7: Crafting Reports

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LESSON OBJECTIVES

- 1. Describe the purpose of using R Markdown as a communication and workflow tool
- 2. Incorporate Markdown syntax into documents
- 3. Communicate the process and findings of an analysis session in the style of a report

USE OF R STUDIO & R MARKDOWN SO FAR...

- 1. Write code
- 2. Document that code
- 3. Generate PDFs of code and its outputs
- 4. Integrate with Git/GitHub for version control

BASIC R MARKDOWN DOCUMENT STRUCTURE

- 1. YAML Header surrounded by on top and bottom
 - YAML templates include options for html, pdf, word, markdown, and interactive
 - More information on formatting the YAML header can be found in the cheat sheet

- 2. R Code Chunks surrounded by "on top and bottom + Create usingCmd/Ctrl+Alt+I'
 - Can be named {r name} to facilitate navigation and autoreferencing
 - Chunk options allow for flexibility when the code runs and when the document is knitted
- 3. Text with formatting options for readability in knitted document

RESOURCES

Handy cheat sheets for R markdown can be found: here, and here.

There's also a quick reference available via the Help-Markdown Quick Reference menu.

Lastly, this website give a great & thorough overview.

THE KNITTING PROCESS

• The knitting sequence



- Knitting commands in code chunks:
 - include = FALSE code is run, but neither code nor results appear in knitted file
 - echo = FALSE code not included in knitted file, but results are
 - eval = FALSE code is not run in the knitted file
 - message = FALSE messages do not appear in knitted file
 - warning = FALSE warnings do not appear...
 - fig.cap = "..." adds a caption to graphical results

WHAT ELSE CAN R MARKDOWN DO?

See: https://rmarkdown.rstudio.com and class recording.

- Languages other than R...
- Various outputs...

WHY R MARKDOWN?

Fill in our discussion below with bullet points. Use italics and bold for emphasis (hint: use the cheat sheets or $Help \rightarrow Markdown$ Quick Reference to figure out how to make bold and italic text).

- R Markdown is limited to one language many languages
- (Add more bullets here)

TEXT EDITING CHALLENGE

Create a table below that details the example datasets we have been using in class. The first column should contain the names of the datasets and the second column should include some relevant information about the datasets. (Hint: use the cheat sheets to figure out how to make a table in Rmd)

File name	Description		
NWIS_SiteInfo_NE_RAW.csv	NWIS Site Information		
NTL-LTER_Lake_Carbon_Raw.csv	NTL LTER Lake: Carbon data		

R CHUNK EDITING CHALLENGE

Installing packages

Create an R chunk below that installs the package knitr. Instead of commenting out the code, customize the chunk options such that the code is not evaluated (i.e., not run).

```
install('knitr')
install.packages('knitr')
```

Setup

Create an R chunk below called "setup" that loads the packages tidyverse, lubridate, here, and knitr and sets a ggplot theme. Remember that you need to disable R throwing a message, which contains a check mark that cannot be knitted.

```
#Load packages
library(tidyverse)
library(lubridate)
library(knitr)
library(here)

#Set theme
my_theme <- theme_light() +
   theme(axis.line = element_line(color = "lightblue"))</pre>
theme_set(my_theme)
```

In a new code chunk named "load data", load the NTL-LTER_Lake_Nutrients_Raw dataset, convert dates, display the head of the dataset, and set the date column to a date format. Customize the chunk options such that the code is run but is not displayed in the knitted document. The output, however, should be displayed.

```
##
     lakeid lakename year4 daynum sampledate depth id depth tn ug tp ug nh34 no23
## 1
          L Paul Lake 1991
                               140 1991-05-20
                                                      1
                                                         0.00
                                                                538
                                                                       25
                                                                            NA
                                                                                  NA
## 2
                                                      2
                                                         0.85
                                                                285
          L Paul Lake 1991
                               140 1991-05-20
                                                                       14
                                                                            NA
                                                                                  NA
                                                                       14
## 3
          L Paul Lake 1991
                               140 1991-05-20
                                                      3 1.75
                                                                399
                                                                            NA
                                                                                  NA
## 4
          L Paul Lake 1991
                               140 1991-05-20
                                                      4
                                                        3.00
                                                                453
                                                                       14
                                                                            NA
                                                                                  NA
## 5
          L Paul Lake 1991
                               140 1991-05-20
                                                      5
                                                        4.00
                                                                363
                                                                       13
                                                                            NA
                                                                                  NA
## 6
          L Paul Lake 1991
                               140 1991-05-20
                                                      6
                                                         6.00
                                                                583
                                                                       37
                                                                            NA
                                                                                  NA
     po4 comments
##
## 1
     NA
## 2
     NA
## 3 NA
## 4 NA
## 5
     NA
## 6 NA
```

Data Exploration, Wrangling, and Visualization

Create an R chunk below to create a processed dataset do the following operations:

• Include all columns except lakeid, depth_id, and comments

- Include only surface samples (depth = 0 m)
- Drop rows with missing data

Tuesday Lake

West Long Lake

```
#Wrangle the data
ntl.lter.processed <- ntl.lter.raw %>%
select(-c(lakeid,depth_id,comments)) %>% #Subset columns
filter(depth == 0) %>% #Select only surface samples
drop_na() #Drop rows with missing data
```

Create a second R chunk to create a summary dataset with the mean, minimum, maximum, and standard deviation of total nitrogen concentrations for each lake. Create a second summary dataset that is identical except that it evaluates total phosphorus. Customize the chunk options such that the code is run but not displayed in the final document.

