## **Machine Learning HW 4 Report**

0516215 林亮穎

## 1. Forward-propagate code

```
def forward_propagate(X, theta1, theta2):
    m = X.shape[0]
    X = np.matrix(X)

#Write codes here
    a1 = np.concatenate((np.ones((m, 1), dtype=float), X), axis=1)  # 5000x401
    z2 = np.dot(a1, theta1.T)  # 5000x401 * 401*10 = 5000*10
    a2 = np.concatenate((np.ones((m, 1), dtype=float), sigmoid(z2)), axis=1)  # 5000x11
    z3 = np.dot(a2, theta2.T)  # 5000x11 * 11x10 = 5000x10
    h = sigmoid(z3)  # 5000x10
return a1, z2, a2, z3, h
```

## 2. Back-propagate code

```
def backprop(params, input_size, hidden_size, num_labels, X, y, learning_rate):
    m = X.shape[0] #5000 testcases
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           theta1 = np.matrix(np.reshape(params[:hidden_size * (input_size + 1)], (hidden_size, (input_size + 1))))
theta2 = np.matrix(np.reshape(params[hidden_size * (input_size + 1):], (num_labels, (hidden_size + 1))))
nabla1 = np.zeros((hidden_size, input_size+1)) # 10x401
nabla2 = np.zeros((num_labels, hidden_size+1)) # 10x11
            for i in range(0, m):
                 tmp = X[i,:]
                 tmp.shape
                 a1 = np.c_[np.ones((1,)), X[i, :]]
                 z2 = np.dot(a1, theta1.T)
                  a2 = np.c_{np.ones((1,)), sigmoid(z2)]
                 z3 = np.dot(a2, theta2.T)
                 h = sigmoid(z3)
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                 delta3 = h - y[i, :]
                  delta3 = delta3.T
                  delta3.shape
                 delta2 = np.multiply(np.dot((theta2[:,1:]).T, delta3) , sigmoid_gradient(z2).T)
# delta2 = np.dot((theta2[:,1:]).T, delta3) # 10x10 * 10x1 = 10x1
                  nabla1 = nabla1 + np.dot(delta2, a1)  # 10x1 * 1x401 = 10x401
                  nabla2 = nabla2 + np.dot(delta3, a2)  # 10x1 * 1x11 = 10x11
```

```
# STEP5: Obtain the gradient
grad1 = (1.0/m) * nabla1 # 10x401
grad2 = (1.0/m) * nabla2 # 10x11

lambda_ = 1
grad1[:, 1:] = grad1[:, 1:] + (lambda_/m) * theta1[:, 1:] # do not regularize bias
grad2[:, 1:] = grad2[:, 1:] + (lambda_/m) * theta2[:, 1:]

grad = np.hstack((grad1.ravel(), grad2.ravel()))

grad = np.hstack((grad1.ravel(), grad2.ravel()))

params_trained = np.hstack((theta1.flatten(), theta2.flatten()))

J = cost(params_trained, input_size, hidden_size, num_labels, X, y, learning_rate)

return J, grad
```

## 3. Result accuracy

accuracy = 97.34%