## VISVESVARAYA TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

"JnanaSangama", Belgaum -590014, Karnataka.



# LAB REPORT on

## **Object Oriented Java Programming**

Submitted by:

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in partial fulfillment for the award of the degree of BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING
in
COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING



B.M.S. COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING
(Autonomous Institution under VTU)
BENGALURU-560019
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## B. M. S. College of Engineering, Bull Temple Road, Bangalore 560019

(Affiliated To Visvesvaraya Technological University, Belgaum)

Department of Computer Science and Engineering



### **CERTIFICATE**

This is to certify that the Lab work entitled "Object Oriented Java Programming" carried out by Kshitij S (1BM21CS093), who is bonafide student of B. M. S. College of Engineering. It is in partial fulfillment for the award of Bachelor of Engineering in Computer Science and Engineering of the Visvesvaraya Technological University, Belgaum during the year 2022-23. The Lab report has been approved as it satisfies the academic requirements in respect of Object Oriented Java Programming-(21CS3PCOOJ) work prescribed for the said degree.

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#### 1. Course Outcomes

**CO1:** Apply the knowledge of Java concepts to find the solution for a given problem.

**CO2:** Analyse the given Java application for correctness/functionalities.

**CO3:** Develop Java programs / applications for a given requirement.

CO4: Conduct practical experiments for demonstrating features of Java.

## 2. Experiments

## 2.1 Experiment - 1

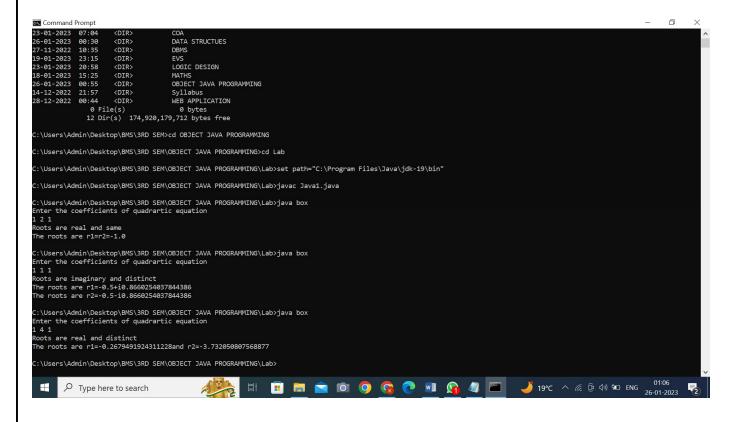
#### 2.1.1 Question:

Develop a Java program that prints all real solutions to the quadratic equation  $ax^2+bx+c=0$ . Read in a, b, c and use the quadratic formula. If the discriminate  $b^2$ -4ac is negative, display a message stating that there are no real solutions.

```
2.1.2 Code:
```

```
r1=(-b+Math.sqrt(d))/(2*a);
  r2=(-b-Math.sqrt(d))/(2*a);
  System.out.println("Roots are real and distinct");
  System.out.println("The roots are r1="+r1+""+"and r2="+r2);
 }
else if(d==0)
  r1=r2=(-b)/(2*a);
  System.out.println("Roots are real and same");
  System.out.println("The roots are r1=r2="+""+r1);
else
{
  r1=(-b)/(2*a);
  r2=(Math.sqrt(-d))/(2*a);
  System.out.println("Roots are imaginary and distinct");
  System.out.println("The roots are r1="+r1+"+i"+r2);
  System.out.println("The roots are r2="+r1+"-i"+r2);
```

#### **2.1.3 Output:**



## 2.2 Experiment - 2

#### 2.2.1 Question:

Develop a Java program to create a class Student with members usn, name, an array credits and an array marks. Include methods to accept and display details and a method to calculate SGPA of a student.

