17/01/2019 Thomas Algorithm

Advanced Numerical Techniques Assignment 1

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```
In [47]:
```

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
%matplotlib inline
plt.rcParams['figure.figsize'] = [10, 15]
```

Tridiagonal Matrix Algorithm (TDMA) is also known as Thomas Algorithm which is implemented in the cell below. The difference equations are of the form

In [48]:

```
def A(x):
    return (1./x)
def B(x):
    return 0.
def C(x):
    return(1./x**2)
def TDMA(diag, sub, sup, d):
    All the parameters are numpy arrays
    diag --> Diagonal entries of the tri-diagonal matrix
    sub --> Sub-Diagonal entries of the tri-diagonal matrix
    sup --> Super-Diagonal entries of the tri-diagonal matrix
    11 11 11
    n = len(diag)
    sup[0] = sup[0]/diag[0]
    d[0] = d[0]/diag[0]
    for i in range(1, n):
        sup[i] = sup[i]/(diag[0] - sup[i - 1]*sub[i])
        d[i] = (d[i] - d[i - 1]*sub[i])/(diag[0] - sup[i - 1]*sub[i])
    y = np.zeros(n)
    y[n-1] = d[n-1]
    for i in range(n - 2, -1, -1):
        y[i] = d[i] - sup[i] * y[i + 1]
    return y
```

Finding the solution of Boundary Value problem

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In [49]:

```
def BVPsolution(y0, yn, x0, xn, h):
    n = int((xn - x0)/h) + 1
    diag = [1 \text{ for } i \text{ in } range(1, n)]
    sub = [1 for i in range(1, n)]
    sup = [1 for i in range(1, n)]
    d = [1 \text{ for } i \text{ in } range(1, n)]
    for i in range(1, n):
        x = x0 + i*h
           print(sub, diag, sup)
        sub[i-1] = (1.0 / (h ** 2)) - (A(x) / (2.0 * h))
        diag[i-1] = (-2.0 / (h ** 2)) + B(x)
        \sup[i-1] = (1.0 / (h ** 2)) + (A(x) / (2.0 * h))
        if i == 1:
             d[i-1] = C(x) - sub[i-1] * y0
        elif i == n - 1:
             d[i-1] = C(x) - \sup[i-1] * yn
        else:
             d[i-1] = C(x)
    y = TDMA(diag, sub, sup, d)
    np.insert(y, 1, y0)
      print("The SOLN: ", y)
    return y
```

In [57]:

```
# Take Differential Equation as an inputs
# Initializing boundary conditions y(1) = 0, y(1.4) = 0.0566
x0 = 1
xn = 1.4
y0 = 0
yn = 0.0566
steps = [0.1, 0.05, 0.01]
\# n = int((xn - x0)/steps[1]) + 1
# for i in range(1, n):
     print(x0 + i*steps[1])
y_0 = np.insert(BVPsolution(y0, yn, x0, xn, steps[0]), 0, 0)
y_1 = np.insert(BVPsolution(y0, yn, x0, xn, steps[1]), 0, 0)
y = np.insert(BVPsolution(y0, yn, x0, xn, steps[2]), 0, 0)
print(y 1)
print(y 2)
print(y 0)
```

```
[0. 0.00119469 0.00454866 0.00977376 0.01662666 0.02490052 0.03441855 0.04502879]
[0.00000000e+00 4.93560595e-05 1.95772553e-04 4.36408608e-04 7.68523908e-04 1.18947432e-03 1.69670776e-03 2.28776025e-03 2.96025219e-03 3.71188485e-03 4.54043696e-03 5.44376152e-03 6.41978281e-03 7.46649343e-03 8.58195161e-03 9.76427853e-03 1.10116559e-02 1.23223235e-02 1.36945769e-02 1.51267656e-02 1.66172905e-02 1.81646021e-02 1.97671990e-02 2.14236254e-02 2.31324701e-02 2.48923644e-02 2.67019806e-02 2.85600307e-02 3.04652649e-02 3.24164700e-02 3.44124685e-02 3.64521168e-02 3.85343045e-02 4.06579532e-02 4.28220150e-02 4.50254718e-02 4.72673341e-02 4.95466401e-02 5.18624551e-02 5.42138697e-02]
[0. 0.00457418 0.01665575 0.03443745]
```

In [68]:

```
def f(x0, xn, h = 0.1):
    return np.arange(x0, xn, h)
def func(arr):
    return (np.power(np.log(arr), 2)/2)
x range0 = f(x0, xn, h = steps[0])
x_range1 = f(x0, xn, h = steps[1])
x \text{ range2} = f(x0, xn, h = steps[2])
y_range0 = func(x_range0)
y range1 = func(x range1)
y_range2 = func(x_range2)
print("Error Values")
print(y range0 - y 0)
print(y_range1 - y_1)
print(y range2 - y 2)
#Plotting step = 0.1
plt.subplot(3, 1, 1)
plt.xlabel('X')
plt.ylabel('Y')
plt.plot(x_range2, y_range2, '-', x_range0, y_0, 'x')
\#Plotting\ step = 0.05
plt.subplot(3, 1, 2)
plt.xlabel('X')
plt.ylabel('Y')
plt.plot(x range2, y range2, '-', x range1, y 1, 'x')
#Plotting step = 0.001
plt.subplot(3, 1, 3)
plt.xlabel('X')
plt.ylabel('Y')
plt.plot(x_range2, y_range2, '-', x_range2, y_2, 'x')
plt.show()
```

Error Values

```
 \begin{bmatrix} 0.000000000e+00 & -3.21658918e-05 & -3.51705855e-05 & -1.99480323e-05 \\ 0.000000000e+00 & -4.45307536e-06 & -6.64338481e-06 & -7.06063020e-06 \\ -6.08216956e-06 & -4.00148466e-06 & -1.04871924e-06 & 2.59430962e-06 \\ \hline [0.00000000e+00 & 1.48482497e-07 & 2.99470937e-07 & 4.52786856e-07 \\ 6.08262332e-07 & 7.65739305e-07 & 9.25068954e-07 & 1.08611112e-06 \\ 1.24873376e-06 & 1.41281244e-06 & 1.57822990e-06 & 1.74487556e-06 \\ 1.91264515e-06 & 2.08144035e-06 & 2.25116838e-06 & 2.42174171e-06 \\ 2.59307774e-06 & 2.76509851e-06 & 2.93773043e-06 & 3.11090403e-06 \\ 3.28455372e-06 & 3.45861755e-06 & 3.63303704e-06 & 3.80775696e-06 \\ 3.98272514e-06 & 4.15789231e-06 & 4.33321195e-06 & 4.50864013e-06 \\ 4.68413533e-06 & 4.85965836e-06 & 5.03517224e-06 & 5.21064200e-06 \\ 5.38603466e-06 & 5.56131909e-06 & 5.73646589e-06 & 5.91144732e-06 \\ 6.08623722e-06 & 6.26081089e-06 & 6.43514508e-06 & 6.60921782e-06] \\ \end{bmatrix}
```



