

School of Computing



Module Title and Code	PROGRAMMING - M30299 - FHEQ_4 ▾
Module Coordinator Other lecturers	Dr Matthew Poole < matthew.poole@port.ac.uk >
Assessment Item	Item 3
Assessment Title	Python Coursework - A Patchwork Maker
Date Issued	2022-11-21

Schedule and Deliverables

Deliverable	Value	Format	Deadline / Date	Late deadline ECF deadline
Program	100% - all marks for your program will be awarded in the demo	A single .py file named using your student number (e.g. 2012345.py)	2022-12-13 at 11pm	2022-01-04 at 11pm (10 working days after deadline)
Demo		7-8 min demo with a member of staff	In your practical class between 2022-12-14 and 2022-12-16.	

Notes and Advice

- The [Extenuating Circumstances procedure](#) is there to support you if you have had any circumstances (problems) that have been serious or significant enough to prevent you from attending, completing or submitting an assessment on time. If you complete an Extenuating Circumstances Form (ECF) for this assessment, it is important that you use the correct module code, item number and deadline (not the late deadline) given above.
- [ASDAC](#) are available to any students who disclose a disability or require additional support for their academic studies with a good set of resources on the [ASDAC moodle site](#)
- The University takes any form of academic misconduct (such as plagiarism or cheating) seriously, so please make sure your work is your own. Please ensure you adhere to our [Student Conduct Policy](#) and watch the video on [Plagiarism](#).
- Any material included in your coursework should be fully cited and referenced in **APA 7** format. Detailed advice on referencing is available from the [library](#), also see [TECFAC 08 Plagiarism](#).
- Any material submitted that does not meet format or submission guidelines, or falls outside of the submission deadline could be subject to a cap on your overall result or disqualification entirely.
- If you need additional assistance, you can ask your personal tutor, student engagement officer ana.baker@port.ac.uk, academic tutor eleni.noussi@port.ac.uk or your lecturers.
- If you are concerned about your mental well-being, please contact our [Well-being service](#).

