Solutions for Practice Questions on Reliability Metrics

1. MTTF Calculation

Question:

A software system has been running for 600 hours and has failed 4 times during this period. **Calculate the Mean Time to Failure (MTTF).**

Solution:

The formula for MTTF is:

MTTF=Total operational timeNumber of failures\text{MTTF} = $\frac{\text{Total operational time}}{\text{Number of failures}}$ MTTF=6004=150 hours\text{MTTF} = $\frac{600}{4}$ = 150 \ \text{hours}

Answer: The MTTF is **150 hours**.

2. MTBF and Availability

Question:

A system has an MTTF of 200 hours and an MTTR of 20 hours.

- a) Calculate the Mean Time Between Failures (MTBF).
- b) Find the availability of the system.

Solution:

a) MTBF Formula:

 $MTBF=MTTF+MTTR \setminus \{MTBF\} = \det\{MTTF\} + \det\{MTTR\}$ $MTBF=200+20=220 \text{ hours} \setminus \{MTBF\} = 200 + 20 = 220 \setminus \{hours\}$

b) Availability Formula:

Convert to percentage:

0.9167×100≈91.67%0.9167 \times 100 \approx 91.67\%

Answer:

- MTBF = 220 hours
- Availability = **91.67**%

3. Failure Rate Determination

Question:

If a device has an MTTF of 500 hours, what is its failure rate?

Solution:

Failure rate $(\lambda)(\lambda)$ formula:

 $\lambda=1MTTF\ambda = \frac{1}{\text{MTTF}} \lambda=1500=0.002 \text{ failures per hour\ambda} = \frac{1}{500} = 0.002 \text{ text{failures per hour}}$

Answer: Failure rate is **0.002 failures per hour**.

4. MTTR Calculation

Question:

A machine fails 6 times in a month, and the total repair time is 12 hours. Find the **Mean Time to Repair (MTTR)**.

Solution:

MTTR=Total repair timeNumber of repairs\text{MTTR} = $\frac{\text{Total repair}}{\text{Total repair}}$ MTTR=126=2 hours\text{MTTR} = $\frac{12}{6}$ = 2 \\text{hours}

Answer: MTTR is **2 hours**.

5. Probability of Failure-Free Operation

Question:

The failure rate (λ) of a server is 0.002 failures per hour. What is the probability that the server will operate without failure for 100 hours?

Solution:

 $P(t)=e-\lambda tP(t) = e^{-\lambda tP(t)} = e^{-0.002 \times 100} = e^{-0.002 \times 100}$

Using $e-0.2 \approx 0.8187 e^{-0.2} \approx 0.8187$

Answer: Probability of failure-free operation is **0.8187** (or **81.87%**).

6. System Downtime Calculation

Question:

A system with an availability of 95% operates continuously for 1 year (365 days). Calculate the expected **downtime** in hours over the year.

Solution:

Total hours in a year:

365×24=8760 hours365 \times 24 = 8760 \ \text{hours}

Downtime formula:

 $Downtime=(1-A)\times Total\ hours \ text{Downtime} = (1-A) \times Total\ hours \ text{Downtime$

Answer: Expected downtime is 438 hours.

7. Availability with Given Uptime and Downtime

Question:

A system runs for 400 hours and experiences 20 hours of downtime. What is the system's **availability**?

Solution:

A=UptimeUptime+DowntimeA = $\frac{\text{Uptime}}{\text{Uptime}} + \text{Downtime}}$ A=400400+20=400420 \approx 0.9524A = $\frac{400}{400} + 20$ = $\frac{400}{420}$ \approx 0.9524

Convert to percentage:

0.9524×100=95.24%0.9524 \times 100 = 95.24\%

Answer: ✓ Availability is **95.24%**.

8. MTBF from Uptime and Downtime

Question:

A device has a total uptime of 800 hours and downtime of 50 hours.

Calculate the **Mean Time Between Failures (MTBF)**.

Solution:

MTBF=Uptime+Downtime\text{MTBF} = \text{Uptime} + \text{Downtime} MTBF=800+50=850 hours\text{MTBF} = 800 + 50 = 850 \ \text{hours}

Answer: MTBF is **850 hours**.

9. Failure Rate and MTTF

Question:

A software product has a failure rate of 0.005 failures per hour. Find the **Mean Time to Failure (MTTF)**.

Solution:

 $MTTF=1\lambda \text{ MTTF} = \frac{1}{\lambda} MTTF=10.005=200 \text{ hours} \text{ MTTF} = \frac{1}{0.005} = 200 \text{ hours}$

Answer: MTTF is **200 hours**.

10. Comparing Two Systems Based on Availability

Question:

- System A: MTBF = 150 hours, MTTR = 10 hours
- System B: MTBF = 200 hours, MTTR = 20 hours

Which system is more available?

Solution:

Availability Formula:

A=MTBFMTBF+MTTRA = \frac{\text{MTBF}}{\text{MTBF}} + \text{MTTR}}

For **System A**:

 $A=150150+10=150160=0.9375 (93.75\%)A = \frac{150}{150 + 10} = \frac{150}{160} = 0.9375 (93.75\%)$

For **System B**:

 $A=200200+20=200220=0.9091 \ (90.91\%) A = \frac{200}{200+20} = \frac{200}{220} = 0.9091 \ (90.91\%)$

Answer: System A is more available with 93.75% availability.