Create a third R chunk that uses the function kable in the knitr package to display two tables: one for the summary dataframe for total N and one for the summary dataframe of total P. Use the caption = " " code within that function to title your tables. Customize the chunk options such that the final table is displayed but not the code used to generate the table.

lakename	mean_tn_ug	min_tn_ug	max_tn_ug	sd_tn_ug
Central Long Lake	690.0469	343.020	953.063	209.09341
Crampton Lake	362.6813	353.380	376.304	12.05748
East Long Lake	810.7834	380.620	2608.956	335.41457
Hummingbird Lake	1036.6695	779.053	1221.960	204.36889
Paul Lake	368.7564	45.670	628.625	106.34741
Peter Lake	561.8752	219.720	2048.151	305.64909

Table 2: Surface Samples: Total Nitrogen

Table 3:	Surface	Samples:	Total	Phosp	horous

423.5605

762.6017

237.363

303.170

78.84522

402.95992

554.418

2870.302

lakename	mean_tp_ug	min_tp_ug	max_tp_ug	sd_tp_ug
Central Long Lake	21.70981	8.190	37.270	7.076388
Crampton Lake	11.16033	5.803	15.555	4.946759
East Long Lake	29.28984	8.000	101.050	17.375710
Hummingbird Lake	36.21925	32.765	42.119	4.146717
Paul Lake	10.45606	1.222	36.070	4.805142
Peter Lake	18.39153	0.000	64.383	10.976205
Tuesday Lake	11.71853	6.325	18.663	3.044289
West Long Lake	19.82981	2.690	63.243	10.541276

Create a fourth and fifth R chunk that generates two plots (one in each chunk): one for total N over time with different colors for each lake, and one with the same setup but for total P. Decide which geom option will be appropriate for your purpose, and select a color palette that is visually pleasing and accessible. Customize the chunk options such that the final figures are displayed but not the code used to generate the figures. In addition, customize the chunk options such that the figures are aligned on the left side of the page. Lastly, add a fig.cap chunk option to add a caption (title) to your plot that will display underneath the figure.

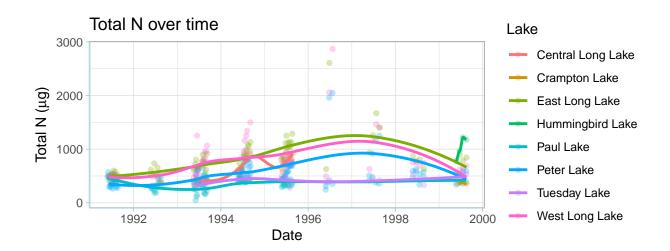


Figure 1: Total Nitrogen

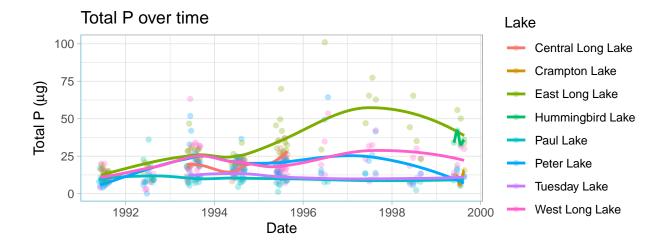


Figure 2: Total Phosphorous

Communicating results

Write a paragraph describing your findings from the R coding challenge above. This should be geared toward an educated audience but one that is not necessarily familiar with the dataset. Then insert a horizontal rule below the paragraph. Below the horizontal rule, write another paragraph describing the next steps you might take in analyzing this dataset. What questions might you be able to answer, and what analyses would you conduct to answer those questions?

KNIT YOUR PDF

When you have completed the above steps, try knitting your PDF to see if all of the formatting options you specified turned out as planned. This may take some troubleshooting.

OTHER R MARKDOWN CUSTOMIZATION OPTIONS

We have covered the basics in class today, but R Markdown offers many customization options. A word of caution: customizing templates will often require more interaction with LaTeX and installations on your computer, so be ready to troubleshoot issues.

Customization options for pdf output include:

- Table of contents
- Number sections
- Control default size of figures
- Citations
- Template (more info here)

pdf document:

toc: true

number sections: true

fig_height: 3 fig_width: 4

citation_package: natbib

template: