

Shiv Nadar University

Department of Electrical Engineering-(SoE)

EED305: Digital Signal Processing

Lab-6

Instructor: Prof. Vijay Kumar Chakka

Lab Instructors: Prof. Vijay Kumar Chakka & Dr. Ravi Kant Saini

Topic: Discrete Fourier Transform

1. Construct a Fourier transformation matrix D of size $N \times N$ in MATLAB, by using the sequence $s_k[n] = e^{\frac{j2\pi}{N}kn}$, $0 \leq n \leq N-1$, $0 \leq k \leq N-1$. Where first column of the matrix is $s_0[n]$, $0 \leq n \leq N-1$, second column is $s_1[n]$, $0 \leq n \leq N-1$, similarly N^{th} column is $s_{N-1}[n]$, $0 \leq n \leq N-1$.

2. For a given length $N = 4$, verify that these sequences $s_0[n]$, $s_1[n]$, $s_2[n]$, $s_3[n]$ are orthogonal to each other. I.e.,

$$\sum_{n=0}^{N-1} s_i^*[n]s_j[n] = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{for } i \neq j \\ N & \text{for } i = j \end{cases}$$

3. Verify the condition that $DD^H = NI$, where I is an Identity matrix. By using the condition $D^{-1} = D^H$.
4. Consider a $N = 4$ length input sequence. Compute the (DFT) transformation coefficients $X[K]$ using $X[K] = D^H x[n]$. Compute the inverse transformation (IDFT), using $x[n] = \frac{1}{N}DX[K]$.
5. Consider the input sequence of system $x(n) = \{1,2,3,4\}$ having an impulse response $h(n) = \{0,1,0,0\}$. Perform the following analysis:
 - a. Compute the output response of the system $y(n)$.
 - b. Compute its respective 4-DFT's ($X[K]$ and $H[K]$) and calculate the 4-IDFT $y(n)$ of the sequence $Y[K] = X[K]H[K]$.
 - c. Write your observation about the sequence $y(n)$ obtained in (a) and (b).
6. Compute the 50 point (DFT) transformation coefficients $X[K]$ for a given input data sequence $x[n]$ ('inputData.mat') and impulse responses ('h1.mat', 'h2.mat'). Then from obtained coefficients compute $Y_1[K] = X[k]H_1[k]$ and $Y_2[K] = X[K]H_2[K]$. Find the 50-point inverse transformation $y_1(n)$ and $y_2(n)$. Plot the signal $x(n)$, $y_1(n)$, $y_2(n)$. write your observations