

Задача 8

Вариант 3

$$\begin{cases} \frac{d}{dx} \left(k(x) \frac{du}{dx} \right) - q(x)u(x) = -f(x), & x \in [0, 1] \\ u(0) = 0 & u(1) = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$k(x) = \begin{cases} 3, & x \in (0, 0.3) \\ 0.5, & x \in (0.3, 5/4) \\ 100, & x \in (5/4, 1) \end{cases} \quad q(x) = \begin{cases} 3, & x \in (0, 0.3) \\ 0, & x \in (0.3, 5/4) \\ 1, & x \in (5/4, 1) \end{cases} \quad f(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & x \in (0, 0.3) \\ 0, & x \in (0.3, 5/4) \\ 100, & x \in (5/4, 1) \end{cases}$$

① Смысл условий сопряжения:

$u_+ = u_-$ - требование непрерывности температуры в точках $\xi = 0.3, \xi = 5/4$

$w_+ = w_-$ - требование непрерывности теплового потока в точках $\xi = 0.3, \xi = 5/4$

\Rightarrow температура, тепловой поток, коэф. $k(x), q(x), f(x)$ в точках $\xi = 0.3, \xi = 5/4$ должны быть непрерывны по x на $[0, 1]$

\Rightarrow гарантия существования и единств. реш. задачи

$$\begin{cases} w(x) = -3u'(x), & 0 < x < 0.3 \\ w(x) = -k_1(x)u'(x), & x = 0.3 \\ w(x) = -0.5u'(x), & 0.3 < x < 5/4 \\ w(x) = -k_2(x)u'(x), & x = 5/4 \\ w(x) = -100u'(x), & 5/4 < x < 1 \end{cases}$$

$$1. x \in (0, 0.3) : 3u_1''(x) - 3u_1(x) = 0$$

$$u(0) = 0 \quad u(1) = 1$$

$$u_+ = u_- \quad w_+ = w_-$$

$$2. x \in (0.3, 5/4) : 0.5u_2''(x) = 0$$

$$u(0) = 0 \quad u(1) = 1$$

$$u_+ = u_- \quad w_+ = w_-$$

$$3. x \in (5/4, 1) : 100u_3''(x) - u_3(x) = -100$$

$$u_+ = u_- \quad w_+ = w_-$$

$$2. \quad d_i = \frac{1}{h} \int_{x_{i-0,5}}^{x_{i+0,5}} q(x) dx \quad i = \overline{1, n-1}$$

$$q(x) = \begin{cases} 3; & x \in (0; 0,3) \\ 0; & x \in (0,3; 5/4) \\ 1; & x \in (5/4; 1) \end{cases} \quad \frac{1}{h} = 10$$

$$d_1 = 10 \int_{x_{0,5}}^{x_{1,5}} 3 dx = 30 \cdot 0,1 = 3$$

$$d_1 = d_2 = 3$$

$$d_3 = 10 \int_{0,25}^{0,3} 3 dx + 10 \int_{0,3}^{0,35} 0 dx = 30 \cdot (0,3 - 0,25) = 30 \cdot 0,05 = 1,5$$

$$d_4 = 10 \int_{0,35}^{0,45} 0 dx = 0$$

$$d_4 = d_5 = d_6 = 0$$

$$d_7 = 10 \left(\int_{0,65}^{5/4} 0 dx + \int_{5/4}^{0,75} 1 dx \right) = \frac{5}{14} \approx 0,357$$

$$d_8 = 10 \int_{0,75}^1 1 dx = 1$$

$$d_8 = d_9 = 1$$

$$3. \quad \varphi_i = \frac{1}{h} \int_{x_{i-0,5}}^{x_{i+0,5}} f(x) dx$$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 0; & (0; 0,3) \\ 0; & (0,3; 5/4) \\ 100; & (5/4; 1) \end{cases} \quad \frac{1}{h} = 10$$

$$\varphi_1 = \varphi_2 = \varphi_3 = \varphi_4 = \varphi_5 = \varphi_6 = 0$$

$$\varphi_7 = 10 \int_{0,65}^{5/4} 0 dx + 10 \int_{5/4}^{0,75} 100 dx = 1000 \cdot (0,75 - 5/4) = \frac{250}{4} \approx 35,714$$