M30299 – Programming

moodle.port.ac.uk

Python Coursework: A Patchwork Maker

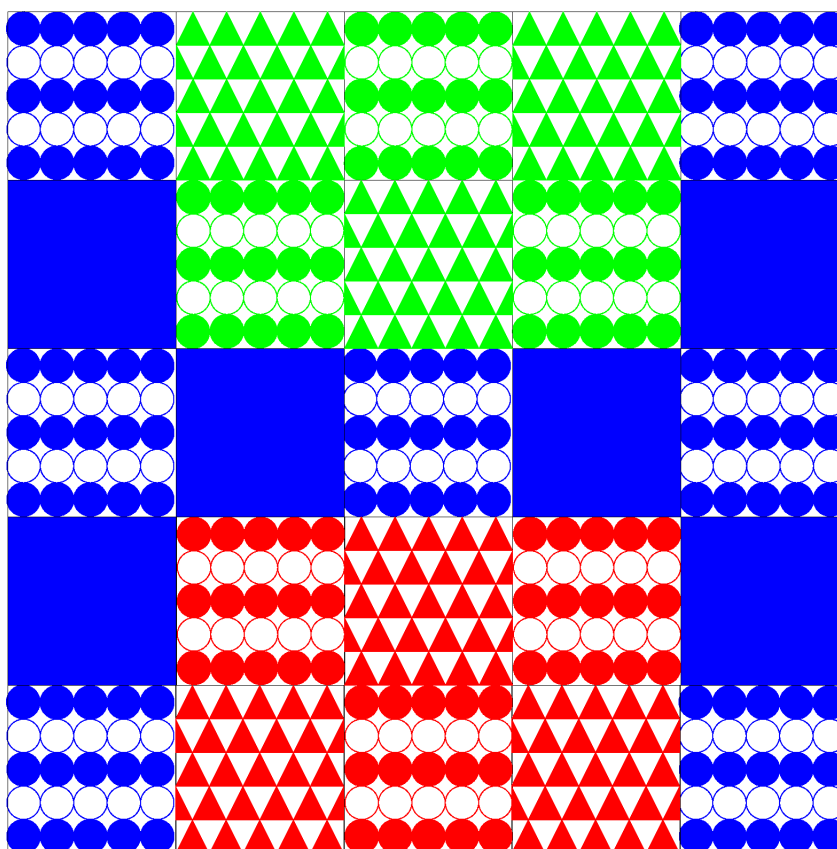
Introduction

This coursework assignment is designed to give you practice in applying all of the main programming concepts you've seen in the module so far to solve a larger and more complex problem. The assignment will be marked out of 50 and carries 20% of the module marks (it is assessment item 3 of the module).

You need to submit your program via the module's Moodle site by the deadline of **11.00pm, Tuesday 13th December 2022**, and are required to **demonstrate** your submitted program in your 2-hour practical class timetabled in the period **14th-16th December 2022**. Study this handout thoroughly in order to understand exactly what is expected from you for the coursework.

Your task

Your task is to write a program to display patchworks, an example of which is illustrated below. The actual patchworks your program will display will depend on your student number and on the user's inputs.



Patchworks are square and made up of square patches. A patchwork can be of two sizes: 5×5 patches and 7×7 patches. Each patch can be one of two different designs or it can be

completely plain. Each patch can be one of up to three different colours. Each patch design features a regular geometric design made up of lines, circles, rectangles and/or polygons and has dimensions of 100×100 pixels. The two patch designs and the layout and colouring of the patchwork are not necessarily as given in the illustration above. They are determined by the ***final three digits of your student number***, and are displayed in the tables on the final two pages. The layout and colouring of the patchwork is given by the antepenultimate (third last) digit of your student number. The two patch designs are given by the penultimate and final digits of your student number. For example, if your student number was 2000**516**, the patch designs and patch arrangement for a 5×5 patchwork with colours blue, green and red are those illustrated on page 1.

It's important that your program draws the patch designs accurately, and that it draws the correct designs, layout and colouring – you will receive no credit for drawing the wrong patch designs or patch arrangement.

Your program must draw the patches using the facilities provided in the graphics module (Line, Circle etc.), and must not use bitmapped images. The designs are intended to test algorithm development skills (e.g. they should involve the use of one or more for loops). For some of the designs, it will be useful to remember that shapes drawn later appear on top of those drawn earlier. You should not use parts of the Python language which we haven't covered in this part of the module; for example, do not use exception handling and do not define your own classes.

Main program requirements

Your program should begin by prompting the user, using a text (shell)-based interface, to enter:

- the patchwork size (i.e. a single figure giving the common width & height in terms of patches);
- each of the desired three colours (entered one-by-one); the user can choose any colour more than once.

The program's user interface should be easy to use, helpful and robust; e.g., on entering invalid data, the user should be given appropriate feedback and re-prompted until the entered data is valid. (Valid sizes are 5 and 7, and valid colours are red, green, blue, purple, orange and cyan.) Once these details have been entered, the patchwork should be drawn in a graphics window of the appropriate size. For example, if the user enters size 5, and colours blue, then green and finally red, then (in the case that your student number ends in 516) the patchwork shown on page 1 should be drawn in a graphics window of width 500 pixels and height 500 pixels.

Challenge feature

The above requirements are what I expect most students to attempt, and carry the vast majority of the marks for functionality. If you would like a further challenge for a few additional marks, then I encourage you to attempt this additional feature.

