

Introduction to Chemistry: Reactions and Ratios

April 26, 2016

1 S5: Matter

- Halogens (7A)
- Noble Gases (8A)

Elements that exist as diatomic molecules end with "**gens**" (e.g. hydrogen, halogen)

2 S6 : Energy Part II

- Measured in Joules
- Tendency of universe towards *lowest energy*

$$\delta E = E_f - E_i^1 \tag{1}$$

3 S7 : Energy Part II

- For **like-charged** particles, the energy **increases** the **closer** the particles are.

¹f stands for final and i stands for initial

- For **oppositely-charged** particles, the energy **decreases** the **closer** the particles are.

Coulomb's Law:

$$\delta F = \frac{kq_1q_2}{\epsilon r^2} \quad (2)$$

4 S8 : Intro Stoichiometry Part I

HNO_2 nitrous acid

5 S9 : Intro Stoichiometry Part II

Avogadro constant:

$$6.022 * 10^{23} = 1 \text{ mole} \quad (3)$$

The constant defined as the number of atoms in 12 grams of hydrogen of the isotope carbon-12