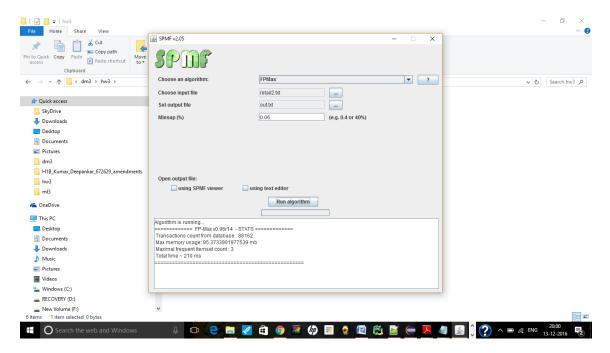
Exercise 1

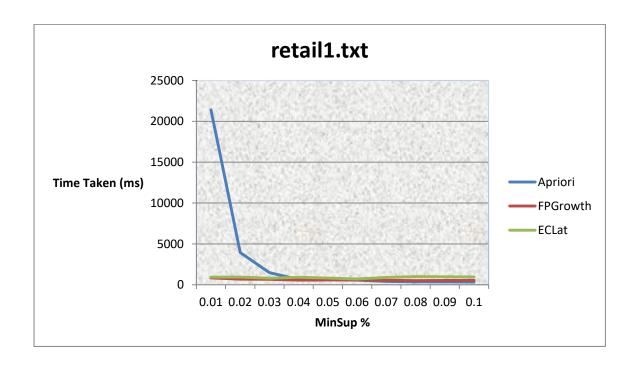
Smpf.jar is used.

The total time and Frequent item set counts are logged into Excel and the Excel charts are prepared.



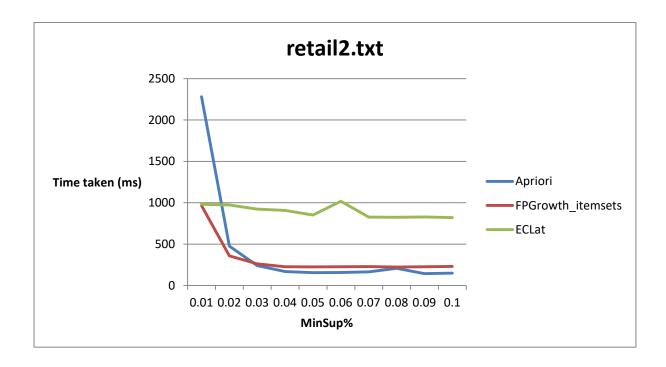
Minimum Support is varied from 0.01 to 0.10 is step of 0.01 and the frequent item sets are obtained and plotted against.

For Dataset retail1.txt



Minimum Support is varied from 0.01 to 0.10 is step of 0.01 and the frequent item sets are obtained and plotted against.

For Dataset retail2.txt



From the plots it is evident that for low value of Minimum Support Apriori algorithm doesn't perfom well. But at relative high value of minimum support the performance remains same.

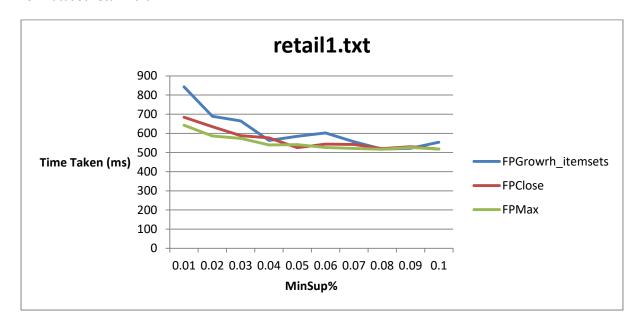
For relative high value of minimum support all three algorithms performance remain similar.

But for dataset retail2.txt Apriori algorithm performs better.

Exercise 2

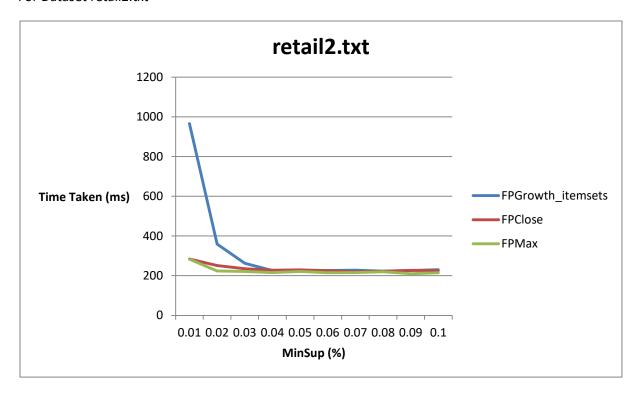
Minimum Support is varied from 0.01 to 0.10 is step of 0.01 and the frequent item sets are obtained and plotted against.

For Dataset retail1.txt



	min-sup = 0.5%	min-sup = 1%	min-sup = 2%	min-sup = 5%
FP-growth	674 ms	625 ms	588 ms	538 ms
	396	140	45	10
FP Close	679 ms	633	595	540 ms
	323	131	45	10
FPMax	681 ms	662 ms	577 ms	626 ms
	175	80	33	8

For Dataset retail2.txt



	min-sup = 0.5%	min-sup = 1%	min-sup = 2%	min-sup = 5%
FP-growth	350 ms	257ms	235ms	221ms
	580	159	55	16
FP Close	372 ms	270 ms	236 ms	215 ms
	580	159	55	16
FPMax	383 ms	264 ms	229 ms	223 ms
	284	78	20	4

FPClose and FPMax perform better than FPGrowth at low level of support.

Exercise 3 & 4

Please find DM folder for java implementation of MS-Apriori algorithm.

Exercise 5

a)

```
Top 5 itemsets with maximum support are:
```

```
1084 1126 2183 #SUP: 6396
426 479 1534 #SUP: 6598
225 1816 1834 #SUP: 6959
90 1534 1943 #SUP: 7294
349 1142 2363 #SUP: 9505
```

Cannot be together sets

```
(1084 1126 2183), (426 479 1534),( 225 1816 1834), (90 1534 1943), (349 1142 2363)
```

Must have set:

(90, 225, 349, 1084, 426)

The above item set is obtained taking item with least min id from the 5 itemsets and then sorting in ascending order.

b)

$$\delta = 0.5$$
, $\varphi = 5\%$, $LS = .01$

The must have set is (90, 225, 349, 1084, 426)

The number of obtained frequent itemsets is 12.

Level1

90	#SUP: 18695	
225	#SUP: 51911	
349	#SUP: 11697	
426	#SUP: 21461	
1084 #SUP: 17037		
Level 2		
116 426	#SUP: 5951	
1142 34	9 #SUP: 9505	
2363 34	9 #SUP: 9505	
479 426	#SUP: 9752	
2183 10	84 #SUP: 7561	

Level 3:

116 479 426 #SUP: 5951 1142 2363 349 #SUP: 9505 The parameters used for the custom implementation of MSApriori Algorithm in Ex 4 are: $\delta=0.5, \, \varphi=5\%, \, LS=.01$

Number of Frequent Itemsets obtained are 105

Ran MSApriori algorithm of SPMF with Beta = 0.5 and LS = .01 Here is the output:

======= MSAPRIORI - STATS ========

The algorithm stopped at level 4, because there is no candidate

Frequent itemsets count: 121

Maximum memory usage: 1086.2515029907227

mb Total time ~ 62787 ms

d)

Algorithm	Without Filtering	With Filtering(item
		constraint)
Custom Implementation	17639 ms	17041 ms
SPMF Implementation	62787 ms	