#### 2.2.2 Code:

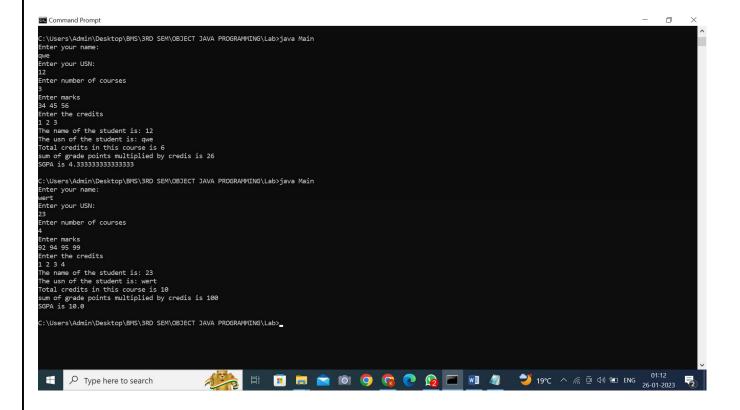
```
import java.util.*;
class Student{
       String usn;
       String name;
       int credits[] = new int[10];
       int marks[] = new int[10];
       int total credits = 0;
       int sum = 0;
       int i;
       double SGPA;
       void initialize(String usn, String name)
        {
               this.usn = usn;
               this.name = name;
       }
       void display()
        {
               System.out.println("The name of the student is: " + name);
               System.out.println("The usn of the student is: " + usn);
       }
        void calculate(int credits[],int marks[],int n)
               for(i = 0; i < n; i++)
                       total credits+=credits[i];
                       if(marks[i] > 89)
```

```
sum+=credits[i]*10;
       if(marks[i] > 79 \&\& marks[i] < 90)
              sum+=credits[i]*9;
       if(marks[i] > 69 \&\& marks[i] < 80)
              sum+=credits[i]*8;
       if(marks[i] > 59 \&\& marks[i] < 70)
              sum+=credits[i]*7;
       if(marks[i] > 54 \&\& marks[i] < 60)
              sum+=credits[i]*6;
       if(marks[i] > 49 \&\& marks[i] < 55)
              sum+=credits[i]*5;
       if(marks[i] > 39 \&\& marks[i] < 50)
              sum+=credits[i]*4;
       }
System.out.println("Total credits in this course is " + total credits);
System.out.println("sum of grade points multiplied by credis is " + sum);
SGPA = (double)sum/total credits;
System.out.println("SGPA is " + SGPA);
```

```
}
}
class Main
{
       public static void main(String args[])
               int i,n;
               String name, usn;
               int credits[] = new int[10];
               int marks[] = new int[10];
               Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
               System.out.println("Enter your name:");
               name = sc.next();
               System.out.println("Enter your USN: ");
               usn = sc.next();
               System.out.println("Enter number of courses");
               n = sc.nextInt();
               System.out.println("Enter marks");
               for(i=0;i<n;i++)
                      marks[i] = sc.nextInt();
               System.out.println("Enter the credits");
               for(i=0;i< n;i++)
                      credits[i] = sc.nextInt();
               Student s1 = new Student();
               s1.initialize(name,usn);
               s1.display();
```

```
s1.calculate(credits,marks,n);
}
```

## **2.2.3 Output:**



## 2.3 Experiment - 3

#### 2.3.1 Question:

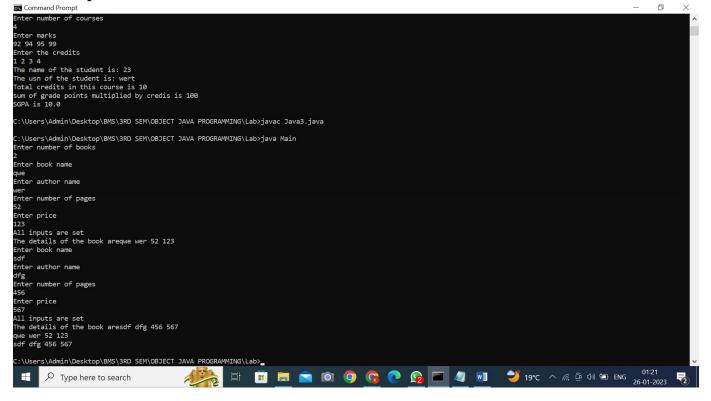
Create a class Book which contains four members: name, author, price, num\_pages. Include a constructor to set the values for the members. Include methods to set and get the details of the objects. Include a toString() method that could display the complete details of the book. Develop a Java program to create n book objects.

