

EE452 Computer Vision (Spring 2021)

Assignment 2

Generative Adversarial Network (GAN) Application

Release date: Wednesday, 14 April 2021

Due date: Sunday, 02 May 2021

Maximum Marks: 100 (Weight in Final grade: 8%)

Instructions:

 This assignment is individual task where only collaboration in terms of discussing and idea sharing is allowed.

 A report is to be submitted on LMS describing the different phases of the work also including what worked, what did not work, what you learned, what extra things you tried and how to proceed with this etc.

Description: The purpose of this assignment is to train a Deep Convolutional Generative Adversarial Network and understand the current state of the research in GANs



Figure 1: Example images from the Stanford Cars dataset from Stanford

Tasks:

Question 1: DCGANs and more [70]

In this question we will expand on your knowledge about Generative Adversarial Networks (GANs). Building on top of what we have already implemented, the primary task in this question is to implement a Deep Convolutional GAN (DCGAN).

Simply speaking, a DCGAN is a type of GAN that uses a CNN as discriminator whereas for the generator it uses an architecture similar to a CNN but instead of normal convolution layers, it is composed of transposed convolutions. You can read more about DCGAN in the original DCGAN paper.

To successfully complete the question, you need to complete all the parts below. Make sure to cite all the sources used.

- 1. We will be using the <u>Stanford Cars Dataset</u>. This <u>notebook</u> has a minimal working example for downloading the dataset [5]
- 2. Implement a CNN based discriminator. Justify in no more than 2 lines why you chose the architecture that you chose for your discriminator, DO NOT copy paste from anywhere. Be creative. [12+3]
- 3. Implement a generator that starts with a 100-d vector and generates an image from it. Also, can we change the dimension of the starting vector? What effect would it have on the result of your generator (research and write your best guess, you will be evaluated partly for faultlessness but mostly for your thought process) [12+3]
- 4. Write the complete training loop for your GAN. Run it for 50 epochs, with a batch size of your liking. You can run it for more epochs, just that it would take painfully long. Your hyperparameters should be mentioned in a way that they are immediately visible. [10]
- 5. Plot your generator and discriminator losses [5]
- 6. Write a function named "generate_samples" which takes a single argument "n". This function will return "n" images generated using the trained generator. Use this function to generate and display 20 images. [5]
- 7. This part requires you to go back to the transfer learning idea that was introduced in Assignment 1.
 - a) Can we use a pre-trained VGG-16 network for this GAN? Describe the process that you would follow. Would the resulting network still be a DCGAN? [5]
 - b) Notice that a GAN can essentially be thought of as two different networks that run in conjunction, a discriminator and a generator. What kind of network of VGG-16, is it generative or discriminative? Can we use a pretrained VGG-16 as a generator? Why or why not? [5]
 - c) This is more of a challenge, change your GAN from the previous parts to incorporate VGG-16 in the discriminator. Does it improve your results, argue based on the generated images as well as the losses? [5]

8. [BONUS, max. 10 points] Question 2 of this assignment introduces you to different architectures of GANs. DCGANs are almost 6 years old now, and as such aren't the current State of the art for image generation tasks. Research the current state of the art methods on Stanford Cars Dataset, and implement any one. Compare with your DCGAN.

Question 2: Read up folks! More GANS. [30]

In this question, you will have to read up a bit on the different types of GANS that are found: <u>Style transfer GAN</u>, <u>CGANS</u>, <u>CycleGAN</u>, <u>SRGANS</u>. Only reading the abstract and introduction of these papers will equip you to solve these questions, reading them fully is up to you.

Then, go through the given situations and suggest the suitable GAN along with a short but suitable explanation:

- 1. A researcher gave a student the job to perform some preprocessing techniques on an image dataset. The student, while playing around with that data, applies a sufficiently large median blurring kernel to the images, but deletes the original files. These new images were padded correctly as to retain the original size of the images. Which GAN is best suited to revive the original HD images and why? [10]
- 2. Interns at a computer vision company are tasked with adding different skin textures to images of pandas and regular bears. If presented with a picture of a regular bear, the skin should be changed to match that of a panda. They do not have paired images of pandas and bears that they can use as direct mappings of each other. They have a set of images of pandas, and a different set of images of bears. Which GAN is best suited to achieve this image-to-image translation task and why? [10]
- 3. A daughter wants to give her Van Gogh-fanatic mother a present. So she decides to turn a set of family photos to a set that looks as if it's been painted by Van Gogh. Which GAN is best suited to achieve this task and how would she train her model (using what datasets, etc.)? [10]

Question 3. Propose an optimized solution to the following problem: [Bonus, max. 10 points]

You've been given very high-resolution video data (60 fps, 2560x1440 resolution). It consists of samples of fight sequences, with scores allotted to how good or bad each fight sequence is. In other words, each fight sequence is conditioned on a score [0,5] that determines if it's good or bad. You have to propose a neural network architecture that outputs the next move (as an image) when given as input a sequence of images. Alongside that, the user can ask for a good next move or a bad one, depending on what score they want.

The input and output of your required model is as follows: [video] + [score] -> Model -> [image of next step based on score]

You must insert a GAN or a type of GAN in your model, but would that be enough? Be creative on what neural network architectures you can use/merge to get to a solution. How would you prepare your dataset and make it easier to work with? You don't need to provide the perfect solution, you'll be graded on your level of optimization on data, correctness (if what you're suggesting, no matter how crazy, will actually work), and creativity.

Submission Guidelines:

The entire assignment is to be done as a python notebook. Once you are done, you should upload the notebook to LMS. Create sections within the notebook in order to answer each question.

It is preferred that you do this assignment on google colab: https://colab.research.google.com/. Colab allows you to utilize its GPU, which can be accessed as follows: Runtime => Change runtime type => Change Hardware accelerator to GPU. Once you have completed your assignment on colab, you can download it as a notebook as follows: File => Download.ipynb. Also, in case you are doing this assignment in Keras, you might find it helpful to downgrade tensorflow (Keras' backend) as follows:

%tensorflow version 1.x

This is because the default version on colab is now tensorflow 2.0 which might lead to unwanted results.

_