



IBM Developer
SKILLS NETWORK

Winning Space Race with Data Science

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Outline

- Executive Summary
- Introduction
- Methodology
- Conclusion
- Appendix

Introduction

- We will predict if the Falcon 9 first stage will land successfully. SpaceX advertises Falcon 9 rocket launches on its website with a cost of 62 million dollars; other providers cost upward of 165 million dollars each, much of the savings is because SpaceX can reuse the first stage. Therefore if we can determine if the first stage will land, we can determine the cost of a launch. This information can be used if an alternate company wants to bid against SpaceX for a rocket launch. In this lab, you will collect and make sure the data is in the correct format from an API. The following is an example of a successful and launch.

Section 1

Methodology

Methodology

Executive Summary

- Data collection methodology:
 - Describe how data was collected
- Perform data wrangling
 - Describe how data was processed
- Perform exploratory data analysis (EDA) using visualization and SQL
- Perform interactive visual analytics using Folium and Plotly Dash
- Perform predictive analysis using classification models
 - How to build, tune, evaluate classification models

Data Collection

- Diagram of how to collect data



Data Collection

- Data acquisition



- Data wrangling:

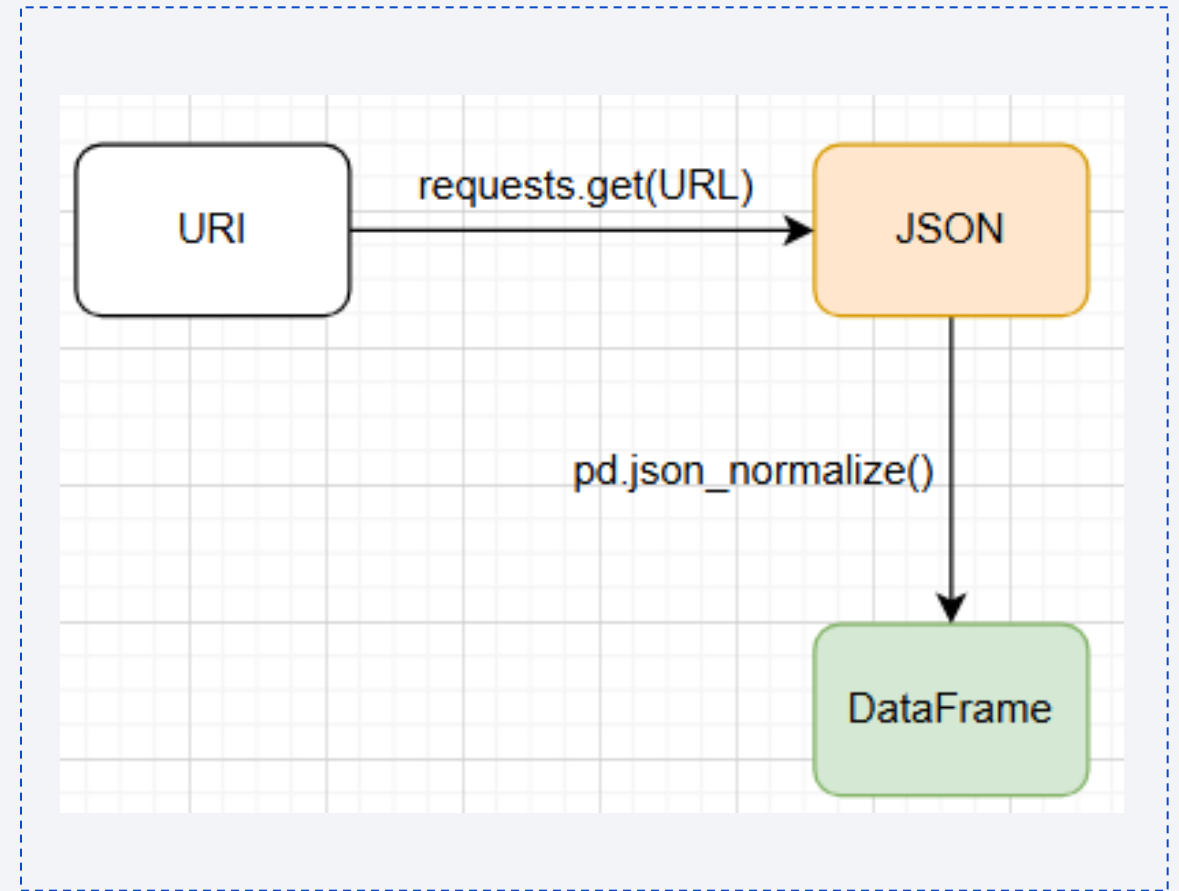
- Some data columns contain only IDs, use the API and these IDs to get more detailed information

Data Collection

- Sampling
 - Eliminate unnecessary data including Falcon 1 rocket launches
- Handling null values
 - PayloadMass: Calculate the average value of the PayloadMass column and replace NULL values with this average value
 - LandingPad: NULL value in this column is meaningful, handle it using one-hot encoding method

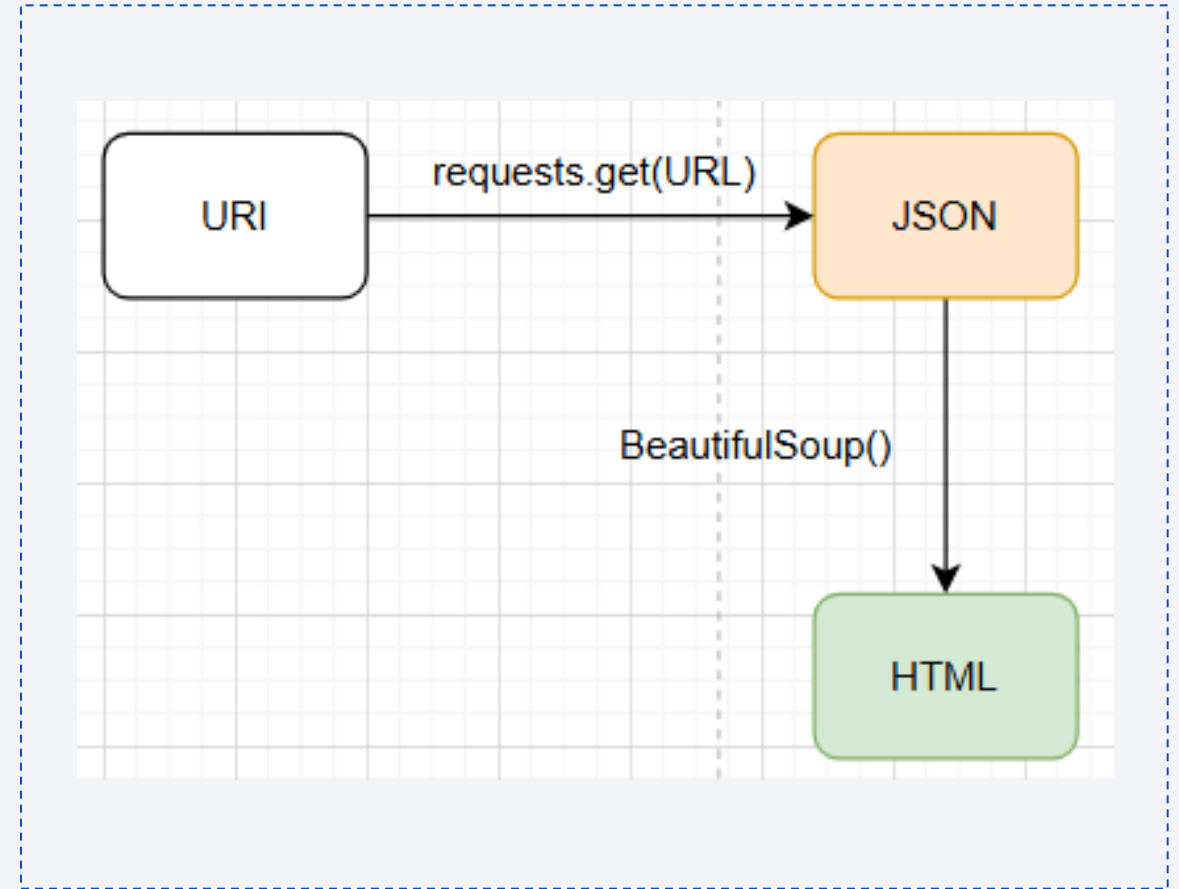
Data Collection – SpaceX API

- GitHub URL
<https://github.com/Kro-V/respo-V/blob/Child-Branch/jupyter-labs-spacex-data-collection-api.ipynb>



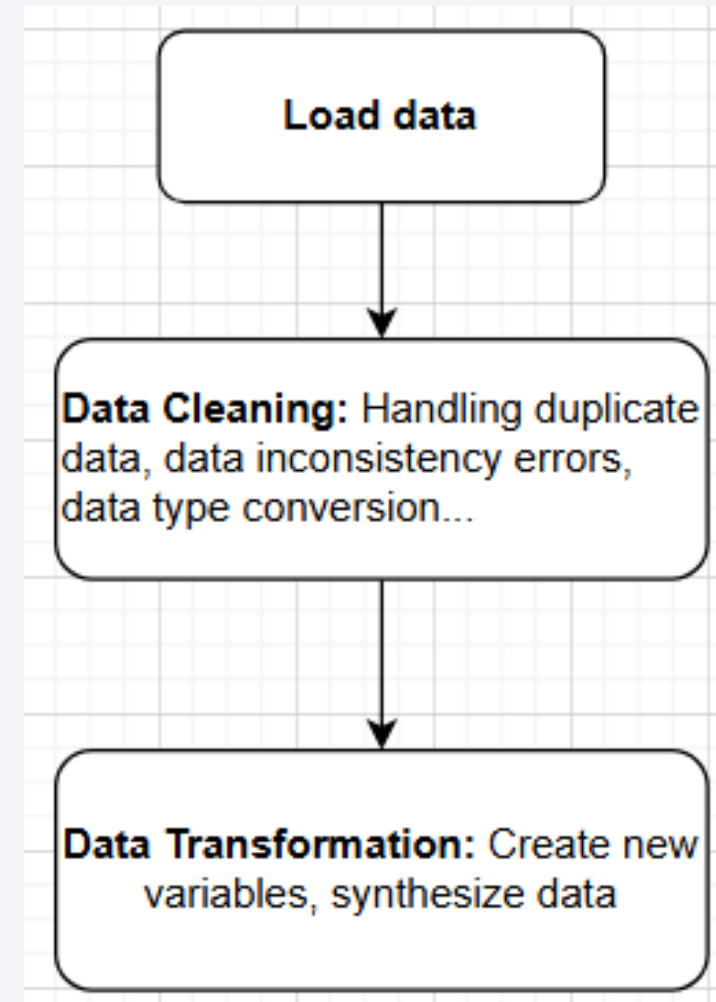
Data Collection - Scraping

- GitHub URL
<https://github.com/Kro-V/respo-V/blob/Child-Branch/jupyter-labs-webscraping.ipynb>



