# LAB Experiments (Before MST) In SCILAB/MATLAB

1. Print Hello World

#### OUTPUT

```
--> disp("Hello World")
```

"Hello World"

- **2.** Arithmetic Operations (Addition, Subtraction, Division, Multiplication)
- 3. Variable Assignment

#### CODE

```
a=3
b=6
c=a+b
d=a-b
e=a*b
f=a/b
disp([c,d,e,f])
```

#### **OUTPUT**

- --> exec('C:\Users\kulpr\Downloads\Sem 7\Simulation and Modelling\Lab questions\Q2&3.sce', -1)
  - 9. -3. 18. 0.5
    - 4. Square Root of a Number

#### CODE

```
a=49
disp("Square root of a = " + string(sqrt(a)))
a=81
disp("Square root of a = " + string(sqrt(a)))
```

#### **OUTPUT**

--> exec('C:\Users\kulpr\Downloads\Sem 7\Simulation and Modelling\Lab questions\Q4.sce', -1)

```
"Square root of a = 7"
```

```
"Square root of a = 9"
```

**5.** Area of a circle (Input Radius)

#### CODE

```
radius = input("Enter radius of circle : ")
area = %pi * radius ^ 2
disp("Area of circle = "+string(area))
```

#### **OUTPUT**

--> exec('C:\Users\kulpr\Downloads\Sem 7\Simulation and Modelling\Lab questions\Q5.sce', -1) Enter radius of circle : 5

```
"Area of circle = 78.539816"
```

**6.** Greater of 2 numbers (Relational operators)

#### CODE

```
num1 = input("Enter first number : ")
num2 = input("Enter second number : ")
if(num1>num2)
    disp("Greater of the two numbers is "+string(num1))
elseif(num2>num1)
    disp("Greater of the two numbers is "+string(num2))
else
    disp("Both the numbers sre equal")
end
```

#### **OUTPUT**

--> exec('C:\Users\kulpr\Downloads\Sem 7\Simulation and Modelling\Lab questions\Q6.sce', -1) Enter first number : 5

Enter second number: 8

"Greater of the two numbers is 8"

7. Logical AND, OR, NOT

```
temp = 40
humidity = 14
play = 0
if(temp>35 & humidity>70)
```

```
disp("It is Sunny and Hot")
elseif(temp<30 | humidity<20)
disp("It is cool")
end
if(~play)
disp("PLAY!!!")
end
```

#### **OUTPUT**

```
---> exec('C:\Users\kulpr\Downloads\Sem 7\Simulation and Modelling\Lab questions\Q7.sce', -1)

"It is cool"

"PLAY!!!"
```

8. Bitwise AND, OR, XOR, SHIFT

#### CODE

```
num1_in_dec = 49
num2_in_dec = 93
disp("num1 in Decimal = "+string(num1_in_dec)+" num1 in Binary = "+dec2bin(num1_in_dec,8))
disp("num2 in Decimal = "+string(num2_in_dec)+" num2 in Binary = "+dec2bin(num2_in_dec,8))
disp("BITWISE OR")
disp(bitor(num1_in_dec,num2_in_dec),dec2bin(bitor(num1_in_dec,num2_in_dec)))
disp("BITWISE AND")
disp(bitand(num1_in_dec,num2_in_dec),dec2bin(bitand(num1_in_dec,num2_in_dec)))
disp("BITWISE XOR")
disp(bitxor(num1_in_dec,num2_in_dec),dec2bin(bitxor(num1_in_dec,num2_in_dec)))
```

#### OUTPUT

--> exec('C:\Users\kulpr\Downloads\Sem 7\Simulation and Modelling\Lab questions\Q8.sce', -1)

```
"num1 in Decimal = 49 num1 in Binary = 00110001"
```

"num2 in Decimal = 93 num2 in Binary = 01011101"

"BITWISE OR"

125.

