Digital Signal Processing [Lab-5]

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Objective:

Data Handling (In this lab we made a periodic signal from an existing waveform. Also impulse response was calculated from Infinite impulse response for some threshold value and then finally convoluted to get the output)

Program:

```
clc;
clear all;
close all;
% * |*Matlab Commands for generating the waveform by recursive equation* |
R=[1,2,3,4,5];% waveform for one period
*looping from 1 to 500 to make recursive equation for 100 cycles of size 5
for i=1:500% looping throught the ith position
    if i<=5
        y(i)=R(i);
    elseif mod(i,5) == 0 %if modulus of i with 5 is zero
        pos=5;
        y(i)=R(pos);
    else
        pos=mod(i,5); %modulus of i with 5
        y(i)=R(pos);
    end
end
```

• Matlab Commands for generating the the IIR impulse response

```
n_ref=log(0.01)/log(0.9);%Finding the n effective(Size of impulse response) % for 1 percent of the initial value as reference n_ref=ceil(n_ref);%Rounding off the value of n effective
```

```
for i=1:n ref%Finding the nth term of impulse response
    h_one_per(i)=power(0.9,i-1); %0.9 to the power i-1 stored in ith index
end
%For 0.1 percent of initial value as a threshold
n_ref=log(0.001)/log(0.9); Finding the n effective for 0.1% of intital value
n ref=ceil(n ref); Rounding off the value of impulse response
for i=1:n_ref%Finding the nth term of impulse response
    h_{pointone_per(i)=power(0.9,i-1);%0.9} to the power i-1
end
y(n)=x(n) + 0.9y(n-1) Final equation of the impulse response

    Matlab Commands for convolution of h with audio signal sample

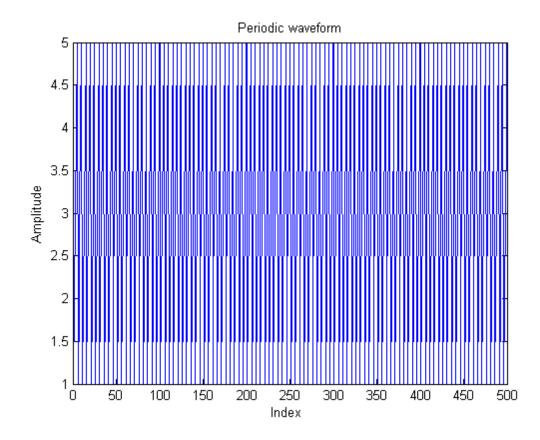
[audio,Fs] = audioread('Signal_Processing_Audio.mp3');
audio=audio(:,1); Reading only the 1 column of the audio channel
audio=transpose(audio); % taking the transpose of previous ans
t=1:1/Fs:2;%Finding the sample between 0 to 2 sec at Fs frequency
[size_t_row, size_t_col]=size(t); %Finding the size of t matrix
audio=audio(1:size_t_col); % Making the audio sample for only 2 seconds
audio_out_pointone=conv(h_pointone_per,audio);%Finding the convolution
%of audio with impulse response h_pointone_per
audio_out_one=conv( h_one_per,audio); %Finding the convolution of the audio
%signal with impulse response h_pointone_per
• *Matlab Commands for finding impluse response and convolution of audio
 with the impulse response *
n_ref=log(0.01)/log(0.9);%Finding the n effective for 1 percent of the
% initial value
n_ref=ceil(n_ref); Rounding off the n effective got from previous line
for i=1:n ref %Finding the nth term of impulse response
    h_a(i) = power(-0.9, i-1); %-0.9 to the power i-1
end
y(n) = -0.9y(n-1) + x(n) is the recursion equation
2*(0.9)^n=0.01 when n is even
n_ref=(log(0.01)-log(2))/log(0.9);%Finding the n effective
%for 1 percent of the initial value
n_ref=ceil(n_ref);%Rounding off the n effective got from previous line
for i=1:n_ref %Finding the nth term of impulse response
    h_b(i) = power(-0.9, i-1) + power(0.9, i-1); %-0.9 to the power i-1 + 0.9
    %to the power i-1
end
y(n)=0.81y(n-2) + 2x(n) is the recursion equation
n_ref=log(0.01)/log(0.9); Finding the n effective for 1 percent of the
```

```
% initial value
n_ref=ceil(n_ref);%Rounding off the n effective got from previous line
for i=1:n_ref %Finding the nth term of impulse response
    h_c(i)=power(0.5,i-1)+power(0.9,i-1);% 0.5 to the power i-1 + 0.9
    %to the power i-1
end
%y(n)=1.4y(n-1) -0.45y(n-2)+ 2x(n) -1.4x(n-1) is a recursion equation
```

