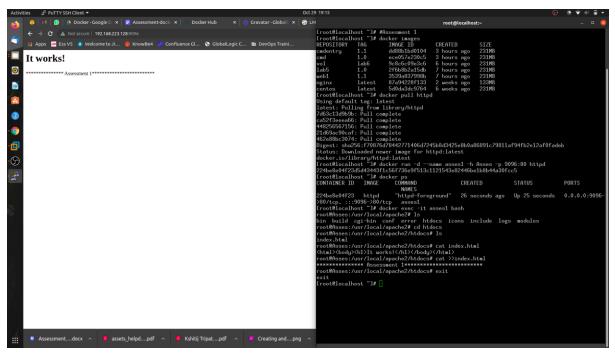
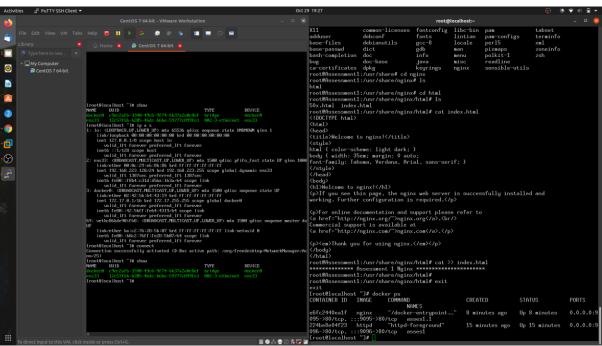
Docker Assessment

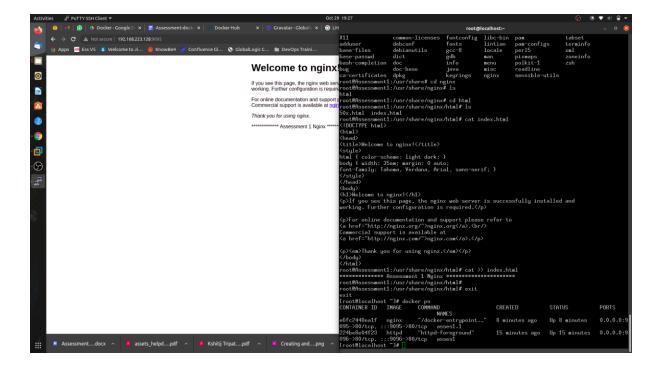
Questions 1-4

Prepared By:-Kshitij Tripathi Question 1:- On VM install Docker Engg create web application containers provide port number 9095 of nginx and httpd on port number 9096?

Solution:-







Question 2:- What are the features of underlying operating system, explain type of storage that docker can provide and create container provide storage =type =volume, name vol10?

Solution: - Features of the underlying operating system:-

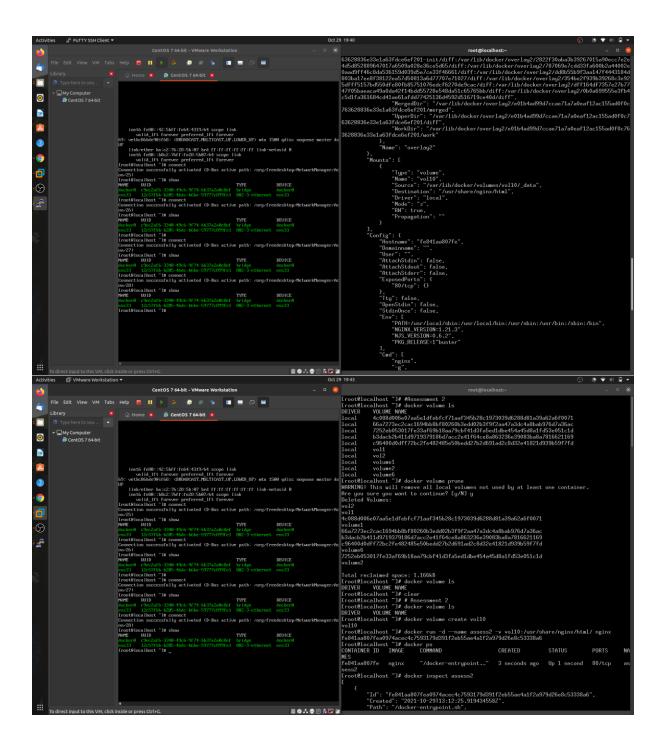
- Namespace: Separate namespaces for containers are created by the kernel to ensure process isolation.
 Namespaces allow you to abstract global system resource and present it to processes within a namespace as a separate instance. It is a combination of PID (process id), mount, network, UTS (unique time sharing), IPC (inter process communication) and, user.
- 2) Control Group (cgroup):- Control Groups are used by the kernel to organise processes for system resource management. Control Groups distribute CPU time, system memory, network bandwidth, or a mix of these resources among user-defined task groups.
- 3) SE-Linux: SE-Linux uses SE-Linux policy and labels to ensure secure container isolation. It acts like a firewall for the same. It has three state: Enforce, Permissive and, Disable.
- 4) SE-Comp: SE-Comp is a kernel feature that allows you to filter system call (syscalls) from container to the kernel. SE-Comp gives an attacker a restricted number of syscalls from the container, allowing for greater fine-grained control.