"1111101"

"BITWISE AND"

17.

```
"10001"
 "BITWISE XOR"
  108.
 "1101100"
   9. Set Operations
CODE
a = [1, 2, 3, 4]
b = [3, 7, 6]
disp("a: ", a)
disp("b: ", b)
c = union(a, b)
disp("union of a and b: ", c)
d = intersect(a, b)
disp("intersection of a and b: ", d)
e = setdiff(a, b)
disp("Set Difference of a and b: ", e)
OUTPUT
--> exec('C:\Users\kulpr\Downloads\Sem 7\Simulation and Modelling\Lab questions\Q9.sce', -1)
 "a: "
  1. 2. 3. 4.
 "b: "
  3. 7. 6.
 "union of a and b: "
  1. 2. 3. 4. 6. 7.
 "intersection of a and b: "
  3.
```

"Set Difference of a and b: "

- 1. 2. 4.
  - **10.** WAP to check whether a number is odd or even

#### CODE

```
a= input("enter a number ")
if(modulo(a,2)==0) then
    disp("number is even ")
else
    disp("number is odd")
end
```

#### **OUTPUT**

--> exec('C:\Users\kulpr\Downloads\Sem 7\Simulation and Modelling\Lab questions\Q10.sce', -1) enter a number 9

"number is odd"

**11.** Find greatest among 3 numbers

#### CODE

```
a = 10
b = 13
c = 7
if(a>b &a>c) then
   disp("a is greatest element")
elseif( a<b &b>c ) then
   disp("b is greatest element")
elseif( c>a&c>b ) then
   disp("c is greatest element")
end
```

#### **OUTPUT**

--> exec('C:\Users\kulpr\Downloads\Sem 7\Simulation and Modelling\Lab questions\Q11.sce', -1)

"b is greatest element"

**12.** Power Function

```
a = 5

disp(a^2)

disp(a^*4)

disp(a^5)
```

#### **OUTPUT**

--> exec('C:\Users\kulpr\Downloads\Sem 7\Simulation and Modelling\Lab questions\Q12.sce', -1)

25.

625.

3125.

**13.** Find roots of a quadratic equation

#### CODE

```
a=input("Enter coeffecient of x^2: ")
b=input("Enter coeffecient of x: ")
c=input("Enter constant: ")
p = poly([c b a], 'x', 'c')
disp(roots(p))
```

#### **OUTPUT**

--> exec('C:\Users\kulpr\Downloads\Sem 7\Simulation and Modelling\Lab questions\Q13.sce', -1)

Enter coeffecient of x^2: 1

Enter coeffecient of x: 3

Enter constant: 2

-2. + 0.i -1. + 0.i

**14.** Nested function

```
function y=\underline{foo}(x)

a=10^*(x)

function y=\underline{sq}(x), y=x^2, endfunction

y=\underline{sq}(a)+1
```

#### endfunction

disp(foo(2))

# OUTPUT

--> exec('C:\Users\kulpr\Downloads\Sem 7\Simulation and Modelling\Lab questions\Q14.sce', -1)

401.

- **15.** Private Function
- **16.** Global Variables

# CODE

global x

x = 10

# OUTPUT

--> global x

x =

10.

Variable Browser ? ₹ ×					
	Name	Value	Type	Visibility	Memory
	a	1	Double	global	216 B
$\checkmark$	ans	1x1	Boolean	local	212 B
	b	3	Double	local	216 B
	С	2	Double	local	216 B
	d	3	Double	local	216 B
	e	[1, 2, 4]	Double	local	232 B
$\chi^2$	р	1x1	Polynomial	local	272 B
	x	10	Double	global	216 B
	у	401	Double	local	216 B

17. Strings

```
a = "My new String"
disp(a)
```

#### **OUTPUT**

--> exec('C:\Users\kulpr\Downloads\Sem 7\Simulation and Modelling\Lab questions\Q17.sce', -1)

"My new String"

**18.** Data Type Conversion

#### CODE

```
disp("60 in decimal to binary(8 bits): ",dec2bin(60,8))
disp("00111100 in binary to decimal: ", bin2dec('00111100'))
disp("22 in decimal to octal: ", dec2oct(20))
disp("13 in decimal to hexadecimal: ", dec2hex(13))
disp("15 in decimal to hexadecimal: ", dec2hex(15))
disp("F in hexadecimal to decimal: ", hex2dec("F"))
```

#### **OUTPUT**

--> exec('C:\Users\kulpr\Downloads\Sem 7\Simulation and Modelling\Lab questions\Q18.sce', -1)

```
"60 in decimal to binary(8 bits): "
```

"00111100"

"00111100 in binary to decimal: "

60.

