

Diego Pacheco

#### About Me



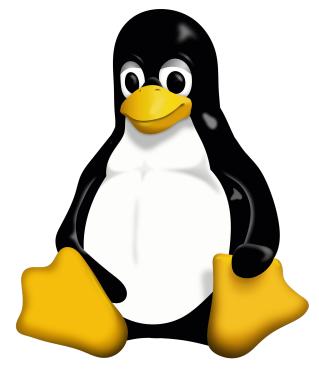
- Cat's Father
- Principal Software Architect
- Agile Coach
- SOA/Microservices Expert
- DevOps Practitioner
- Speaker
- Author
- diegopacheco
- gdiego\_pacheco
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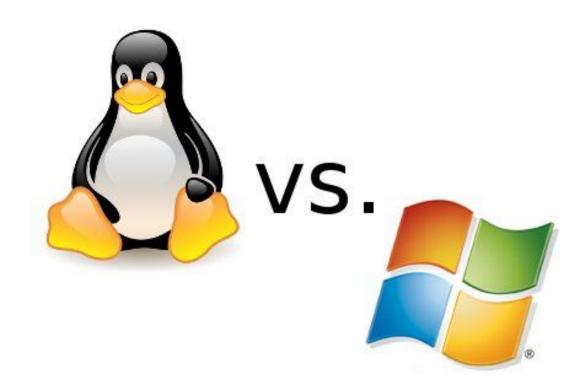


Linus Torvalds

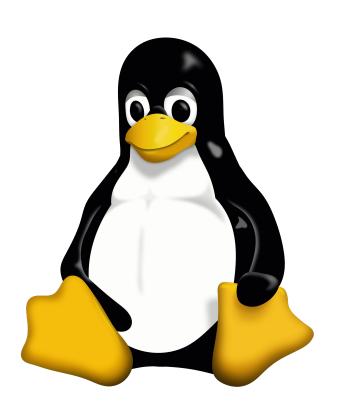


TUX - 1991

## Linux vs Windows

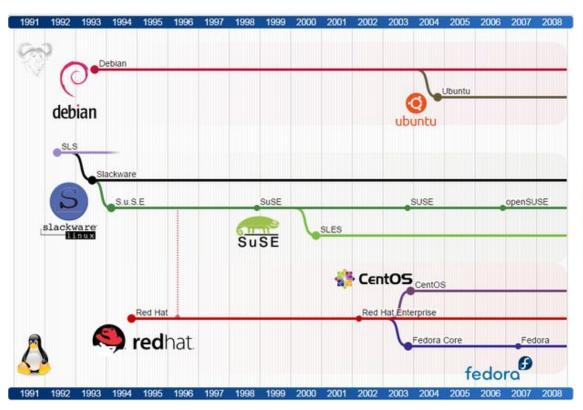


# Microsoft Linux



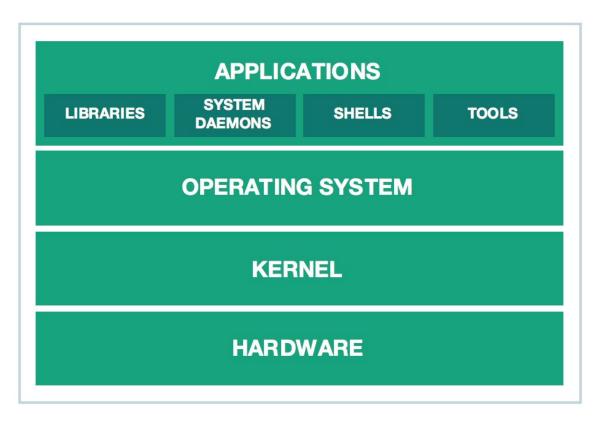
- □ FOSS
- Everything runs in Linux: PRODUCTION.
- Super Stable
- Cloud Vendors
- Software is MADE for LINUX.
- ☐ Linux is the BASE for DevOps Engineering
- Best way to learn is using it.
- Distributions
  - Ubuntu
  - CentOS / Amazon Linux
  - □ RHEL
  - **.**..