After the patchwork design has been drawn, you should allow the user to edit it in the following way. The user should be able to select a patch by clicking on it with the mouse; the selected patch should be displayed with a thick black border. With a patch selected the user should be able to change it by pressing a key on the keyboard:

- ‘d’ deletes the patch (leaving an empty space that remains selected);
- ‘1’, ‘2’ and ‘3’ should create a new plain patch of colour 1, 2, and 3, respectively;
- ‘4’, ‘5’ and ‘6’ should create a new penultimate-digit patch of colour 1, 2 and 3, respectively;
- ‘7’, ‘8’ and ‘9’ should create a new final-digit patch of colour 1, 2, and 3, respectively;
- the cursor (arrow) keys should move the patch to an adjacent empty space patch in the desired direction (leaving an empty space that remains selected); this movement should be animated (taking about a second);
- the escape key (Esc) deselects the patch;
- all other keys have no effect.

(Note that ‘d’ should only have an effect for a non-empty patch, that ‘1’-‘9’ should only work for an empty space, and that the cursor keys should only work for a non-empty patch where there is an adjacent empty space in the chosen direction.) Whilst selected, the user should be able to perform as many patch operations as they like. The user should be able to select empty spaces as well as non-empty patches, and only one patch/space can be selected at any time—the user needs to deselect the selected patch/space before selecting another.

Ideally, the above operations should actually remove and recreate, or move, the graphics objects that make up patch designs, rather than drawing new objects on top of existing ones.

Moodle Submission

You should submit your program via the module’s Moodle site by the deadline specified above. Make sure that your program file is named using your student number, and that it has a .py suffix; for example, 2012345.py. Click on the link labelled Item 3 - Python Patchwork Assignment Dropbox (in the Assessment tab) and upload your program. If you miss the deadline, you will need to upload it using the late submissions link – your mark will be capped according to University regulations unless you have a valid EC.

Demonstration & Mark Allocation

You need to demonstrate your program to a member of staff in your Programming practical session timetabled in the period 14th-16th December. We will execute your submitted program, and we will ask you question(s) about how you wrote it and how it works.

All the marks for the assignment will be awarded during the demonstration, so you must attend: failure to attend the demonstration will result in zero marks, and demonstrating your program late may result in your mark for the assignment being capped under University rules. If you wish to organise a late demonstration outside a timetabled session, please email me—you must have given your demonstration by 27th January 2023 or you will receive a mark of zero.

Formal written feedback and your assignment mark will be sent to you via email immediately after your demonstration has been completed. If you do not receive this email, then your mark may not have been recorded and it is your responsibility to inform me if this happens.

Functionality [38 marks]

In the demonstration we will first assess the **completeness** and **correctness** of the operation of your program, and the **quality** and **robustness** of its user interface. The main program requirements will carry **30 marks** (8 marks for each of the two patch designs, 8 marks for the patchwork layout and colouration, and 6 marks for the user interface), and the challenge (optional) feature will carry **8 marks**.

Program code quality [10 marks]

After demonstrating the program's functionality, the member of staff will give you some feedback on the quality of your program code. Your program will be awarded marks based on: (i) its overall structure (how well it has been designed using the principles of top-down design—see lecture 14); (ii) its readability (see lecture 05); and (iii) the quality of the algorithms used (e.g. the control structures it employs to draw the patchwork).

Make sure that your program uses good, uncomplicated, algorithms. Also, try to ensure that your program would require minimal changes if the requirements were changed so that more colours were including as being valid, and extra patchwork sizes (9, 11, ...) were allowed. Often, repetitive code is a sign of poor algorithm design (e.g. don't use 25 lines of code to draw 25 circles!). Even if your program appears to work well, the code may obtain very few marks if it is poorly written.

Note that assessment of code quality will not apply to the challenge feature.

Explanation of program features [2 marks]

We will award up to 2 marks for your responses to the question(s) we ask you in the demo, independently of the other marks your submission receives.

General advice

Most importantly, ***start early and do not leave finishing the work until just before the deadline***. Your work will almost always suffer if you leave it until too late. Furthermore, technical problems are likely to be overcome if encountered early, and do not usually constitute an acceptable reason for lateness.

