

# 零点问题

## 1. 零点问题

## 2. 单调性

eg 7.4  $k > 0$ ,  $f(x) = \ln x - \frac{x}{e} + k$   $(0, +\infty)$

[分析]  $f(x) = \ln x - \frac{x}{e} + k$

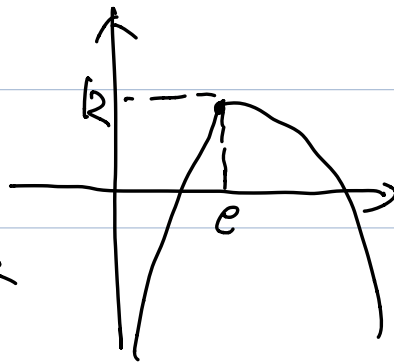
$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{e} \quad (\text{导数不含参})$$

$$\frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{e} = 0 \Rightarrow x = e$$

$$0 < x < e, f'(x) > 0, f(x) \uparrow$$

$$x > e, f'(x) < 0, f(x) \downarrow$$

$$f(e) = k$$



$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} (\ln x - \frac{x}{e} + k) = -\infty$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (\ln x - \frac{x}{e} + k) = -\infty$$

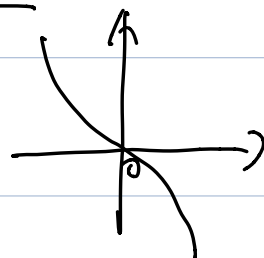
eg 7.1  $k \arctan x - x = 0$

$$f(x) = k \arctan x - x \quad \frac{k}{\omega}$$

$$f'(x) = k \cdot \frac{1}{1+x^2} - 1 = \frac{k-1-x^2}{1+x^2}$$

①  $k-1 \leq 0$ , 即  $k \leq 1$  时,  $f'(x) < 0$

恰有一个实根

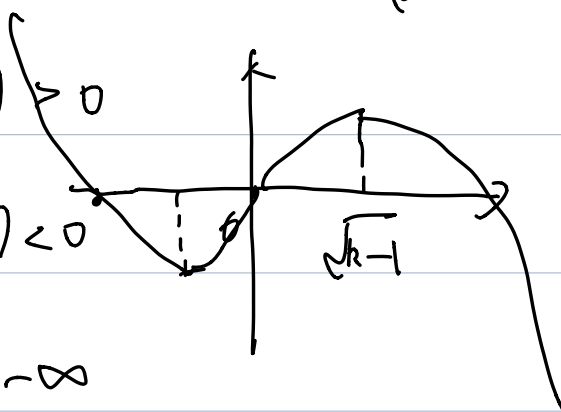


②  $k-1 > 0$ , 即  $k > 1$ , 令  $f'(x) = 0 \Rightarrow x = \sqrt{k-1}$

$0 < x < \sqrt{k-1}$ ,  $f'(x) > 0$

$x > \sqrt{k-1}$ ,  $f'(x) < 0$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (k \arctan x - x) = -\infty$$



3. 罗尔原话 (罗尔定理推论)

若  $f^{(n)}(x) = 0$  至多有  $k$  个根, 则  $f(x) = 0$  至多有  $k+n$

个根

4. 实系数奇次方程至少有一个实根

eg 7.3  $3a^2 - 5b < 0$ ,  $x^5 + 2ax^3 + 3bx + 4c = 0$

$$f(x) = x^5 + 2ax^3 + 3bx + 4c$$

$$f'(x) = 5x^4 + 6ax^2 + 3b$$

$$x^2 = y \Rightarrow 5y^2 + 6ay + 3b \Rightarrow \text{无实根}$$

## 二、微分不等式

讲义 P101 - 102

$$\text{eg 7.8 } x > 0, \ln\left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right) < \frac{1}{\sqrt{x(x+1)}}$$

$$[\text{分析}] \ln\left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right) < \frac{1}{\sqrt{x(x+1)}} \xLeftrightarrow{\frac{1}{x} = t} \ln(1+t) < \frac{t}{\sqrt{1+t}}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \sqrt{1+t} \ln(1+t) - t < 0$$

