On the Subject of Derivatives

Do you remember high school maths? Time to find out.

This module requires an internet connection to work.*

Solve the module by solving all differential equations, normal mathematical rules apply.

Solve the following:		
y =		
dy/dx =		
7 6 9 / del		
4 5 6 * ^		
1 2 3 - x		
0 () + ente	r	

You will need to solve the equations an amount of times equal to the bomb's starting time (in minutes) divided by 3, rounded up (max 10).

Assume x is positive.

Writing rules

- Fractions must be in the form (-)x/y where x may be a bigger number than y:
 - · Correct: -4/3
 - Incorrect: 1(1/-3)
- Bracket multiplication e.g. (4)(5) is NOT allowed.
- If an exponent is negative it must be written as a fraction:
 - · Correct: 2/x^2
 - Incorrect: 2x^(-2)

Exception: If an expression results in an x multiplied by a fraction e.g. 3/2 the fraction must be entered last and the exponent may be negative:

- Correct: x^(-7/2) * 3/2
- Incorrect: 3/2 * x^(-7/2)
- Answers must be simplified:
 - · Correct: -32/x^5
 - Incorrect: -12/x^5 20/x^5

Exception: When applying the product rule on a negative fraction of the exponent of x the product rule must NOT be simplified:

- e.g. for $y = x^{-1/2} * x^3$
- Correct: x^(3/2) * (-1/2) + 3 * x^(3/2)
- Incorrect: (5/2) * x^(3/2)

See Appendix A for basic differentiation rules.

^{*}On failure to connect the screen will read error. Pressing a button will solve the module.

Appendix A: Differentiation rules

$rac{d}{dx}(c)=0$	where c is a constant
$\left egin{array}{c} rac{d}{dx}(x^n) = nx^{n-1} \end{array} ight $	where n is any real number
$rac{d}{dx}(\ln x) = rac{1}{x}$	where $x > 0$

$$\frac{d}{dx}(e^x) = e^x$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}(\sin x) = \cos x$$

$$rac{d}{dx}[f(x)+g(x)]=f'(x)+g'(x)$$

$$rac{d}{dx}[f(x)-g(x)]=f'(x)-g'(x)$$

$$rac{d}{dx}[f(x)g(x)] = f(x)g'(x) + g(x)f'(x)$$

$$rac{d}{dx}f(g(x))=f'(g(x))g'(x)$$