Results:

• Plot for the Periodic waveform of period 5

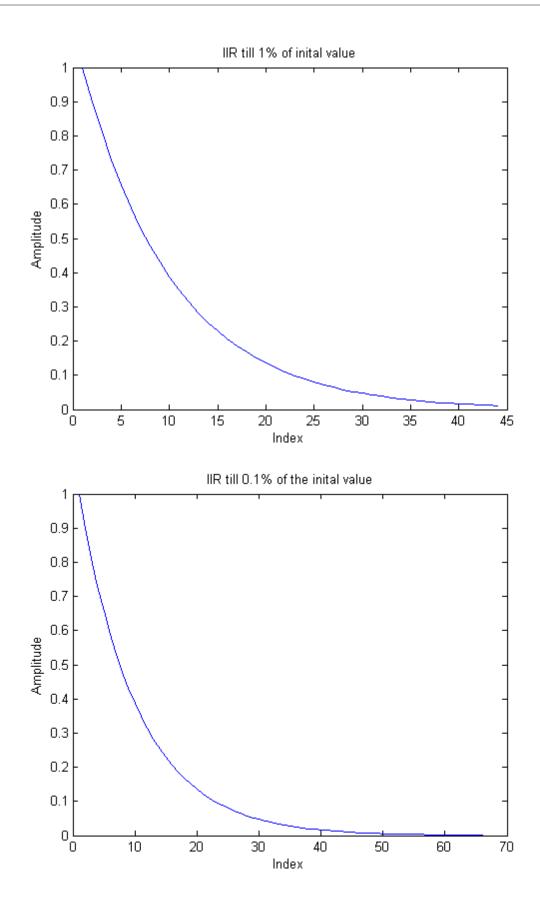
```
figure;plot(y);
title('Periodic waveform');xlabel('Index ');ylabel('Amplitude');
```



• Plot for the Infinite Impluse response till 1% of the initial value

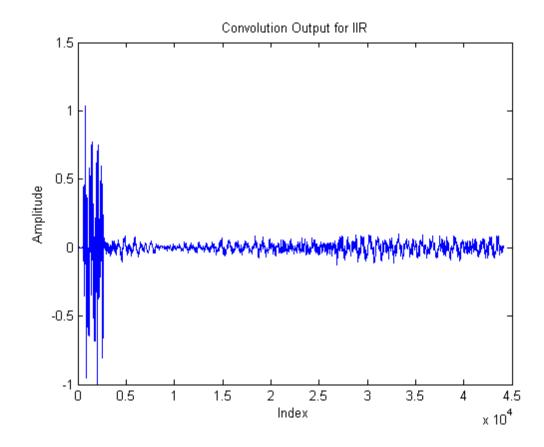
```
figure;plot(h_one_per);
title('IIR till 1% of inital value');
xlabel('Index');ylabel('Amplitude');

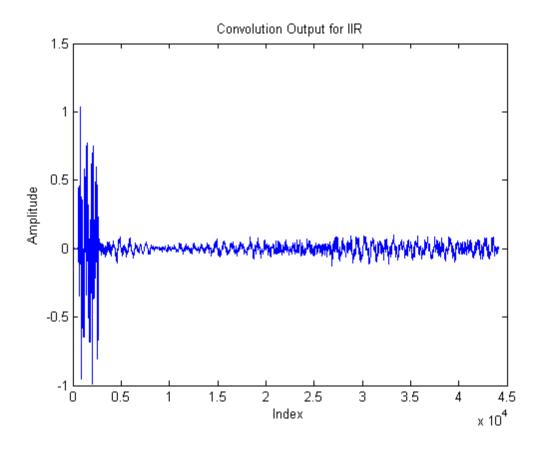
% * |*Plot for the Infinite Impluse response till 0.1% of the initial value*|
figure;plot(h_pointone_per);
title('IIR till 0.1% of the inital value');
xlabel('Index');ylabel('Amplitude');
```



