

# Experiment 3

## Question 3

### 0.1 Outlier Detection & Handling

#### 0.1.1 Preprocessing

```
[9]: library(tidyverse)
```

```
[10]: setwd("/home/asus/content/Notes/Semester 4/FDN Lab/Experiments/Experiment_3")
```

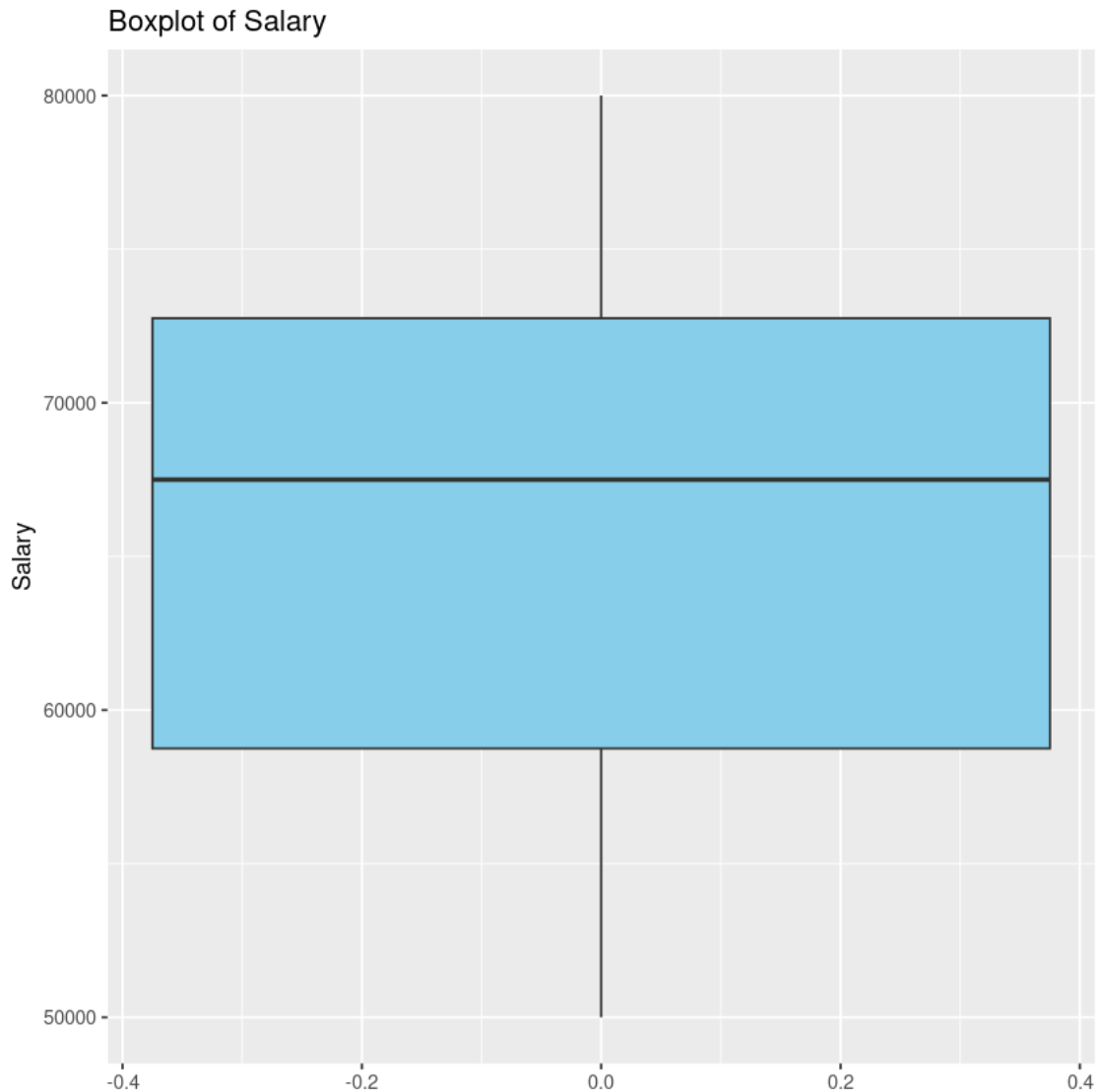
```
[11]: df_mean <- data.frame(
  ID = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10),
  Name = c("Alice", "Bob", NA, "David", "Emma", "Frank", NA, "Hannah", "Ian", "Jack"),
  Age = c(25, NA, 30, 29, NA, 35, 40, NA, 50, 27),
  Salary = c(50000, 60000, 55000, NA, 70000, 75000, 80000, 65000, NA, 72000),
  Score = c(80, 90, NA, 85, 88, 92, NA, 77, 95, Inf)
)
```

Boxplot Visualization to visualize salary data

```
[12]: # i. Boxplot Visualization to visualize Salary data
ggplot(df_mean, aes(y = Salary)) +
  geom_boxplot(fill = "skyblue", outlier.color = "red", outlier.shape = 16) +
  labs(title = "Boxplot of Salary", y = "Salary")
```

Warning message:

“Removed 2 rows containing non-finite outside the scale range  
(`stat\_boxplot()`).”