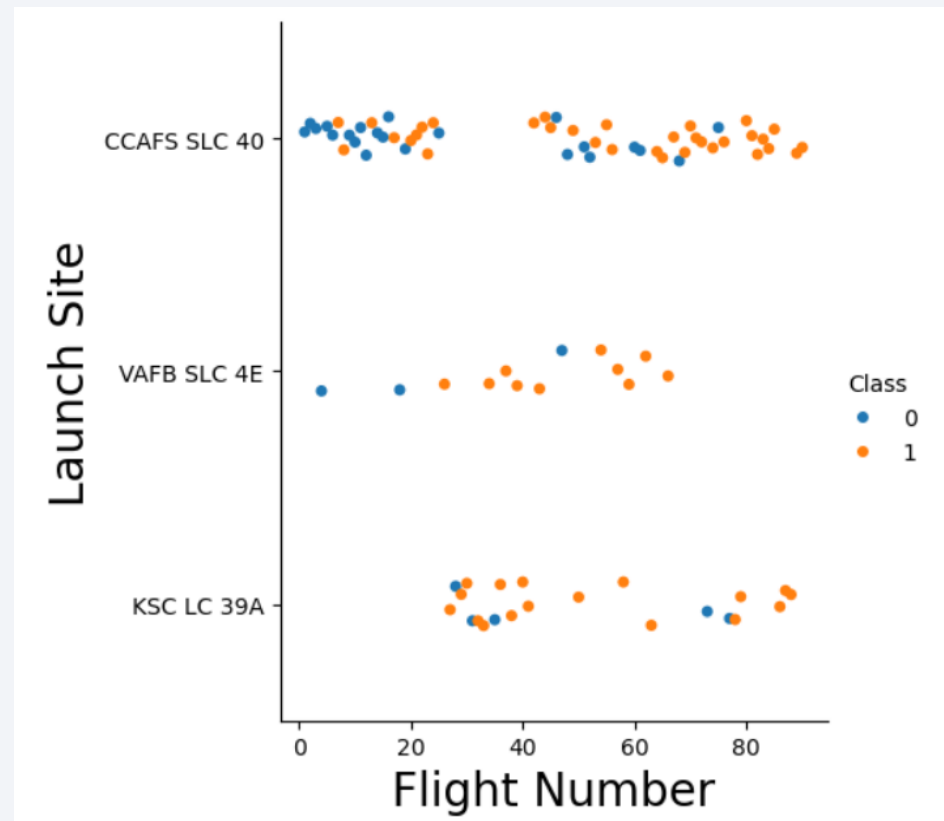
Data Wrangling

- GitHub URL
<https://github.com/Kro-V/respo-V/blob/Child-Branch/labs-jupyter-spacex-Data%20wrangling.ipynb>



