

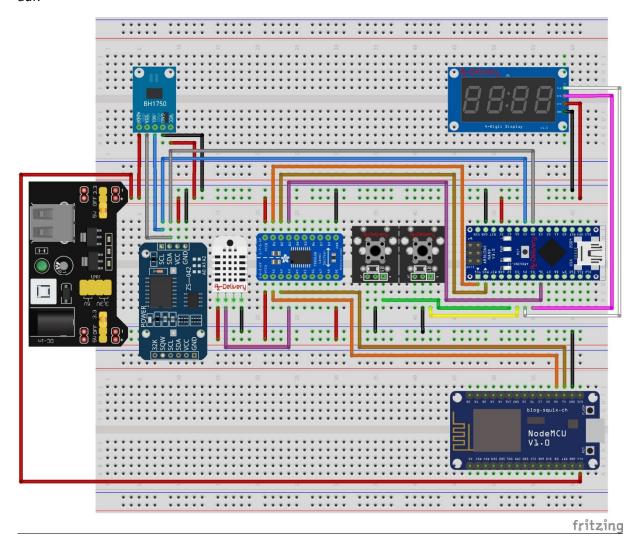
LED Echtzeituhr mit RTC Modul, alternierender Temperatur in Celsius und Fahrenheit, Luftfeuchteanzeige, Helligkeitssteuerung und Netzwerksyc. (Teil 5)

Hallo und Willkommen zu dem letzten Teil unserer Digitaluhr Reihe. In diesem Teil runden wir die Features rund um unsere Uhr nun ab und kümmern uns um eine Synchronisation der Uhrzeit mithilfe des NTP Protokolls aus dem Internet. Dazu verwenden wir einen preiswerten ESP8266, der die Verbindung zu einem Zeitserver im Internet beim Starten des Systems und alle 48 Stunden herstellt, um die aktuelle Uhrzeit per RS232 Protokoll mit 115200 Baud an den Arduino Nano zu übertragen. Dieser speichert die Uhrzeit dann selbst wiederum in das RTC Modul ab, das als interne Zeitreferenz genutzt wird. Der große Vorteil dieses auf den ersten Blick doppelte Verfahren im Gegensatz zu der permanenten Gewinnung der Zeit aus dem Netz besteht in der Unabhängigkeit bzw. der Ausfallsicherheit. Denn selbst, wenn das Internet mal nicht zur Verfügung stehen sollte, läuft unsere Uhr unbeeindruckt weiter und ist darüber hinaus vom Internet ansonsten unabhängig. (Ganz im Gegensatz zu vielen Smarthome Gadgets heutzutage \bigcirc)

Wir brauchen für den finalen letzten Teil folgende Teileliste:

Anzahl	Beschreibung	Anmerkung
1	DHT 22	
	DHT 11	Alternativ zu DHT 22
2	KY-004 Button Module	
1	Nano V3	
1	4 Digit 7 Segment Display (TM1637)	
1	MB102 Netzteil Adapter	Für Breadboardaufbau
1	Logic Level Converter TXS0108E	
1	Real Time Clock RTC DS3231	I2C Echtzeituhr für Arduino
1	ESP8266	

Da wir nun ein Multiprozessorboard bauen, bei dem 2 Prozessoren mithilfe einer Schnitstelle kommunizieren brauchen wir auf unserem Board nun etwas mehr Platz und bauen die Teile wie gezeigt auf:



Wichtig ist, auf die korrekte Verdrahtung der beiden unterschiedlichen Spannungsbereiche 5 Volt und 3,3, Volt zu achten. Sobal die Hardware fertig ist, kann es an die Software der beiden uC gehen. Zunächst jedoch binden wir zur nutzung des NTP Zeitprotokolls noch die Bibliothek "NTPClient" von Fabrice Weinberg.