#### 2.3.2 Code:

```
import java.util.*;
class Book {
Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
String name;
String author;
int price;
int num_pages;
       Book()
{
System.out.println("Enter book name");
name = sc.next();
System.out.println("Enter author name");
author = sc.next();
System.out.println("Enter number of pages");
num pages = sc.nextInt();
System.out.println("Enter price");
price = sc.nextInt();
void set()
  System.out.println("All inputs are set");
void get()
{
System.out.println("The details of the book are" + name + " " + author + " " + num pages + " " + price);
```

```
public String toString()
return name + " " + author + " " + num_pages + " " + price;
}
class Main
public static void main(String args[])
{
int r,i;
System.out.println("Enter number of books");
Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
r = sc.nextInt();
Book b[] = new Book[r];
for(i = 0; i < r; i++)
{
b[i] = new Book();
b[i].set();
b[i].get();
}
for(i = 0; i < r; i++)
{
System.out.println(b[i]);
}
```

#### **2.3.3 Output:**



## 2.4 Experiment - 4

#### 2.4.1 Question:

Develop a Java program to create an abstract class named Shape that contains two integers and an empty method named printArea(). Provide three classes named Rectangle, Triangle and Circle such that each one of the classes extends the class Shape. Each one of the classes contain only the method printArea() that prints the area of the given shape.

#### 2.4.2 Code:

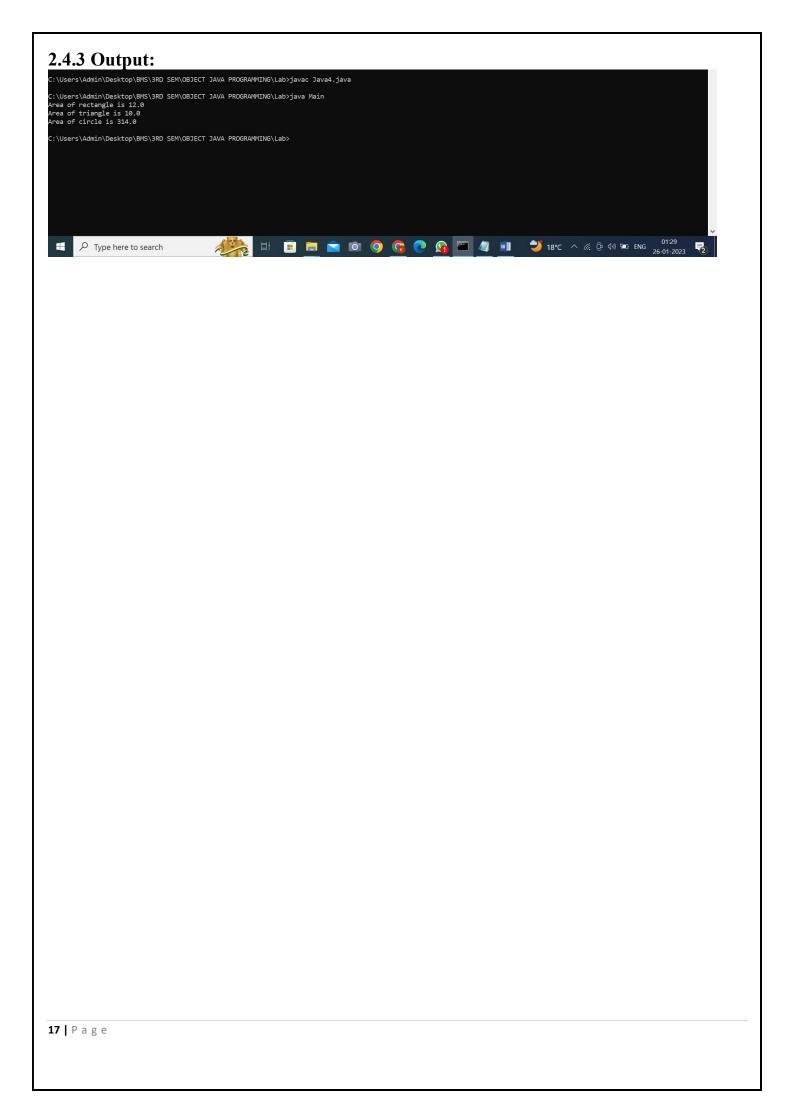
```
import java.util.*;
abstract class shape
        double a,b;
        shape(double len,double br)
        {
                a = len;
                b = br;
        }
        shape(double rad)
        {
                a = rad;
        }
        abstract double printarea();
}
class rectangle extends shape
{
        rectangle(double len,double br)
        {
                super(len,br);
        }
        double printarea()
        {
                return a*b;
```

```
}
class triangle extends shape
{
        triangle(double len,double br)
        {
                super(len,br);
        }
        double printarea()
        {
                return a*b*0.5;
        }
}
class circle extends shape
{
        circle(double rad)
        {
                super(rad);
        }
        double printarea()
        {
                return 3.14*a*a;
        }
}
class Main
{
        public static void main(String args[])
        {
                double ra,ta,ca;
                rectangle sp1 = new rectangle(3,4);
                triangle sp2 = new triangle(4,5);
15 | Page
```

```
circle sp3 = new circle(10);
shape s;
s = sp1;
ra = s.printarea();
System.out.println("Area of rectangle is" + " " + ra);

s = sp2;
ta = s.printarea();
System.out.println("Area of triangle is" + " " + ta);

s = sp3;
ca = s.printarea();
System.out.println("Area of circle is" + " " + ca);
}
```