Z-Score Method (values outside  $\pm 3$  standard deviations).

```
[13]: # ii. Z-Score Method (Values outside  $\pm 3$  standard deviations)
df_mean_z <- df_mean %>%
  mutate(Salary_Z = as.numeric(scale(Salary))) %>% # Convert scale
  # output to numeric
  filter(abs(Salary_Z) <= 3) %>% # Remove outliers
  select(-Salary_Z) # Remove Z-score column
print(df_mean_z)
```

	ID	Name	Age	Salary	Score
1	1	Alice	25	50000	80
2	2	Bob	NA	60000	90
3	3	<NA>	30	55000	NA

4	5	Emma	NA	70000	88
5	6	Frank	35	75000	92
6	7	<NA>	40	80000	NA
7	8	Hannah	NA	65000	77
8	10	Jack	27	72000	Inf

iii. IQR Method: Remove values outside  $Q1 - 1.5IQR$  and  $Q3 + 1.5IQR$ .

```
[15]: # iii. IQR Method: Remove values outside Q1 - 1.5*IQR and Q3 + 1.5*IQR
Q1 <- quantile(df_mean$Salary, 0.25, na.rm=TRUE)
Q3 <- quantile(df_mean$Salary, 0.75, na.rm=TRUE)
IQR_value <- Q3 - Q1
lower_bound <- Q1 - 1.5 * IQR_value
upper_bound <- Q3 + 1.5 * IQR_value
```

```
[16]: df_mean_iqr <- df_mean %>%
  filter(Salary >= lower_bound & Salary <= upper_bound)
```

iv. Winsorization: Replace extreme values with percentiles (Winsorize()).

```
[8]: # iv. Winsorization: Replace extreme values with 5th and 95th percentiles
library(DescTools)
df_mean_winsorized <- df_mean %>%
  mutate(Salary = Winsorize(Salary, probs = c(0.05, 0.95)))
```

Error in `mutate()`:

In argument: `Salary = Winsorize(Salary, probs = c(0.05, 0.95))`.

Caused by error in `Winsorize()`:

! unused argument (probs = c(0.05, 0.95))

Traceback:

```
1. mutate(., Salary = Winsorize(Salary, probs = c(0.05, 0.95)))
2. mutate.data.frame(., Salary = Winsorize(Salary, probs = c(0.05,
.      0.95)))
3. mutate_cols(.data, dplyr_quosures(...), by)
4. withCallingHandlers(for (i in seq_along(dots)) {
.   poke_error_context(dots, i, mask = mask)
.   context_poke("column", old_current_column)
.   new_columns <- mutate_col(dots[[i]], data, mask, new_columns)
. }, error = dplyr_error_handler(dots = dots, mask = mask, bullets =
↳mutate_bullets,
.   error_call = error_call, error_class = "dplyr::mutate_error"),
.   warning = dplyr_warning_handler(state = warnings_state, mask = mask
.   error_call = error_call))
5. mutate_col(dots[[i]], data, mask, new_columns)
6. mask$eval_all_mutate(quo)
```

```

7. eval()
8. .handleSimpleError(function (cnd)
. {
.   local_error_context(dots, i = frame[[i_sym]], mask = mask)
.   if (inherits(cnd, "dplyr:::internal_error")) {
.     parent <- error_cnd(message = bullets(cnd))
.   }
.   else {
.     parent <- cnd
.   }
.   message <- c(cnd_bullet_header(action), i = if_
↪(has_active_group_context(mask)) cnd_bullet_cur_group_label())
.   abort(message, class = error_class, parent = parent, call =_
↪error_call)
. }, "unused argument (probs = c(0.05, 0.95))", base::
↪quote(Winsorize(Salary,
.   probs = c(0.05, 0.95))))
9. h(simpleError(msg, call))
10. abort(message, class = error_class, parent = parent, call = error_call
11. signal_abort(cnd, .file)
12. signalCondition(cnd)

```

v. Detect & Remove Outliers Using tidyverse (filter())

```

[17]: # v. Detect & Remove Outliers Using tidyverse (filter method)
df_mean_tidy_outliers <- df_mean %>%
  filter(between(Salary, lower_bound, upper_bound))

```

vi. Detect Outliers in Multiple Columns (apply()).

```

[19]: # vi. Detect Outliers in Multiple Columns using apply() (Z-score method)
detect_outliers <- function(x) {
  if (is.numeric(x)) {
    z_scores <- scale(x)
    return(abs(z_scores) > 3)
  } else {
    return(rep(FALSE, length(x)))
  }
}

outlier_matrix <- apply(df_mean, 2, detect_outliers)
df_mean_clean <- df_mean[!rowSums(outlier_matrix), ] # Remove rows with_
↪outliers

```

vii. Create a Clean Dataset After Removing Outliers

```
[21]: # vii. Create a Clean Dataset After Removing Outliers  
df_mean_final <- df_mean_iqr # Using IQR method for final clean dataset  
write.csv(df_mean_final, "Clean_Dataset.csv", row.names = FALSE)
```