$$\varphi_8 = \varphi_9 = 100$$

② УЗЛУ $x_i = ih$ $i = \overline{0, n}$ $h = \frac{1}{n}$ — шаг сетки

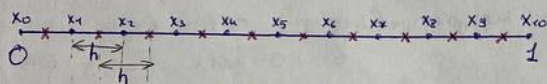
$$\begin{cases} \frac{v_{i-1} - v_i}{h^2} \cdot a_i - \frac{v_i - v_{i+1}}{h^2} a_{i+1} - d_i v_i = -\varphi_i, & i = \overline{1, n-1} \\ v_0 = \mu_1, & v_n = \mu_2 \end{cases}$$

$$a_i = \left(\frac{1}{h} \int_{x_{i-1}}^{x_i} \frac{dx}{k(x)} \right)^{-1} \quad i = \overline{1, n}$$

$$d_i = \frac{1}{h} \int_{x_{i-\frac{1}{2}}}^{x_{i+\frac{1}{2}}} q(x) dx \quad i = \overline{1, n-1}$$

$$\varphi_i = \frac{1}{h} \int_{x_{i-\frac{1}{2}}}^{x_{i+\frac{1}{2}}} f(x) dx \quad i = \overline{1, n-1}$$

③ $n = 10$ $h = 0,1$



$$1. \quad a_i = \left(\frac{1}{h} \int_{x_{i-1}}^{x_i} \frac{dx}{k(x)} \right)^{-1} \quad i = \overline{1, n}$$

$$k(x) = \begin{cases} 3; & x \in (0; 0,3) \\ 0,5; & x \in (0,3; 5/4) \\ 100; & x \in (5/4; 1) \end{cases} \quad \frac{1}{h} = 10$$

$$a_1 = \left(10 \int_{x_0}^{x_1} \frac{dx}{3} \right)^{-1} = \left(\frac{10}{3} (0,1 - 0) \right)^{-1} = 3$$

$$a_2 = a_3 = a_4 = 3$$

$$a_5 = \left(10 \int_{0,3}^{0,4} \frac{dx}{0,5} \right)^{-1} = (20 \cdot 0,1)^{-1} = 2$$

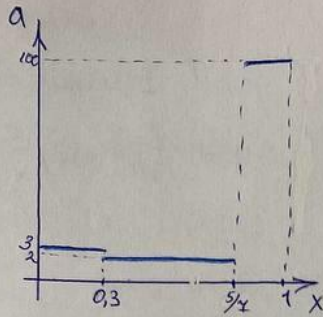
$$a_6 = a_7 = a_8 = a_9 = 2$$

$$a_9 = \left(10 \left(\int_{0,7}^{5/4} \frac{dx}{0,5} + \int_{5/4}^{0,8} \frac{dx}{100} \right) \right)^{-1} = \left(10 \left(2 \left(\frac{5}{4} - 0,7 \right) + \frac{1}{100} (0,8 - 5/4) \right) \right)^{-1} =$$

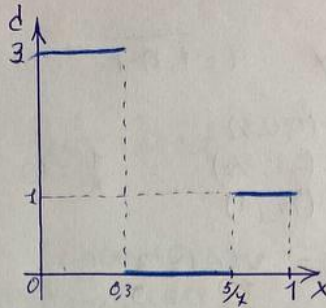
$$= \frac{350}{103} \approx 3,398$$

$$a_{10} = \left(10 \int_{0,8}^{1} \frac{dx}{100} \right)^{-1} = \left(\frac{1}{10} \cdot 0,1 \right)^{-1} = 100$$