Im heutigen Teil haben wir zwei verschiedene Firmware Codes für die jeweiligen Microcontroller. Der erste Code ist für den ESP8266, der als NTP Client fugieren soll. Es müssen jeweils noch die eigenen WLAN Credentials eingefügt werden:

```
#include <NTPClient.h>
#include <ESP8266WiFi.h>
#include <WiFiUdp.h>
const char *ssid = "Deine WLAN SSID";
const char *password = " Dein WLAN Passwort";
const long utcOffsetInSeconds = 3600;
const long delayseconds = 172800; // 48 Stunden
long elapsedSeconds = 0;
// Define NTP Client to get time
WiFiUDP ntpUDP;
NTPClient timeClient(ntpUDP, "pool.ntp.org", utcOffsetInSeconds);
void setup(){
delay(1000);
 Serial.begin(115200);
 delay(2000);
 Serial.flush();
 WiFi.begin(ssid, password);
 while ( WiFi.status() != WL_CONNECTED ) {
  delay (500);
  yield();
 timeClient.begin();
 SetNTPTime toClock();
 delay(500);
 SetNTPTime_toClock();
 delay(500);
 SetNTPTime_toClock();
void SetNTPTime_toClock()
timeClient.update();
 Serial.write(116);
 Serial.write(13);
 Serial.print(timeClient.getHours());
 Serial.write(13);
 Serial.print(timeClient.getMinutes());
 Serial.write(13);
 Serial.print(timeClient.getSeconds());
 Serial.write(13);
Serial.flush();
}
```

```
void loop() {
  delay(1000);
  elapsedSeconds++;
  if (elapsedSeconds >= delayseconds && WiFi.status() == WL_CONNECTED )
    {
     elapsedSeconds = 0;
     SetNTPTime_toClock();
    }
    yield();
}
```

Code für den Nano:

```
// Code by Tobias Kuch 2019, Licesed unter GPL 3.0
#include <TM1637.h>
#include "DHT.h" // REQUIRES the following Arduino libraries:
           //- DHT Sensor Library: https://github.com/adafruit/DHT-sensor-library
           //- Adafruit Unified Sensor Lib: https://github.com/adafruit/Adafruit Sensor
#include <Wire.h>
// Instantiation and pins configurations
// Pin 4 - > CLK
// Pin 5 - > DIO
TM1637 tm1637(4, 5);
#define BUTTON_MINUTEUP_PIN 2 // Digital IO pin connected to the button. This will be
              // driven with a pull-up resistor so the switch should
              // pull the pin to ground momentarily. On a high -> low
              // transition the button press logic will execute.
              // Used for Setting the Clock Time
#define BUTTON HOURUP PIN 3 // Digital IO pin connected to the button. This will be
              // driven with a pull-up resistor so the switch should
              // pull the pin to ground momentarily. On a high -> low
              // transition the button press logic will execute.
              // Used for Setting the Clock Time
//DHT Konfiguration
#define DHTPIN 6
                                 // Digital pin connected to the DHT sensor
#define DHTTYPE DHT22
                                    // DHT 22 (AM2302), AM2321
#define DS3231_I2C_ADDRESS 0x68
#define MaxInputBufferSize 5 // maximal 255 Zeichen anpassen an vlcdr
DHT dht(DHTPIN, DHTTYPE); // DHT Sensor Instanz initalisieren
struct BHLightSensorData
                  // Lichtstärke in Lux
  int Lux = 0;
  int Old_Lux = 0; // Lichtstärke in Lux
  bool DataValid = false;
  bool SensorEnabled = false;
 };
```

```
//Serial Input Handling
char TBuffer;
char Cbuffer[MaxInputBufferSize+1];
                                       //USB Code Input Buffer
String Sbuffer = "";
                             //USB String Input Buffer
int value;
                          //USB Nummeric Input Buffer
                              //Number received Chars
byte Ccount { 0 };
byte Inptype = 0;
boolean StrInput = false;
boolean NumberInput = false;
boolean DataInput = false;
boolean EnterInput = false;
byte MenueSelection = 0;
byte MnuState = 0;
                        // Maximale Menuetiefe 255 icl Sub
// interrupt Control
bool SecInterruptOccured = true;
bool A60telSecInterruptOccured = true;
byte A60telSeconds24 = 0;
// Clock Variables