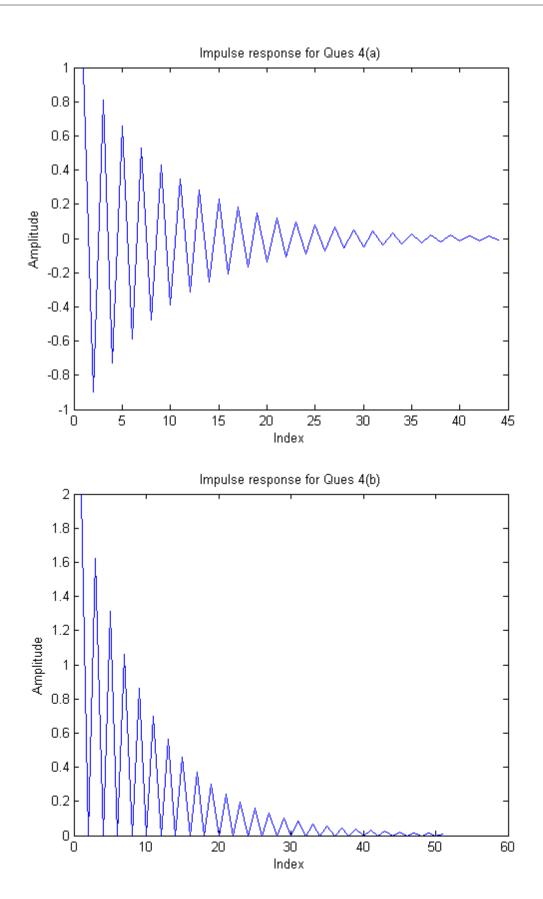
• Plot for the convolution of audio signal with IIR till 1% of the initial value of impulse response

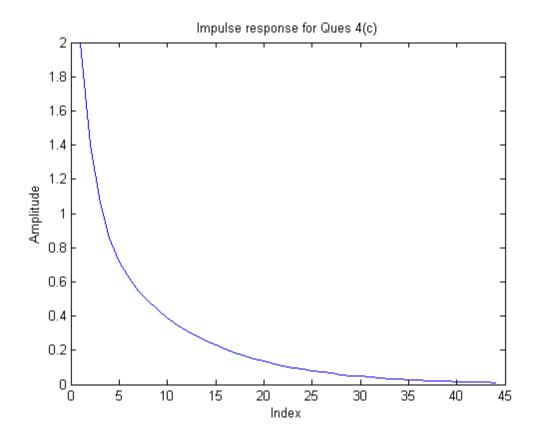
```
figure;plot(audio_out_one);
title('Convolution Output for IIR');xlabel('Index');ylabel('Amplitude');
% | *Plot for the convolution of audio signal with IIR till
% 0.1% of the initial value of impulse response* |
figure;plot(audio_out_pointone);
title('Convolution Output for IIR');xlabel('Index');ylabel('Amplitude');
```





```
%Plots for IIR response for 1% of initial value as thresholds
% * |*Plot for the Infinite Impluse response for Question 4(a)*|
figure;plot(h_a);
title('Impulse response for Ques 4(a)');xlabel('Index');ylabel('Amplitude');
% * |*Plot for the Infinite Impluse response for Question 4(b)*|
figure;plot(h_b);
title('Impulse response for Ques 4(b)');xlabel('Index');ylabel('Amplitude');
% * |*Plot for the Infinite Impluse response for Question 4(c)*|
figure;plot(h_c);
title('Impulse response for Ques 4(c)');xlabel('Index');ylabel('Amplitude');
```





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