

Homework 1
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1 Convert each of the following decimal integers into its natural binary equivalent.

a) $13 = 8 + 4 + 1 = 2^3 + 2^2 + 2^0 = 1101$

b) $44 = 1(32) + 0(16) + 1(8) + 1(4) + 0(2) + 0(1) = 101100$

2 Convert the following natural binary integer into its decimal equivalent: 1010110.

$$1010110 = 2^6 + 2^4 + 2^2 + 2^1 = 64 + 16 + 4 + 2 = 86$$

3 Perform the following binary addition: $10100 + 00111$.

$$\begin{array}{r} 1 \\ 10100 \\ + 00111 \\ \hline 11011 \end{array}$$

4 Perform the following hexadecimal addition: $0x66 + 0x75$.

$$\begin{array}{r} 66 \\ + 75 \\ \hline 0xD B \end{array}$$

5 Suppose that $P = 0x1234$, and $Q = 0x ABEF$. In 16-bit hexadecimal arithmetic, calculate the value of the following expressions.

$$\begin{array}{r} 1 \quad 1 \\ 1 \quad 2 \quad 3 \quad 4 \\ + A \quad B \quad E \quad F \\ \hline 0x B \quad D \quad 2 \quad 3 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} A \quad B \quad E \quad F \\ - 1 \quad 2 \quad 3 \quad 4 \\ \hline 9 \quad 9 \quad B \quad B \\ - 9 \quad 9 \quad B \quad B \end{array}$$

- 6 Compute the results of the following decimal arithmetic operations using 8-bit two's complement arithmetic. Also, indicate whether or not arithmetic overflow occurs.

$$\begin{array}{r}
 \begin{array}{cc} 11 & 11 \\ 00011001 \\ + 00001011 \\ \hline 00100100 \end{array}
 \end{array}$$

No overflow

$$\begin{array}{r}
 \begin{array}{cc} 11000010 \\ - 00110001 \\ \hline \begin{array}{cc} 1 & 111 \\ 11000010 \end{array} \\ + 11001111 \\ \hline 10010001 \end{array}
 \end{array}$$

No Overflow