



DHARMSINH DESAI UNIVERSITY, NADIAD
FACULTY OF TECHNOLOGY
B.TECH. SEMESTER VI [COMPUTER ENGINEERING]
SUBJECT: (CE-623) THEORY OF AUTOMATA AND FORMAL LANGUAGES

Examination : First Sessional

Seat No. : 103

Date : 01/01/2025

Day : Wednesday

Time : 2:30 PM to 3:45 PM

Max. Marks : 36

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. Figures to the right indicate maximum marks for that question.
2. The symbols used carry their usual meanings.
3. Assume suitable data, if required & mention them clearly.
4. Draw neat sketches wherever necessary.

Q.1 Do as directed.

[12]

- CO1 A** (a) Write non-recursive definition for the language of Palindrome. You may use some known recursive function in the definition, if required. [2]
- CO1 U** (b) Is there any proof technique, which can be considered "An inductive proof by contradiction"? Justify your answer. [2]
- CO1 A** (c) Write recursive definition for the set w of all strings of the form $0^i 1^j$ where $i \geq 2j$. [2]
- CO1 N** (d) Find an infinite language over $\{a, b\}$ for which $L \neq L^*$. [2]
- CO1 U** (e) Which of the following regular expression(s) is/are equivalent to the below given regular expression: $r = (a^*b)^* + (b^*a)^*$. Justify your answer. [2]
1. $(a + b)^*$
 2. $(a + b)^* (ab)^* + (a + b)^* (ba)^*$
 3. $(a + b)^* a + (a + b)^* b$
 4. None of the above
- CO1 N** (f) Suppose A and B are finite sets, A has n elements, and $f: A \rightarrow B$. What can you say about the number of elements in B when, (1) f is **one-to-one** (2) f is **onto**. [2]

Q.2 Attempt Any TWO from the following questions.

[12]

- CO1 U** (a) Define recursively the reverse function for reversing the input string. Using your definition, prove the following statement:
 $\text{Rev}(xy) = \text{Rev}(y) \text{Rev}(x)$ for $x, y \in \Sigma^*$. [6]
- CO1 U** (b) Prove using P.M.I./ other proof technique, every positive integer N is the product of power of 2 and an odd integer. [6]
- CO1 U** (c) Define the language of fully parenthesized algebraic expression. Assume that $\Sigma = \{ i + -) (\}$. Prove using structural induction that no prefix of any string in the language contains more right parenthesis than left. [6]

Q.3 Attempt the following questions.

[12]

CO2 N (a) Find a regular expression for the following languages.

[4]

1. $L = \{ w \text{ belongs to } \{a, b, c\}^* \mid \text{all strings contain at least 1 occurrence of each symbol} \}$

2. $L = \{ w \text{ belongs to } \{a, b, c\}^* \mid \text{length}(w) \bmod 3 = 0 \}$

CO2 C (b) Construct a DFA using cross product of FA for the below given language L [8]
over $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$. Show each step of the process.

$L = \{ w \mid n_a(w) \geq 2 \text{ and } n_b(w) \geq 2 \}$

OR

Q.3 Attempt the following questions.

[12]

CO2 C (a) Identify the language and construct a minimal DFA for a regular expression: [4]
 $r = (aaa + aaaaa)^*$

CO2 N (b) Minimize the given DFA and demonstrate each step of the process. [8]