byte Seconds24;
byte Minutes24;
byte Hours24;
byte Displayalternation = 22;
bool DisableSecondDisplay = false;
bool MinSetQuickTime = false;
bool HourSetQuickTime = false;
bool ButtonDPress = false;
bool ButtonEPress = false;
BHLightSensorData BHMeasure;
byte BH1750I2CAddress = 0;
                                      // Detected BH1750 I2C Address
//Interrupt Routines
ISR(TIMER1_COMPA_vect)
 A60telSeconds24++;
 if ((A60telSeconds24 > 59) and !(MinSetQuickTime))
   A60telSeconds24 = 0;
   //Calculate Time 24 Stunden Format
   SecInterruptOccured = true;
   Seconds24++;
   if (Seconds24 > 59)
     Seconds24 = 0;
     Minutes24++;
   if (Minutes 24 > 59)
     Minutes 24 = 0;
```

```
Hours24++;
   if (Hours24 > 23)
     Hours24 = 0;
  if (MinSetQuickTime)
    A60telSeconds24 = 0;
   //Calculate Time 24 h Format
   SecInterruptOccured = true;
   Seconds24++;
   if (Seconds24 > 59)
     Seconds24 = 0;
     Minutes24++;
   if (Minutes 24 > 59)
     Minutes 24 = 0;
     Hours24++;
   if (Hours24 > 23)
     Hours24 = 0;
    }
  }
TCNT1 = 0; // Register mit 0 initialisieren
if (HourSetQuickTime)
  OCR1A = 200;
  } else
  {
  OCR1A = 33353; // Output Compare Register vorbelegen
 A60telSecInterruptOccured = true;
//Interrupts ende
void CheckConfigButtons () // InterruptRoutine
bool PressedZ;
PressedZ= digitalRead(BUTTON_MINUTEUP_PIN);
if ((PressedZ == LOW) and (ButtonDPress == false))
  ButtonDPress = true;
  delay(100);
  Minutes24++;
  Seconds24 = 0; // Reset Seconds to zero to avoid Randomly time
  DisableSecondDisplay = true; // Disable Seconds While Clock Set
  MinSetQuickTime = true; //Enable Quick Tmime Passby
```

```
if ((PressedZ == HIGH) and (ButtonDPress == true))
 ButtonDPress = false;
 delay(100);
 DisableSecondDisplay = false; // Enable Seconds While Clock Set
 MinSetQuickTime = false;
 Seconds24 = 0; // Reset Seconds to zero to avoid Randomly time
 A60telSeconds24 = 0;
 setDS3231time( Seconds24, Minutes24, Hours24, 1, 24, 6, 77);
 }
PressedZ= digitalRead(BUTTON HOURUP PIN);
if ((PressedZ == LOW) and (ButtonEPress == false))
   ButtonEPress = true;
   delay(100);
   DisableSecondDisplay = true; // Disable Seconds While Clock Set
   MinSetQuickTime = true; //Enable Quick Tmime Passby
   HourSetQuickTime = true;
if ((PressedZ == HIGH) and (ButtonEPress == true))
   noInterrupts(); // deactivate Interrupts
   ButtonEPress = false;
   delay(100);
   Minutes24++;
   DisableSecondDisplay = false; // Enable Seconds While Clock Set
   MinSetQuickTime = false; //Enable Quick Tmime Passby
   HourSetQuickTime = false;
   Seconds24 = 0; // Reset Seconds to zero to avoid Randomly time
   A60telSeconds24 = 0;
   interrupts(); // enable all Interrupts
   setDS3231time(Seconds24,Minutes24,Hours24,1,24,6,77);
 }
}
void setup()
  tm1637.init();
  Serial.begin(115200);
  Serial.flush();
  pinMode(BUTTON_MINUTEUP_PIN, INPUT_PULLUP);
  pinMode(BUTTON_HOURUP_PIN, INPUT_PULLUP);
  digitalWrite(LED BUILTIN, LOW);
  noInterrupts();
  TCCR1A = 0x00;
  TCCR1B = 0x02;
              // Register mit 0 initialisieren
  TCNT1 = 0:
  OCR1A = 33353; // Output Compare Register vorbelegen
  TIMSK1 |= (1 << OCIE1A); // Timer Compare Interrupt aktivieren
  interrupts();
  Seconds24 = 1;
  Minutes 24 = 1;
  Hours24 = 0;
```

```
dht.begin();
  Wire.begin();
  readDS3231time(&Seconds24,&Minutes24,&Hours24);
  BHMeasure.SensorEnabled = Run_BH1750Sensor(true); // Init
  if (BHMeasure.SensorEnabled)
   Run BH1750Sensor(false);
   delay(200);
   Run_BH1750Sensor(false);
  } else
   tm1637.setBrightness (8);
}
bool Run BH1750Sensor (bool Init) // Runtime Funktion für den BH170 Lichtsensor
byte ec;
if (Init)
  bool BH1750Detected = false;
  Wire.beginTransmission(35);
  ec=Wire.endTransmission(true);
  if(ec==0)
   BH1750Detected = true;