If you find the task very difficult, remember that you do not have to provide a complete solution to achieve a pass mark. Make sure that your program executes and gives some graphical output, and that you demonstrate what your program does. To make things easier, you might choose to write a program which, for example:

- draws a patchwork containing just one of the patch designs;
- attempts to draw both patch designs but not in the correct arrangement;
- ignores colours.

If you don't know how to start, ask for help as early as possible (see the Support section below).

Hint

If well designed, your program will consist of a few functions including a main function and three patch-drawing functions – one for each design and one for plain patches. (In a good

solution there will be other functions.) Each patch drawing function might need parameters representing the graphics window on which to draw the patch, the x - and y -coordinates of the top-left corner of the patch, and the patch colour. Make sure that you have completed exercises 9 and 10 on worksheet P6, as well as the first few exercises on worksheet P8, before attempting the coursework.

Support

The last few practicals before the deadline can be used for help on the coursework. Alex Bennett, Xia Han and Eleni Noussi are also able to give advice on the coursework via one-to-one support sessions.

Other queries should be addressed to me by email (Matthew.Poole@port.ac.uk). Any reported errors on this handout, or other common issues, will be communicated via the Patchwork Coursework Frequently Asked Questions document in the General section on Moodle, so please check there before asking a question.

Patchwork layout and patch designs

Make sure that your program draws patchworks determined by the final three digits of your student number. The patch colour shown on the final page is red (but will in general depend on the user's inputs). The background can be left grey or, if you prefer, white. Note the colour of the outline of the shapes – sometimes this is the patch colour, sometimes it is black. I am not concerned too much if the edges of patches 'collide' with other patches or the edge of the window by one pixel. If you wish, you can draw black borders around patches in order to separate them, but this is not necessary.

Antepenultimate digit of student number

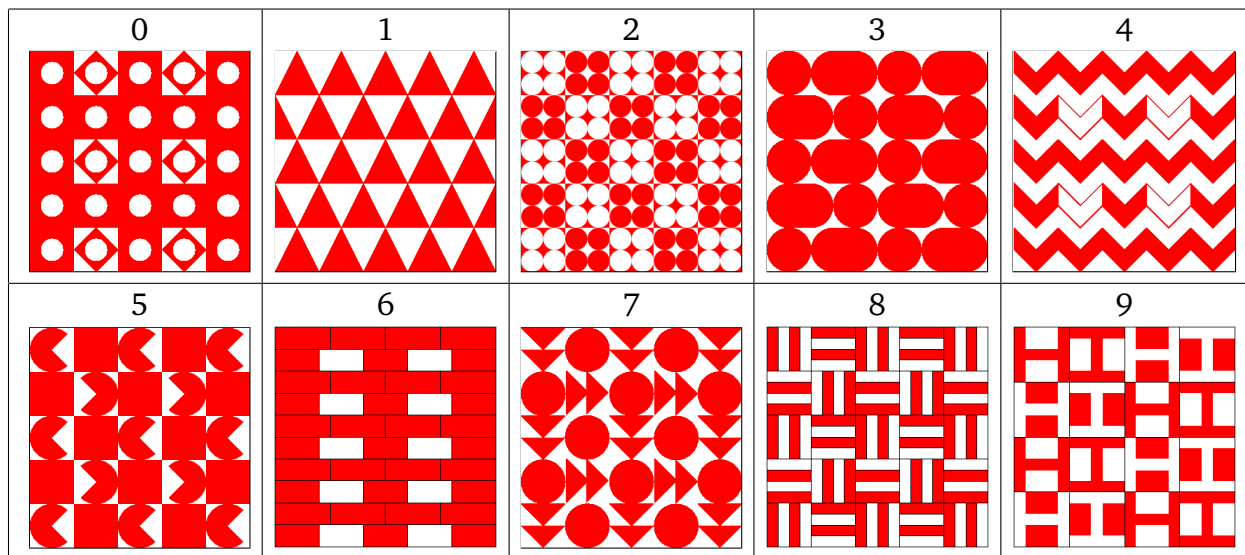
The tables below describe how patches should be arranged and coloured as determined by the antepenultimate digit of your student number for 5×5 and 7×7 patchworks. The tables assume that the first chosen colour is blue, the second is orange and the third colour is red. It is important that the order of the inputted colours is used correctly. Notice that the top-left patch always takes the first inputted colour, and the next colour you see if you scan from left-to-right starting from this patch (continuing scanning from the left of the next row if required) will be the second inputted colour. Patches labelled with a black 'F' should have the final digit design; patches labeled with a white 'P' should have the penultimate digit design; the unlabelled patches should be plain. (Note that the arrangement and colouring is regular so that you should be able to determine what it would look like for larger patchworks such as those of size 9×9 , even though your program will not display these.)