"22 in decimal to octal: "

"24"

"13 in decimal to hexadecimal: "

"D"

"15 in decimal to hexadecimal: "

"F"

"F in hexadecimal to decimal: "

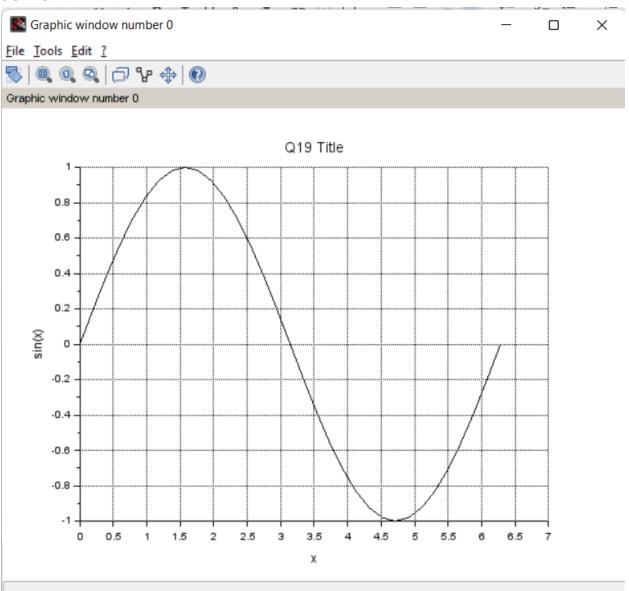
15.

# 19. Plot Graph with Title and Labels

#### CODE

x=[0:%pi/16:2\*%pi]
y = sin(x)
plot2d(x, y)
xgrid
xtitle('Q19 Title', 'x', 'sin(x)')

### **OUTPUT**

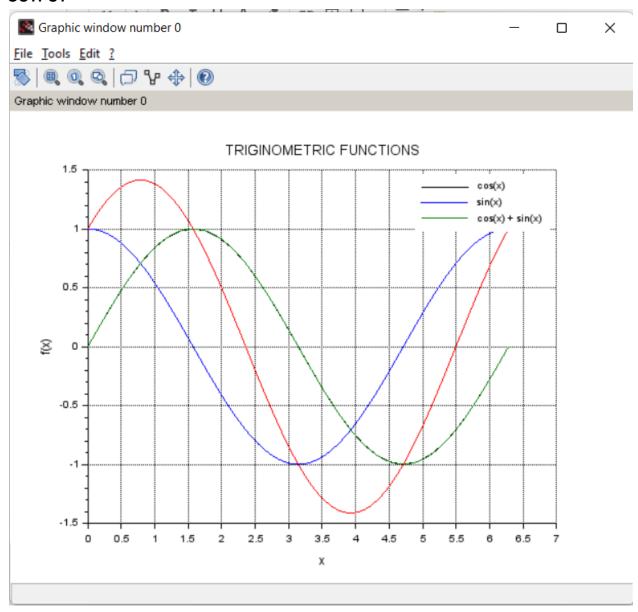


# **20.** Drawing multiple functions on the same graph

#### CODE

```
 \begin{split} x &= [0:\%pi/32:2*\%pi]'; \\ y &= [\cos(x)\sin(x)\cos(x) + \sin(x)]; \\ plot(x, y); & xgrid(1); \\ xtitle('TRIGINOMETRIC FUNCTIONS', 'x', 'f(x)'); \\ legend('\cos(x)', '\sin(x)', '\cos(x) + \sin(x)', 1, \%F); \end{split}
```

