TCS-756 Human-Computer Interaction

August 2023

R S Rawat

rsrawat@geu.ac.in



Lecture-1 The Essential Guide to UI Design: Chapter 1



- UI design is a subset of HCI
- Part of a computer & its software that people can see, hear, understand, etc.
- Two components: input & output
- IO devices?









Is Good Design Important?

- UI is the most important part of any computer system!
- Over 50% of code devoted to UI

- Users' productivity improved 25 to 40%.
- A company saved \$20 000 !



What comprises good design?

PEOPLE:

How we see, understand, and think

INFORMATION:

- Enhance human acceptance
- Ease eye & hand movements

HARDWARE & SOFTWARE:

Capabilities & limitations of HCI



The Goals of UI Design

To make working with a computer

- EASY
- PRODUCTIVE
- ENJOYABLE



Examples

- Interface screen of Text Properties
- Text Editor
- University Application form (lab #1)



Text Properties

Family times O helvetica O courier O sans serif O
Size small O medium O large O
Style underline 🗆 bold 🗆 italic 🗆
Pitch 10 CPI 0 12 CPI 0 15 CPI 0 proportional 0
Color black blue red green
Border —
OK Apply Cancel Help



TEXT PROPERTIES Family -Pitch -Border -O Courier ○ 10 CPI ○ 12 CPI O Helvetica O Sans Serif ○ 15 CPI O Proportional ○ Times Size -Style Color · O Black O Small ☐ Bold O Blue O Medium ☐ Italic O Green O Large □ Underline O Red OK Cancel



PIF Ed	litor
Program Filename:	
Window Title:	
Optional Parameters:	
Start-up Directory:	
Video Memory: O Text	Low Graphics O High Graphics
Memory Requirements: KB Required	KB Desired
EMS Memory: KB Required	KB Limit
XMS Memory: KB Required	KB Limit
Display Usage: O Full Screen	Execution: O Background
O Windowed	O Exclusive
☐ Close Window on Exit	



	PIF Editor		
Program Filename:			
Window Title:			
Optional Parameters:			
Start-up Directory:			
Video Memory: O To	ext O Lov	w Graphics	O High Graphics
Memory Requirements: K	B Required	КВ [Desired
EMS Memory: K	B Required	КВІ	imit
XMS Memory: K	B Required	КВІ	imit
Display Usage: O Full S	Screen	Execution:	O Background
O Wind	lowed		O Exclusive
☐ Close Window on Exit			



PIF EDITOR

APPLICATIO	N				
Window T					
Optional F Start-up D	Parameters: Directory:				
MEMORY-					
REAL >	Required:	K	В	Desired:	КВ
EMS >	Required:	1	КВ	Limit:	КВ
XMS >	Required:		КВ	Limit:	КВ
VIDEO >	Type:	○ Text	O Lov	Graphics	High Graphics
Display Usa	ge	Execut	ion —		Window
O Full Sc Window			ackgrou xclusive		☐ Close on Exit



14 steps

- 1) Know Your User
- Understand the Business Function
- 3) Understand the Principles of Good ID
- 4) Develop System Menus
- 5) Select the Proper Kinds of Windows
- Select the Proper Interaction Devices
- 7) Choose the Proper Screen-Based Controls





14 steps (cont.)

- 8) Write Clear Text
- 9) Provide Effective Feedback
- Provide Effective Accessibility
- 11) Create Meaningful Graphics
- 12) Choose the Proper Colors
- 13) Organize Windows
- 14) Test





- Movements & gestures.
- Spoken language
- 3) Written language
- 4) Typewriter
- Computers: QA, Menu selection, Form fill-in (Speech & handwriting recognition)
- Introduction of GUI



What is GUI?

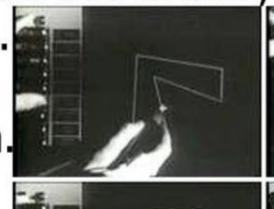
- Pronounced "gooey"
- A graphical user interface (GUI) is a type of user interface which allows people to interact with electronic devices such as computers; hand-held devices such as MP3 Players, Portable Media Players or Gaming devices; household appliances and office equipment with images rather than text commands. (Wikipedia)

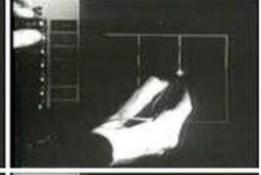


The <u>first</u> GUI program?

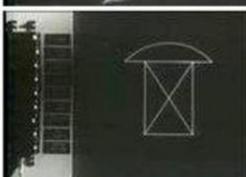
1963, Ivan Sutherland, MIT. Sketchpad

program. could be light pen.