   BH1750I2CAddress = 35; // BH1750 I2C Adresse ist DEC 35
   } else
   {
   Wire.beginTransmission(92);
   ec=Wire.endTransmission(true);
   if(ec==0)
    BH1750Detected = true;
    BH1750I2CAddress = 92; // BH1750 I2C Adresse ist DEC 92
   }
  if (BH1750Detected)
   // Intialize Sensor
   Wire.beginTransmission(BH1750I2CAddress);
   Wire.write(0x01); // Turn it on before we can reset it
   Wire.endTransmission();
   Wire.beginTransmission(BH1750I2CAddress);
   Wire.write(0x07); // Reset
   Wire.endTransmission();
   Wire.beginTransmission(BH1750I2CAddress);
   Wire.write(0x10); // Continuously H-Resolution Mode (1 lux Resolution) Weitere Modis
möglich, gemäß Datenblatt
   //Wire.write(0x11); // Continuously H-Resolution Mode 2 ( 0.5 lux Resolution)
   //Wire.write(0x20); // One Time H-Resolution Mode (1 lux Resolution)
   //Wire.write(0x21); // One Time H-Resolution Mode2 ( 0.5 lux Resolution)
   Wire.endTransmission();
```

```
} else
   return BH1750Detected;
   }
  }
 Wire.beginTransmission(BH1750I2CAddress);
 ec=Wire.endTransmission(true);
 if(ec==0)
  {
  Wire.requestFrom(BH1750I2CAddress, 2);
  BHMeasure.Lux = Wire.read();
  BHMeasure.Lux <<= 8;
                                 // Verschieben der unteren 8 Bits in die höhreren 8 Bits der 16
Bit breiten Zahl
  BHMeasure.Lux |= Wire.read();
  BHMeasure.Lux = BHMeasure.Lux / 1.2;
  BHMeasure.DataValid = true;
  if (BHMeasure.Lux != BHMeasure.Old_Lux)
   BHMeasure.Old_Lux = BHMeasure.Lux;
  // Serial.print ("Lichtstärke in Lux:");
  // Serial.println (BHMeasure.Lux);
  // Serial.println (TM1637Brightness);
   int TM1637Brightness = map(BHMeasure.Lux, 300,0, 8, 0);
   if ((BHMeasure.Lux > 10) && (BHMeasure.Lux < 20)) {TM1637Brightness = 2;}
   if (TM1637Brightness > 8) {TM1637Brightness = 8;}
   if (TM1637Brightness == 0) {TM1637Brightness = 1;}
   tm1637.setBrightness(TM1637Brightness); // Highest Brightness
   }
  } else
  BHMeasure.DataValid = false;
  BHMeasure.SensorEnabled = false;
  }
return true;
}
void DisplayHumityOnTM1637()
byte Humidity = dht.readHumidity();
byte n = (Humidity / 10) % 10; //zehner
byte m = Humidity % 10; // einer
if (Humidity < 100)
tm1637.display(0,104); // Clear Digit
 tm1637.display(1,n); // Digit 1
tm1637.display(2,m); // Digit 2
} else
tm1637.display(0,104); // Clear Digit
tm1637.display(1,103); // - Sign
tm1637.display(2,103); // - Sign
 }
tm1637.display(3,56);
```

```
void DisplayTempOnLedTM1637()
int Temperature = dht.readTemperature(false); // Read temperature as Celsius (isFahrenheit =
true)
byte n = (Temperature / 10) % 10; //zehner
byte m = Temperature % 10; // einer
if (Temperature < 0)
 tm1637.display(0,103); // - Sign
 tm1637.display(1,n); // Digit 1
 tm1637.display(2,m); // Digit 2
 } else if (Temperature < 99)
 tm1637.display(0,104); // Clear Digit
 tm1637.display(1,n); // Digit 1
 tm1637.display(2,m); // Digit 2
 } else
 tm1637.display(0,103); // - Sign
 tm1637.display(1,103); // - Sign
 tm1637.display(2,103); // - Sign
 }
tm1637.display(3,99); // C Character
void DisplayTempinFOnLedTM1637()
int Temperature = dht.readTemperature(true); // Read temperature as Celsius (Fahrenheit = true)
byte I = (Temperature / 100) % 10; //hunderter
byte n = (Temperature / 10) % 10; //zehner
byte m = Temperature % 10; // einer
if (Temperature < 0)
 tm1637.display(0,103); // - Sign
 tm1637.display(1,n); // Digit 1
 tm1637.display(2,m); // Digit 2
 } else if (Temperature < 99)
 tm1637.display(0,104); // Clear Digit
 tm1637.display(1,n); // Digit 1
 tm1637.display(2,m); // Digit 2
 } else
 tm1637.display(0,l); // Digit 0
 tm1637.display(1,n); // Digit 1
 tm1637.display(2,m); // Digit 2
tm1637.display(3,102); // F Character
}
```

```
void DisplayClockOnLedTM1637()
if (!(DisableSecondDisplay)) {tm1637.switchColon();}
tm1637.dispNumber(Minutes24 + Hours24 * 100);