### **OUTPUT**



# 21. Subplots

### CODE

clf subplot(221) plot2d()

subplot(222)

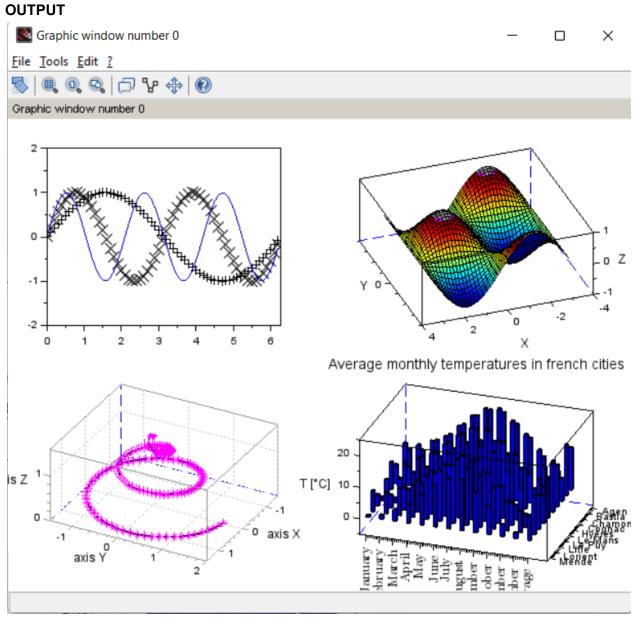
plot3d()

subplot(2,2,3)

param3d()

subplot(2,2,4)

bar3d()

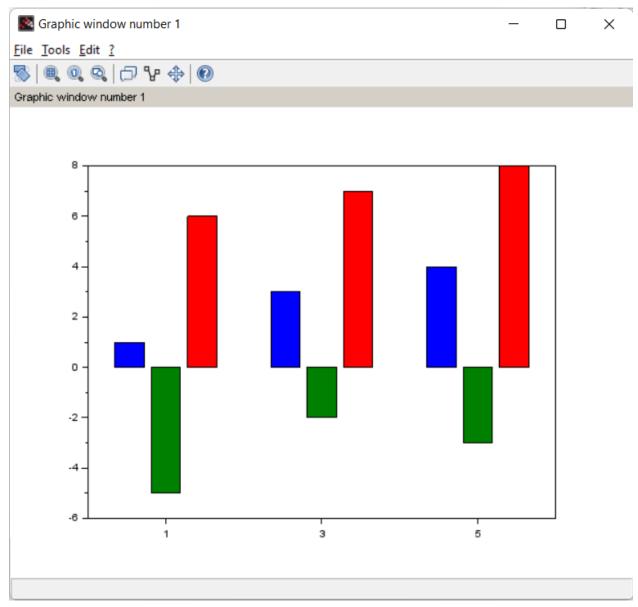


# 22. Bar charts

#### CODE

```
scf(1);
x=[1 3 5];
y=[1 -5 6;3 -2 7;4 -3 8];
bar(x,y);
```

# **OUTPUT**



23. Contours

clf

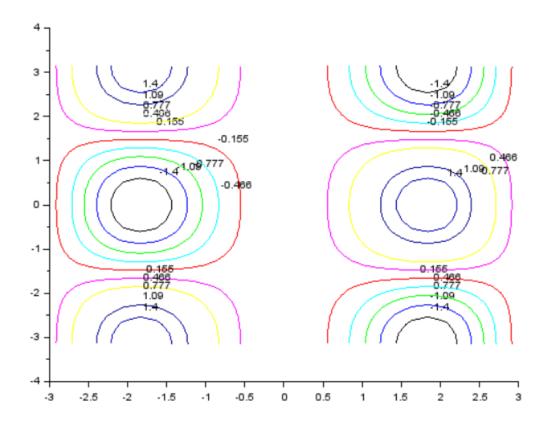
t=linspace(-%pi,%pi,30);

function  $z=my surface(x, y), z=x*sin(x)^2*cos(y), endfunction$ 

contour(t,t,my surface,10)