## 2.5 Experiment - 5

#### 2.5.1 Question:

Develop a Java program to create a class Bank that maintains two kinds of account for its customers, one called savings account and the other current account. The savings account provides compound interest and withdrawal facilities but no cheque book facility. The current account provides cheque book facility but no interest. Current account holders should also maintain a minimum balance and if the balance falls below this level, a service charge is imposed.

Create a class Account that stores customer name, account number and type of account. From this derive the classes Cur-acct and Sav-acct to make them more specific to their requirements.

Include the necessary methods in order to achieve the following tasks:

- a) Accept deposit from customer and update the balance.
- **b)** Display the balance.
- c) Compute and deposit interest
- **d)** Permit withdrawal and update the balance.

Check for the minimum balance, impose penalty if necessary and update the balance.

#### 2.5.2 Code:

import java.util.Scanner;

```
class Account
{
    String name;
    int type;
    long accno;
    double balance;
    void setA()
    {
        Scanner s=new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter customer name: ");
        name=s.nextLine();
}
```

```
System.out.print("Enter account number: ");
            accno=s.nextLong();
            System.out.print("Enter bank balance: ");
            balance=s.nextDouble();
      }
      void display()
            System.out.println("Customer name is: "+name);
            if(type==1) {
                  System.out.println("Customer account type is: Savings");
            }
            else {
                  System.out.println("Customer account type is: Current");
            System.out.println("Customer account number is: "+accno);
            System.out.println("Current balance is: "+balance);
      void deposit()
            System.out.print("Enter the amount to be deposited: ");
            Scanner x=new Scanner(System.in);
            double amt=x.nextDouble();
            balance+=amt;
      }
}
class Sav_acct extends Account
```