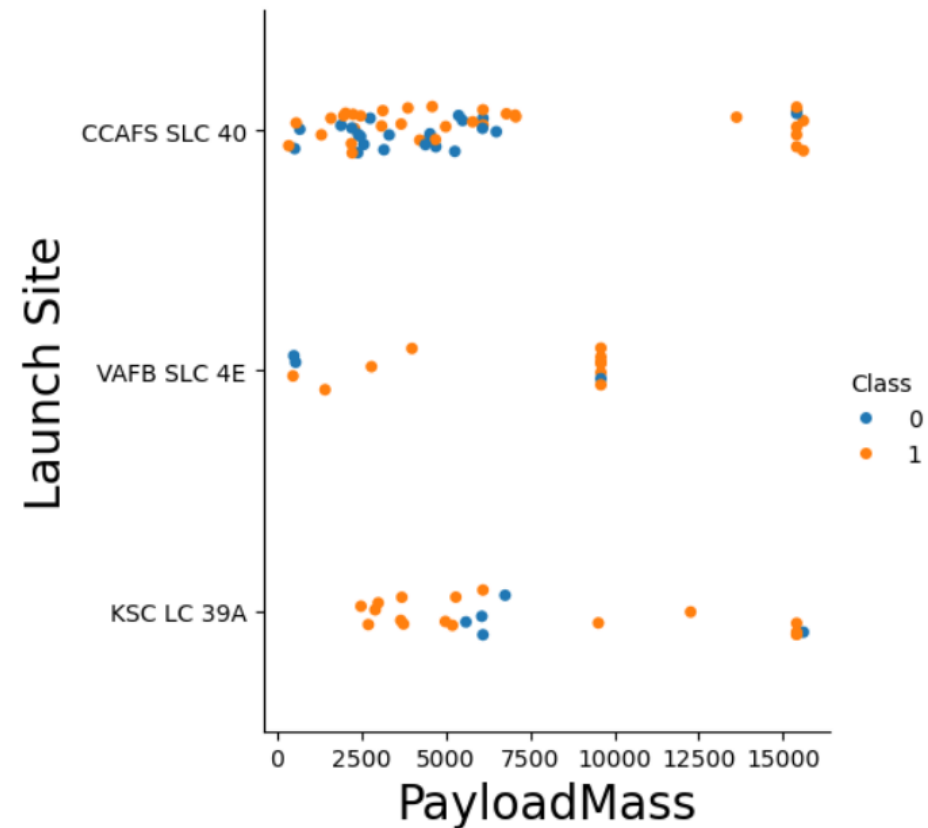
EDA with Data Visualization

- Visualize the relationship between Flight Number and Launch Site



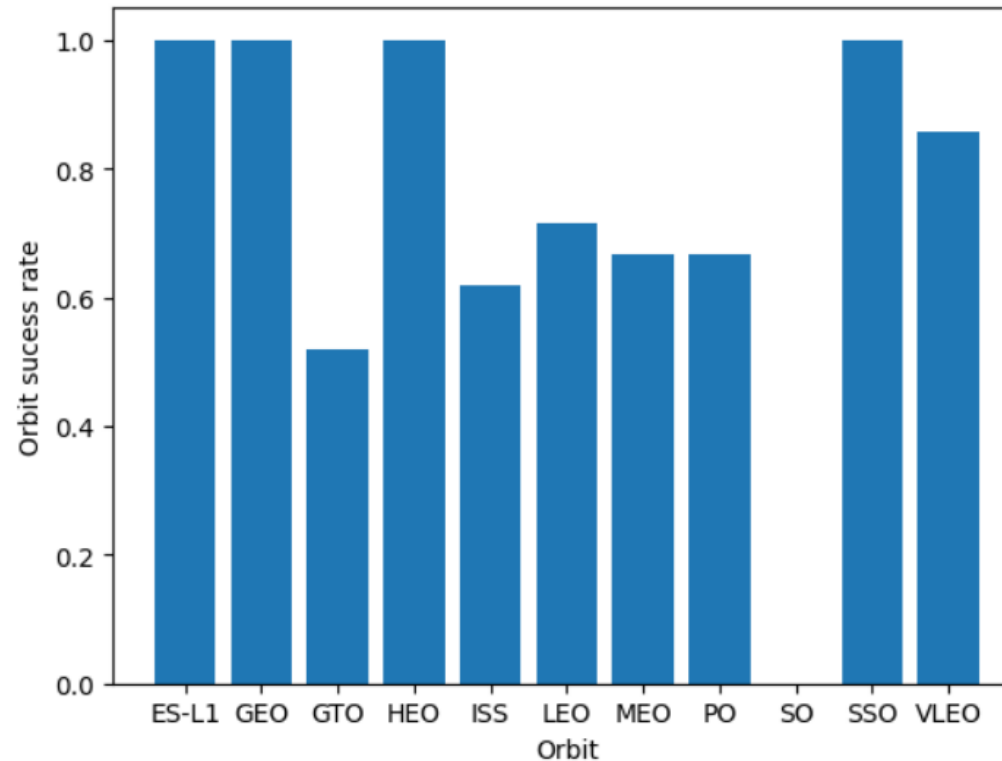
EDA with Data Visualization

- Visualize the relationship between Payload Mass and Launch Site



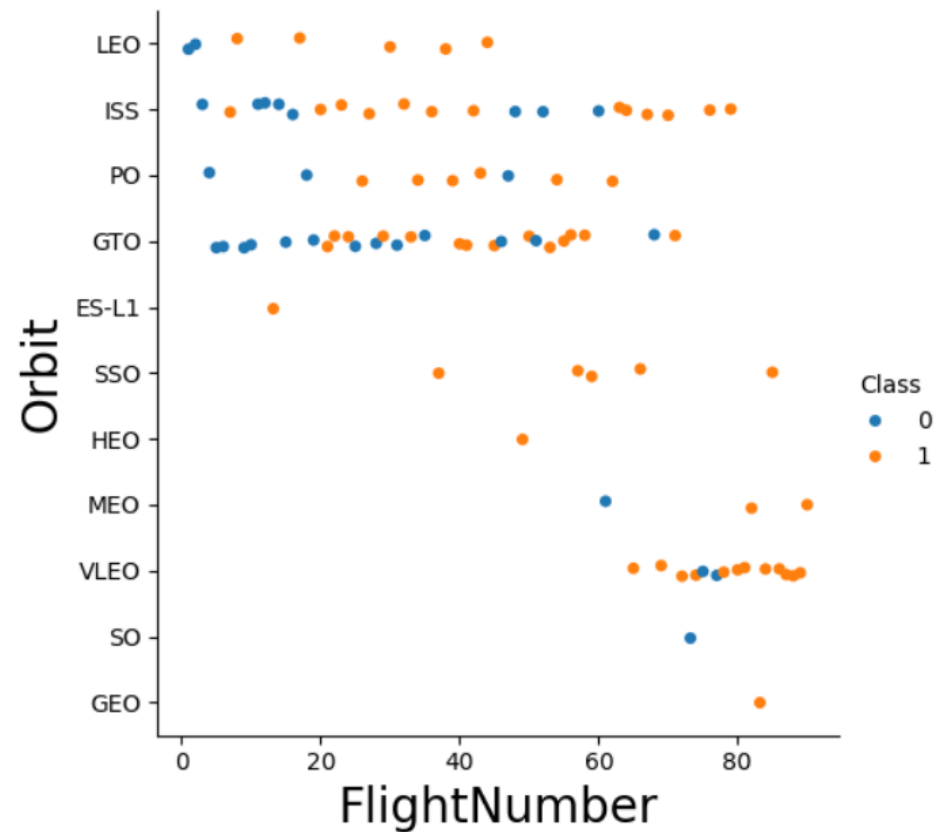
EDA with Data Visualization

- Visualize the relationship between success rate of each orbit type



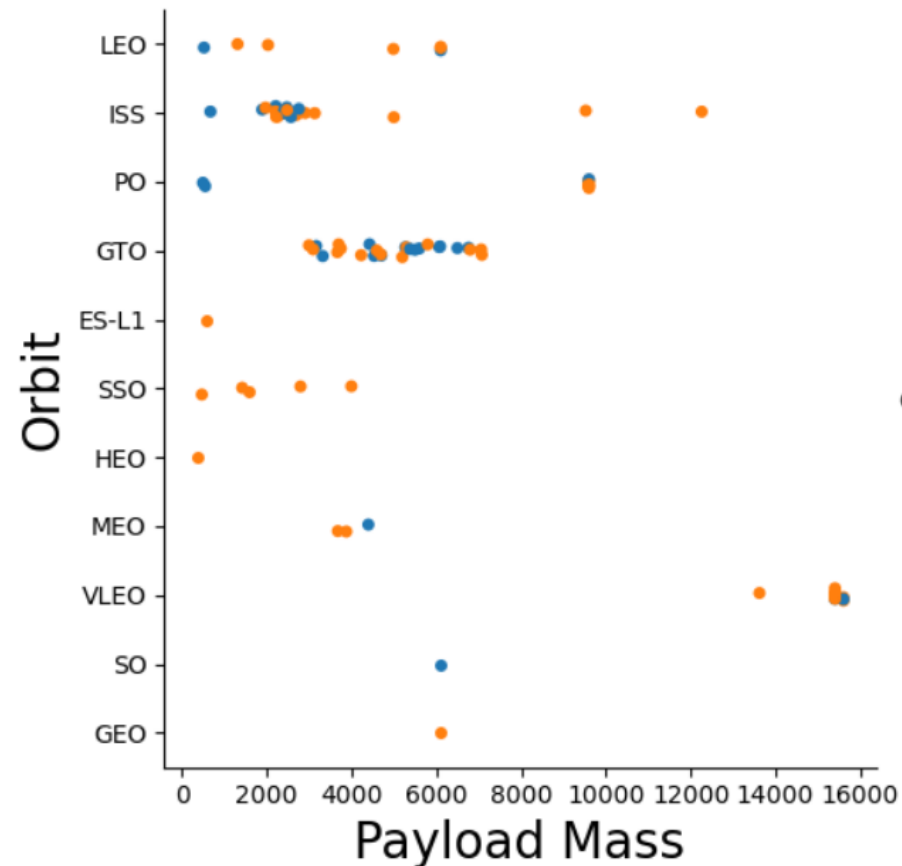
EDA with Data Visualization

- Visualize the relationship between FlightNumber and Orbit type



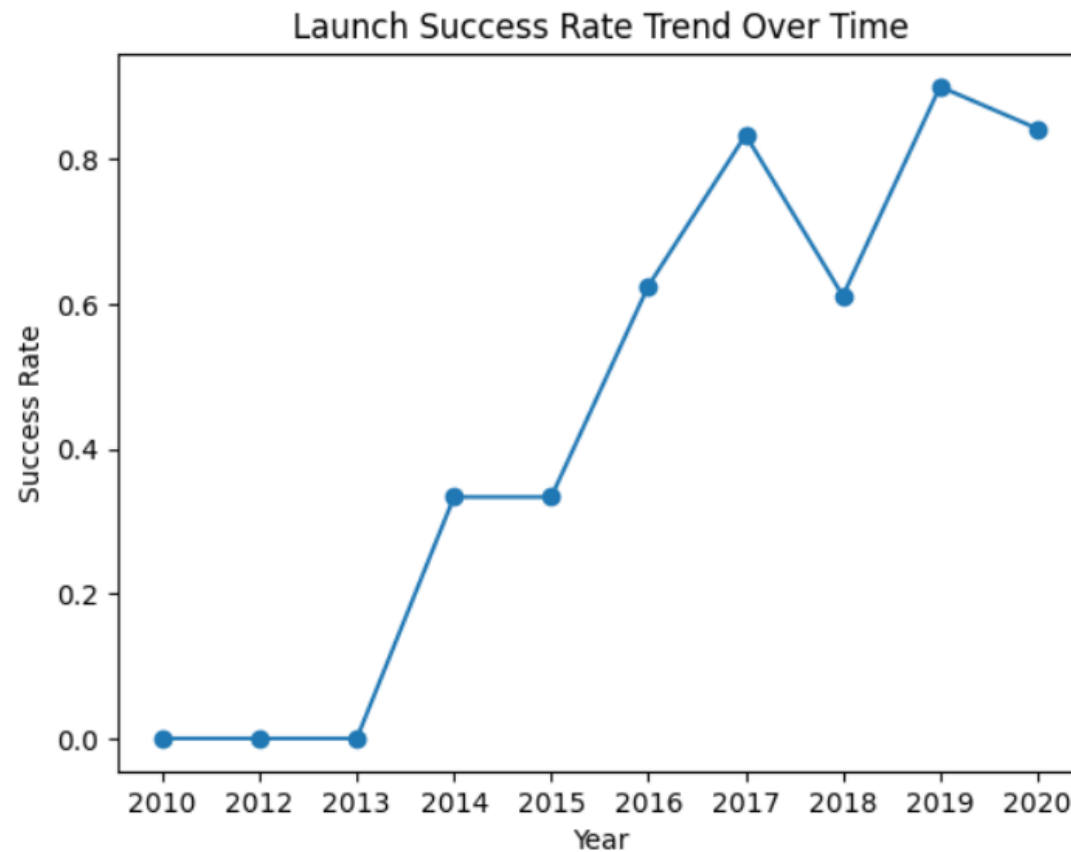
EDA with Data Visualization

- Visualize the relationship between Payload Mass and Orbit type



EDA with Data Visualization

- Visualize the launch success yearly trend



EDA with SQL

- Display the names of the unique launch sites in the space mission

```
%%sql  
SELECT DISTINCT "Launch_Site"  
FROM SPACEXTABLE;
```

```
* sqlite:///my_data1.db
```

```
Done.
```

Launch_Site
CCAFS LC-40
VAFB SLC-4E
KSC LC-39A
CCAFS SLC-40

EDA with SQL

- Display 5 records where launch sites begin with the string 'CCA'

```
%%sql
SELECT *
FROM SPACEXTABLE
WHERE "Launch_Site" LIKE 'CCA%'
LIMIT 5;
```

```
* sqlite:///my_data1.db
Done.
```

Date	Time (UTC)	Booster_Version	Launch_Site	Payload	PAYLOAD_MASS_KG_	Orbit	Customer	Mission_Outcome	Landing_Outcome
2010-06-04	18:45:00	F9 v1.0 B0003	CCAFS LC-40	Dragon Spacecraft Qualification Unit	0	LEO	SpaceX	Success	Failure (parachute)
2010-12-08	15:43:00	F9 v1.0 B0004	CCAFS LC-40	Dragon demo flight C1, two CubeSats, barrel of Brouere cheese	0	LEO (ISS)	NASA (COTS) NRO	Success	Failure (parachute)
2012-05-22	7:44:00	F9 v1.0 B0005	CCAFS LC-40	Dragon demo flight C2	525	LEO (ISS)	NASA (COTS)	Success	No attempt
2012-10-08	0:35:00	F9 v1.0 B0006	CCAFS LC-40	SpaceX CRS-1	500	LEO (ISS)	NASA (CRS)	Success	No attempt
2013-03-01	15:10:00	F9 v1.0 B0007	CCAFS LC-40	SpaceX CRS-2	677	LEO (ISS)	NASA (CRS)	Success	No attempt

EDA with SQL

- Display the total payload mass carried by boosters launched by NASA (CRS)

```
%%sql
SELECT SUM("PAYLOAD_MASS__KG_")
FROM SPACEXTABLE
WHERE "Customer" = 'NASA (CRS)'
```

```
* sqlite:///my_data1.db
```

```
Done.
```

```
SUM("PAYLOAD_MASS__KG_")
```

```
45596
```


EDA with SQL

- Display average payload mass carried by booster version F9 v1.1

```
%%sql
SELECT AVG("PAYLOAD_MASS_KG_")
FROM SPACEXTABLE
WHERE "Booster_Version" = 'F9 v1.1'

* sqlite:///my_data1.db
Done.

AVG("PAYLOAD_MASS_KG_")
2928.4
```

EDA with SQL

- List the date when the first succesful landing outcome in ground pad was acheived.

```
%%sql
SELECT "Date"
FROM SPACEXTABLE
WHERE "Landing_Outcome" = 'Success (ground pad)'
ORDER BY "Date" ASC
LIMIT 1;
```

```
* sqlite:///my_data1.db
```

```
Done.
```

Date

2015-12-22

EDA with SQL

- List the names of the boosters which have success in drone ship and have payload mass greater than 4000 but less than 6000

```
%%sql
SELECT "Booster_Version"
FROM SPACEXTABLE
WHERE "Landing_Outcome" = 'Success (drone ship)' AND 'PAYLOAD_MASS_KG_' > 4000 AND 'PAYLOAD_MASS_KG_' > 6000;
```

* sqlite:///my_data1.db
Done.

Booster_Version
F9 FT B1021.1
F9 FT B1022
F9 FT B1023.1
F9 FT B1026
F9 FT B1029.1
F9 FT B1021.2
F9 FT B1029.2
F9 FT B1036.1
F9 FT B1038.1
F9 B4 B1041.1
F9 FT B1031.2
F9 B4 B1042.1
F9 B4 B1045.1
F9 B5 B1046.1

EDA with SQL

- List the total number of successful and failure mission outcomes

```
%%sql
SELECT "Mission_Outcome", COUNT(*) AS TotalCount
FROM SPACEXTABLE
GROUP BY "Mission_Outcome";
```

* sqlite:///my_data1.db

Done.