### **OUTPUT**





## 24. Three dimensional Plot

#### CODE

clf;

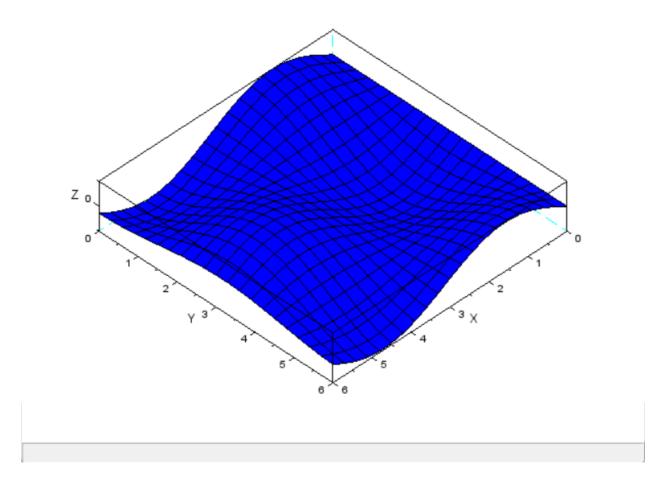
t=[0:0.3:2\*%pi]';

z=sin(t)\*cos(t');

plot3d(t,t,z);

# OUTPUT





# **25.** Arrays

```
a = [1 2 3]
b = [4 5 6]
disp("a: ", a)
disp("b: ", b)
c = a + b
disp("a+b: ", c)
d = a.*b
disp("a.*b: ", d)
```

### OUTPUT

--> exec('C:\Users\kulpr\Downloads\Sem 7\Simulation and Modelling\Lab questions\Q25.sce', -1)

"a: "

1. 2. 3.

"b: "

4. 5. 6.

"a+b: "

5. 7. 9.

"a.\*b: "

4. 10. 18.

**26.** Matrices

#### CODE

```
a=[1,2,3;4,5,6;7,8,9]
b=[10,11,12;13,14,15;16,17,18]
disp("a: ", a)
disp("b: ", b)

c = a+b
disp("c: ", c)

d = a*b
disp("d: ", d)
```

### **OUTPUT**

--> exec('C:\Users\kulpr\Downloads\Sem 7\Simulation and Modelling\Lab questions\Q26.sce', -1)

"a: "

- 1. 2. 3.
- 4. 5. 6.
- 7. 8. 9.

```
"b: "
 10. 11. 12.
  13. 14. 15.
 16. 17. 18.
 "c: "
 11. 13. 15.
 17. 19. 21.
 23. 25. 27.
 "d: "
 84. 90. 96.
 201. 216. 231.
 318. 342. 366.
   27.
          Generate Random Numbers
CODE
A=100*rand(20,1); //Generates a vector with 20 random floating integers in range [0,100]
B=round(100*rand(20,1)); //Generates a vector with 20 random integers in range [0,100]
C=round(100*rand(5,5)); //Generates a matrix of size 5x5 with 5x5=25 random integers in range [0,100]
disp(C)
OUTPUT
--> exec('C:\Users\kulpr\Downloads\Sem 7\Simulation and Modelling\Lab questions\Q27.sce',
-1)
 21.132487
 75.604385
 0.0221135
 33.032709
 66.538110
 62.839179
 84.974524
 68.573102
 87.821648
 6.8374037
```

56.084861

66.235694

72.635068

19.851438

54.425732

23.207479

23.122372

21.646326

88.338878

65.251349

31.

93.

21.

31.

36.

29.

57.

48.

33.

59. 50.

50.

44.

27.

63.

41.

92.

4.

48.

26.

41.

28. 69. 41. 59. 39.

13. 15. 88. 69. 92.

78. 70. 11. 89. 95.

21. 84. 20. 50. 34.

11. 41. 56. 35. 38.