There are three types of storage that are provided by Docker. Those are:-

- 1) Bind Mount
- 2) Volume Mount
- 3) Tmpfs Mount
- 1) Bind Mount

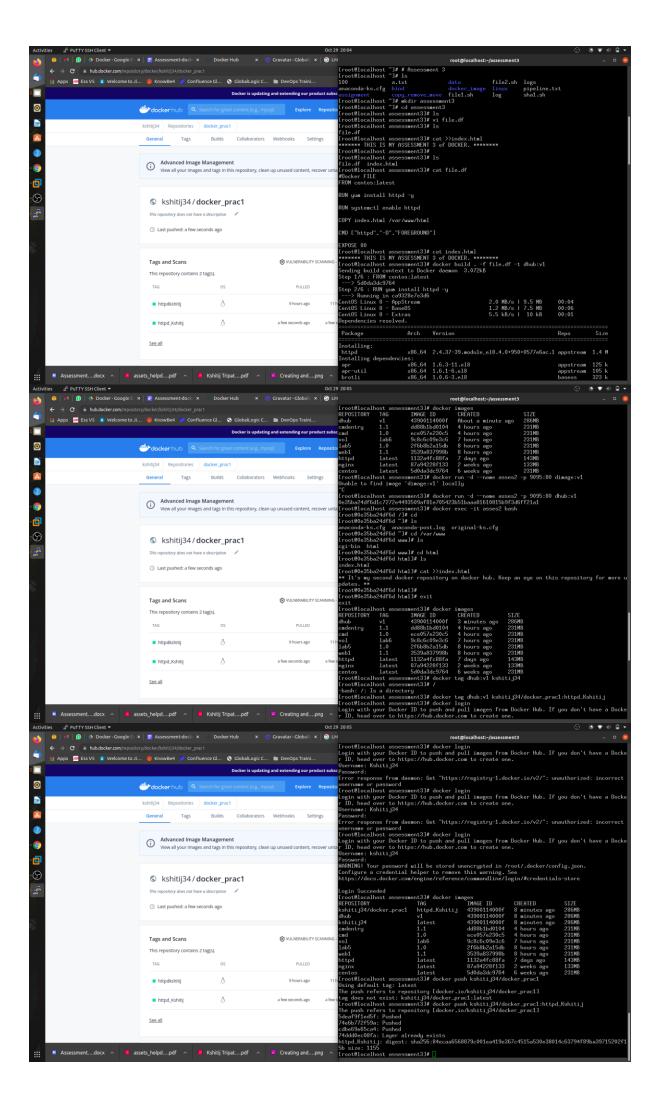
Bind mounts can be kept on the host system in any location. It's possible that they're crucial system files or directories. Non-Docker processes can modify them at any time.

- 2) Volume Mount
 - Volumes are kept in a Docker-managed section of the host filesystem. Is is located at '/var/lib/docker/volumes' on Linux OS. Non-Docker processes should not modify this part of the filesystem.
- 3) Tmpfs Mount
 - Tmpfs mount are only saved in memory of the host system and are never written on the filesystem.



Qusetion 3:- Create docker file for httpd, build image out of that, create container, make that Image publically available [upload on docker hub]?

Solution:-



Question 4:- What is difference between Entrypoint and CMD?

Solution: - The main difference between these two is that, if we are executing any command through ENTRYPOINT then it will concatenate it with the previous executed command with the latest command. Whereas if we are using CMD then it will consider the latest over the previous and execute the latest command only. It will overwrite the previous commands.