Mission_Outcome	TotalCount
Failure (in flight)	1
Success	98
Success	1
Success (payload status unclear)	1

EDA with SQL

- List the names of the booster_versions which have carried the maximum payload mass. Use a subquery

```
%%sql
SELECT "Booster_Version"
FROM SPACEXTABLE
WHERE "PAYLOAD_MASS_KG_" = (SELECT MAX("PAYLOAD_MASS_KG_") FROM SPACEXTABLE);
```

```
* sqlite:///my_data1.db
Done.
```

Booster_Version

F9 B5 B1048.4

F9 B5 B1049.4

F9 B5 B1051.3

F9 B5 B1056.4

F9 B5 B1048.5

F9 B5 B1051.4

F9 B5 B1049.5

F9 B5 B1060.2

F9 B5 B1058.3

F9 B5 B1051.6

F9 B5 B1060.3

F9 B5 B1049.7

EDA with SQL

- List the records which will display the month names, failure landing_outcomes in drone ship ,booster versions, launch_site for the months in year 2015.

```
%%sql
SELECT
    substr("Date", 6, 2) AS Month,
    "Landing_Outcome",
    "Booster_Version",
    "Launch_Site"
FROM SPACEXTABLE
WHERE substr("Date", 1, 4) = '2015' AND "Landing_Outcome" LIKE 'Failure (drone ship)';
```

* sqlite:///my_data1.db

Done.

Month	Landing_Outcome	Booster_Version	Launch_Site
01	Failure (drone ship)	F9 v1.1 B1012	CCAFS LC-40
04	Failure (drone ship)	F9 v1.1 B1015	CCAFS LC-40

EDA with SQL

- Rank the count of landing outcomes (such as Failure (drone ship) or Success (ground pad)) between the date 2010-06-04 and 2017-03-20, in descending order

```
%%sql
SELECT "Landing_Outcome", COUNT(*) AS OutcomeCount
FROM SPACEXTABLE
WHERE "Date" BETWEEN '2010-06-04' AND '2017-03-20'
GROUP BY "Landing_Outcome"
ORDER BY OutcomeCount DESC;
```

```
* sqlite:///my_data1.db
Done.
```

Landing_Outcome	OutcomeCount
No attempt	10
Success (drone ship)	5
Failure (drone ship)	5
Success (ground pad)	3
Controlled (ocean)	3
Uncontrolled (ocean)	2
Failure (parachute)	2
Precluded (drone ship)	1

EDA with SQL

- GitHub URL https://github.com/Kro-V/respo-V/blob/Child-Branch/jupyter-labs-eda-sql-coursera_sqlite.ipynb

Build an Interactive Map with Folium

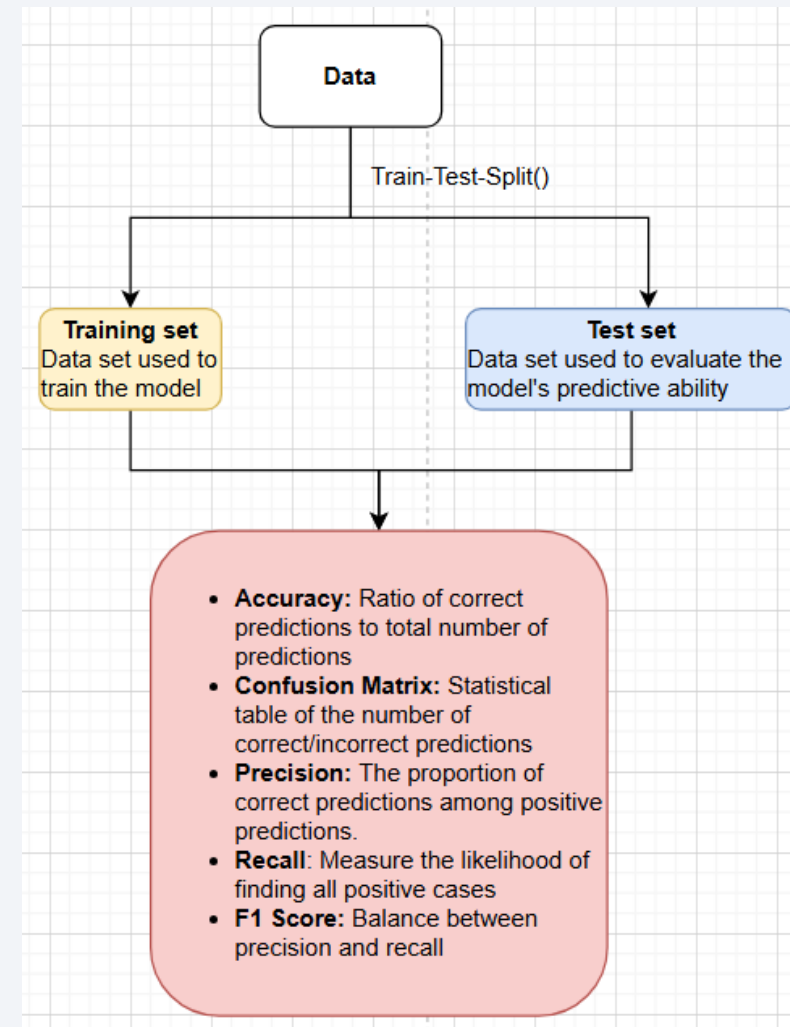
- Folium.Circle() is used to circle the pointsFolium.Marker() is used to mark each point
- Explain why you added those objects
- GitHub URL https://github.com/Kro-V/respo-V/blob/Child-Branch/lab_jupyter_launch_site_location.ipynb

Build a Dashboard with Plotly Dash

- Pie chart
 - Select all launch locations or a specific launch location
 - Displays launch success rate based on selected area/all areas
- Scatter chart
 - Select all launch locations or a specific launch location
 - Shows the relationship between Payload Mass and launch success rate by specific region/all regions
- GitHub URL https://github.com/Kro-V/respo-V/blob/Child-Branch/spacex_dash_app.py

Predictive Analysis (Classification)

- GitHub URL <https://github.com/Kro-V/respo-V/blob/Child-Branch/Evaluating%20Classification%20Models.ipynb>



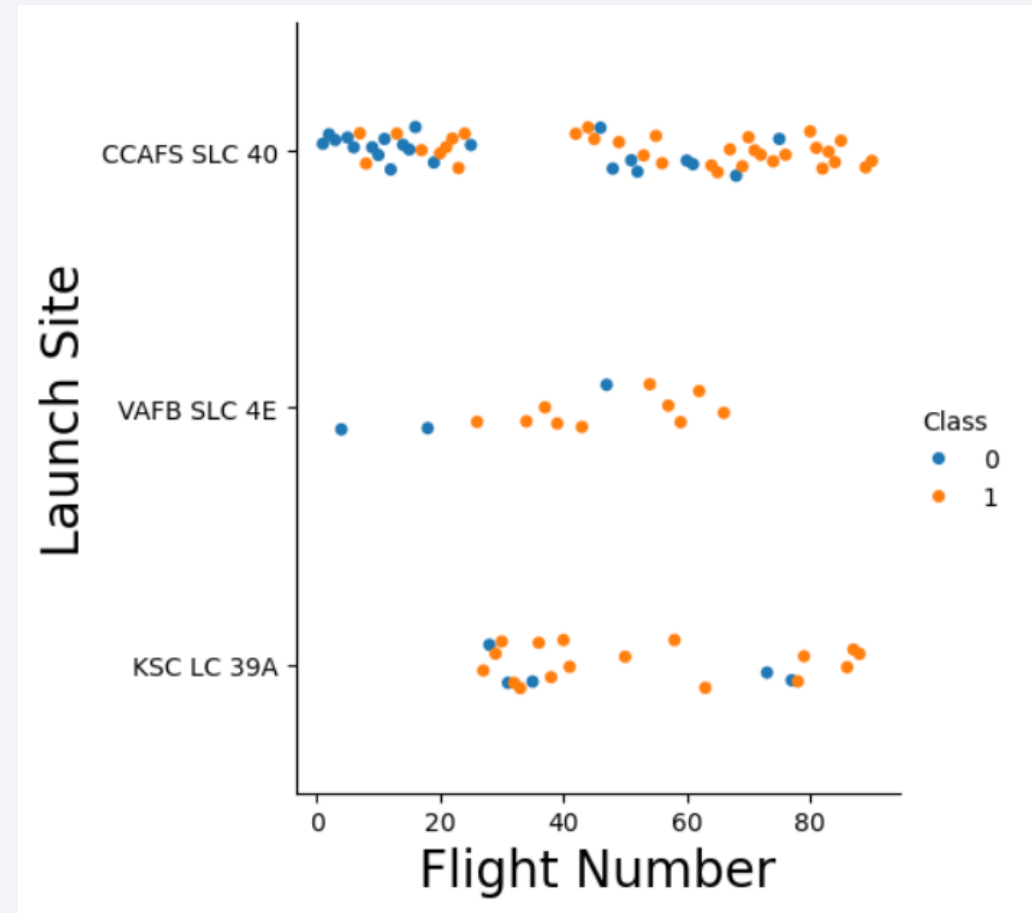
The background of the slide is an abstract composition. It features a dark blue base color. Overlaid on this are numerous diagonal streaks in shades of red and cyan. A faint, light blue grid pattern is also visible, particularly in the lower half of the image. The overall effect is dynamic and technological.