### Distributions Timeline



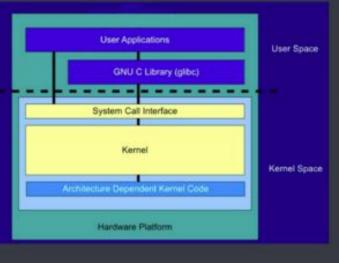


### Linux Architecture



#### Isolation

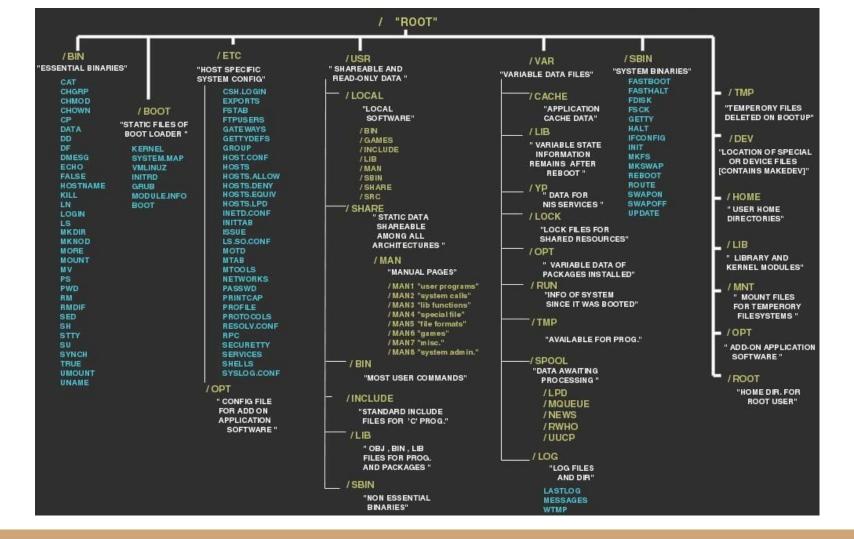
# KERNEL VS. USER SPACE



\* User space restricts
user programs so that
they can't accidentally
mess with the system.

\* Kernel space is
privileged and has full
access to memory and
resources.

bitly



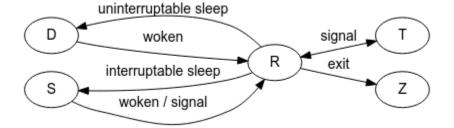
### **Permissions**

```
# ls -l file
 rw-r--r-- 1 root root 0 Nov 19 23:49 file
                          r = Readable
        Other (r - -)
                          w = Writeable
     Group (r- -)
                            = Executable
  Owner (rw-)
                          - = Denied
File type
```

## Permissions

	4	2	1				
0 1 2 3 4	-	- W W -	- X -	no permissions only execute only write write and execute only read	Owner rwx 4.2.1	Group r-x 4.0.1	Other r-x 4.0.1
5	r	-	X	read and execute			
6	r	W	-	read and write			
7	r	W	X	read, write and execute	)		

### **Process**





Every process on Linux has a PID. (like 42). In /proc/42, there is a lot of VERY USEFUL information about process 42 ?

{/proc/42/env}

Here live all of the process's environment variables !

\*fd" stands for "file descriptor."
Here you'll find links to
all open files!

/proc/42/cmdline

The command line arguments it was started with!

AND MORE: look at man proc!

diego@	4winds		ps	aux   h	ead					Manuallerman	12:29:28 <b>8.09G 6</b> 0.94 <b>111</b>
USER	PID	%CPU	%MEM	VSZ	RSS	TTY	STAT	START	TIME	COMMAND	
root	1	0.0	0.0	225912	9712	?	Ss	dez18	1:32	/sbin/init splash	
root	2	0.0	0.0	Θ	0	?	S	dez18	0:00	[kthreadd]	
root	4	0.0	0.0	Θ	0	?	I<	dez18	0:00	[kworker/0:0H]	
root	6	0.0	0.0	Θ	0	?	I<	dez18	0:00	[mm percpu wq]	
root	7	0.0	0.0	Θ	0	?	S	dez18	0:09	[ksoftirqd/0]	
root	8	0.1	0.0	Θ	0	?	I	dez18	17:53	[rcu_sched]	
root	9	0.0	0.0	Θ	0	?	I	dez18	0:00	[rcu_bh]	
root	10	0.0	0.0	0	0	?	S	dez18	0:00	[migration/0]	
root	11	0.0	0.0	0	0	?	S	dez18	0:02	[watchdog/0]	

