## a.) Proof by using mathematical method

```
1. Let f(x) = e^x - 2x - 2.

(a) Show that f(x) = 0 has a root in [-1,0].

Proof: We have f(x) = e^x - 2x - 2.

• x = -1 : f(-1) = e^1 - 2(-1) - 2 = \frac{1}{e} - 4 < 0.

• x = 0 : f(0) = e - 2(0) - 2 = e - 2 > 0.

=) f(-1) \times f(0) = (\frac{1}{e} - 4)(e - 2) < 0, then by, using intermediate value theorem, we have the function f(x) = 0 has a root in [-1,0].
```

## a.) Proof by using code implementation

```
In [1]:
          1 import math as mt
          2 def verify(a,b):
              y1 = mt.exp(-a)-2*a-2
             y2 = mt.exp(-b)-2*b-2
if(y1*y2<0):
          5
                print(f'f(x) = 0 has a root in the interval[{a,b}]')
          7
          8
                 print(f'f(x) has not a root in the interval[{a,b}]')
          9
               return
         10
            if __name__ == "__main__":
         11
         12
              verify(-1,0)
```

f(x) = 0 has a root in the interval[(-1, 0)]

(b) Perform 10 iterations using bisection method.

```
In [9]:
                       1
                             import pandas as pd
                       2
                             def bisection(f, x0, x1, e):
                       3
                                      step = 1
                      4
                                      condition = True
                       5
                                      df = pd.DataFrame(data={'x':[x0], 'f(x)':[f(x0)]}) #
                       6
                                      while condition:
                       7
                                               if step < 11:</pre>
                       8
                                                        x2 = (x0 + x1) / 2
                                                         print(f'Step:{step}, p{step} = {x2:8.16f} and f(p{step}) = {f(x)}
                       9
                     10
                                                        if f(x0) * f(x2) < 0:
                     11
                                                                  x1 = x2
                     12
                                                        else:
                     13
                                                                  x0 = x2
                                                        df.loc[step] = \{'x':x0, 'f(x0)':f(x0)\} # use it to test afterwards | f(x0)| | f(x0
                     14
                    15
                                                         step = step + 1
                     16
                                                         condition = abs(f(x2)) > e
                    17
                                               else:
                    18
                                                        break
                    19
                                      print(f'\nRequired root is : {x2:0.16f}')
                     20
                     21
                                      return df
                            if __name__ == "__main__":
                     22
                     23
                                      import math as mt
                     24
                                      def f(x): return mt.exp(x)-2*x-2
                     25
                                      df = bisection(f=f,x0=-1,x1=0,e=1.0e-16)
                   Step:7, p7 = -0.77343750000000000 and f(p7) = 0.0082991933323440
                   Step:8, p8 = -0.76953125000000000 and f(p8) = 0.0022926565630828
                   Step:9, p9 = -0.7675781250000000 and f(p9) = -0.0007079629204707
                   Step:10, p10 = -0.7685546875000000 and f(p10) = 0.0007921257201233
```

(c) Perform bisection iterations until  $|f(p)| < 10^{-4}$ .