Section 2

Insights drawn from EDA

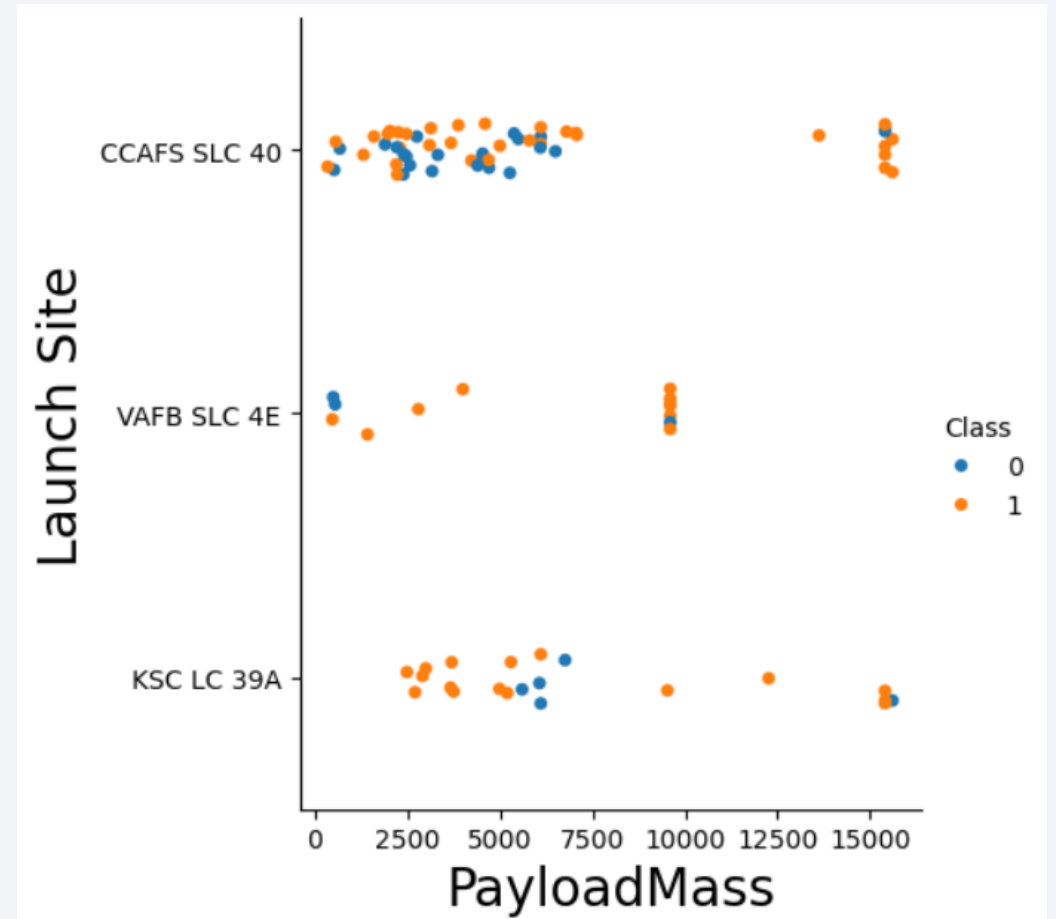
Flight Number vs. Launch Site

- CCAFS SLC 40 has the most number of flights, followed by KSC LC 39A and VAFB SLC 4E with quite similar number of flights.
- CCAFS SLC 40 has a high number of launch failures, while VAFB SLC 4E and KSC LC 39A appear to have a lower failure rate.



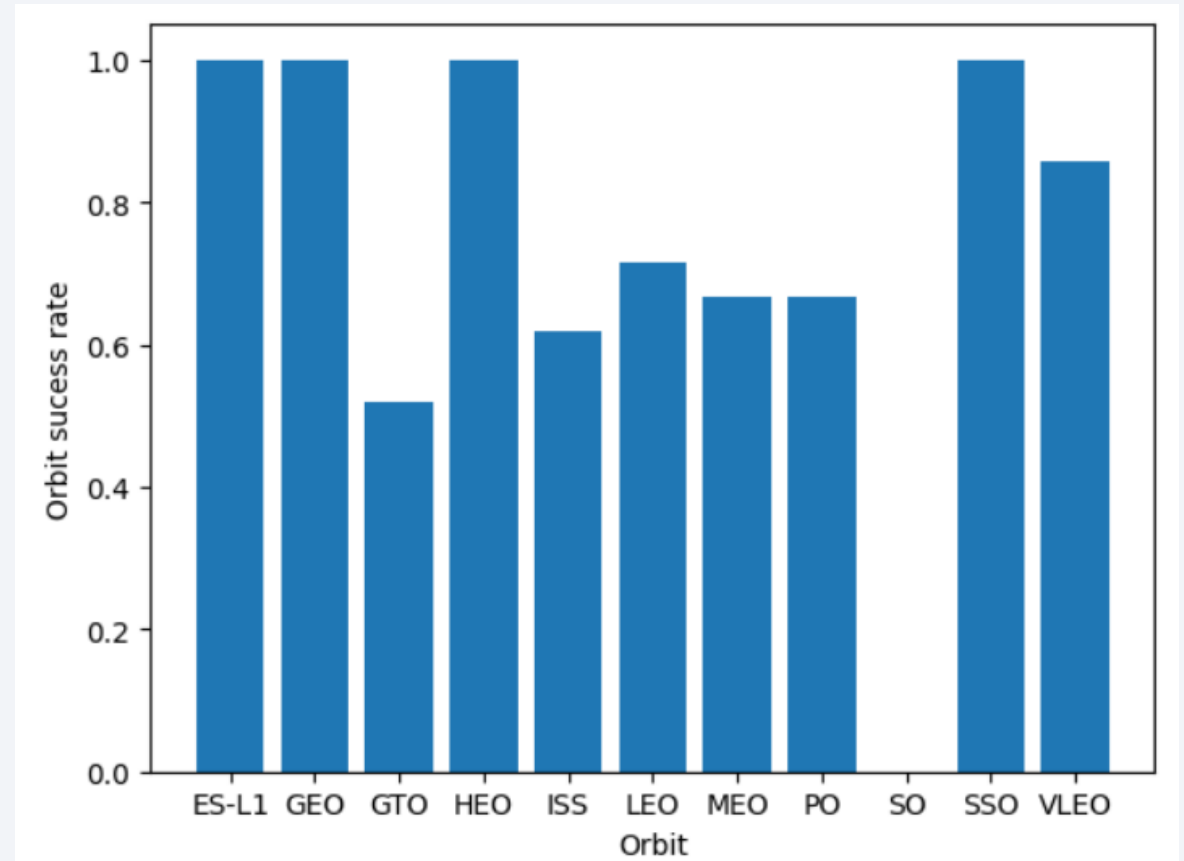
Payload vs. Launch Site

- Payload Mass is mainly in the range of 2500 kg to 7000 kg



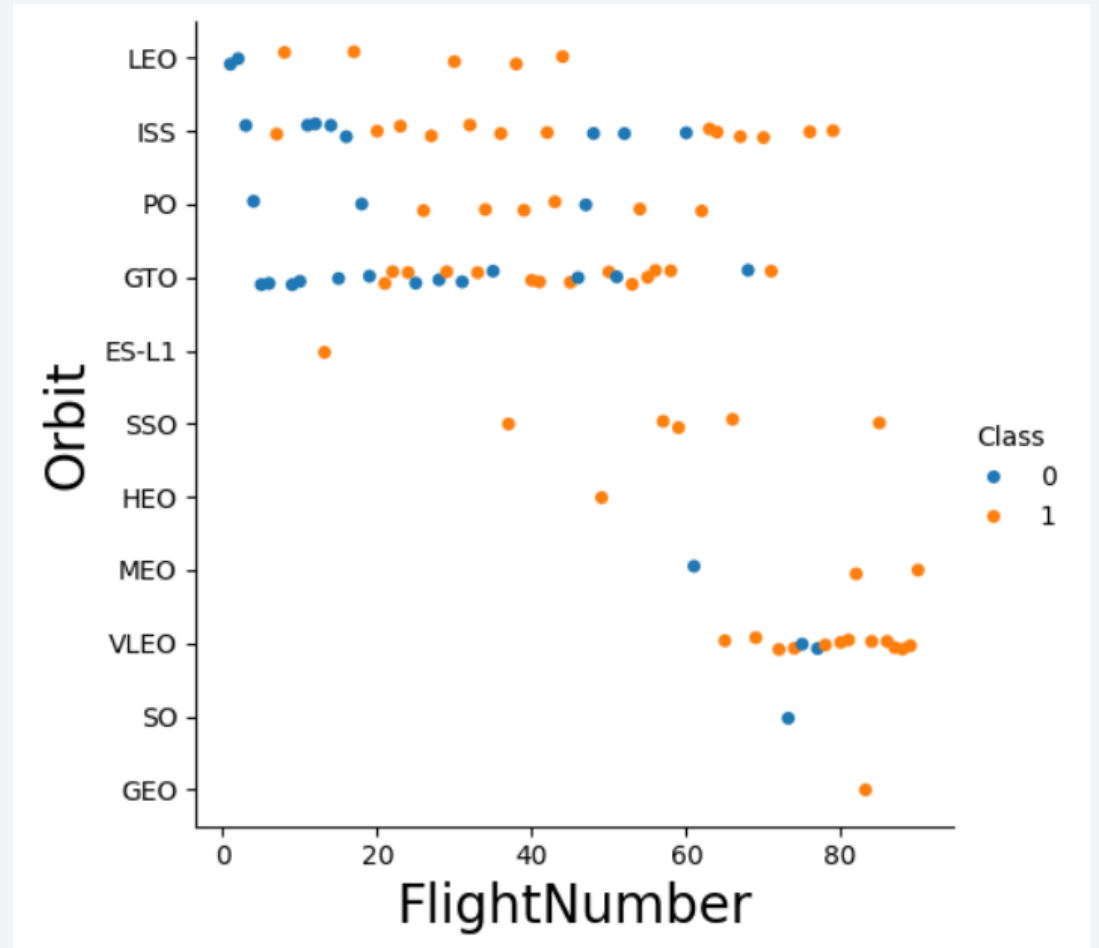
Success Rate vs. Orbit Type

- ES-L1, GEO, HEO, SSO have 100% success rate
- VLEO has a success rate of around 90%.
- GTO has the lowest success rate of around 50%
- The remaining orbits have success rates between 60% and 70%.