byte decToBcd(byte val)
return( (val/10*16) + (val%10) );
// Convert binary coded decimal to normal decimal numbers
byte bcdToDec(byte val)
return( (val/16*10) + (val%16) );
void setDS3231time(byte second, byte minute, byte hour, byte dayOfWeek, byte
dayOfMonth, byte month, byte year)
// sets time and date data to DS3231
 Wire.beginTransmission(DS3231 I2C ADDRESS);
 Wire.write(0); // set next input to start at the seconds register
 delay(10);
 Wire.write(decToBcd(second)); // set seconds
 Wire.write(decToBcd(minute)); // set minutes
 delay(10);
 Wire.write(decToBcd(hour)); // set hours
 delay(10);
 Wire.write(decToBcd(dayOfWeek)); // set day of week (1=Sunday, 7=Saturday)
 delay(10);
 Wire.write(decToBcd(dayOfMonth)); // set date (1 to 31)
 delay(10);
 Wire.write(decToBcd(month)); // set month
 delay(10);
 Wire.write(decToBcd(year)); // set year (0 to 99)
 delay(10);
 Wire.endTransmission();
}
void readDS3231time(byte *second,byte *minute,byte *hour)
byte dummy;
 Wire.beginTransmission(DS3231 I2C ADDRESS);
 Wire.write(0); // set DS3231 register pointer to 00h
 Wire.endTransmission();
 Wire.requestFrom(DS3231_I2C_ADDRESS, 7);
 //request seven bytes of data from DS3231 starting from register 00h
 while(Wire.available()) // slave may send less than requested
  *second = bcdToDec(Wire.read() & 0x7f);
  *minute = bcdToDec(Wire.read());
  *hour = bcdToDec(Wire.read() & 0x3f);
```

```
dummy = bcdToDec(Wire.read());
  dummy = bcdToDec(Wire.read());
  dummy = bcdToDec(Wire.read());
  dummy = bcdToDec(Wire.read());
}
void ScheduledTasks ()
 if ((Hours24 == 6) and (Minutes24 == 00) and (Seconds24== 00))
  readDS3231time(&Seconds24,&Minutes24,&Hours24);
 if ((Hours24 == 12) and (Minutes24 == 00) and (Seconds24== 00) )
  readDS3231time(&Seconds24,&Minutes24,&Hours24);
 if ((Hours24 == 18) and (Minutes24 == 00) and (Seconds24== 00) )
  readDS3231time(&Seconds24,&Minutes24,&Hours24);
 if ((Hours24 == 0) and (Minutes24 == 00) and (Seconds24== 00))
  readDS3231time(&Seconds24,&Minutes24,&Hours24);
 }
//Serial Command Interpreter Functions -----
void ClearCBuffer ()
for (byte a= 0; MaxInputBufferSize -1;a++)
Cbuffer[a] = 0;
}
boolean CheckforserialEvent()
while (Serial.available()) {
  // get the new byte:
  TBuffer = Serial.read();
  if (TBuffer > 9 && TBuffer < 14)
    Cbuffer[Ccount] = 0;
    TBuffer =0;
    Serial.print(char(13));
    Serial.flush();
    Serial.println("");
    Sbuffer = "";
    value = 0;
    EnterInput = true;
   return true;
   } else if (TBuffer > 47 && TBuffer <58)
```

```
if ( Ccount < MaxInputBufferSize)</pre>
      Cbuffer[Ccount] = TBuffer;
      Ccount++;
     } else {Serial.print("#"); }
   //Number Input detected
   NumberInput = true;
   }
   else if (TBuffer > 64 && TBuffer < 123)
    if ( Ccount < MaxInputBufferSize)</pre>
      Cbuffer[Ccount] = TBuffer;
      Ccount++;
      Serial.print(char(TBuffer));
      Serial.flush();
   //Character Char Input detected
   StrInput = true;
  else if ((TBuffer == 127) | (TBuffer == 8))
    if (Ccount > 0)
      Ccount--;
      Cbuffer[Ccount] = 0;
      Serial.print("-");
      Serial.flush();
     }
   }
  else
    if ( Ccount < MaxInputBufferSize)</pre>
      Cbuffer[Ccount] = TBuffer;
      Ccount++;
      Serial.print(char(TBuffer));
      Serial.flush();
   //Data Input detected
   DataInput = true;
  return false;
 return false;
}
}
byte SerInputHandler()
byte result = 0;
int c;
int d;
```

```
int a;
int b;
result = 0;
if (CheckforserialEvent())
  if ((NumberInput) and not (DataInput) and not (StrInput)) //Numbers only
    Sbuffer = "";
    value = 0;
    StrInput = false;
    NumberInput = false;
    DataInput = false;
    EnterInput = false;
    a = 0;
    b = 0;
    c = 0;
    d = 0;
    Sbuffer = Cbuffer; // Zahl wird AUCH! in SBUFFER übernommen, falls benötigt.