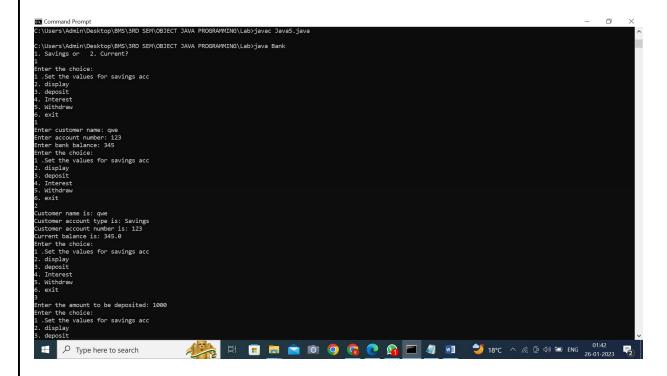
```
double interest;
Scanner s=new Scanner(System.in);
Sav_acct() {
      type=1;
void cinterest()
      int timey;
      float irate;
      System.out.println("Compound Interest details:");
      System.out.println("Enter time in years: ");
      timey=s.nextInt();
      System.out.println("Enter rate of interest: ");
      irate=s.nextFloat();
      System.out.println("Interest will be compunded 5 times a year");
      interest=balance*(Math.pow((1+irate/5),(5*timey)));
      balance+=interest;
void withdraw()
      System.out.println("Enter the amount to be withdrawn: ");
      double amt=s.nextDouble();
      if(balance>amt)
      {balance=amt;}
      else
      {System.out.println("Amount to be withdrawn greater than balance!!!");}
}
```

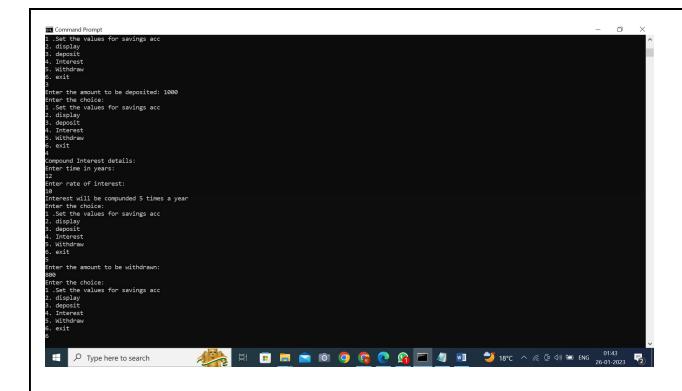
```
}
class Curr acct extends Account
{
      double check amt;
      Curr_acct() {
            type=2;
      }
      void cheque()
            System.out.print("Enter the cheque amount: ");
            Scanner s=new Scanner(System.in);
            check amt = s.nextDouble();
            if(check amt>balance-5000)
            {
                  System.out.println("Rs. 500 penalty imposed...Is it ok to proceed?
Enter y for yes and n for no");
                  String option=s.next();
                  if(option.equals("y")) {balance=balance-check_amt-500;}
                  else {System.out.println("no check debited");}
            }
            else
                  System.out.println("Rupees "+check amt+" debited"); balance-
=check amt;
```

```
void withdraw()
            System.out.println("Enter the amount to be withdrawn: "); Scanner s=new
Scanner(System.in);
            double amt=s.nextDouble();
            if(balance>amt)
            {balance=amt;}
            else
            {System.out.println("Amount to be withdrawn greater than balance!!!");}
      }
}
class Bank {
      public static void main(String ss[]) {
            String op1,op2;
            Scanner s=new Scanner(System.in);
            System.out.println("1. Savings or 2. Current?");
            int q;
            q=s.nextInt();
            if(q==1) {
                   Sav acct s1 = new Sav acct();
                  while(true) {
                   System.out.print("Enter the choice: \n1 .Set the values for savings
acc\n2. display\n3. deposit\n4. Interest\n5. Withdraw\n6. exit\n");
                   op1=s.next();
                  switch(op1)
                   case "1":s1.setA();
```

```
break;
                   case "2":s1.display();
                           break;
                   case "3":s1.deposit();
                           break;
                   case "4":s1.cinterest();
                           break;
                   case "5":s1.withdraw();
                           break;
                   case "6":System.exit(0);
             }
             else if(q==2) {
                   Curr acct c1 = new Curr acct();
                   while(true) {
                   System.out.print("Enter the choice: \n1.Set the values for current
account\n2. display\n3. deposit\n4. transferCheck\n5. Withdraw\n6. exit\n");
                   op2=s.next();
                   switch(op2)
                   case "1":c1.setA();
                           break;
                   case "2":c1.display();
                           break;
                   case "3":c1.deposit();
                           break;
                   case "4":c1.cheque();
                           break;
```

