A = (<-20,20>)

B = (1,2,4,8,16,32)

C = (1,2,4)

Modifier= log(ax^b), x^c

a = (<-100,100>) – not used any more

b = (<0,10>)

c = (<-10,10>)

-

**DID:**

//Expressions that evaluate only to a number without an *x* e.g. the derivative of 2x^1 have to be writing at the start of the equation

If an expression results in an x which is a fraction e.g. 3/2 the fraction must be entered last and the exponent may be negative

Correct:

Incorrect:

Fraction must be in the form (-)x/y where x may be a bigger number than y

e.g. ,

When applying the product rule on a negative power fraction of x the product rule must NOT be simplified e.g. results in whereas would result in

Plusmins => minus

Remove ( ) \*

\\*|-\((?=.\*\))|-\((?=.\*\))

Remove 8/(x^2) brackets

fix/add:

-x^(-1/2)11/2

x^(-1/2)-11/2

calc object:

*var* a = *new* Calculator(  
 "operator",  
 '+',  
 "add",  
 args: *new* List<Calculator>()  
 {  
 *new* Calculator(  
 "value",  
 value: 2),  
 *new* Calculator(  
 "value",  
 value: 5)  
 }  
);