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MIS - 612303031
Batch - S2
Assignment 3
two_stacks.c
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
typedef struct two_stacks{
  int *A;
  int size1, size2;
  int top1, top2;
}two_stacks;
void init_two_stacks(two_stacks *st, int size1, int size2) {
  st->A = (int*)malloc(sizeof(int)*(size1 + size2));
  st->size1 = size1;
  st->size2 = size2;
  st->top1 = -1;
  st->top2 = -1;
  return;
}
int isFull1(two_stacks st) {
  if(st.top1 \ge st.size1 - 1) return 1;
  return 0;
}
int isFull2(two_stacks st) {
  if(st.top2 \ge st.size2 - 1) return 1;
  return 0;
}
int isEmpty1(two_stacks st){
  if(st.top1 == -1) return 1;
  return 0;
}
int isEmpty2(two_stacks st){
  if(st.top2 == -1) return 1;
  return 0;
void push1(two_stacks *st, int data) {
  if(isFull1(*st)) {
     printf("Stack 1 is full\n");
     return;
  }
  st->top1++;
  st->A[st->top1] = data;
```

```
return;
}
void push2(two_stacks *st, int data) {
  if(isFull2(*st)) {
     printf("Stack 2 is full\n");
     return;
  st->top2++;
  st->A[st->size1 + st->top2] = data;
  return;
}
void pop1(two_stacks *st) {
  if(isEmpty1(*st)){
     printf("Stack 1 is empty\n");
     return;
  }
  st->top1--;
  return;
}
void pop2(two_stacks *st) {
  if(isEmpty2(*st)){
     printf("Stack 2 is empty\n");
     return;
  st->top2--;
  return;
}
void print1(two_stacks st) {
  for(int i = 0; i \le st.top1; i++) {
     printf("%d ", st.A[i]);
  printf("\n");
  return;
}
void print2(two_stacks st) {
  for(int i = st.size1; i <= (st.size1 + st.top2); i++) {
     printf("%d ", st.A[i]);
  printf("\n");
  return;
}
int main() {
  two_stacks st;
  printf("Enter size of stack1\n");
  int size1, size2;
  scanf("%d%d", &size1, &size2);
  init_two_stacks(&st, size1, size2);
```

```
push1(&st, 32);
 push2(&st, 33);
 push1(&st, 36);
 pop1(&st);
 push1(&st, 56);
 push2(&st, 45);
 pop2(&st);
 push2(&st, 76);
 print1(st);
 print2(st);
 return 0;
}
                   assignments git:(main) X ./two psta(6ks 33)
               Enter size of stack1 and stack 2
OUTPUT:
               5 4
               32 56
               33 76
               → assignments git:(main) X
```

char_stack stack.h typedef struct node { char data; struct node *next; }node; typedef struct stack { node *top; }stack; void init_stack(stack *s); void push(stack *s, char data); char pop(stack *s); char peek(stack s); int is_empty(stack s); stack.c #include <stdlib.h> #include "stack.h" #include imits.h> void init_stack(stack *s) { s->top = NULL;

return;

}

```
int is_empty(stack s) {
  if(s.top == NULL) {
     return 1;
  return 0;
}
void push(stack *s, char data) {
  node *nn = (node*)malloc(sizeof(node));
  if(nn) {
     nn->data = data;
     nn->next = NULL;
  else {
     return;
  nn->next = s->top;
  s->top = nn;
  return;
char pop(stack *s) {
  node *p = s \rightarrow top;
  char data;
  if(is_empty(*s)) return '\0';
  s->top = s->top->next;
  data = p-> data;
  free(p);
  return data;
}
char peek(stack s) {
  return s.top->data;
}
paranthesis_matching.c
#include <stdio.h>
#include "int_stack/stack.h"
int is_matching_pair(char opening, char closing) {
  return (opening == '(' && closing == ')') ||
       (opening == '[' && closing == ']') ||
       (opening == '{' && closing == '}');
}
int check_parenthesis(char *str) {
  stack st:
  init_stack(&st);
  int i = 0;
```