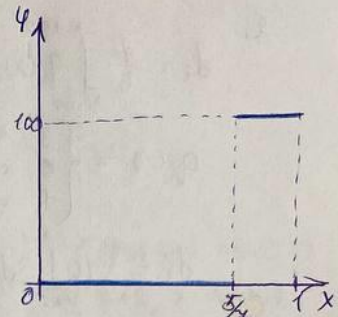
$$a_9 = a_{10} = 100$$



$$a = \begin{cases} 3; x \in [0, 0.3] \\ 2; x \in [0.3, 0.5] \\ \frac{350}{103}; x = 0.5 \\ 100; x \in [0.5, 1] \end{cases}$$



$$d = \begin{cases} 3; x \in [0, 0.3] \\ 1.5; x = 0.3 \\ 0; x \in [0.3, 0.5] \\ \frac{5}{14}; x = 0.5 \\ 1; x \in [0.5, 1] \end{cases}$$



$$\varphi = \begin{cases} 0; x \in [0, 0.5] \\ \frac{250}{7}; x = 0.5 \\ 100; x \in [0.5, 1] \end{cases}$$

④ $n=10 \quad h=0.1$

РС в канонич. виде

$$\begin{cases} \frac{a_i}{h^2} v_{i-1} - \left(\frac{a_i + a_{i+1}}{h^2} + d_i \right) v_i + \frac{a_{i+1}}{h^2} v_{i+1} = -\varphi_i \\ v_0 = 0 \\ v_n = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$v_0 = 0$$

$$300 v_0 - (100(3+3) + 3) v_1 + 300 v_2 = 0 \quad \bar{i}=1$$

$$300 v_1 - (100(3+3) + 3) v_2 + 300 v_3 = 0 \quad \bar{i}=2$$

$$300 v_2 - (100(3+2) + 15) v_3 + 200 v_4 = 0 \quad \bar{i}=3$$

$$200 v_3 - (100(2+2) + 0) v_4 + 200 v_5 = 0 \quad \bar{i}=4$$

$$200 v_4 - (100(2+2) + 0) v_5 + 200 v_6 = 0 \quad \bar{i}=5$$

$$200 v_5 - (100(2+2) + 0) v_6 + 200 v_7 = 0 \quad \bar{i}=6$$

$$200 v_6 - \left(100 \left(2 + \frac{350}{103} \right) + \frac{5}{14} \right) v_7 + \frac{350}{103} \cdot 100 v_8 = -\frac{250}{7} \quad \bar{i}=7$$

$$\frac{350}{103} \cdot 100 v_7 - (100 \left(\frac{350}{103} + 100 \right) + 1) v_8 + 100 \cdot 100 v_9 = -100 \quad \bar{i}=8$$

$$10000 v_8 - 100(100+10) + 1) v_9 + 100 \cdot 100 v_{10} = -100 \quad \bar{i}=9$$

$$v_{10} = 1$$

Задача 9

Вариант 1

$$\int \frac{d}{dx} \left(k(x) \frac{du}{dx} \right) - q(x)u(x) = -f(x), x \in [0, 1]$$

$$u(0) = 0, u(1) = 1$$

$$k(x) = \begin{cases} x+2, & x \in (0, \xi) \\ e^x, & x \in (\xi, 1) \end{cases} \quad q(x) = \begin{cases} \sin(x), & x \in (0, \xi) \\ 2-x^2, & x \in (\xi, 1) \end{cases} \quad f(x) = \begin{cases} \cos(2x), & x \in (0, \xi) \\ x+2, & x \in (\xi, 1) \end{cases}$$

$$\xi = 0,35, \text{ В точке } x = \xi \quad u_+ = u_-; \quad w_+ = w_-$$

1) Записать схему и формулы для вычисл. её коэф.

Разн. схема имеет вид:

$$\begin{cases} \frac{a_i}{h^2} v_{i-1} + \left(\frac{a_i}{h^2} - \frac{a_{i-1}}{h^2} - d_i \right) v_i + \frac{a_{i+1}}{h^2} v_{i+1} = \varphi_i, i = \overline{1, n-1} \\ v_0 = \mu_1; v_n = \mu_2 \end{cases}$$

$$\varphi_i = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{h} \int_{x_{i-\frac{1}{2}}}^{x_{i+\frac{1}{2}}} f_1(x) dx, & x_{i+\frac{1}{2}} \leq \xi \\ \frac{1}{h} \left(\int_{x_{i-\frac{1}{2}}}^{\xi} f_1(x) dx + \int_{\xi}^{x_{i+\frac{1}{2}}} f_2(x) dx \right), & \xi \in (x_{i-\frac{1}{2}}, x_{i+\frac{1}{2}}) \\ \frac{1}{h} \int_{x_{i-\frac{1}{2}}}^{x_{i+\frac{1}{2}}} f_2(x) dx, & x_{i-\frac{1}{2}} \geq \xi \end{cases}$$

