# Hands-on Lab: COUNT, DISTINCT, LIMIT

#### Estimated time needed: 30 minutes

In this lab, you will learn a few useful expressions that are used with SELECT statements. First, you will learn COUNT, which is an aggregate function that retrieves the number of rows that matches the query criteria. Next, you will learn DISTINCT, which is used to remove duplicate values from a specified result set and only return the unique values. Lastly, you will learn LIMIT, which is used for restricting the number of rows retrieved from the table.

#### Software used in this lab

In this lab, you will use Datasette, an open-source multi-tool for exploring and publishing data.

#### Database used in this lab

The database used in this lab comes from the following data set source: <u>Film Locations in San Francisco</u> under a <u>PDDL: Public Domain Dedication and License</u>.

### **Objectives**

After completing this lab, you will be able to:

- Retrieve the number of rows that match a query criteria
- Remove duplicate values from a result set and return the unique values
- Restrict the number of rows retrieved from a table

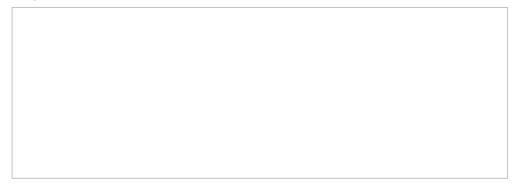
## **Exploring the Database**

Let us first explore the **SanFranciscoFilmLocations** database using the **Datasette** tool:

1. If the first statement listed below is not already in the Datasette textbox on the right, then copy the code below by clicking the little copy button on the bottom right of the code block and then paste it into the textbox of the Datasette tool using either Ctrl+V or right-click in the text box and choose Paste.

SELECT \* FROM FilmLocations;

about:blank 1/10



### 2. Click Submit Query.

3. Now, you can scroll down the table and explore all the columns and rows of the **FilmLocations** table to get an overall idea of the table.

4. These are the column attribute descriptions from the **FilmLocations** table:

```
FilmLocations(
Title:
                    titles of the films,
                    time of public release of the films,
ReleaseYear:
                    locations of San Francisco where the films were shot,
Locations:
                    funny facts about the filming locations,
FunFacts:
                    companies who produced the films,
ProductionCompany:
                    companies who distributed the films,
Distributor:
Director:
                    people who directed the films,
Writer:
                    people who wrote the films,
Actor1:
                    person 1 who acted in the films,
Actor2:
                    person 2 who acted in the films,
Actor3:
                    person 3 who acted in the films
```

about:blank 2/10

# **Using COUNT statement**

Using COU.	ivi statem			
Let us go through some e	examples of COUNT-re	elated queries.		
1. Suppose we want t be:	o count the number of	records or rows of t	he "FilmLocations	" table. The query for this would
SELECT COUNT(*) F	ROM FilmLocations;			
Copy the code above and Your output result set sho	l paste it to the query bould look like the image	ox of the Datasette te below:	tool. Then click <b>Su</b>	bmit query.
-				

2. We want to count the number of locations of the films. But we also want to restrict the output result set so that we only retrieve the number of locations of the films written by a certain writer. The query for this can be written as:

SELECT COUNT(Locations) FROM FilmLocations WHERE Writer="James Cameron";

about:blank 3/10

Copy the code above a	nd paste it to t	the textbox of th	e Datasette tool.	Гhen click <b>Submit q</b> ı

# **Using DISTINCT statement**

In this exercise, you will go through some examples of using DISTINCT in queries.

1. Assume that we want to retrieve the titles of all films in the table so that duplicates will be discarded in the output result set.

SELECT DISTINCT Title FROM FilmLocations;

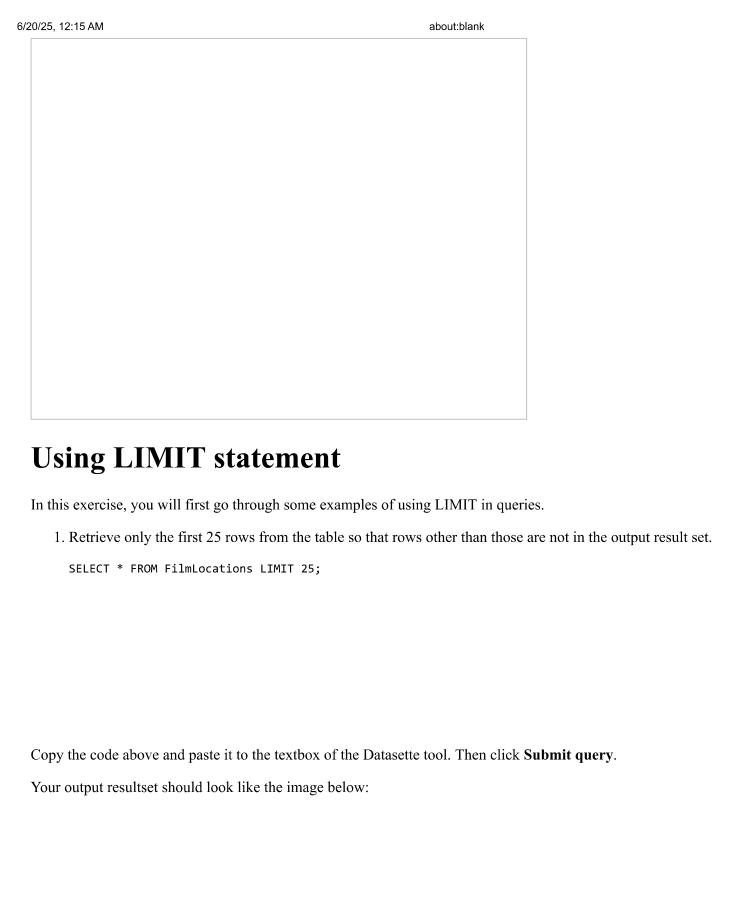
Copy the code above and paste it to the textbox of the Datasette tool. Then click **Submit query**.

