Book Recommendation System

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Abstract:

Recommendation systems is used for the purpose of suggesting items to purchase or to see. They direct users towards those items which can meet their needs through cutting down large database of Information. A various techniques have been introduced for recommending items i.e., content, collaborative and association mining techniques are used. This paper solves the problem of data sparsity problem by combining the collaborative-based filtering and association rule mining to achieve better performance. The results obtained are demonstrated and the proposed recommendation algorithms perform better and solve the challenges such as data sparsity and scalability.

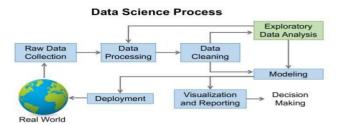
Objective:

The main objective is to create a book recommendation system for users. Recommender systems are really critical in some industries as they can generate a huge amount of income when they are efficient or also be a way to stand out significantly from competitors.

Steps involve in this project

- loading the data into data frame
- cleaning the data
- extracting statistics from the dataset
- exploratory analysis and visualizations

- questions that can be asked from the dataset
- conclusion



1. Problem Statement

• During the last few decades, with the rise of YouTube, Amazon, Netflix, and many other such web services, recommender systems have taken more and more place in our lives. From e-commerce (suggest to buyer's articles that could interest them) to online advertisement (suggest to users the right contents, matching their preferences), recommender systems are today unavoidable in our daily online journeys.

In a very general way, recommender systems are algorithms aimed at suggesting relevant items to users (items being movies to watch, text to read, products to buy, or anything else

depending on industries).

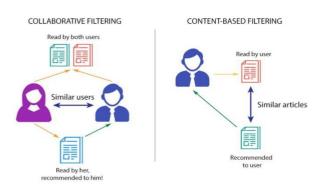
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competitors. The main objective is to create a book recommendation system for users.

2. Introduction

We were provided the in-CSV format there are 3 data sets names books, users and ratings -

- Users: Contains the users. Note that user IDs (User-ID) have been anonymized and map to integers.
 Demographic data is provided (Location, Age) if available. Otherwise, these fields contain NULL values.
- Books: Books are identified by their respective ISBN. Invalid ISBNs have already been removed from the dataset. Moreover, some content-based information is given (Book-Title, Book-Author, Year-Of-Publication, Publisher), obtained from Amazon Web Services. Note that in the case of several authors, only the first is provided. URLs linking to cover images are also given, appearing in three different flavours (Image-URL-S, Image-URL-M, Image-URL-L), i.e., small, medium, large. These URLs point to the Amazon website.
- Ratings: Contains the book rating information. Ratings (Book-Rating) are either explicit, expressed on a scale from 1-10 (higher values denoting higher appreciation), or implicit, expressed by 0.



In this step removing faulty data and filling in gaps. The task to be crucial and important thus validating by following steps

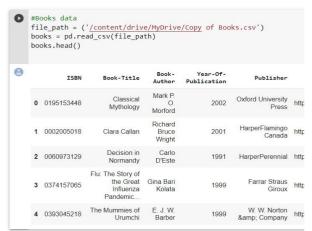
- Removing extraneous data
- Handing in missing values.
- Data shifting in respective columns
- Conforming data to a standardized pattern.

def missing_values(df): mis val=df.isnull().sum() mis_val_percent=round(df.isnull().mean().mul(100),2) mz_table=pd.concat([mis_val,mis_val_percent],axis=1) mz table=mz table.rename(columns={df.index.name:'col_name',0:'Missing Values',1:'% of mz_table['Data_type']=df.dtypes mz table=mz table.sort values('% of Total Values',ascending=F return mz_table.reset_index() In [8]: missing_values(users) index Missing Values % of Total Values Data_type Age 110762 39.72 float64 0.00 1 User-ID int64 2 Location 0.00 object

Out[59]:		User-ID	Age	Country	ISBN	Вос	ok-Rating	Avg_Rat	ing T	otal_No_Of_Users_Rat
	0	8	33.0	canada	0002005018		5	7.666	667	
	1	11676	28.0	nan	0002005018		8	7.666	667	
	2	67544	30.0	canada	0002005018		8	7.666	667	
	3	116866	32.0	other	0002005018		9	7.666	667	
	4	123629	33.0	canada	0002005018		9	7.666	667	
n [60]:	m	issing_v	value	s(Final_D	ataset)					
Out[60]:				index	Missing Val	ues	% of Tota	l Values	Data_	type
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	2			Country		0		0.0	0	bject
	3			ISBN		0		0.0	0	bject
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	7			Book-Title		0		0.0	0	bject
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	9	Ye	ear-Of-	Publication		0		0.0	flo	at64
	10			Publisher		0		0.0	0	bject