$$d_i = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{h} \int_{x_{i-\frac{1}{2}}}^{x_{i+\frac{1}{2}}} q_1(x) dx, & x_{i+\frac{1}{2}} \leq \xi \\ \frac{1}{h} \left(\int_{x_{i-\frac{1}{2}}}^{\xi} q_1(x) dx + \int_{\xi}^{x_{i+\frac{1}{2}}} q_2(x) dx \right), & \xi \in (x_{i-\frac{1}{2}}, x_{i+\frac{1}{2}}) \\ \frac{1}{h} \int_{x_{i-\frac{1}{2}}}^{x_{i+\frac{1}{2}}} q_2(x) dx, & x_{i-\frac{1}{2}} \geq \xi \end{cases}$$

$$a_i = \begin{cases} \left(\frac{1}{h} \int_{x_{i-1}}^{x_i} \frac{dx}{k_1(x)} \right)^{-1}, & x_i \leq \xi \\ \left(\frac{1}{h} \int_{x_{i-1}}^{\xi} \frac{dx}{k_1(x)} + \int_{\xi}^{x_i} \frac{dx}{k_2(x)} \right)^{-1}, & \xi \in (x_{i-1}, x_i) \\ \left(\frac{1}{h} \int_{x_{i-1}}^{x_i} \frac{dx}{k_2(x)} \right)^{-1}, & x_{i-1} > \xi \end{cases}$$

3
1

$$\varphi_1 = \frac{1}{h} \int_{0,05}^{0,15} \cos 2x dx = 5(\sin 0,15 - \sin 0,05) \approx 0,97845$$

$$\varphi_2 = 5(\sin 0,25 - \sin 0,15) \approx 0,9195$$

$$\varphi_3 = 5(\sin 0,35 - \sin 0,25) \approx 0,82395$$

$$\varphi_4 = \frac{1}{h} \int_{0,35}^{0,45} (x+2) dx = 10\left(\frac{x^2}{2} + 2x\right)\Big|_{0,35}^{0,45} \approx 2,4$$

$$\varphi_5 \approx 2,5$$

$$\varphi_6 \approx 2,6$$

$$\varphi_7 \approx 2,7$$

$$\varphi_8 \approx 2,8$$

$$\varphi_9 \approx 2,9$$

Уравнение разности

$$\begin{cases} v_0 = 0, v_{10} = 1 \\ \frac{a_1}{h^2} v_0 - \left(\frac{a_1 + a_2}{h^2} + d_1\right) v_1 + \frac{a_2}{h^2} v_2 = -\varphi_1 \\ \frac{a_2}{h^2} v_1 - \left(\frac{a_2 + a_3}{h^2} + d_2\right) v_2 + \frac{a_3}{h^2} v_3 = -\varphi_2 \\ \frac{a_3}{h^2} v_2 - \left(\frac{a_3 + a_4}{h^2} + d_3\right) v_3 + \frac{a_4}{h^2} v_4 = -\varphi_3 \\ \frac{a_4}{h^2} v_3 - \left(\frac{a_4 + a_5}{h^2} + d_4\right) v_4 + \frac{a_5}{h^2} v_5 = -\varphi_4 \\ \frac{a_5}{h^2} v_4 - \left(\frac{a_5 + a_6}{h^2} + d_5\right) v_5 + \frac{a_6}{h^2} v_6 = -\varphi_5 \\ \frac{a_6}{h^2} v_5 - \left(\frac{a_6 + a_7}{h^2} + d_6\right) v_6 + \frac{a_7}{h^2} v_7 = -\varphi_6 \\ \frac{a_7}{h^2} v_6 - \left(\frac{a_7 + a_8}{h^2} + d_7\right) v_7 + \frac{a_8}{h^2} v_8 = -\varphi_7 \\ \frac{a_8}{h^2} v_7 - \left(\frac{a_8 + a_9}{h^2} + d_8\right) v_8 + \frac{a_9}{h^2} v_9 = -\varphi_8 \\ \frac{a_9}{h^2} v_8 - \left(\frac{a_9 + a_{10}}{h^2} + d_9\right) v_9 + \frac{a_{10}}{h^2} v_{10} = -\varphi_9 \end{cases}$$

