# **Shiv Nadar University**

Department of Electrical Engineering-(SoE)

EED305: Digital Signal Processing Lab-10 Instructor: Prof. Vijay Kumar Chakka

Topics: Simple IIR filter design

Lab Instructors: Prof. Vijay Kumar Chakka & Dr. Ravi Kant Saini

- 1. Design a first order LPF with a 3-dB cutoff frequency of  $w_c = \frac{\pi}{4}$ 
  - a. Plot it's magnitude and phase response
  - b. Plot the magnitude and phase response of first order low pass filter for  $\alpha = 0.5, 0.7, 0.8$  and calculate respective 3-dB cut-off frequency

# First-order Low pass IIR digital filter:

Transfer function, 
$$H_{LP}(z) = \frac{1-\alpha}{2} \left[ \frac{1+z^{-1}}{1-\alpha z^{-1}} \right]$$
 ,  $|\alpha| < 1$ 

Where, 
$$\alpha = \frac{1-\sin(w_c)}{\cos(w_c)}$$
,  $\cos(w_c) = \frac{2\alpha}{1+\alpha^2}$  and  $w_c$  is the cutoff frequency

2. Repeat the question (1) for designing a HPF with 3-dB cutoff frequency of  $w_c = \frac{\pi}{4}$ 

# First-order High pass IIR digital filter:

Transfer function, 
$$H_{HP}(z) = \frac{1+\alpha}{2} \left[ \frac{1-z^{-1}}{1-\alpha z^{-1}} \right]$$
,  $|\alpha| < 1$ 

Where, 
$$\alpha = \frac{1-\sin(w_c)}{\cos(w_c)}$$
,  $\cos(w_c) = \frac{2\alpha}{1+\alpha^2}$  and  $w_c$  is the cutoff frequencies

- 3. Design a second-order Band pass filter with center frequency at  $0.4\pi$  and a 3-dB bandwidth of  $0.1\pi$ .
  - a. Plot its magnitude and phase response
  - b. For  $\alpha = 0.2,0.5,0.8$  by keeping $\beta = 0.5$ . Calculate their respective 3-dB bandwidths

- c. Measure the Quality factor [Q = Center frequency/ 3-dB bandwidth]
- d. Plot the magnitude and phase response of second order band pass filter Choose  $\beta=0.1,0.5,0.8$  and  $\alpha=0.6$  Calculate their respective center frequencies and Q factors

### Second-order Band pass IIR digital filter:

Transfer function, 
$$H_{BP}(z) = \frac{1-\alpha}{2} \left[ \frac{1-z^{-2}}{1-\beta(\alpha+1)z^{-1}+\alpha z^{-2}} \right]$$
,  $|\alpha| < 1$ 

With center frequency  $w_o = \cos^{-1}(\beta)$  and

3-dB bandwidth  $\Delta w_{3dB} = w_{c_2} - w_{c_1} = \cos^{-1}(\frac{2\alpha}{1+\alpha^2})$ 

**4.** Repeat the question (3) for designing a BSF with center frequency at  $0.4\pi$  and a 3-dB bandwidth of  $0.1\pi$ .

### Second-order Band stop IIR digital filter:

Transfer function, 
$$H_{BS}(z) = \frac{1+\alpha}{2} \left[ \frac{1-2\beta z^{-1}+z^{-2}}{1-\beta(\alpha+1)z^{-1}+\alpha z^{-2}} \right]$$
,  $|\alpha| < 1$ 
With center frequency  $w_o = \cos^{-1}(\beta)$  and
$$3-\text{dB bandwidth } \Delta w_{3dB} = w_{c_2} - w_{c_1} = \cos^{-1}(\frac{2\alpha}{1+\alpha^2})$$