Shiv Nadar University

Department of Electrical Engineering-(SoE)

EED305: Digital Signal Processing Lab-3 (Deconvolution) Instructor:

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<u>Steps to performed for the given x&y (System identification)(or) h&y (Input estimation)</u> using deconvolution:

- i. v = Xh
- ii. Apply X^T on both sides $X^T y = X^T X h$
- iii. Perform $(X^TX)^{-1}$ on both sides for the above resultant $(X^TX)^{-1} X^T y = (X^TX)^{-1} X^T X h$
- iv. Let us consider $\hat{h} = (X^T X)^{-1} X^T y$, Now find the least square error $||\hat{h} h||^2$.

Case-1:

- 2. Perform the above process for the example discussed in class by considering input, output signal as one case and impulse response, output signal as another case.
- 3. Load the input audio signal and divide it into blocks of length 512 and consider the obtained block wise convolution output from Lab-2. Then perform the above steps for each block output
- 4. Repeat the above process for the given output data of each block 'noiseAddBlockConvOutput .mat'.
 - i. Plot the least square error computed with block index for both 3 and 4

Case-2:

- 5. Load the impulse response given in Lab-2 and consider the obtained block wise convolution output from Lab-2. Then repeat the above process to obtain the input data approximation.
- 6. Repeat question number 3 by considering 'noiseAddBlockConvOutput .mat' output file instead of block wise convolution output.
 - i. Plot the least square error of input estimation computed with block index for both 3 and 4