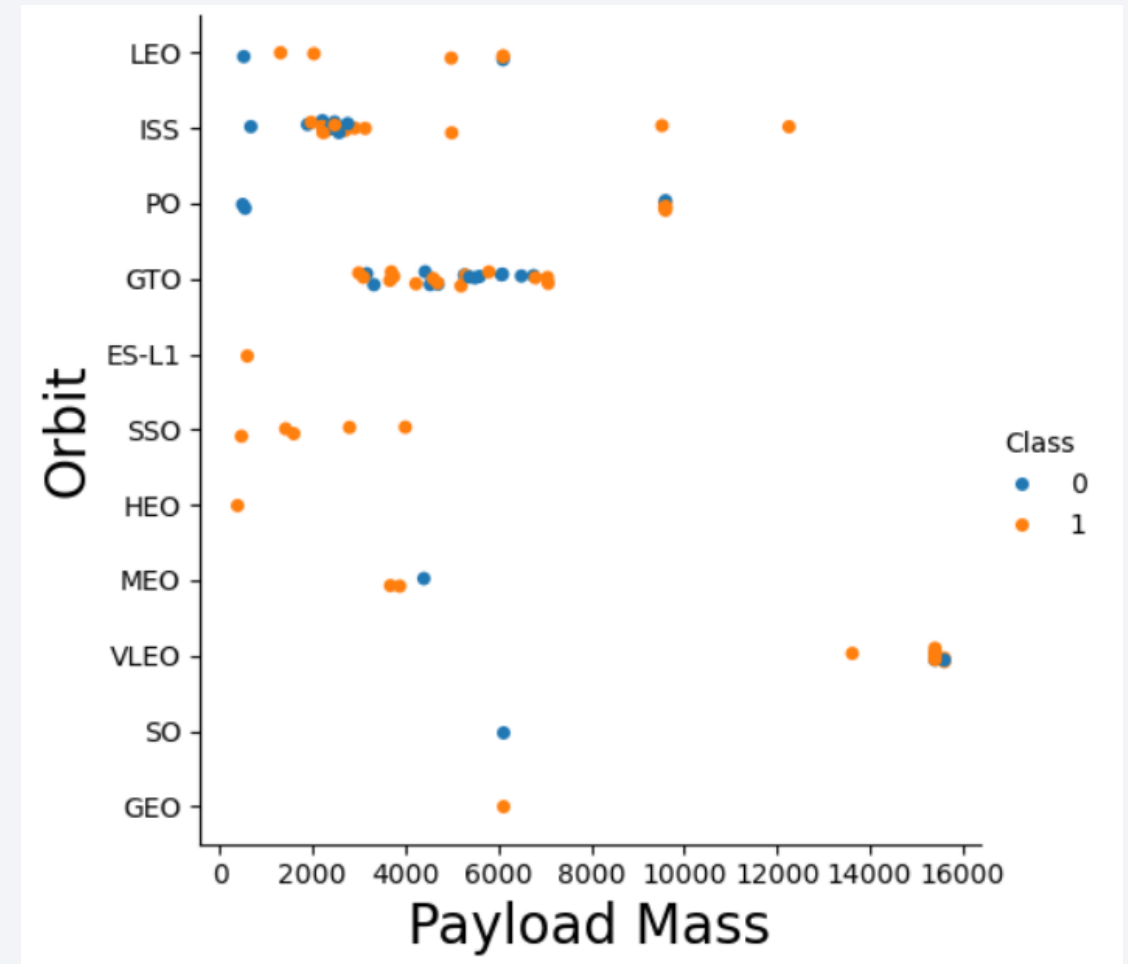
Flight Number vs. Orbit Type

- GTO, ISS, VLEO have the highest number of flights
- Next are LEO and PO
- The remaining orbits have the least number of flights



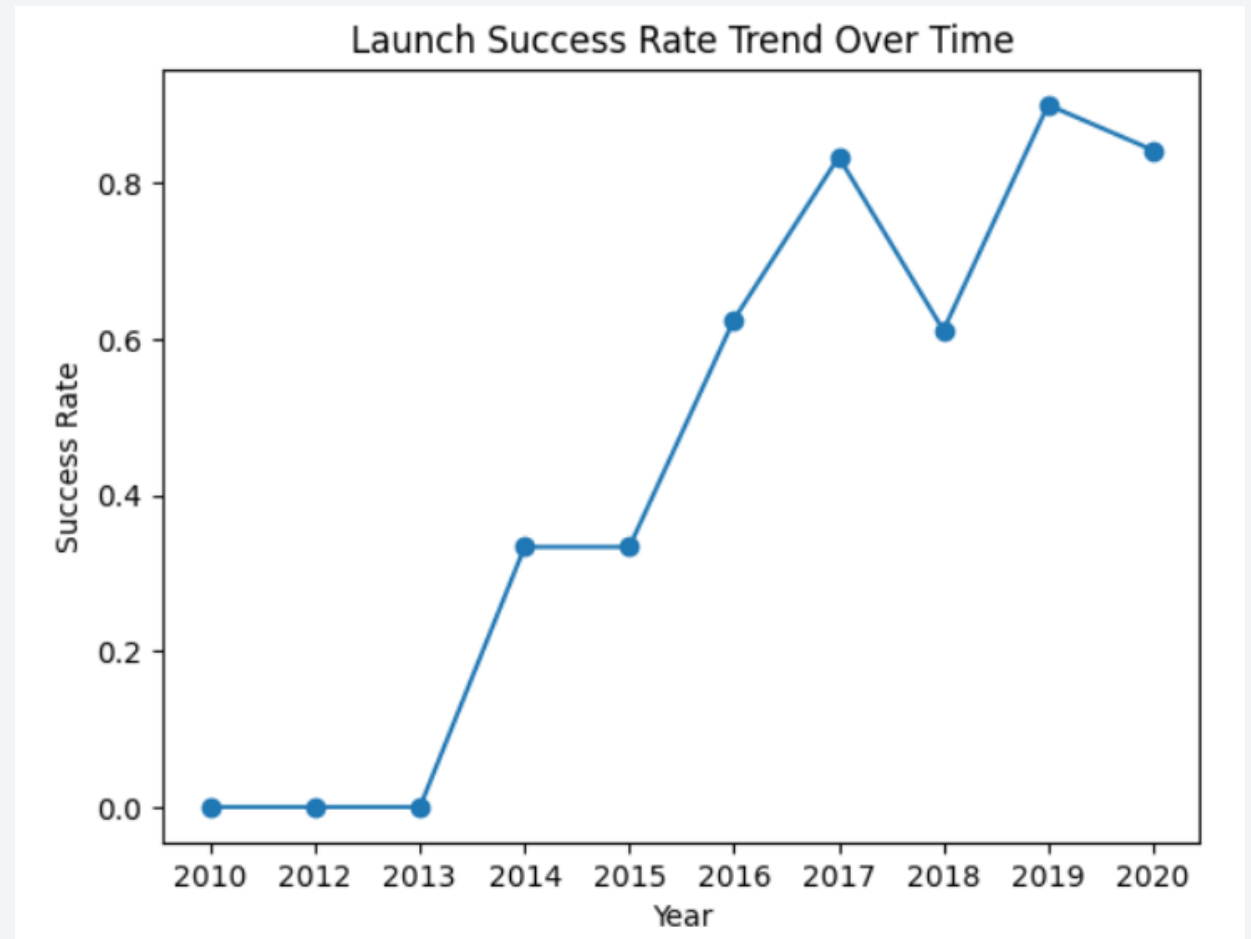
Payload vs. Orbit Type

- The ISS has flights with payloads in the range of 2000 kg to 3000 kg
- GTO has flights with payloads ranging from 2500 kg to 7000 kg



Launch Success Yearly Trend

- 2010 - 2013 has a low success rate
- 2013 - 2014 success rate increased to about 40%
- 2015 - 2017 success rate increased to about 80%
- 2019 has the highest success rate of about 90%



All Launch Site Names

- SELECT DISTINCT "Launch_Site" FROM SPACEXTABLE;

Launch_Site

CCAFS LC-40

VAFB SLC-4E

KSC LC-39A

CCAFS SLC-40

Launch Site Names Begin with 'CCA'

- `SELECT * FROM SPACEXTABLE WHERE "Launch_Site" LIKE 'CCA%' LIMIT 5;`

Date	Time (UTC)	Booster_Version	Launch_Site	Payload	PAYLOAD_MASS_KG_	Orbit	Customer	Mission_Outcome	Landing_Outcome
2010-06-04	18:45:00	F9 v1.0 B0003	CCAFS LC-40	Dragon Spacecraft Qualification Unit	0	LEO	SpaceX	Success	Failure (parachute)
2010-12-08	15:43:00	F9 v1.0 B0004	CCAFS LC-40	Dragon demo flight C1, two CubeSats, barrel of Brouere cheese	0	LEO (ISS)	NASA (COTS) NRO	Success	Failure (parachute)
2012-05-22	7:44:00	F9 v1.0 B0005	CCAFS LC-40	Dragon demo flight C2	525	LEO (ISS)	NASA (COTS)	Success	No attempt
2012-10-08	0:35:00	F9 v1.0 B0006	CCAFS LC-40	SpaceX CRS-1	500	LEO (ISS)	NASA (CRS)	Success	No attempt
2013-03-01	15:10:00	F9 v1.0 B0007	CCAFS LC-40	SpaceX CRS-2	677	LEO (ISS)	NASA (CRS)	Success	No attempt

Total Payload Mass

- SELECT SUM("PAYLOAD_MASS__KG_") FROM SPACEXTABLE WHERE "Customer" = 'NASA (CRS)'

SUM("PAYLOAD_MASS__KG_")
45596

Average Payload Mass by F9 v1.1

- `SELECT AVG("PAYLOAD_MASS__KG_") FROM SPACEXTABLE WHERE "Booster_Version" = 'F9 v1.1'`

<code>AVG("PAYLOAD_MASS__KG_")</code>
2928.4

First Successful Ground Landing Date

- `SELECT "Date" FROM SPACEXTABLE WHERE "Landing_Outcome" = 'Success (ground pad)' ORDER BY "Date" ASC LIMIT 1;`

Date
2015-12-22

Successful Drone Ship Landing with Payload between 4000 and 6000

- `SELECT "Booster_Version" FROM SPACEXTABLE WHERE "Landing_Outcome" = 'Success (drone ship)' AND 'PAYLOAD_MASS__KG_' > 4000 AND 'PAYLOAD_MASS__KG_' > 6000;`

Booster_Version
F9 FT B1021.1
F9 FT B1022
F9 FT B1023.1
F9 FT B1026
F9 FT B1029.1
F9 FT B1021.2
F9 FT B1029.2
F9 FT B1036.1
F9 FT B1038.1
F9 B4 B1041.1
F9 FT B1031.2
F9 B4 B1042.1
F9 B4 B1045.1
F9 B5 B1046.1

Total Number of Successful and Failure Mission Outcomes

- `SELECT "Mission_Outcome", COUNT(*) AS TotalCount FROM SPACEXTABLE GROUP BY "Mission_Outcome";`

Mission_Outcome	TotalCount
Failure (in flight)	1
Success	98
Success	1
Success (payload status unclear)	1

Boosters Carried Maximum Payload

- `SELECT "Booster_Version" FROM SPACEXTABLE
WHERE "PAYLOAD_MASS__KG_" = (SELECT
MAX("PAYLOAD_MASS__KG_") FROM
SPACEXTABLE);`

Booster_Version
F9 B5 B1048.4
F9 B5 B1049.4
F9 B5 B1051.3
F9 B5 B1056.4
F9 B5 B1048.5
F9 B5 B1051.4
F9 B5 B1049.5
F9 B5 B1060.2
F9 B5 B1058.3
F9 B5 B1051.6
F9 B5 B1060.3
F9 B5 B1049.7

2015 Launch Records

- `SELECT substr("Date", 6, 2) AS Month, "Landing_Outcome", "Booster_Version", "Launch_Site" FROM SPACEXTABLE WHERE substr("Date", 1, 4) = '2015' AND "Landing_Outcome" LIKE 'Failure (drone ship)';`

Month	Landing_Outcome	Booster_Version	Launch_Site
01	Failure (drone ship)	F9 v1.1 B1012	CCAFS LC-40
04	Failure (drone ship)	F9 v1.1 B1015	CCAFS LC-40

