

$a, b$   
 $a \cdot b = \text{ganjil} \Rightarrow (2x+1)(2y+1)$   
 $a, b \text{ ganjil}$   
 $4xy + 2x + 2y + 1$  } ganjil  
 $\underbrace{4xy + 2x + 2y + 1}_{\text{genap}}$

55. Jika  $x$  dan  $y$  bilangan bulat dan  $x^2 - y^2$  ganjil, manakah di antara berikut ini yang harus ganjil?

- A.  $x$   
 B.  $y$   
 C.  $x^2$   
 D.  $x^2 + 1$   
 E.  $x + y$  ← ganjil
- $3 \cdot 5 = 15$   
 $7 \cdot 1 = 7$  } ganjil  
 $a \text{ genap}, b \text{ ganjil}$   
 $2x$        $2y+1$  } genap  
 $(2x)(2y+1) = 4xy + 2x$

$x^2 - y^2 = 2k+1$   
 $(x+y)(x-y) = 2k+1$   
 $\underbrace{x+y}_{\text{ganjil}} \underbrace{x-y}_{\text{ganjil}}$

ganjil  $= 2k+1, k \text{ bulat}$

$k = \begin{matrix} 1 & 3 \\ 2 & 5 \\ -1 & -1 \end{matrix}$   
 $\underbrace{\quad}_{\text{genap}}$   
 $4a+1$

$x+y = \text{ganjil}$   
 $\underbrace{x+y}_{\text{ganjil}}$

$\left. \begin{matrix} x \text{ gen}, y \text{ gan} \\ x \text{ gan}, y \text{ gen} \end{matrix} \right\}$

$x-y = \text{ganjil}$

$a = 1, 2, 3$   
 $\boxed{5 \ 9 \ 13}$

$2p + 2a+1 = 4a+1$   
 $\underbrace{4a+1}_{\text{genap}}$

- (1)  $x$  genap,  $y$  ganjil  
 (2)  $x$  ganjil,  $y$  genap

1. Barisan 1, 2,  $y$ , ... merupakan barisan aritmetika. Nilai 6-y adalah...

$\frac{2}{1} = \frac{y}{2}$   
 $4 = y$   
 $6-y = 6-4 = 2$

$2-1 = y-2$   
 $1+2 = y$   
 $y = 3$   
 $6-3 = 3$

12. Diketahui himpunan  $A = \{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h\}$ . Banyaknya himpunan bagian dari A yang memiliki 3 elemen adalah...

- A. 8
- B. 16
- C. 24
- ☒ D. 56
- E. 336

(SM UNNES 2014)

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} a, b, c \\ a, b, d \\ a, b, e \\ \vdots \end{array} \right. \quad \begin{array}{l} 8 \text{ elemen} \\ \text{pick 3} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} 8C3 \\ 8! \\ \hline 5! 3! \end{array}$$

$$\frac{8-7 \cdot 8}{3 \cdot 8} = 56$$

17. Suatu seri 1, 4, 9, 16, ...

- A. 28
- B. 24
- C. 27
- D. 26
- ☒ E. 25

(TPS UTBK 2022)

$$\begin{aligned} 1^2 &= 1 \\ 2^2 &= 4 \\ 3^2 &= 9 \\ 4^2 &= 16 \\ 5^2 &= 25 \end{aligned}$$

$$|2x - 5| < 3$$

$$|f(x)| < a$$

$$-a < f(x) < a$$

$$-3 < 2x - 5 < 3$$

$$2 < 2x < 8$$

$$1 < x < 4$$



Jika  $f(x) = 2x^2 - 3x + 1$ ,  $g(x) = ax + b$  dan  $(g \circ f)(x-2) = 4x^2 - 14x + 11$ , maka...

$$f(x) = 2x^2 - 3x + 1 \quad \checkmark \quad x = x-2$$

$$g(x) = ax + b \quad \leftarrow$$

$$(g \circ f)(x-2) = \underline{4x^2 - 14x + 11}$$

$$g(f(x-2)) = g(2(x-2)^2 - 3(x-2) + 1)$$

$$= g(2x^2 - 8x + 8 - 3x + 6 + 1)$$

$$= g(2x^2 - 11x + 15)$$

$$= [2x^2 - 11x + 15] a + b = 4x^2 - 14x + 11$$

$$-11a = -14$$

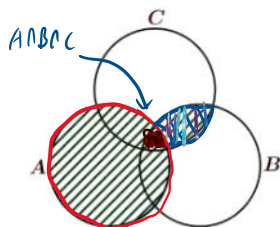
$$\begin{array}{rcl}
 2a & = & 4 \\
 a & = & 2 \\
 -11a & = & -14 \\
 a & = & \frac{14}{11} \\
 15a + 6 & = & 11 \\
 \hline
 27 \frac{14}{11}
 \end{array}$$

32. Diketahui dua buah bilangan yaitu 16 dan 18. Bilangan yang harus ditambahkan sehingga didapat rata-rata yaitu 16 adalah...

$$\begin{array}{l}
 16, 18, a \\
 \swarrow \text{rata-rata} \\
 \frac{16 + 18 + a}{3} = 16 \\
 a = 48 - 16 - 18 \\
 a = 14
 \end{array}$$

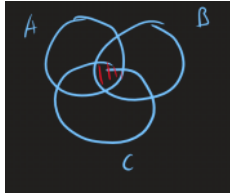
Jika  $f(x-1) = 5x^2 + 6x - 6$ ;  $g(x) = ax + 1$  dan  $(g \circ f)(1) = -51$  maka nilai  $f(a+1) = \dots$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 f(x-1) = 5x^2 + 6x - 6 \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} x-1=1 \\ x=2 \end{array} \right. \\
 g(x) = ax + 1 \\
 (g \circ f)(1) = -51 \\
 g(f(1)) = g(26) = -51 \\
 = 26a + 1 = -51 \\
 26a = -52 \\
 a = \frac{-52}{26} = -2 \\
 f(a+1) = f(-1) \\
 f(-1-1) = 5(-1)^2 + 6(-1) - 6 \\
 = 5 - 6 - 6 = 5 - 12 \\
 = -7
 \end{array}$$



$$\begin{array}{l}
 A \cup B_{iru} \\
 B_{iru} = (C \cup B) - (A \cap B_{iru}) \\
 A \cup [(C \cup B) - (A \cap B_{iru})]
 \end{array}$$

$$\hookrightarrow A \cup \overbrace{[(C \cup B) - (A \cap B \cap C)]}$$



$$A \cap B \cap C$$