

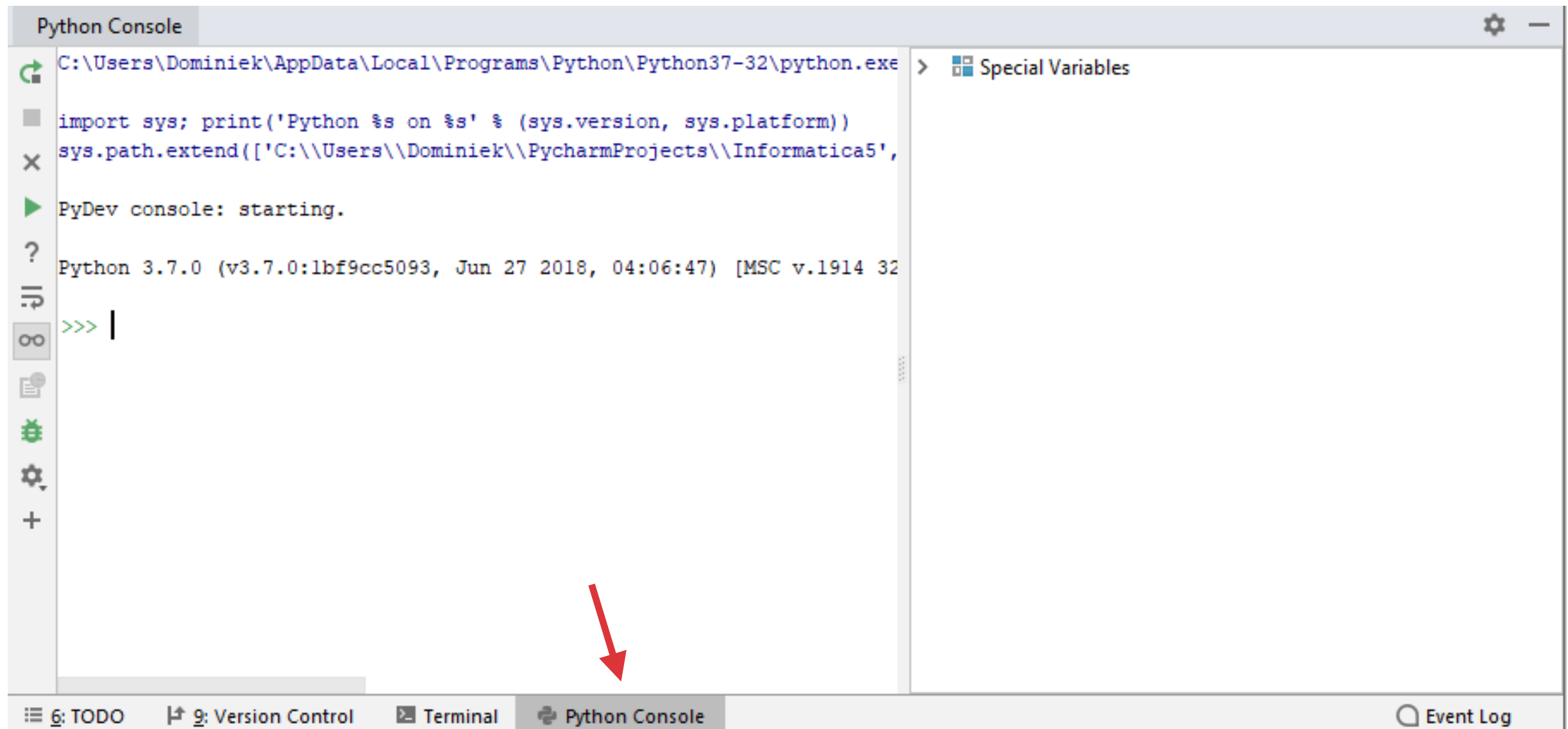


## WAT LEREN WE?

- ▶ Het gebruik van de `print()` functie om zaken op het scherm te tonen
- ▶ Data types string, integer, en float
- ▶ Berekeningen
- ▶ Basale string expressies
- ▶ Type casting tussen strings, integers en floats m.b.v. `str()`, `int()`, en `float()`



