# Digital Signal Processing [Lab-9]

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## **Objective:**

Design of window based linear phase FIR filter (In this we found the frequency response of various kinds of window based linear phase FIR filters )

### **Program:**

```
clc;
clear all;
close all;
% * | *Matlab Commands for rectangular windowed ideal low pass filter * |
wc=pi/4; % Variable for cut-off frequency
h1=zeros(1,61); %Initializing the impulse response h1
for i=-30:30 %Looping through all the 61 elements of the impulse response
    if i==0
        h1(i+31)=wc/pi;
        h1(i+31)=sin(wc*i)/(pi*i);
    end
end
• *Matlab Commands to plot the 512 point frequency response *
freq=zeros(1,1024); %For finding the 512 point frequency response
diff=(2*pi)/1024; %Finding the difference between 2 frequency from -pi to pi
%with 512 divisions
for i=1:1024 %Looping through the 512 impulse response
    w=(-1*pi)+((i-1)*diff); %Finding the angular frequency
    sum=0; %Variable sum=0
    for k=0:(60/2) %Looping through the 30 elements
            sum = sum + (h1(30)*cos(k*w));
        else
```

```
sum = sum + (2*h1(30-k)*cos(k*w));
        end
    end
    freq(i)=sum* exp((-1*1i*60*w)/2); %Finding the frequency response
    %of each term
end
freq=abs(freq); %Finding the absolute value for 512 point freq response
        Subscript indices must either be real positive integers or logicals.
        Error in Lab9_submit (line 39)
                    sum = sum + (2*h1(30-k)*cos(k*w));
• *Matlab Commands for frequency response by using the built in function
rec_lp=freqz(h1);
• *Matlab Commands for Rectangular window *
N=61; %Variable N to store the size N
for i=0:60 %Looping through 61 elements of the rectangular window
    if i>=0 && i<=60 %If 0<=n<=N-1, then
        w1(i+1)=1;
    else
                      %else
        w1(i+1)=0;
    end
end
freq rec=freqz(w1); %Finding the frequency response of rectangular window
• *Matlab Commands for Hamming Window *
alpha=0.54; %Alpha value for generalized Hamming window
for i=0:60 %Looping through the 61 elements of the frequency response
    w_{ham(i+1)} = alpha - ((1-alpha)*cos((2*pi*i)/60));
end
freq_hamm=freqz(w_ham); %Finding the frequency response of Hamming window
• *Matlab Commands for Hanning window *
alpha=0.5;%Alpha value for generalized Hanning window
for i=0:60 %Looping through the 61 elements of the frequency response
    w han(i+1) = alpha - ((1-alpha)*cos((2*pi*i)/60));
freq_hann=freqz(w_han); %Finding the frequency response of Hanning window
• *Matlab Commands for Bartlet window *
for i=1:60 %Looping through the 61 elements of the frequency response
    if i>=0 && i<=30
        w3(i+1)=(2*i)/60;
    else
        w3(i+1)=2-(2*i)/60;
    end
end
```

```
freq_bar=freqz(w3); %Finding the frequency response of Bartlet window

• *Matlab Commands for Blackman window *

for i=0:60 %Looping through the 61 elements of the frequency response w4(i+1)=0.42 - 0.5*cos((2*pi*i)/60)+ 0.08*cos((4*pi*i)/60);
end
freq_black=freqz(w4); %Finding the frequency response of Blackman window
```

### **Results:**

```
• Plot for the Question No 1(a)
figure;plot(h1);
title('Impulse response rectangular windowed ideal low pass filter ');
xlabel('index');ylabel('Amplitude');
• Plot for the Question No 1(b)
figure;plot(freq);
title(' 512 point frequency response rectangular ideal low pass filter ');
xlabel('index');ylabel('Amplitude');
• Plot for the Question No 1(c)
figure;freqz(h1);
title(' Frequency Response for Rectangular ideal low pass filter ');
xlabel('index');ylabel('Amplitude in dB');
• Plot for the Question No 2(i)
figure;plot(w1);
title(' Impulse response for Rectangular window ');
xlabel('index');ylabel('Amplitude');
• Plot for the Question No 2(i)(a)
figure; freqz(w1);
title(' Frequency response for Rectangular window ');
xlabel('index');ylabel('Amplitude in dB');
• Plot for the Question No 2(iii)
figure;plot(w_ham);
title(' Impulse response for Hamming Window ');
xlabel('index');ylabel('Amplitude');
• Plot for the Question No 2(iii)(a)
figure;freqz(w_ham);
title(' Frequency response for Hamming Window ');
xlabel('index');ylabel('Amplitude in dB');
• Plot for the Question No 2(iv)
figure;plot(w_han);
```

```
title(' Impulse response for Hanning Window ');
xlabel('index');ylabel('Amplitude');
• Plot for the Question No 2(iv)(a)
figure;freqz(w_han);
title(' Frequency response for Hanning Window ');
xlabel('index');ylabel('Amplitude in dB');
• Plot for the Question No 2(v)
figure;plot(w3);
title(' Impulse response for Bartlet Window');
xlabel('index');ylabel('Amplitude');
• Plot for the Question No 2(v)(a)
figure;freqz(w3);
title(' Frequency response for Bartlet Window ');
xlabel('index');ylabel('Amplitude in dB');
• Plot for the Question No 2(vi)
figure;plot(w4);
title(' Impulse response for Blackman Window');
xlabel('index');ylabel('Amplitude');
• Plot for the Question No 2(vi)(a)
figure;freqz(w4);
title(' Frequency response for Blackman Window');
xlabel('index');ylabel('Amplitude in dB');
```

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