$$2) \eta = 10 \quad \xi = 0,35 \quad h = \frac{1}{10}$$

$$x_0 = 0$$

$$x_1 = 0,1$$

$$x_2 = 0,2$$

$$x_3 = 0,3$$

$$x_4 = 0,4$$

$$x_5 = 0,5$$

$$x_6 = 0,6$$

$$x_7 = 0,7$$

$$x_8 = 0,8$$

$$x_9 = 0,9$$

$$x_{10} = 1$$

$$x_{\frac{1}{2}} = 0,05$$

$$x_{\frac{3}{2}} = 0,15$$

$$x_{\frac{5}{2}} = 0,25$$

$$x_{\frac{7}{2}} = 0,35$$

$$x_{\frac{9}{2}} = 0,45$$

$$x_{\frac{11}{2}} = 0,55$$

$$x_{\frac{13}{2}} = 0,65$$

$$x_{\frac{15}{2}} = 0,75$$

$$x_{\frac{17}{2}} = 0,85$$

$$x_{\frac{19}{2}} = 0,95$$

$$a_1 = \left(\frac{1}{h} \ln(x+2) \Big|_0^{0,1} \right)^{-1} = (10(\ln 2,1 - \ln 2))^{-1} \approx 2,0496$$

$$a_2 = (10(\ln 2,2 - \ln 2,1))^{-1} \approx 2,1496$$

$$a_3 = (10(\ln 2,3 - \ln 2,2))^{-1} \approx 2,2496$$

$$a_4 = \left(\frac{1}{h} \int_{0,3}^{0,35} \frac{1}{x+2} dx + \int_{0,35}^{0,4} \frac{1}{e^x} dx \right)^{-1} = \left(10(\ln 2,35 - \ln 2,3) - \left(\frac{1}{e^{0,35}} - \frac{1}{e^{0,4}} \right) \right)^{-1} \approx 2,3496$$

$$a_5 = \left(\frac{1}{h} \int_{0,4}^{0,5} \frac{1}{e^x} dx \right)^{-1} = \left(10(-1) \left(\frac{1}{e^{0,5}} - \frac{1}{e^{0,4}} \right) \right)^{-1} \approx 1,5676$$

$$a_6 = (-10(e^{0,6} - e^{0,5}))^{-1} \approx 1,7325$$

$$a_7 = (-10(e^{-0,4} - e^{-0,6}))^{-1} \approx 1,9142$$

$$a_8 = (-10(e^{-0,3} - e^{-0,4}))^{-1} \approx 2,1161$$

$$a_9 = (-10(e^{-0,9} - e^{-0,8}))^{-1} \approx 2,3386$$

$$a_{10} = (-10(e^{-1} - e^{-0,9}))^{-1} \approx 2,5846$$

$$d_1 = \frac{1}{h} \int_{x_{\frac{1}{2}}}^{x_{\frac{3}{2}}} \sin x dx = \frac{1}{10} (\cos 0,15 - \cos 0,05) \approx 0,00003$$

$$d_2 = -\frac{1}{10} (\cos 0,25 - \cos 0,15) \approx 0,00006$$

$$d_3 = -\frac{1}{10} (\cos 0,35 - \cos 0,25) \approx 0,00009$$

$$d_4 = \frac{1}{h} \int_{0,35}^{0,45} (2-x^2) dx = 10 \left(2x - \frac{x^3}{3} \right) \Big|_{0,35}^{0,45} \approx 1,83916$$

$$d_5 \approx 1,74916$$

$$d_6 \approx 1,63916$$

$$d_7 \approx 1,50916$$

$$d_8 \approx 1,35916$$

$$d_9 \approx 1,18916$$

Задание 10

Рисунки