### Services

```
ls /etc/init.d/
                                                                                                                       12:36:55 8.13G 6
                                                                                                                                               1.08 | 111
                                                                                                                                unattended-upgrades
                                                                                            redis-server
                 cryptdisks
                 cryptdisks-early
                                                                       nfs-kernel-server
                                                                                                                                warsaw
                                                                                                                       12:37:00 8.13G 20 0.99 Int
                     service cron status
                                                                                                            12:40:44 8.28G 6 0.58 Lil
cron.service - Regular background program processing daemon
   Loaded: loaded (/lib/systemd/system/cron.service; enabled; vendor preset: enabled)
  Active: active (running) since Tue 2018-12-18 12:42:04 -02: 1 weeks 0 days ago
     Docs: man:cron(8)
 Main PID: 1244 (cron)
    Tasks: 1 (limit: 4915)
   CGroup: /system.slice/cron.service
           └1244 /usr/sbin/cron -f
dez 26 12:15:01 4winds CRON[31933]: pam unix(cron:session): session closed for user root
dez 26 12:17:01 4winds CRON[32258]: pam unix(cron:session): session opened for user root by (uid=0)
dez 26 12:17:01 4winds CRON[32259]: (root) CMD ( cd / && run-parts --report /etc/cron.hourly)
dez 26 12:17:01 4winds CRON[32258]: pam unix(cron:session): session closed for user root
dez 26 12:25:01 4winds CRON[981]: pam unix(cron:session): session opened for user root by (uid=0)
dez 26 12:25:01 4winds CRON[982]: (root) CMD (command -v debian-sal > /dev/null && debian-sal 1 1)
dez 26 12:25:01 4winds CRON[981]: pam unix(cron:session): session closed for user root
dez 26 12:35:01 4winds CRON[3553]: pam unix(cron:session): session opened for user root by (uid=0)
dez 26 12:35:01 4winds CRON[3554]: (root) CMD (command -v debian-sal > /dev/null && debian-sal 1 1)
dez 26 12:35:01 4winds CRON[3553]: pam unix(cron:session): session closed for user root
```

# Package Managers



- □ APT for Ubuntu
- YUM for CentOS
- ☐ Lists of verified software
- Easy to install and maintain
- Often don't have the latest versions
- You can provide additional sources/lists.

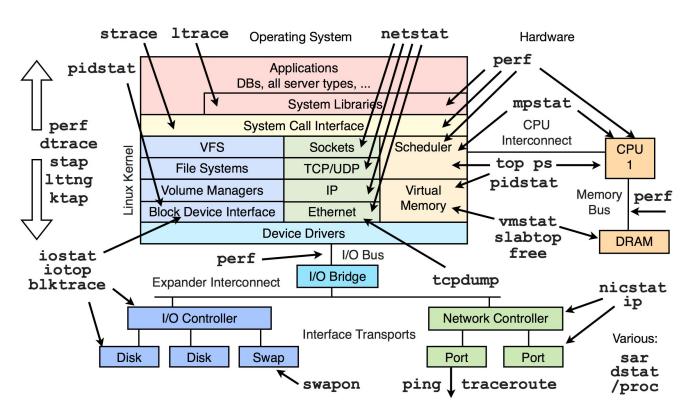
# Compiling -GCC



- ☐ Linux Compiler for C
- Often you need compile software
- ☐ Allow you to get the latest versions
- ☐ However you need to install dependencies.
- Often used with Makefiles
- Easy to use
- Slow Sometimes

./configure make make install

# Linux Observability





Diego Pacheco