$$\text{令 } f(t) = \sqrt{1+t} \ln(1+t) - t$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{则 } f'(t) &= \frac{1}{2\sqrt{1+t}} \ln(1+t) + \frac{\sqrt{1+t}}{1+t} - 1 \\ &= \frac{\ln(1+t) + 2 - 2\sqrt{1+t}}{2\sqrt{1+t}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{令 } g(t) = \ln(1+t) + 2 - 2\sqrt{1+t}$$

$$g'(t) = \frac{1}{1+t} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+t}} < 0$$

$$\Rightarrow g(t) \downarrow \Rightarrow g(t) < g(0) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow f'(t) < 0 \Rightarrow f(t) \downarrow$$

$$f(14) < f(10) = 0$$

$$\text{eg 7.9} \quad 0 < x < \frac{\pi}{2}, \quad \sin x > \frac{2x}{\pi}$$

$$[\text{证法}] \quad f(x) = \sin x - \frac{2x}{\pi} \quad x \in (0, \frac{\pi}{2})$$

$$f'(x) = \cos x - \frac{2}{\pi}$$

$$f''(x) = -\sin x < 0$$

$$f(0) = 0, \quad f(\frac{\pi}{2}) = 0$$

$$\text{eg 7.10} \quad 1+x \ln(x+\sqrt{1+x^2}) \geq \sqrt{1+x^2}$$

$$\hat{=} f(x) = 1+x \ln(x+\sqrt{1+x^2}) - \sqrt{1+x^2}$$

$$f'(x) = \ln(x+\sqrt{1+x^2}) + x \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} \cdot x$$

$$= \ln(x+\sqrt{1+x^2}) \hat{=} 0 \Rightarrow x=0$$

$$\text{且 } f'(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} > 0$$

$$\Rightarrow f(x) \geq f(0) = 0$$

常数变量化

$$\text{eg 7.11 } 0 < a < b, \ln \frac{b}{a} \geq \frac{b-a}{a+b}$$

$$[\text{分析}] \ln \frac{b}{a} \geq 2 \cdot \frac{\frac{b}{a} - 1}{1 + \frac{b}{a}} \quad x = \frac{b}{a} > 1$$

中值定理证明不等式

$$\text{eg 7.12 } 0 < a < b < 1, \arctan b - \arctan a < \frac{b-a}{2ab}$$

$$\text{令 } f(x) = \arctan x$$

$$\arctan b - \arctan a = \frac{1}{1+\xi^2} (b-a), \quad a < \xi < b$$

$$\text{其中 } \frac{1}{1+b^2} < \frac{1}{1+\xi^2} < \frac{1}{1+a^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \arctan b - \arctan a < \frac{b-a}{1+a^2} < \frac{b-a}{b^2+a^2} < \frac{b-a}{2ab}$$

eg 7.14 题目讲义 p105

[分析]  $f$  与  $f^{(n)}$  ( $n \geq 2$ ) 的关系  $\Rightarrow$  泰勒

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{---} \left( \begin{array}{c} | & & | \\ a & x_1 & x_2 & b \end{array} \right) \text{---} \end{array}$$

$$\lambda x_1 + (1-\lambda)x_2 = x$$

$$f(x_1) = f(x) + f'(x)(x_1 - x) + \frac{f''(\xi_1)}{2}(x_1 - x)^2$$

$$f(x_2) = f(x) + f'(x)(x_2 - x) + \frac{f''(\xi_2)}{2}(x_2 - x)^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \lambda f(x_1) = \lambda f(x) + f'(x)\lambda(x_1 - x) + \frac{f''(\xi_1)}{2}(x_1 - x)^2 \lambda$$

$$\Rightarrow (1-\lambda)f(x_2) = (1-\lambda)f(x) + f'(x)(1-\lambda)(x_2 - x)$$

$$+ \frac{f''(\xi_2)}{2}(x_2 - x)^2(1-\lambda)$$