Required root is : -0.7685546875000000

```
In [18]:
              import pandas as pd
             def bisection(f, x0, x1, e):
           2
           3
                  step = 1
           4
                  condition = True
                  df = pd.DataFrame(data=\{'x':[x0],'f(x)':[f(x0)]\}) \#
           5
                  while condition:
           6
           7
                      x2 = (x0 + x1) / 2
                      if abs(f(x2)) < 10**(-4):
           8
                          print(f'Step:{step}, p{step} = {x2:8.16f} and f(p{step}) = {f(x)}
           9
          10
                      if f(x0) * f(x2) < 0:
          11
                          x1 = x2
                      else:
          12
          13
                          x0 = x2
                      df.loc[step] = {'x':x0, 'f(x0)':f(x0)} # use it to test afterward
          14
          15
                      step = step + 1
                      condition = abs(f(x2)) > e
          16
          17
                  print(f'\nRequired root is : {x2:0.16f}')
          18
                 return df
          19 if __name__ == "__main__":
                  import math as mt
          20
          21
                  def f(x): return mt.exp(x)-2*x-2
                  df = bisection(f=f,x0=-1,x1=0,e=1.0e-16)
          22
```

```
Step:11, p11 = -0.7680664062500000 and f(p11) = 0.0000420260975376
Step:14, p14 = -0.7680053710937500 and f(p14) = -0.0000517285795090
Step:15, p15 = -0.7680358886718750 and f(p15) = -0.0000048514570170
Step:16, p16 = -0.7680511474609375 and f(p16) = 0.0000185872662533
Step:17, p17 = -0.7680435180664062 and f(p17) = 0.0000068678911163
Step:18, p18 = -0.7680397033691406 and f(p18) = 0.0000010082136743
Step:19, p19 = -0.7680377960205078 and f(p19) = -0.0000019216225151
Step:20, p20 = -0.7680387496948242 and f(p20) = -0.00000004567046314
Step:21, p21 = -0.7680392265319824 and f(p21) = 0.0000002757544686
Step:22, p22 = -0.7680389881134033 and f(p22) = -0.0000000904750945
Step:23, p23 = -0.7680391073226929 and f(p23) = 0.0000000926396839
Step:24, p24 = -0.7680390477180481 and f(p24) = 0.0000000010822938
Step:25, p25 = -0.7680390179157257 and f(p25) = -0.00000000446964006
Step:26, p26 = -0.7680390328168869 and f(p26) = -0.00000000218070535
Step:27, p27 = -0.7680390402674675 and f(p27) = -0.0000000103623798
Step:28, p28 = -0.7680390439927578 and f(p28) = -0.00000000046400430
Step:29, p29 = -0.7680390458554029 and f(p29) = -0.00000000017788746
Step:30, p30 = -0.7680390467867255 and f(p30) = -0.00000000003482903
Step:31, p31 = -0.7680390472523868 and f(p31) = 0.0000000003670015
Step:32, p32 = -0.7680390470195562 and f(p32) = 0.0000000000093556
Step:33, p33 = -0.7680390469031408 and f(p33) = -0.00000000001694673
Step:34, p34 = -0.7680390469613485 and f(p34) = -0.00000000000800560
Step:35, p35 = -0.7680390469904523 and f(p35) = -0.00000000000353502
Step:36, p36 = -0.7680390470050042 and f(p36) = -0.00000000000129972
Step:37, p37 = -0.7680390470122802 and f(p37) = -0.00000000000018208
Step:38, p38 = -0.7680390470159182 and f(p38) = 0.0000000000037677
Step:39, p39 = -0.7680390470140992 and f(p39) = 0.00000000000009734
Step:40, p40 = -0.7680390470131897 and f(p40) = -0.000000000000004237
Step:41, p41 = -0.7680390470136444 and f(p41) = 0.000000000000002749
Step:42, p42 = -0.7680390470134171 and f(p42) = -0.00000000000000746
Step:43, p43 = -0.7680390470135308 and f(p43) = 0.00000000000001004
Step:44, p44 = -0.7680390470134739 and f(p44) = 0.00000000000000129
Step:45, p45 = -0.7680390470134455 and f(p45) = -0.00000000000000309
Step:46, p46 = -0.7680390470134597 and f(p46) = -0.000000000000000089
Step:47, p47 = -0.7680390470134668 and f(p47) = 0.00000000000000018
Step:48, p48 = -0.7680390470134633 and f(p48) = -0.00000000000000036
Step:49, p49 = -0.7680390470134650 and f(p49) = -0.000000000000000000
Step:51, p51 = -0.7680390470134655 and f(p51) = 0.00000000000000000
```

