

Welcome! You are now in DataLab.

You successfully completed your project and are looking for some additional related challenges. This DataLab workbook contains the official solution from our curriculum staff, along with Additional Challenges at the bottom. If you would like a quick overview of DataLab, please refer to the help menu. You can easily share your project with your friends and colleagues when you're done.

Good luck with your additional challenges!

You're working for a company that sells motorcycle parts, and they've asked for some help in analyzing their sales data!

They operate three warehouses in the area, selling both retail and wholesale. They offer a variety of parts and accept credit cards, cash, and bank transfer as payment methods. However, each payment type incurs a different fee.

The board of directors wants to gain a better understanding of wholesale revenue by product line, and how this varies month-to-month and across warehouses. You have been tasked with calculating net revenue for each product line and grouping results by month and warehouse. The results should be filtered so that only "Wholesale" orders are included.

They have provided you with access to their database, which contains the following table called `sales`:

Sales

Column	Data type	Description
<code>order_number</code>	<code>VARCHAR</code>	Unique order number.
<code>date</code>	<code>DATE</code>	Date of the order, from June to August 2021.
<code>warehouse</code>	<code>VARCHAR</code>	The warehouse that the order was made from— <code>North</code> , <code>Central</code> , or <code>West</code> .
<code>client_type</code>	<code>VARCHAR</code>	Whether the order was <code>Retail</code> or <code>Wholesale</code> .
<code>product_line</code>	<code>VARCHAR</code>	Type of product ordered.
<code>quantity</code>	<code>INT</code>	Number of products ordered.
<code>unit_price</code>	<code>FLOAT</code>	Price per product (dollars).
<code>total</code>	<code>FLOAT</code>	Total price of the order (dollars).
<code>payment</code>	<code>VARCHAR</code>	Payment method— <code>Credit card</code> , <code>Transfer</code> , or <code>Cash</code> .
<code>payment_fee</code>	<code>FLOAT</code>	Percentage of <code>total</code> charged as a result of the <code>payment</code> method.

Your query output should be presented in the following format:

product_line	month	warehouse	net_revenue
product_one	---	---	---
product_one	---	---	---
product_one	---	---	---
product_one	---	---	---
product_one	---	---	---
product_one	---	---	---
product_two	---	---	---
...



-- Start coding here

```
SELECT product_line,
       CASE WHEN EXTRACT('month' from date) = 6 THEN 'June'
            WHEN EXTRACT('month' from date) = 7 THEN 'July'
            WHEN EXTRACT('month' from date) = 8 THEN 'August'
       END as month,
       warehouse,
       SUM(total) - SUM(payment_fee) AS net_revenue
FROM sales
WHERE client_type = 'Wholesale'
GROUP BY product_line, warehouse, month
ORDER BY product_line, month, net_revenue DESC
```

i.	...	⌵	product_line	...	⬆	month	...	⬆	wareho...	...	⬆	net_reve...	...	⬆
0			Braking system			August			Central			3039.41		
1			Braking system			August			West			2500.67		
2			Braking system			August			North			1770.84		
3			Braking system			July			Central			3778.65		
4			Braking system			July			West			3060.93		
5			Braking system			July			North			2594.44		
6			Braking system			June			Central			3684.89		
7			Braking system			June			North			1487.77		
8			Braking system			June			West			1212.75		
9			Electrical system			August			North			4721.12		
10			Electrical system			August			Central			3126.43		
11			Electrical system			August			West			1241.84		
12			Electrical system			July			Central			5577.62		
13			Electrical system			July			North			1710.13		
14			Electrical system			July			West			449.46		
15			Electrical system			June			Central			2904.93		

Rows: 48

[↗ Expand](#)



Projects Data DataFrame as revenue_by_product_line

```
WITH month_etc AS (
  SELECT order_number, date_part('month', date) AS month_start
  FROM sales
)
SELECT product_line,
  CASE WHEN month_start = 6 THEN 'June'
  WHEN month_start = 7 THEN 'July'
  ELSE 'August' END AS month,
  warehouse,
  SUM(total-payment-fee) AS net_revenue
FROM sales s LEFT JOIN month_etc m ON s.order_number = m.order_number
WHERE client_type = 'Wholesale'
GROUP BY product_line, month, warehouse
ORDER BY product_line ASC, month DESC, net_revenue DESC;
```

in...	...	product_li...	...	month	...	wareh...	...	net_rev...	...
0		Braking system		June		Central		3684.89	
1		Braking system		June		North		1487.77	
2		Braking system		June		West		1212.75	
3		Braking system		July		Central		3778.65	
4		Braking system		July		West		3060.93	
5		Braking system		July		North		2594.44	
6		Braking system		August		Central		3039.41	
7		Braking system		August		West		2500.67	
8		Braking system		August		North		1770.84	
9		Electrical system		June		Central		2904.93	
10		Electrical system		June		North		2022.5	
11		Electrical system		July		Central		5577.62	
12		Electrical system		July		North		1710.13	
13		Electrical system		July		West		449.46	
14		Electrical system		August		North		4721.12	
15		Electrical system		August		Central		3126.43	

Rows: 48

[Expand](#)

Extended Project below

The finance team is exploring ways to reduce transaction costs and improve profitability. They've asked you to determine the most profitable payment method for each warehouse in each month. Calculate the net revenue for each payment method, grouped by warehouse and month, and identify the top payment method for each combination.



