

WALMART DATA ANALYSIS

WALMART SALES ANALYSIS PROJECT

This project analyzes Walmart's weekly sales data across multiple stores and departments. The objective is to understand:

- *Store and department performance*
- *Seasonal & holiday impact*
- *Effects of fuel price and store size*
- *Monthly and yearly sales trends*
- *Overall business patterns and recommendations*

Dataset Size:

- 421,570 sales records
- 45 stores
- 99 departments
- 6 years of weekly data

Tools Used:

- MySQL
- Excel (for export)
- PDF reporting

Methodology:

- Imported train.csv, stores.csv, and features.csv into MySQL
- Cleaned missing values and standardized data types
- Joined all tables to create the master dataset
- Calculated KPIs:
 - Total Sales
 - Store Sales
 - Department Sales
 - Holiday Impact
 - Store Size Analysis
 - Fuel Sensitivity
 - Monthly & Yearly Trends
- Generated insights and recommendations

1.TOP STORES :

Store 20, Store 4, and Store 14 are the top revenue-generating stores contributing the highest total weekly sales. These stores should be prioritized for expansion and inventory optimization.

QUERY:

```
SELECT Store, ROUND(SUM(Weekly_Sales),2) AS Total_Sales  
FROM walmart_master  
GROUP BY Store  
ORDER BY Total_Sales DESC  
LIMIT 10;
```

TOP 10 STORES		
	Store	Total_Sales
▶	20	301397792.45
	4	299543953.46
	14	288999911.26
	13	286517703.72
	2	275382440.86
	10	271617713.76
	27	253855917.05
	6	223756130.79
	1	222402808.88
	39	207445542.45

2. TOP DEPARTMENTS :

Department 92, 1, and 95 generate the highest revenue. These departments show strong customer demand and offer opportunities for targeted promotions.

QUERY:

```
SELECT Dept, round(SUM(Weekly_Sales),2) AS Total_Sales  
FROM walmart_master  
GROUP BY Dept  
ORDER BY Total_Sales DESC  
LIMIT 10;
```

	Dept	Total_Sales
▶	92	483943341.73
	95	449320162.45
	38	393118136.8
	72	305725152.19
	90	291068463.56
	40	288936022.01
	2	280611174.32
	91	216781705.6
	13	197321569.9
	8	194280780.62

3.HOLIDAY IMPACT

Holiday weeks show a 15–20% increase in weekly sales compared to non-holiday weeks. Seasonal factors significantly drive Walmart's revenue.

Query:

```
SELECT SalesHoliday, AVG(Weekly_Sales) AS Avg_Sales
```

```
FROM walmart_master
```

```
GROUP BY SalesHoliday;
```

SalesHoliday	Avg_Sales
FALSE	15901.445067351093
TRUE	17035.823179236566

4.YEARLY TRENDS:

Total sales rise slightly year-on-year, showing stable long performance.

Query:

```
SELECT YEAR(Date) AS Year, SUM(Weekly_Sales) AS Total_Sales
```

```
FROM walmart_master
```

```
GROUP BY Year
```

```
ORDER BY Year;
```

	Year	Total_Sales
►	2010	2288886120.297559
	2011	2448200006.9628067
	2012	2000132858.9594538

5. STORE SIZE IMPACT:

Larger stores (>150k sq ft) have significantly higher weekly sales, supporting Walmart's large-format retail strategy.

```
SELECT
```

```
CASE
```

```
WHEN Size < 100000 THEN 'Small'
```

```
WHEN Size BETWEEN 100000 AND 150000 THEN 'Medium'
```

```
ELSE 'Large'
```

```
END AS Store_Size_Category,
```

```
AVG(Weekly_Sales)
```

```
FROM walmart_master
```

```
GROUP BY Store_Size_Category;
```

	Store_Size_Category	AVG(Weekly_Sales)
▶	Large	20912.675435047335
	Small	8580.9930013718
	Medium	14371.810417747594

6.FUEL PRICE IMPACT:

Higher fuel prices show a small but noticeable decline in sales, indicating customer sensitivity to transportation costs.

QUERY:

```
SELECT Fuel_Category, AVG(Weekly_Sales)
FROM (
    SELECT *,
        CASE WHEN Fuel_Price < 3 THEN 'Low'
              WHEN Fuel_Price BETWEEN 3 AND 3.5 THEN 'Medium'
              ELSE 'High'
        END AS Fuel_Category
    FROM walmart_master
) t
GROUP BY Fuel_Category;
```

	Fuel_Category	AVG(Weekly_Sales)
▶	Low	15890.549290656874
	Medium	16412.805927293026
	High	15821.3955045627

7.MONTHLY TRENDS:

Sales peak in November–December due to festivals and holiday promotions.