Rank Landing Outcomes Between 2010-06-04 and 2017-03-20

- `SELECT "Landing_Outcome", COUNT(*) AS OutcomeCount FROM SPACEXTABLE WHERE "Date" BETWEEN '2010-06-04' AND '2017-03-20' GROUP BY "Landing_Outcome" ORDER BY OutcomeCount DESC;`

Landing_Outcome	OutcomeCount
No attempt	10
Success (drone ship)	5
Failure (drone ship)	5
Success (ground pad)	3
Controlled (ocean)	3
Uncontrolled (ocean)	2
Failure (parachute)	2
Precluded (drone ship)	1

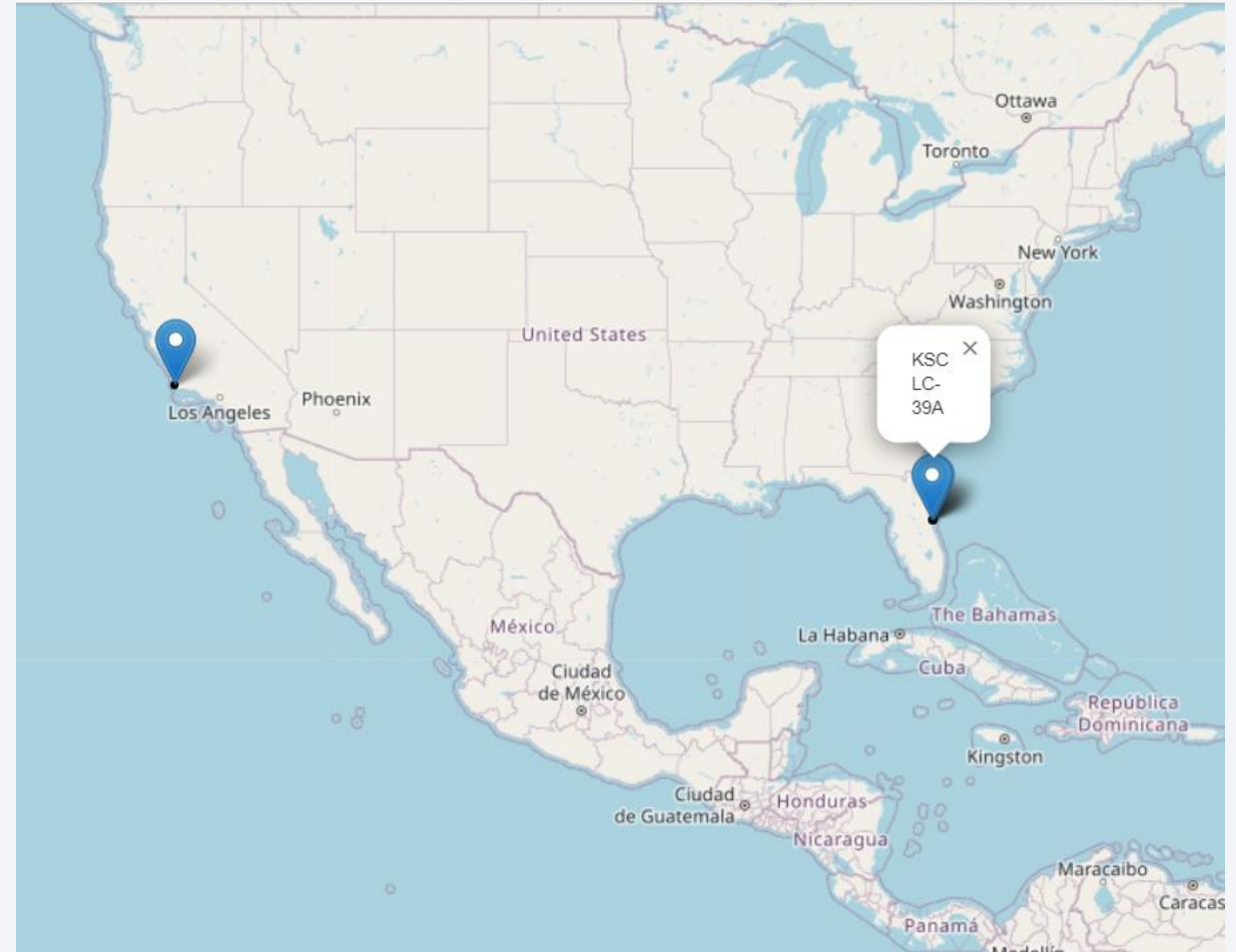
A satellite view of Earth from space, showing the curvature of the planet and city lights at night. The background is a deep blue gradient.

Section 3

Launch Sites Proximities Analysis

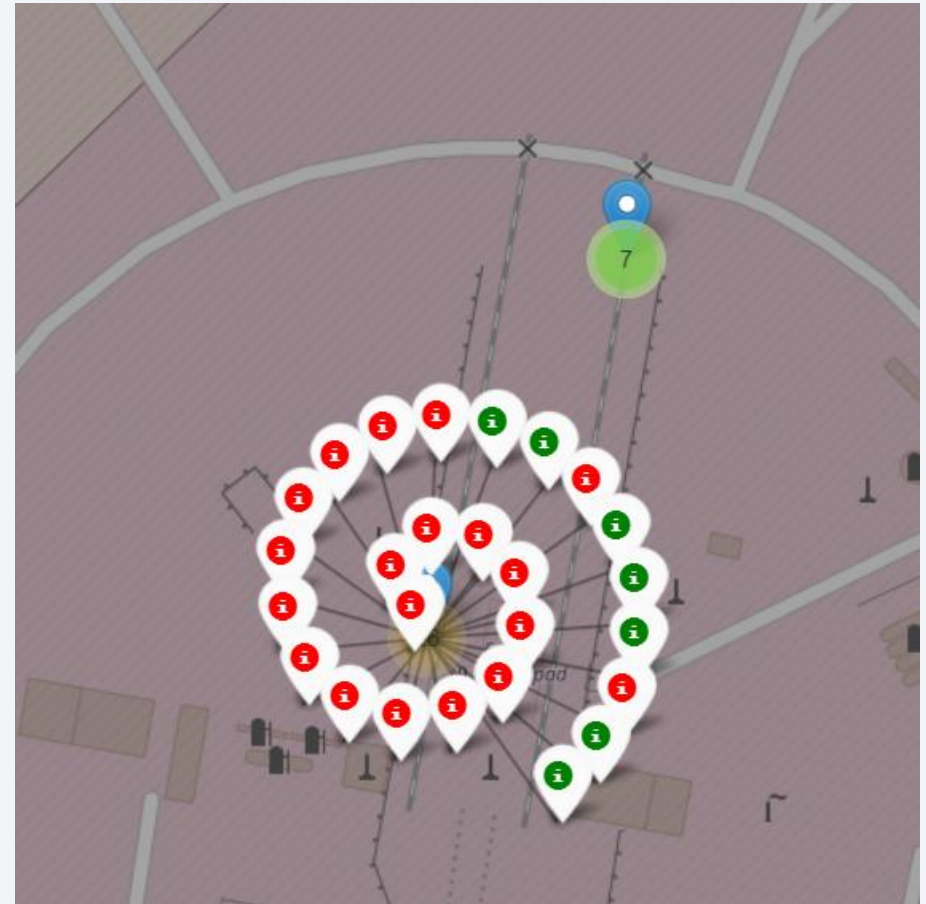
Mark launch locations

- Launch locations are marked on the map



Displays launch success/failure results for each launch location

- Launch sites are divided into clusters, each cluster consisting of launch sites
- Each launch location shows information about the number of successful/failed launches, blue is successful launches, red is failed launches