Your output resultset should look like the image below:

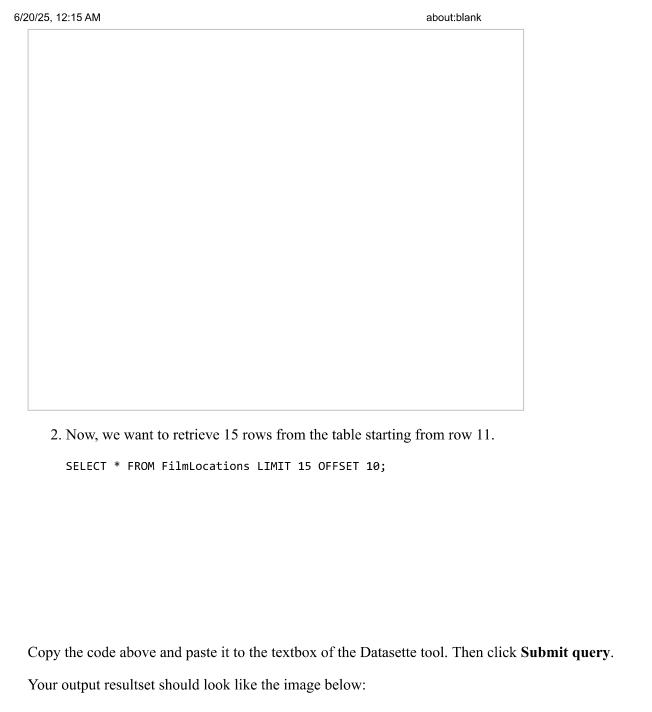
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2. We want to retrieve the count of release years of the films produced by a specific company so that duplicate
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2. We want to retrieve the count of release years of the films produced by a specific company so that duplicate
release years of those films will be discarded in the count.
SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT ReleaseYear) FROM FilmLocations WHERE ProductionCompany="Warner Bros. Pictures"
Copy the code above and paste it to the textbox of the Datasette tool. Then click <b>Submit query</b> .
Your output resultset should look like the image below:

about:blank 5/10



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### **Practice exercises**

### **COUNT**

- 1. Retrieve the number of locations of the films which are directed by Woody Allen.
- ▶ Hint
- **▶** Query Solution
- ► Output
  - 2. Retrieve the number of films shot at Russian Hill.
- ▶ Hint
- **▶** Query Solution
- **▶** Output
  - 3. Retrieve the number of rows having a release year older than 1950 from the "FilmLocations" table.
- ▶ Hint
- **▶** Query Solution
- ► Output

## **Practice exercises**

### **DISTINCT**

- 1. Retrieve the names of all unique films released in the 21st century and onwards, along with their release years.
- ► Hint
- ► Query Solution

about:blank 8/10

- **▶** Output
  - 2. Retrieve the directors' names and their distinct films shot at City Hall.
- ► Hint
- ▶ Query Solution
- ► Output
  - 3. Retrieve the number of distributors who distributed films with the 1st actor, Clint Eastwood.
- ▶ Hint
- ▶ Query Solution
- **▶** Output

## **Practice exercises**

### LIMIT

- 1. Retrieve the names of the first 50 films.
- ▶ Hint
- ▶ Query Solution
- **▶** Output
  - 2. Retrieve the first 10 film names released in 2015.
- ▶ Hint
- **▶** Query Solution
- **▶** Output
  - 3. Retrieve the next 3 film names that follow after the first 5 films released in 2015.
- ► Hint
- **▶** Query Solution
- **▶** Output

## **Conclusion**

Congratulations! You have completed this lab.

You are now able to:

- Use COUNT statements to determine the number of entries in a database based on filtering conditions.
- Use DISTINCT statements to determine the unique entries in a database based on filtering conditions.
- Use LIMIT statements to restrict the response to a desired set of rows based on filtering conditions.
- Use a combination of these statements to execute more complex queries on the database.

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about:blank 9/10

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about:blank 10/10