Required root is : -0.7680390470134655

(d) Perform bisection iterations until  $|p - a| < 10^{-4}$ .

```
In [21]:
              import pandas as pd
             def bisection(f, x0, x1, e):
           2
           3
                  step = 1
           4
                  condition = True
                  df = pd.DataFrame(data=\{'x':[x0],'f(x)':[f(x0)]\}) \#
           5
                  while condition:
           6
           7
                      x2 = (x0 + x1) / 2
                      if abs(x2-x0) < 10**(-4):
           8
                          print(f'Step:{step}, p{step} = {x2:8.16f} and f(p{step}) = {f(x)}
           9
          10
                      if f(x0) * f(x2) < 0:
          11
                          x1 = x2
                      else:
          12
          13
                          x0 = x2
                      df.loc[step] = {'x':x0, 'f(x0)':f(x0)} # use it to test afterward
          14
          15
                      step = step + 1
                      condition = abs(f(x2)) > e
          16
          17
                  print(f'\nRequired root is : {x2:0.16f}')
          18
                 return df
          19 if __name__ == "__main__":
                  import math as mt
          20
          21
                  def f(x): return mt.exp(x)-2*x-2
                  df = bisection(f=f,x0=-1,x1=0,e=1.0e-16)
          22
```

```
Step:14, p14 = -0.7680053710937500 and f(p14) = -0.0000517285795090
Step:15, p15 = -0.7680358886718750 and f(p15) = -0.0000048514570170
Step:16, p16 = -0.7680511474609375 and f(p16) = 0.0000185872662533
Step:17, p17 = -0.7680435180664062 and f(p17) = 0.0000068678911163
Step:18, p18 = -0.7680397033691406 and f(p18) = 0.0000010082136743
Step:19, p19 = -0.7680377960205078 and f(p19) = -0.0000019216225151
Step:20, p20 = -0.7680387496948242 and f(p20) = -0.00000004567046314
Step:21, p21 = -0.7680392265319824 and f(p21) = 0.0000002757544686
Step:22, p22 = -0.7680389881134033 and f(p22) = -0.0000000904750945
Step:23, p23 = -0.7680391073226929 and f(p23) = 0.00000000926396839
Step:24, p24 = -0.7680390477180481 and f(p24) = 0.0000000010822938
Step: 25, p25 = -0.7680390179157257 and f(p25) = -0.00000000446964006
Step:26, p26 = -0.7680390328168869 and f(p26) = -0.00000000218070535
Step:27, p27 = -0.7680390402674675 and f(p27) = -0.0000000103623798
Step:28, p28 = -0.7680390439927578 and f(p28) = -0.00000000046400430
Step:29, p29 = -0.7680390458554029 and f(p29) = -0.00000000017788746
Step:30, p30 = -0.7680390467867255 and f(p30) = -0.0000000003482903
Step:31, p31 = -0.7680390472523868 and f(p31) = 0.0000000003670015
Step:32, p32 = -0.7680390470195562 and f(p32) = 0.0000000000093556
Step:33, p33 = -0.7680390469031408 and f(p33) = -0.00000000001694673
Step:34, p34 = -0.7680390469613485 and f(p34) = -0.00000000000800560
Step:35, p35 = -0.7680390469904523 and f(p35) = -0.00000000000353502
Step:36, p36 = -0.7680390470050042 and f(p36) = -0.0000000000129972
Step:37, p37 = -0.7680390470122802 and f(p37) = -0.0000000000018208
Step:38, p38 = -0.7680390470159182 and f(p38) = 0.00000000000037677
Step:39, p39 = -0.7680390470140992 and f(p39) = 0.00000000000009734
Step:40, p40 = -0.7680390470131897 and f(p40) = -0.000000000000004237
Step:41, p41 = -0.7680390470136444 and f(p41) = 0.00000000000002749
Step:42, p42 = -0.7680390470134171 and f(p42) = -0.00000000000000746
Step:43, p43 = -0.7680390470135308 and f(p43) = 0.00000000000001004
Step:44, p44 = -0.7680390470134739 and f(p44) = 0.000000000000000129
Step:45, p45 = -0.7680390470134455 and f(p45) = -0.000000000000000309
Step:46, p46 = -0.7680390470134597 and f(p46) = -0.000000000000000089
Step:47, p47 = -0.7680390470134668 and f(p47) = 0.000000000000000018
Step:48, p48 = -0.7680390470134633 and f(p48) = -0.00000000000000036
Step:49, p49 = -0.7680390470134650 and f(p49) = -0.00000000000000000
Step:50, p50 = -0.7680390470134659 and f(p50) = 0.00000000000000004
Step:51, p51 = -0.7680390470134655 and f(p51) = 0.00000000000000000
```

Required root is: -0.7680390470134655