    if (Ccount == 1) { value = Cbuffer[0]- 48 ; }
    if (Ccount == 2) {
     a = Cbuffer[0] - 48;
     a = a * 10;
     b = Cbuffer[1] - 48;
     value = a + b;
     }
    if (Ccount == 3) {
     a = Cbuffer[0] - 48;
     a = a * 100;
     b = Cbuffer[1] - 48;
     b = b * 10;
     c = Cbuffer[2] - 48;
     value = a + b + c;
     }
    if (Ccount == 4) {
     a = Cbuffer[0] - 48;
     a = a * 1000;
     b = Cbuffer[1] - 48;
     b = b * 100;
     c = Cbuffer[2] - 48;
     c = c * 10;
     d = Cbuffer[3] - 48;
     value = a + b + c + d;
    if (Ccount >= 5)
      Sbuffer = "";
      value = 0;
      Sbuffer = Cbuffer;
      ClearCBuffer;
      result = 2;
     } else
      ClearCBuffer;
```

```
Ccount = 0;
      result = 1;
                                           //Number Returncode
      NumberInput = false;
      StrInput = false;
      DataInput = false;
      EnterInput = false;
      Ccount = 0;
      return result;
      }
   }
  if ((StrInput) and not (DataInput))
                                                  //String Input only
    Sbuffer = "";
    Sbuffer = Cbuffer;
    value = 0;
    StrInput = false;
    NumberInput = false;
    DataInput = false;
    EnterInput = false;
    Ccount = 0;
    ClearCBuffer;
    result = 2;
                                         //Number Returncode
    }
   if (DataInput) {
   Sbuffer = "";
    Sbuffer = Cbuffer;
    value = 0;
    StrInput = false;
    NumberInput = false;
    DataInput = false;
    EnterInput = false;
    Ccount = 0;
    ClearCBuffer;
    result = 3;
                                        //Number Returncode
    if ((EnterInput) and not (StrInput) and not (NumberInput) and not (DataInput))
    Sbuffer = "";
    value = 0;
    Ccount = 0;
    ClearCBuffer;
    result = 4;
                                        //Number Returncode
    }
 NumberInput = false;
 StrInput = false;
 DataInput = false;
 EnterInput = false;
 Ccount = 0;
 return result;
 }
return result;
 //End CheckforSerialEvent
```

```
void SerialcommandProcessor()
int a;
Inptype = 0;
Inptype = SerInputHandler();
// 0 keine Rückgabe
// 1 Nummer
// 2 String
// 3 Data
if (Inptype > 0)
 MenueSelection = 0;
 if ((MnuState < 2) && (Inptype == 2)) {Sbuffer.toUpperCase(); } // For Easy Entering Commands
 if ((Sbuffer == "T") && (MnuState == 0) && (Inptype == 2)) { MenueSelection = 1;}
 if ((Sbuffer == "C")&& (MnuState == 0) && (Inptype == 2)) { MenueSelection = 2;}
 if ((Sbuffer == "B") && (MnuState == 0) && (Inptype == 2)) { MenueSelection = 3;}
 if ((Sbuffer == "F") && (MnuState == 0) && (Inptype == 2)) { MenueSelection = 4;}
 if ((MnuState == 2) && (Inptype == 1))
                                                      { MenueSelection = 8;}
 if (MnuState == 3)
                                             { MenueSelection = 9;}
 if (MnuState == 4)
                                             { MenueSelection = 10;}
 //Display Selected Content
                                             { MenueSelection = 20;} // Color Set
 if (MnuState == 9)
 if (MnuState == 10)
                                              { MenueSelection = 21;} // Time Set
 if (MnuState == 11)
                                              { MenueSelection = 24;} // Time Set