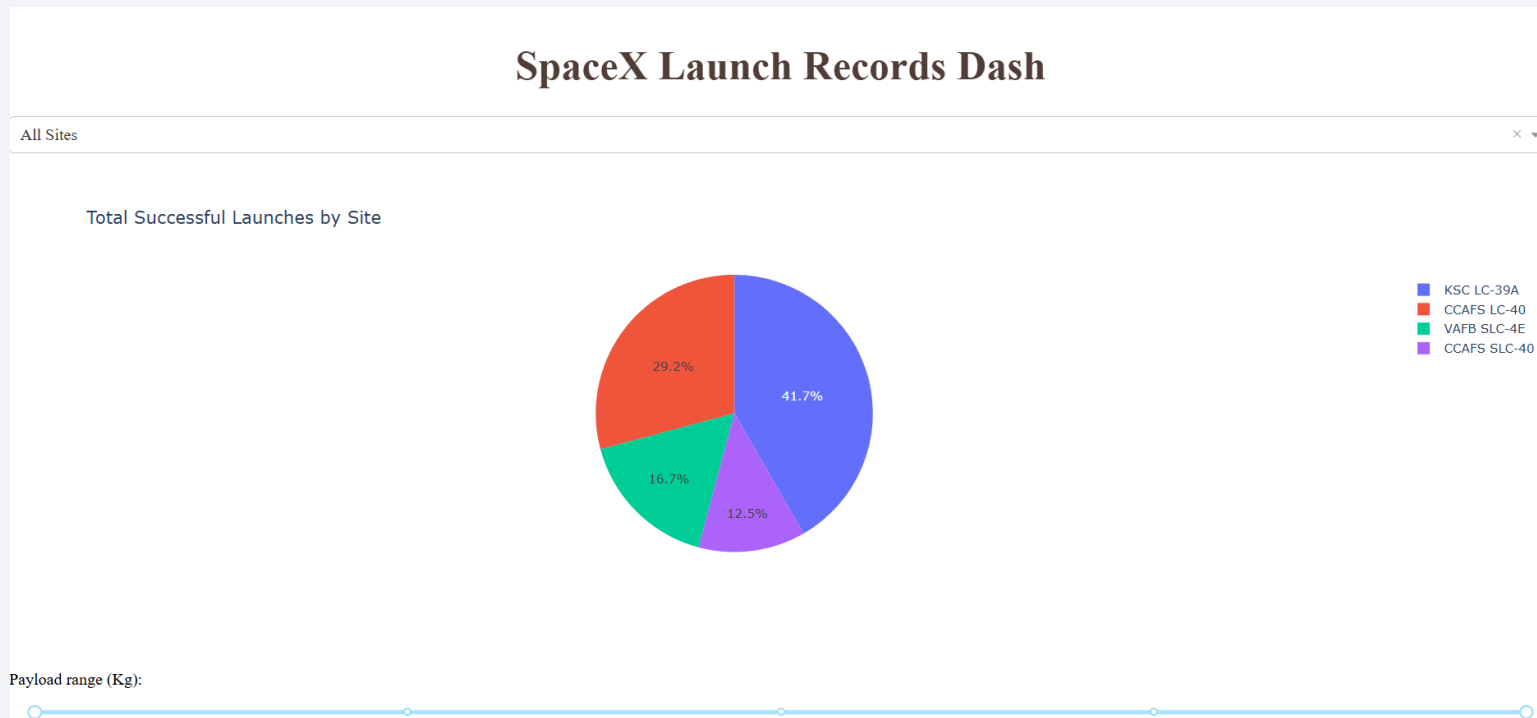


Section 4

Build a Dashboard with Plotly Dash

Success rates for all launch sites

- KSC LC 39A has the highest successful launch rate of 41.7%

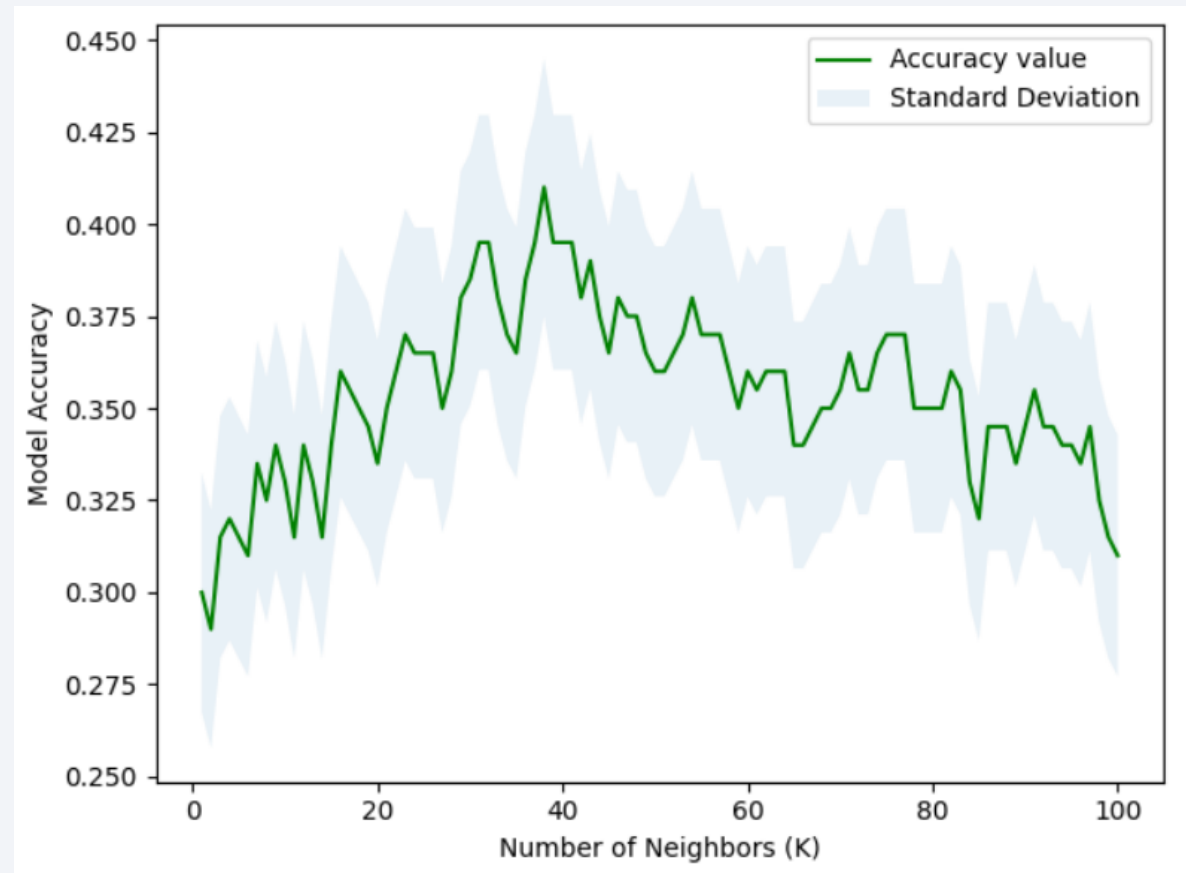


Section 5

Predictive Analysis (Classification)

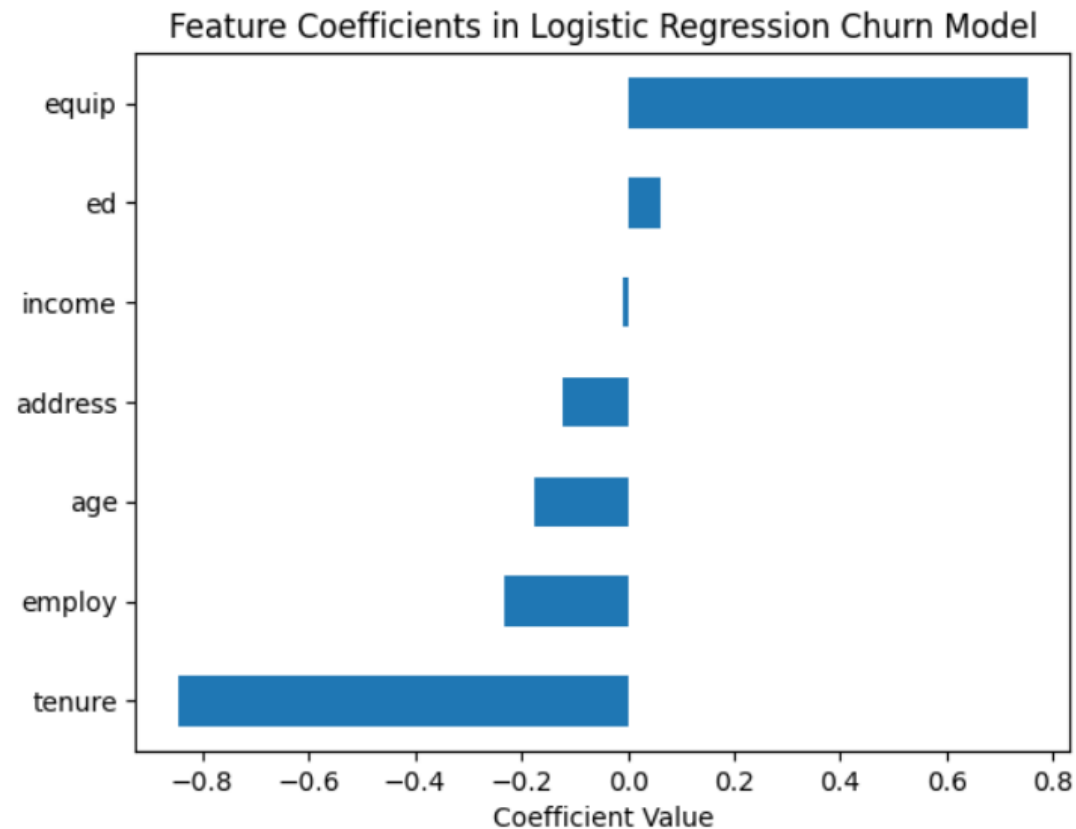
Classification Accuracy

- KNN model performance
- The best accuracy was with 0.41 with $k = 38$



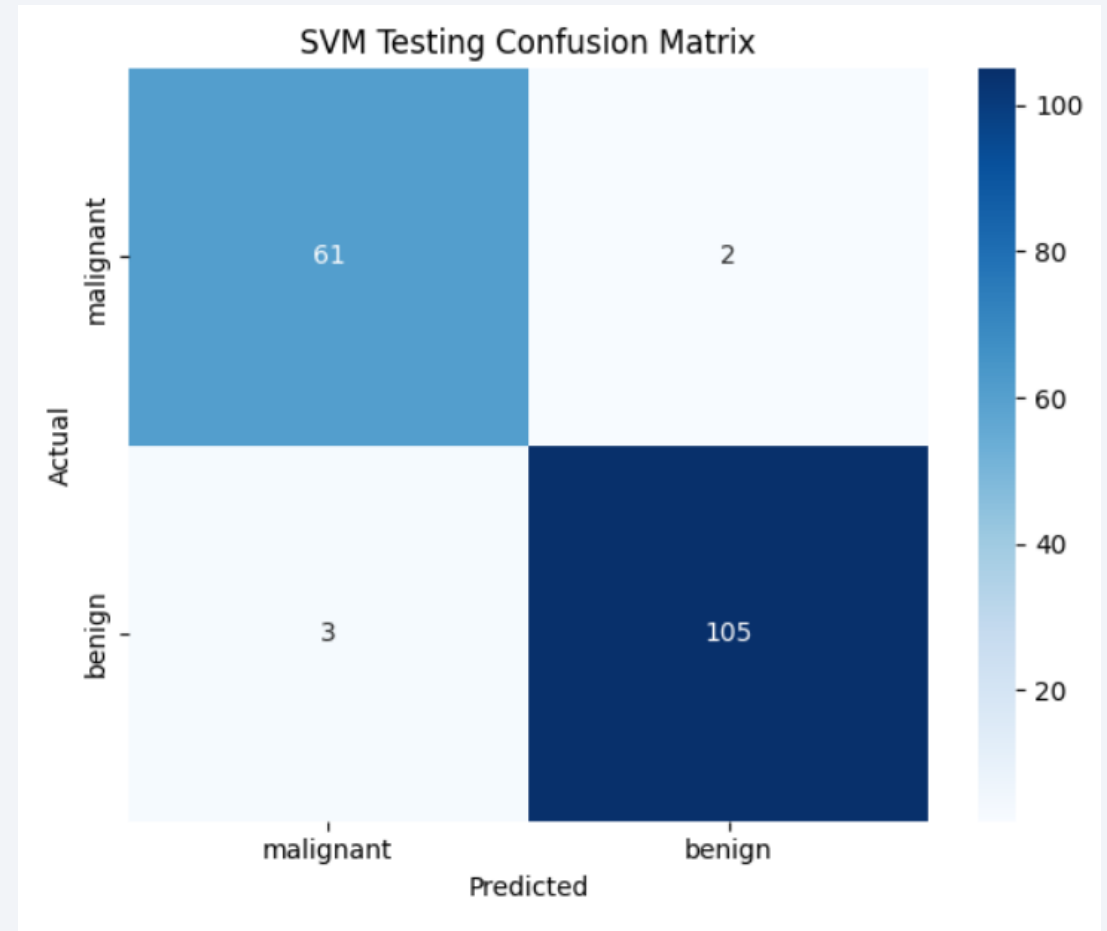
Classification Accuracy

- Logistic regression model performance



Confusion Matrix

- SVM models have better prediction ability with Accuracy = 0.971
- There were 2 tumors that were actually benign but the model incorrectly predicted they were malignant
- There were 3 tumors that were actually malignant but the model incorrectly predicted they were benign



Thank you!