0	1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9

0	1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9

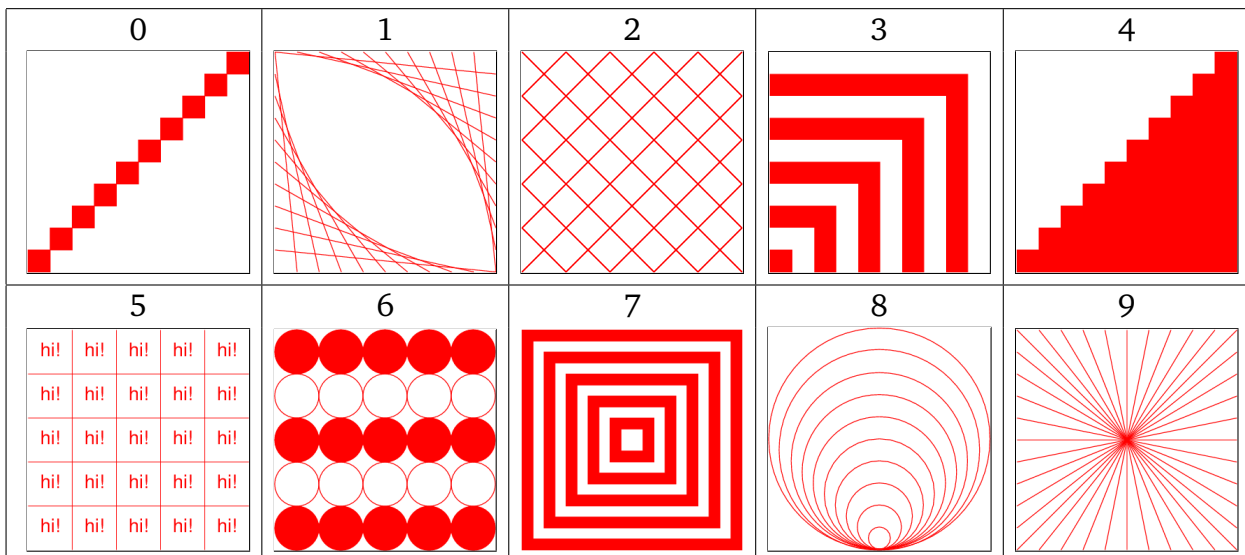
Penultimate digit of student number

Note that all coordinates should be multiples of 10 except in designs 2, 6, 8 and 9 where some are multiples of 5; the circles in designs 0 and 2 have radius 5.



Final digit of student number

Note that all coordinates should be multiples of 10 except in designs 7 and 8 where some are multiples of 5; the circles in design 8 have radii that are multiples of 5. Patch design 1 is made up of 20 straight lines (there are no curved lines).



Important

This is an individual coursework, and so the work you submit for assessment must be your own. Any attempt to pass off somebody else's work as your own, or unfair collaboration, is plagiarism, which is a serious academic offence. Any suspected cases of plagiarism will be dealt with in accordance with University regulations.

Matthew Poole
21 November 2022