                                              { MenueSelection = 25;} // Time Set
 if (MnuState == 12)
 if (MnuState == 13)
                                              { MenueSelection = 27;} // Background Set
 if (MnuState == 14)
                                              { MenueSelection = 29;} // ClockFace Set
 switch (MenueSelection)
  {
   case 1:
   Serial.println("System Time: " + String (Hours24) + ":"+ String (Minutes24) + ":"+ String
(Seconds24));
   Serial.println("Hour: (0-23)");
   MnuState = 12;
   value = 0;
   Sbuffer = "";
   break;
   }
   case 20:
   value = 0;
   MnuState = 0;
   Sbuffer = "";
   break;
   }
   case 21:
   if ((value >= 0) & (value < 60))
   Seconds24 = value;
   A60telSeconds24 = 0;
```

```
Serial.println("Seconds " + String (value) + " set.");
    Serial.println("Updated new Time: " + String (Hours24) + ":"+ String (Minutes24) + ":"+ String
(Seconds24));
    MnuState = 0;
    setDS3231time(Seconds24, Minutes24, Hours24, 1, 24, 6, 77);
    } else
    {
    readDS3231time(&Seconds24,&Minutes24,&Hours24);
    value = 0;
    Sbuffer = "";
    MnuState = 0;
    Serial.println("Value out of Range.");
    }
    value = 0;
    MnuState = 0;
    Sbuffer = "";
    break;
    }
    case 24:
    if ((value >= 0) & (value < 60))
    Minutes24 = value;
    Serial.println("Minutes " + String (value) + " set.");
    MnuState = 10;
    Serial.println("Seconds: (0-60)");
    } else
    {
    readDS3231time(&Seconds24,&Minutes24,&Hours24);
    value = 0;
    Sbuffer = "";
    Serial.println("Value out of Range.");
    MnuState = 0;
    }
    value = 0;
    Sbuffer = "";
    break:
    }
    case 25:
    if ((value >= 0) & (value < 24))
    Hours24 = value;
    Serial.println("Hour " + String (value) + " set.");
    MnuState = 11;
    Serial.println("Minute: (1-60)");
    {
    readDS3231time(&Seconds24,&Minutes24,&Hours24);
    value = 0;
    Sbuffer = "";
    Serial.println("Value out of Range.");
```

```
value = 0;
    Sbuffer = "";
    break;
    }
    default:
     Serial.println("-Smart LED Clock by T.Kuch 2019-");
     Serial.println("T - Set Time");
     Serial.println("Type Cmd and press Enter");
     Serial.flush();
     MnuState = 0;
     value = 0;
     Sbuffer = "";
    }
 } // Eingabe erkannt
void loop()
 bool PressedC;
 if ((A60telSecInterruptOccured) && (!(SecInterruptOccured)))
   A60telSecInterruptOccured = false;
   if (BHMeasure.SensorEnabled)
  // Run_BH1750Sensor(false);
 if (SecInterruptOccured)
    SecInterruptOccured = false;
    // if (DisableSecondDisplay) {Displayalternation = 25;}
    if ((Displayalternation < 7) & (!DisableSecondDisplay))
     DisplayTempOnLedTM1637();
     } else if ((Displayalternation < 14) & (!DisableSecondDisplay))
     DisplayTempinFOnLedTM1637();
     } else if ((Displayalternation < 21) & (!DisableSecondDisplay))
     DisplayHumityOnTM1637();
     } else if ((Displayalternation < 35) | (DisableSecondDisplay))
     DisplayClockOnLedTM1637();
     } else
      Displayalternation = 0;
    if (!DisableSecondDisplay)
```

```
{
    if (BHMeasure.SensorEnabled) { Run_BH1750Sensor(false); };
    Run_BH1750Sensor(false);
    Displayalternation ++;
    ScheduledTasks();
    }
}
CheckConfigButtons();
SerialcommandProcessor();
}
```

Ich wünsche viel Spaß beim Nachbau.