```
if(str[i] == '(' \parallel str[i] == '[' \parallel str[i] == '\{') \ \{
        push(&st, str[i]);
      }
     else {
        if(is_empty(st)) return 0;
        if(is_matching_pair(peek(st), str[i])){
           pop(&st);
        else {
           return 0;
      }
     i++;
  return is_empty(st);
}
int main() {
  char str[100];
  printf("Enter expresssion\n");
  scanf("%[\land \n]", str);
  if(check_parenthesis(str)) {
     printf("True\n");
   }
  else {
     printf("False\n");
  return 0;
}
output
 assignments git:(main) X gcc -Wall -c parenthesis_matching
assignments git:(main) X cc parenthesis_matching.o stack.o
                                        -Wall -c <u>parenthesis_matching.c</u> <u>char_stack/stack.c</u>
 assignments git:(main) x cc parenthesis matching.o stack.o -o parenthesis matching assignments git:(main) x ./parenthesis matching using stack
ter expresssion
)]{}{[()()]()}
                                     Given a string, reverse it using stack. For example "Dat
 assignments git:(main) x ./parenthesiscmatchingurtS ataD".
 er expresssion
 se
 assignments git:(main) X
                                       4 Convert a base 10 integer value to base 2
```

reverse_string.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include "char_stack/stack.h"
```

while(str[i]!='\0') {

```
void reverse_string(char *str) {
  stack st;
  init_stack(&st);
  int i = 0;
  while(str[i] != '\0') {
     push(&st, str[i]);
     i++;
  i = 0;
  while(!is_empty(st)) {
     str[i++] = pop(\&st);
  return;
}
int main() {
  char str[100];
  printf("Enter string\n");
  scanf("%[\land \n]", str);
  reverse_string(str);
  printf("%s\n", str);
  return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT

```
→ assignments git:(main) X gcc -Wall -c reverese string.c ./char_stack/stack.c
→ assignments git:(main) X cc reverese string.o stack.o -o reverese string
→ assignments git:(main) X ./reverese string
Enter string
Data Structures
serutcurtS ataD
→ assignments git:(main) X
```

decimal_to_binary.c

```
stack.h

typedef struct node {
   char data;
   struct node *next;
}node;

typedef struct stack {
   node *top;
}stack;
```

```
void init_stack(stack *s);
void push(stack *s, char data);
char pop(stack *s);
char peek(stack s);
int is_empty(stack s);
stack.c
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "stack.h"
#include inits.h>
void init_stack(stack *s) {
  s->top = NULL;
  return;
}
int is_empty(stack s) {
  if(s.top == NULL) {
     return 1;
  return 0;
}
void push(stack *s, char data) {
  node *nn = (node*)malloc(sizeof(node));
  if(nn) {
    nn->data = data;
     nn->next = NULL;
  }
  else {
     return;
  nn->next = s->top;
  s->top = nn;
  return;
}
char pop(stack *s) {
  node *p = s->top;
  char data;
  if(is_empty(*s)) return '\0';
  s->top = s->top->next;
  data = p-> data;
  free(p);
  return data;
}
char peek(stack s) {
```

```
return s.top->data;
}
covert_to_binary.c
#include <stdio.h>
#include "int_stack/stack.h"
int conver_to_binary(int num) {
  stack st;
  int bin = 0;
  init_stack(&st);
  while(num) {
     push(&st, num % 2);
     num /= 2;
  while(!is_empty(st)) {
     bin = bin * 10 + pop(&st);
  return bin;
}
int main() {
  int num, bin;
  printf("Enter number: \n");
  scanf("%d", &num);
  bin = conver to binary(num);
  printf("Number %d with base 2 is %d\n", num, bin);
  return 0;
}
  assignments git:(main) X gcc -Wall -c convert to binary.c ./int_stack/stack.c assignments git:(main) X cc convert to binary.o stack.o -o convert to binary assignments git:(main) X ./convert_to_binary
Enter number:
Number 8 with base 2 is 1000
→ assignments git:(main) X ./convert_to_binary
Enter number:
Number 24 with base 2 is 11000
→ assignments git:(main) X ./convert_to_binary
Enter number:
Number 7 with base 2 is 111
→ assignments git:(main) X
```