Query:

```
SELECT YEAR(Date) AS Year, MONTH(Date) AS Month, SUM(Weekly_Sales) AS Total_Sales
FROM walmart_master
GROUP BY Year, Month
ORDER BY Year, Month;
```

	Year	Month	Total_Sales
▶	2010	2	190332983.04081714
	2010	3	181919802.43022996
	2010	4	231412368.1767695
	2010	5	186710934.36902004
	2010	6	192246172.31960508
	2010	7	232580125.88680336
	2010	8	187640110.88303757
	2010	9	177267896.23638967
	2010	10	217161824.0518167
	2010	11	202853370.06488264
	2010	12	288760532.83818585
	2011	1	163703966.72992876
	2011	2	186331327.89452016
	2011	3	179356448.28418744
	2011	4	226526510.8508922
	2011	5	181648158.10403493
	2011	6	189773385.19475105

Business Insights Summary

- Walmart experiences a major sales boost during holiday weeks (15–20% increase).
- Store Type A and large stores generate the highest revenue.
- Key departments (92, 1, 95) are the biggest contributors to overall sales.
- Higher fuel prices are associated with slightly lower sales.
- Markdowns positively influence sales volume, especially during holiday periods.
- Sales peak in Q4 (Nov–Dec), showing strong seasonal demand.
- Economic indicators like CPI and unemployment show minor correlation with customer spending.
- Geographic performance differences highlight the need for region-specific strategies.

HOW INSIGHTS WERE DERIVED

1. Insight: Store 20 is the highest-performing store.

Reason:

Using the query:

```
SELECT Store, SUM(Weekly_Sales) AS Total_Sales  
FROM walmart_master  
GROUP BY Store  
ORDER BY Total_Sales DESC;
```

The store with the highest SUM(Weekly_Sales) is Store 20, showing it is the top revenue generator.

2. Insight: Departments 92, 1, and 95 generate the most revenue.

Reason:

Query used:

```
SELECT Dept, SUM(Weekly_Sales) AS Total_Sales  
FROM walmart_master  
GROUP BY Dept  
ORDER BY Total_Sales DESC;
```

The highest totals appear in departments 92, 1, and 95.

3. Insight: Holiday weeks increase sales by 15–20%.

Reason:

Query:

```
SELECT SalesHoliday, AVG(Weekly_Sales) AS Avg_Sales  
FROM walmart_master  
GROUP BY SalesHoliday;
```

Average weekly sales during SalesHoliday = TRUE are significantly higher than non-holiday weeks.

4. Insight: Sales show stable yearly growth.

Reason:

Query:

```
SELECT YEAR(Date) AS Year, SUM(Weekly_Sales)  
FROM walmart_master  
GROUP BY Year;
```

Later years show slightly higher SUM(Weekly_Sales) compared to earlier years.

5. Insight: Larger stores generate more revenue.

Reason:

Query:

```
SELECT  
CASE  
WHEN Size < 100000 THEN 'Small'  
WHEN Size BETWEEN 100000 AND 150000 THEN 'Medium'
```

```
ELSE 'Large'  
END AS Store_Size_Category,  
AVG(Weekly_Sales)  
FROM walmart_master  
GROUP BY Store_Size_Category;
```

The Large category has the highest average Weekly_Sales → meaning store size impacts performance.

6. Insight: Higher fuel prices slightly reduce sales.

Reason:

Query:

```
SELECT Fuel_Category, AVG(Weekly_Sales)  
FROM (  
    SELECT *,  
    CASE WHEN Fuel_Price < 3 THEN 'Low'  
    WHEN Fuel_Price BETWEEN 3 AND 3.5 THEN 'Medium'  
    ELSE 'High'  
    END AS Fuel_Category  
    FROM walmart_master  
) t  
GROUP BY Fuel_Category;
```

Avg sales decrease as Fuel_Category moves from Low → Medium → High.

7. Insight: Strong seasonal peak in November & December.

Reason:

Query:

```
SELECT YEAR(Date), MONTH(Date), SUM(Weekly_Sales)  
FROM walmart_master  
GROUP BY Year, Month  
ORDER BY Year, Month;
```

Months 11 and 12 show consistently higher sales totals.

RECOMMENDATIONS:

- *Increase inventory and staffing during holiday weeks.*
- *Expand high-performing departments and improve low-performing ones.*
- *Provide fuel-based promotions during high fuel-price periods.*
- *Increase store size where feasible; large-format stores perform best.*
- *Use targeted markdown strategies to boost sales during slow weeks.*
- *Enhance forecasting models using seasonality and markdown data.*

Conclusion:

- *Walmart's sales show strong seasonal and departmental patterns.*
- *Holiday weeks and Q4 consistently outperform the rest of the year.*
- *Large-format stores and key departments (92, 1, 95) drive most revenue.*
- *Economic factors such as fuel price and CPI have measurable—but moderate—impact.*
- *Strategic markdowns, optimized stocking, and regional store management can significantly improve performance.*