pic_trulli.jpg" alt="Trulli" style="width:100%">
<figcaption>Fig.1 - Trulli, Puglia, Italy.</figcaption>
</figure>
```



Fig.1 - Trulli, Puglia, Italy.



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SWIPE =





03

<iframe> TAG

The <iframe> tag specifies an inline frame.

An inline frame is used to embed another document within the current HTML document.



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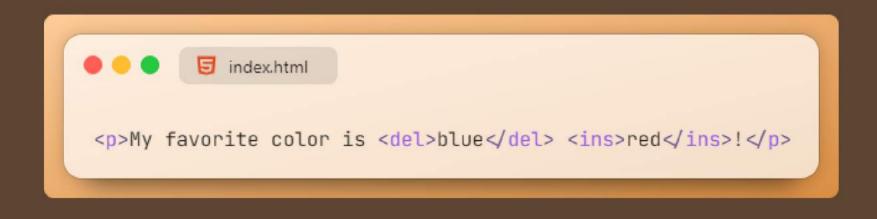








The <ins> tag defines a text that has been inserted into a document. Browsers will usually underline inserted text.



My favorite color is blue red!





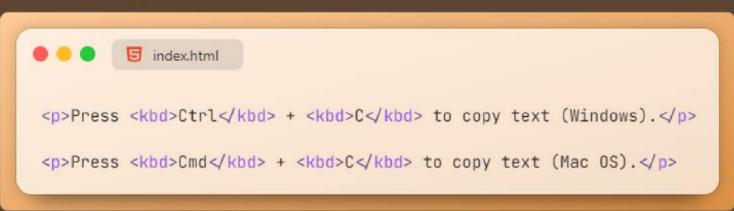


>>>

05

<kbd> TAG

The <kbd> tag is used to define keyboard input. The content inside is displayed in the browser's default monospace font.



Press Ctrl + C to copy text (Windows).

Press Cmd + C to copy text (Mac OS).



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