4. Transform data

3. Data Cleanings and validations



	User-ID	ISBN	Book-Rating	Avg_Rating	Total_No_Of_Users_Rated
	276726	0155061224	5	5.000000	1
	276729	052165615X	3	3.000000	1
	276729	0521795028	6	6.000000	1
	276744	038550120X	7	7.580247	81
6	276747	0060517794	9	8.000000	30

Merging All Dataset.

[] Final_Dataset=users.copy()
Final_Dataset=pd.merge(Final_Dataset,ratings_explicit,on='User-ID')
Final_Dataset=pd.merge(Final_Dataset,books,on='ISBN')

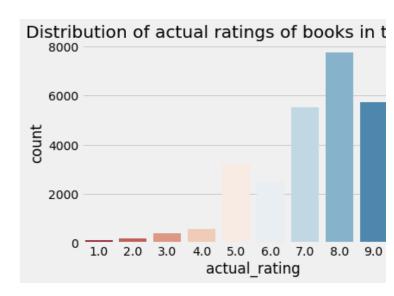
[] Final_Dataset.head()

	User-ID	Age	Country	ISBN	Book-Rating	Avg_Rating	Total_No_Of_Users_Rated	В
0	8	33.0	canada	0002005018	5	7.666667	9	C
1	11676	28.0	nan	0002005018	8	7.666667	9	C
2	67544	30.0	canada	0002005018	8	7.666667	9	C
3	116866	32.0	other	0002005018	9	7.666667	9	C
4	123629	33.0	canada	0002005018	9	7.666667	9	C

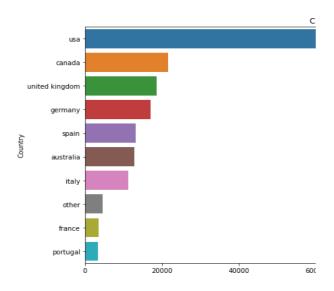
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Harry Potter and the Prisoner of Az	kaba
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Harry Potter and the Chamber of S	ecret
The Two Towers (The Lord of the	e Rin
Harry Potter and the Goblet	of Fir
The Fellowship of the Ring (The Lord of the	e Rin
The Hobbit: The Enchanting Prelude to The Lo	ord o
Ender's Game (Ender Wiggins Sag	ga (Pa
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Charlotte's Web (Tr	rophy
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	2		0000240023	10	8.767		
		2033	0060256664	10	8.333		
	3	2033	0060256737	10	9.045		
	4	2033	0060950536	10	9.400		
	5	2033	0061020419	7	7.000		
	6	2033	0061020427	6	6.000		
	7	15.00.000	0061056278	10	9 000		
	8	2033	0061056286	8	7.667		
	9	2033	0061056294	9	7.000		
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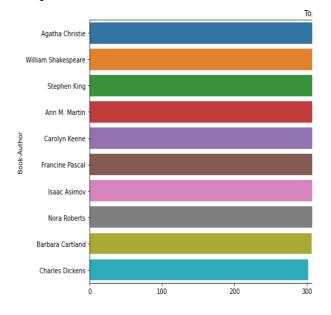
5. Exploratory Analysis and Visualization



• Country wise Users who read books



. Top 10 Authors



- 11. Popularity based recommendations
- 12. Popular in whole collection
- 13. Popular in given place
- 14. Books by same author, publisher of given book name
- 15. Popular books yearly
- 16. Recommendation using average weighted rating
- 17. Different Recommendation Model
- 18. User item collaborative filtering recommendation
- 19. Correlation based recommendation
- 20. Nearest neighbors-based recommendation
- 21. Content based recommendation
- 22. Challenges
- 23. Conclusion
- 24. Future Scope

7. Programing Language:

We have used python programing Language and used below library for EDA

Numpy

Pandas

Seaborn

maths

matplotlib

warnings

6. Contributions:

- 1. Introduction to data
- 2. Problem statement
- 3. Data Summary
- 4. Analysis of different datasets
- 5. Data Cleaning and pre processing
- 6. Understanding the data
- 7. correlation
- 8. Outlier treatment
- 9. Imputing missing values
- 10. Implanting algorithms