## **2.5.3 Output:**





## 2.6 Experiment - 6

#### 2.6.1 Question:

Write a program that demonstrates handling of exceptions in inheritance tree. Create a base class called "Father" and derived class called "Son" which extends the base class. In Father class, implement a constructor which takes the age and throws the exception WrongAge() when the input age<0. In Son class, implement a constructor that cases both father and son's age and throws an exception if son's age is >=father's age.

#### 2.6.2 Code:

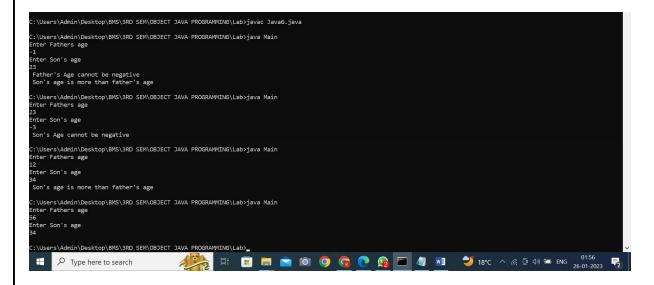
```
import java.util.*;
class FatherAgeException extends Exception
{
        public String toString()
        {
            return(" Father's Age cannot be negative");
        }
} class SonnAgeException extends Exception
{
```

```
public String toString()
              return(" Son's Age cannot be negative");
class SonAgeException extends Exception
       public String toString()
              return(" Son's age is more than father's age");
class Father
       int age;
       Father(int age)
              this.age = age;
       void ThrowingFather()
              try
                      if(age < 0)
                             throw new FatherAgeException();
              catch (FatherAgeException e)
                      System.out.println(e);
}
class Son extends Father
       int sage;
       Son(int fage,int sage)
         super(fage);
              this.sage = sage;
       void ThrowSon()
```

```
try
                     if(sage < 0)
                             throw new SonnAgeException();
              catch (SonnAgeException e)
                     System.out.println(e);
       void ThrowingSon()
              try
                     if(sage > age)
                             throw new SonAgeException();
              catch (SonAgeException e)
                     System.out.println(e);
}
class Main
       public static void main(String args[])
         int fatage, Sonage;
              Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
              System.out.println("Enter Fathers age");
              fatage = sc.nextInt();
              System.out.println("Enter Son's age");
              Sonage = sc.nextInt();
              Son s = new Son(fatage,Sonage);
              s.ThrowingFather();
              s.ThrowSon();
              s.ThrowingSon();
```

}		
<b>28</b>   P a g e		

## **2.6.3 Output:**



## 2.7 Experiment - 8

#### 2.7.1 Question:

Write a program which creates two threads, one thread displaying "BMS College of Engineering" once every ten seconds and another displaying "CSE" once every two seconds.

#### 2.7.2 Code:

```
class Call implements Runnable
{
      String a;
      int x,time;
      Thread t;
      Call(String tn,int ti,int ex)
       {
             a=tn;
             x=ex;
             time=ti;
             t=new Thread(this,a);
             t.start();
      }
      public void run()
             try{
                   for(int i=0;i < x;i++)
                    {
                          System.out.println(a);
                          Thread.sleep(time);
                    }
             catch(InterruptedException ie)
             {
```

```
System.out.println("Inturrupted ");
}

class Lab8
{
public static void main(String xx[])
{
    new Call("BMS College of Enginnering",10000,2);
    new Call("CSE",2000,10);
}
}
```

## **2.7.3 Output:**