Projects Data DataFrame as top_payment_by_warehouse_month

```
WITH payment_summary AS (  
  SELECT payment,  
         CASE  
           WHEN EXTRACT('month' FROM date) = 6 THEN 'June'  
           WHEN EXTRACT('month' FROM date) = 7 THEN 'July'  
           ELSE 'August' END AS month,  
         warehouse,  
         SUM(total-payment-fee) AS net_revenue  
  FROM sales  
  GROUP BY payment, month, warehouse)  
  
(  
  SELECT * FROM payment_summary  
  WHERE month = 'June' AND warehouse = 'Central'  
  ORDER BY net_revenue DESC  
  LIMIT 1  
)  
UNION  
(  
  SELECT * FROM payment_summary  
  WHERE month = 'June' AND warehouse = 'North'  
  ORDER BY net_revenue DESC  
  LIMIT 1  
)  
UNION  
(  
  SELECT * FROM payment_summary  
  WHERE month = 'June' AND warehouse = 'West'  
  ORDER BY net_revenue DESC  
  LIMIT 1  
)  
UNION  
(  
  SELECT * FROM payment_summary  
  WHERE month = 'July' AND warehouse = 'Central'  
  ORDER BY net_revenue DESC  
  LIMIT 1  
)  
UNION  
(  
  SELECT * FROM payment_summary  
  WHERE month = 'July' AND warehouse = 'North'  
  ORDER BY net_revenue DESC  
  LIMIT 1  
)  
UNION
```

```

(
    SELECT * FROM payment_summary
    WHERE month = 'July' AND warehouse = 'West'
    ORDER BY net_revenue DESC
    LIMIT 1
)
UNION
(
    SELECT * FROM payment_summary
    WHERE month = 'August' AND warehouse = 'Central'
    ORDER BY net_revenue DESC
    LIMIT 1
)
UNION
(
    SELECT * FROM payment_summary
    WHERE month = 'August' AND warehouse = 'North'
    ORDER BY net_revenue DESC
    LIMIT 1
)
UNION
(
    SELECT * FROM payment_summary
    WHERE month = 'August' AND warehouse = 'West'
    ORDER BY net_revenue DESC
    LIMIT 1
)
ORDER BY month DESC, warehouse

```

in...	...	↑↓	payment	...	↑↓	month	...	↑↓	warehouse	...	↑↓	net_reve...	...
	0		Transfer			June			Central			23453	
	1		Transfer			June			North			17000	
	2		Transfer			June			West			8645	
	3		Transfer			July			Central			23893	
	4		Transfer			July			North			17585	
	5		Transfer			July			West			7606	
	6		Transfer			August			Central			315	
	7		Transfer			August			North			23480	
	8		Transfer			August			West			6466	

Rows: 9

[↗ Expand](#)



Projects Data DataFrame as net_revenue_by_warehouse_month

```
SELECT payment,
       CASE
         WHEN EXTRACT('month' FROM date) = 6 THEN 'June'
         WHEN EXTRACT('month' FROM date) = 7 THEN 'July'
         ELSE 'August' END AS month,
       warehouse,
       SUM(total-payment-fee) AS net_revenue
FROM sales
GROUP BY payment, month, warehouse
ORDER BY month DESC, warehouse, net_revenue DESC
```

i..	...	↑↓	payment	...	↑↓	month	...	↑↓	warehouse	...	↑↓	net_reve...	...	↑↓
	0		Transfer			June			Central			23453		▲
	1		Credit card			June			Central			18888		
	2		Cash			June			Central			1784		
	3		Transfer			June			North			17000		
	4		Credit card			June			North			13180		
	5		Cash			June			North			3135		
	6		Transfer			June			West			8645		
	7		Credit card			June			West			6924		
	8		Cash			June			West			230		
	9		Transfer			July			Central			23893		
	10		Credit card			July			Central			21241		
	11		Cash			July			Central			3130		
	12		Transfer			July			North			17585		
	13		Credit card			July			North			10338		
	14		Cash			July			North			1196		
	15		Transfer			July			West			7606		▼

Rows: 27

↗ Expand

The marketing team is planning a targeted campaign and wants to know the most popular product lines for retail and wholesale customers.

They have given you the task to find the top 3 most ordered product lines for each client type.



Projects Data

DataFrame as top_3_most_ordered_product_line:

```
(
    SELECT client_type, product_line, COUNT(order_number) AS total_order
    FROM sales
    WHERE client_type = 'Retail'
    GROUP BY client_type, product_line
    ORDER BY client_type, total_order DESC
    LIMIT 3
)
UNION
(
    SELECT client_type, product_line, COUNT(order_number) AS total_order
    FROM sales
    WHERE client_type = 'Wholesale'
    GROUP BY client_type, product_line
    ORDER BY client_type, total_order DESC
    LIMIT 3
)
ORDER BY client_type, total_order DESC
```

in...	...	↑↓	client_type	...	↑↓	product_line	...	↑↓	total_or...	...	↑↓
		0	Retail			Suspension & traction			177		
		1	Retail			Braking system			175		
		2	Retail			Electrical system			155		
		3	Wholesale			Braking system			55		
		4	Wholesale			Suspension & traction			51		
		5	Wholesale			Electrical system			38		

Rows: 6

[↗ Expand](#)



Projects Data

DataFrame as order_quantity_by_product_line_c

```
SELECT client_type, product_line, COUNT(order_number) AS total_order
FROM sales
GROUP BY client_type, product_line
ORDER BY client_type, total_order DESC
```

i...	...	≡↑	client_type	...	↑↓	product_line	...	↑↓	total_order	...	↑↓
		0	Retail			Suspension & traction			177		
		1	Retail			Braking system			175		
		2	Retail			Electrical system			155		
		3	Retail			Frame & body			128		
		4	Retail			Miscellaneous			92		
		5	Retail			Engine			48		
		6	Wholesale			Braking system			55		
		7	Wholesale			Suspension & traction			51		
		8	Wholesale			Frame & body			38		
		9	Wholesale			Electrical system			38		
		10	Wholesale			Miscellaneous			30		
		11	Wholesale			Engine			13		

Rows: 12

Expand