Image Analysis, Assignment 4

1 Segmentation by any means

In the file honeycomb.jpg an image of a honeycomb is given. Implement some method to automatically segment the cells in the image.

For the report: Describe your method and supply both code (e.g. matlab code) and a printout of the results of using your algorithm, i.e. supply examples of input data (as an image) and result after applying your segmentation algorithm (also as an image).

2 Segmentation with Graph Cuts

You are given the task of segmenting out two heart chambers in an image by Graph-Cuts. In heart_data.mat you are given a number of intensities which have been observed inside the two chambers ($chamber\ class$) and a number of intensities observed in the background ($background\ class$). You are also given the image of Figure 1, denoted by f below.

Hint: You can use the matlab routines given in the attached data files to solve the mincut problem. You will need to study the material in the lectures and also read chapter 5.5 in Szelisky "Computer Vision: Algorithms and Applications". You can then prepare by doing the 'Image Segmentation' part described in lab3en.pdf in the data files.

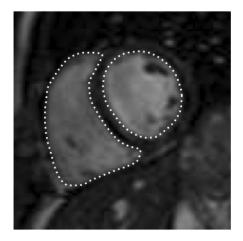


Figure 1: The data given in the task. A slice of a heart imaged by a MRI camera. This view is known as the "short-axis view" taken in a direction where the left and the right heart chambers are visible at the same time. The two chambers are shown inside the dotted lines, the left chamber is to the right in the image and vice versa.

- 1) Assume that the pixel intensities in the two classes are generated by two different Gaussian distributions. In order words, for pixel i, the likelihoods of observing intensity f_i , $P(f_i | \text{chamber class})$ and $P(f_i | \text{background class})$, respectively, are Gaussians. Recall, a Gaussian is given by $P(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma^2}}e^{-\frac{(x-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}}$. Estimate the mean and the standard deviation for these two distributions.
- 2) Construct a graph of the heart image with a data-term consisting of the negative log likelihoods for the two classes. Solve it via max-flow/min-cut. Experiment with the prior/regularization weight (denoted by ν in the lectures) in order to obtain a reasonable segmentation. (Note: it is hard to get a perfect segmentation.)
- 3) Optional. Fine tune the segmentation by adding ground truth. This can be done by changing the data-term to ∞ (or a large number) for the pixels you know which region they belong to. This will force certain pixels to belong to a particular class. Such pixels can be obtained by manual inspection of the image.

Notes: Both 2) and 3) can be seen as adjustments a medical doctor could perform. In 2) a slider could be added to give interactive response to different weights. Then a pen tool can be used to introduce the ground truth of 3).

For the report: supply both code (e.g. matlab code) and a printout of the results of using your algorithm, i.e. supply examples of input data (as an image) and result after applying your segmentation algorithm (also as an image).

3 Computer Vision

Assume that the camera matrices for two projections are

$$P_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

and

$$P_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 4 & 3 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 & -2 \\ 1 & 1 & 3 & 0 \end{pmatrix} .$$

The so called fundamental matrix is then

$$F = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 2 & 6 \\ 3 & 3 & 9 \\ -7 & -14 & -6 \end{pmatrix} .$$

The following three points are detected in image 1:

$$a_1 = (0, -2), \quad a_2 = (2, 1), \quad a_3 = (-4, -3).$$

In image 2 the following three points are detected:

$$b_1 = (-8, -2), \quad b_2 = (1, 3), \quad b_3 = (5, 2).$$

Which points can be in correspondence?

For the report: Provide your calculations, your answer and your motivation.

4 OCR system construction and system testing

Here we will finish the work on our OCR system. From the three previous assignments you have constructed

- S = im2segment(Im) a segmentation algorithm that takes an image to a number of segments.
- x = segment2features(S) an algorithm for calculating a feature vector x from a segment S.
- $y=features2class(x,classification_data)$ an algorithm for classifying a feature vector x as class y using machine learning.

The data files for this assignment contain both new test examples as well as a benchmark script. Try running inl4_test_and_benchmark on all of the five datasets (short1, short2, home1, home2, home3). Write down the results before modifying your code. Then try improving you code to make it as good as possible.

- Test your system version 1 from Assignment 3 on the five datasets (short1, short2, home1, home2, home3).
- Tro to change your system and produce a version 2 that works better on the five datasets.

Print the overall hitrate for version 1 on the five datasets in the report and describe with your own words the results in your report. If it went well, describe why. If it didn't go well describe why. Do the same for version 2 of your system. Describe what modifications you did in version 2 and why. Also include the Matlab code of your final system.