MIS 985:

Practical Business Analytics

Introduction to R and RStudio

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What is "R"?

- R is a software environment for statistical computing and graphics (official definition)
- R is a computer language for scientific computing, data analysis, data management, and data visualization.
- R is object-oriented, functional, cross-platform, and interpreted programming language.

Why R?

• R is free

R is part of GNU projects. R and most of its modules (packages) are open-source and available online.

R is comprehensive

Thousands of optional packages for data mining, statistical computing, machine learning, operations research, data visualization, ... etc.

R is advanced

Most update-to-date analytics functions, routines, algorithms are usually implemented in R.

What is "RStudio"?

- <u>RStudio</u> is a free, cross-platform, and open source integrated development environment (IDE) for R (official definition again).
- A great IDE that make programming in R as easy as programming in other major high-level scientific computing languages.
- RStudio provides both desktop and server versions that enable you to run R code on local machine as an application or on remote Unix-like server.

RStudio Desktop Installation

- Download latest R and RStudio from http://www.r-project.org/ and http://www.rstudio.com/.
- Follow the instructions to install. After successful installations, Open RStudio, go to [Tools]-> [Option] then click [Change...] to specify the location of the *R version* you'd like to use, if you use MS Windows.



RStudio Server

• Or, you may just open your browser to login your remote server with R and RStudio Server.

Rstudio

Sign in to RStudio	
Username:	
Ken	
Password:	
✓ Stay signed in	
Sign In	

Using RStudio Desktop & Server

Specify your preferred 4 panes of layout in [Tools] ->
 [Option]->[Panel Layout]

Source panel is an R source code editor.

• **Console** panel is an real-time R statement interpreter. You can also use it as a calculator.

Environment	Current visible variables/objects in memory.
History	History of executed R commands/statements.
Files	Current local working directory.
Plots	Recent plots/figures.
Package	R package management.
Viewer	Local web content viewer.
Help	R package/function documentations.
Build	Commands to build your own R packages.

• R as a real-time calculator by typing commands in **Console**. E.g.

```
a = 2 * 2 + 1
a
[1] 5
```

• R for symbolic computing. E.g. compute derivative: Check **Ryacas** package for more information

```
f = expression(x^2 + x + 1)
D(f,"x")
2 * x + 1
```

Note that everything in R is an *object*. Now there are 2 objects/variables, "a" and "f", shown in your **Environment**. We can also check them by typing function *ls()*:

```
ls()
[1] "a" "f"
```

Remove objects from memory/ R environment:

```
rm(a) # remove "a"

rm(list = ls()) # remove all objects
```

 There are many keyboard shortcuts of RStudio that helps you program in R efficiently. E.g. We can clear the Console messages by pressing Ctrl + L

• For more keyboard shortcuts, please check: http://www.rstudio.com/ide/docs/using/keyboard_shortcuts

R Documentation

- R documentations are relatively poor compared to other programming languages but are getting better.
- Check the general help files by entering:

```
help.start()
```

If you know the function names, simply enter:

```
help("functionName")
?functionName
```

• Or, search all documentations by typing a keyword/string:

```
help.search("a_keyword")
??a_keyword
```

R Documentation(cont.)

• Here is an example. If we forget a function that generates normal random numbers, just enter:

```
help.search("norm")
```

to get all function named with "norm".

• If we are interested in the examples of a function, say *mean()*, in R documents, we can ask R to run the examples in the document for the function.

```
example(mean)
```

R Package

- One of exciting part of programming in R is that there're thousands of packages that could suit you needs. For example,
 - ✓ writing some SQL codes? *sqldf*
 - ✓ manipulating massive datasets? –*data.table*
 - ✓ mining data with Weka? *RWeka*
 - ✓ creating some fancy plots? *ggplot2*
 - ✓ getting ODBC/JDBC DB access? *RODBC/RJDBC*
 - ✓ doing "point-and-click" statistical analyses? *Rcmdr*

..... and many more!

R Package & Final Comment

- Using RStudio, we can easily download and install R packages from *CRAN* (The Comprehensive R Archive Network). Just click **Package** Tab -> **Install Packages**, then enter the package name.
- Visit http://cran.r-project.org/ for more details about R packages.
- To find packages, you may also consider checking http://www.rseek.org/
- As always, Google is your best friend to find more interesting packages!