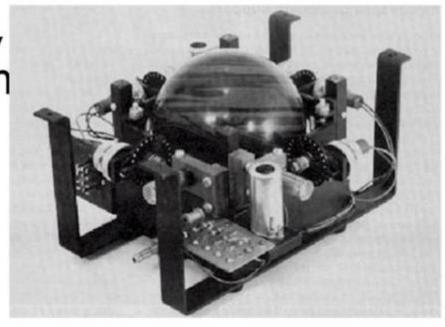


Computer Systems Interface



- The revolutionary device in HCI?
- 1970s, Xerox's Palo Alto Research

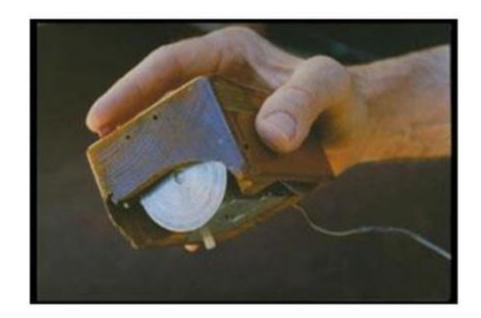
Center, (pointin



Mouse



1974, Xerox. Today's mouse.





- Apple or Microsoft?
- 1984, Apple. Macintosh
- 1985, Microsoft. Windows 1.0
- 1987, Apple. Macintosh II. The first color Macintosh.
- IBM. System Application Architecture and Presentation Manager. Graphics OS replacement for DOS.
- 1988, NeXT. NeXTStep, 3-d Screen simulation.
- UNIX-based GUIs.



- 1960s, Licklider, MIT. Proposed a global network of computers & moved to DARPA.
- 1969. ARPANET. 4 major universities.
- 1974, Bolt, Beranek, & Newman. Telnet.
 Commercial version of ARPANET.
- 1970s. TCP/IP. Common language of all

Internet computers.

1982. "Internet"



The Blossoming of the World Wide Web (cont.)

- 1991, Gopher, University of Minnesota.
 First really friendly interface.
- 1989, European Laboratory for Particle Physics. Hypertext protocol. HTML (Hypertext Markup language).
- 1991, Berners-Lee. World Wide Web.



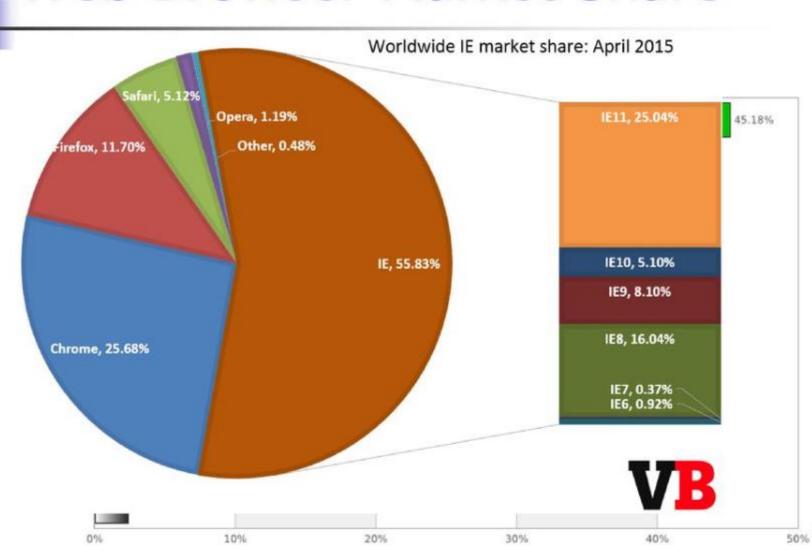
Web vs. Internet

- Global information space in which people can read & write using computers connected to the Internet.
- The Web is a service that operates over the Internet, just as e-mail operates over the Internet (Wikipedia.org, 2006).

The Blossoming of the World Wide Web (cont.)



Web Browser Market Share



A Brief History of Screen Design

1970s, IBM. 3270 cathode ray tube

text-based terminal





1970s screen

TDX95210	THE CAR	RENTAL	COMPANY	10/11/76 10:25
NAME		Т	EL	RO
PUD	RD	С	RT	MPD
		_		

ENTRY ERROR XX465628996Q.997

Command===>



A Brief History of Screen Design (cont.)

- 1970s screens
- Cryptic & unintelligible captions
- Always had to remember what to type
- Ambiguous messages
- Monochromatic, green text on black background

1980s screen

RENTER >>	Name: Telephone:	
LOCATION >>	Office:	
	Pick-up Date:	
	Return Date:	
AUTOMOBILE >>	Class:	(PR, ST, FU, MD, CO, SC)
	Rate:	
	Miles Per Day	:



A Brief History of Screen Design (cont.)

- 1980s
- Grouping & alignment
- Clear captions
- Command list (+ function keys)
- Instructions had to be inscribed



1990s and beyond

	Name: Telephone:
	CATION————————————————————————————————————
	Office:
	Pick-up Date:
	Return Date:
⊢ AU1	гомовісе————————————————————————————————————
	Class:
	Rate:
	Miles Per Day:



- 1990s and beyond
- Borders
- Buttons
- Menus
- Different font sizes, styles, colors, etc.
- List boxes, drop-down combination boxes, etc.
- Screens modified



Think about today's interfaces. What new features are available?

Resources

- Previous courses, courses elsewhere, info on the web
- HCI Digital Library
- Books
- Web sites
- Standards documents
- Go further
 - Move beyond lectures & book
 - Further courses

Acadamia adu

- Step into research
- The Importance of the User Interface
- (PPT) USER INTERFACE DESIGN | Kerim Goztepe -