# CONSOLE



## RESULTATEN TONEN

### ► Enkele voorbeelden:

```
>>> 5 + 7
```

```
12
```

```
>>> print('ik', 'ben', 34, 'jaar')
```

```
ik ben 34 jaar
```

```
>>> print('ik ben 34 jaar')
```

```
ik ben 34 jaar
```

```
>>> a
```

```
Traceback (most recent call last):
```

```
  File "<input>", line 1, in <module>
```

```
NameError: name 'a' is not defined
```



# STRING

- ▶ Tekst die bestaat uit nul of meer tekens omsloten door aanhalingstekens (dubbele of enkele).

```
>>> 'hello world'
```

```
'hello world'
```

```
>>> 'mango's'
```

```
File "<input>", line 1
```

```
    'mango's'
```

```
      ^
```

```
SyntaxError: invalid syntax
```

```
>>> 'mango\'s'
```

```
"mango's"
```



# INTEGER

- ▶ Gehele getallen die positief, negatief of nul kunnen zijn.

```
>>> 1000000
```

```
1000000
```

```
>>> print(-1, 000, 000)
```

```
-1 0 0
```

```
>>> 12345678987654321
```

```
12345678987654321
```

```
>>> -0
```

```
0
```



# FLOAT

- ▶ Getallen met decimalen.

- ▶ Combinatie van 3 gehele getallen:  $1.2345 = \underbrace{12345}_{\text{significand}} \times \underbrace{10^{-4}}_{\text{base}}^{\text{exponent}}.$

```
>>> 3,14
```

```
(3, 14)
```

```
>>> 3.14
```

```
3.14
```

```
>>> 3.14 / 100 * 100
```

```
3.140000000000000006
```



# EXPRESSIE

- ▶ Combinatie van één of meerdere waarden zoals strings, integers of floats.
- ▶ Combineren doe je met operatoren
  - ▶ wiskundige operatoren
  - ▶ tekstuele operatoren
  - ▶ relationele operatoren (hfst. 6)
  - ▶ booleaans operatoren (hfst. 6)





# EENVOUDIGE BEREKENINGEN

+

optelling

```
>>> 15 + 4      19
```

-

aftrekking

```
>>> 15 - 4      11
```

\*

vermenigvuldiging

```
>>> 15 * 4      60
```

/

deling

```
>>> 15 / 4      3.75
```

//

integer deling

```
>>> 15 // 4      3
```

\*\*

machtsverheffing

```
>>> 15 ** 4      50625
```

%

modulo

```
>>> 15 % 4       3
```



## COMPLEXE BEREKENINGEN

### ► Gebruik haakjes!

```
>>> 5 * 2 - 3 + 4 / 2
```

```
9.0
```

```
>>> (5 * 2) - (3 + 4) / 2
```

```
6.5
```

```
>>> ((5 * 2) - (3 + 4)) / 2
```

```
1.5
```

```
>>> (((5 * 2) - (3 + 4)) / 2)
```

```
1.5
```



# STRING EXPRESSIONS

- ▶ Concatenatie (+) en herhaling (\*)

```
>>> 'ik ' + 'ben'
```

```
'ik ben'
```

```
>>> 3 * 'ik ben'
```

```
'ik benik benik ben'
```

```
>>> 'ik ben ' + 34
```

**Traceback (most recent call last):**

**File "<input>", line 1, in <module>**

**TypeError: must be str, not int**



# TYPE CASTING

## ► functions

```
>>> 'ik ben ' + str(34)
```

```
'ik ben 34'
```

```
>>> float(15)
```

```
15.0
```

```
>>> int(15.0)
```

```
15
```

```
>>> int('a')
```

**Traceback (most recent call last):**

**File "<input>", line 1, in <module>**

**ValueError: invalid literal for int() with base 10: 'a'**



# STIJL

- ▶ Dodona geeft je stijltips. Gebruik ze!

