## Assignment-7

```
Q-1
Ans
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
 int i, n;
 // initialize first and second terms
 int t1 = 0, t2 = 1;
// initialize the next term (3rd term)
 int nextTerm = t1 + t2;
 // get no. of terms from user
 printf("Enter the number of terms: ");
 scanf("%d", &n);
 // print the first two terms t1 and t2
 printf("Fibonacci Series: %d, %d, ", t1, t2);
 // print 3rd to nth terms
 for (i = 3; i \le n; ++i) {
  printf("%d, ", nextTerm);
  t1 = t2;
  t2 = nextTerm;
  nextTerm = t1 + t2;
 }
```

```
return 0;
}
Q-3
Ans
#include<stdio.h>
void main()
{
 int i,c=0,n;
 int a=0;
 int b=1;
 printf("Enter a number to generate fibonacci series for first n terms\n");
 scanf("%d",&n);
 printf("Fibonacci series for first %d terms:-\n",n);
 for(i=0;i<n;i++)
   printf("%d ",c);
   a=b;
   b=c;
   c=a+b;
 }
}
Q-5
Ans
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
int n1, n2, i, gcd;
```

```
printf("Enter two integers: ");
scanf("%d %d", &n1, &n2);
for(i=1; i <= n1 && i <= n2; ++i)
{
if(n1%i==0 && n2%i==0)
gcd = i;
}
printf("G.C.D is %d", gcd);
return 0;
}
Q-6
Ans
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
 int low, high, i, flag;
 printf("Enter two numbers(intervals): ");
 scanf("%d %d", &low, &high);
 printf("Prime numbers between %d and %d are: ", low, high);
 // iteration until low is not equal to high
 while (low < high) {
   flag = 0;
   // ignore numbers less than 2
```

```
if (low <= 1) {
     ++low;
     continue;
   }
   // if low is a non-prime number, flag will be 1
   for (i = 2; i <= low / 2; ++i) {
     if (low % i == 0) {
      flag = 1;
      break;
     }
   }
   if (flag == 0)
     printf("%d ", low);
   // to check prime for the next number
   // increase low by 1
   ++low;
 }
 return 0;
Q-7
Ans
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
```

}

```
int low, high, i, flag;
printf("Enter two numbers(intervals): ");
scanf("%d %d", &low, &high);
printf("Prime numbers between %d and %d are: ", low, high);
// iteration until low is not equal to high
while (low < high) {
 flag = 0;
 // ignore numbers less than 2
 if (low <= 1) {
   ++low;
   continue;
 }
 // if low is a non-prime number, flag will be 1
 for (i = 2; i \le low / 2; ++i) {
   if (low \% i == 0) {
     flag = 1;
     break;
   }
 }
 if (flag == 0)
   printf("%d", low);
 // to check prime for the next number
 // increase low by 1
```

```
++low;
 }
 return 0;
}
Q-8
Ans
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main()
{
 int n,i,j,flag=0,out;
 clrscr();
  printf("enter the num\n");
 scanf("%d",&n);
 for(i=n+1;i<=100;i++)
 {
   flag=0;
   for(j=2;j<i;j++)
   {
     if(i%j==0)
     {
      flag=1;
```

```
break;
    }
   }
   if(flag==0)
   {
    printf("next prime is:%d",i);
    break;
   }
 }
 getch();
}
Q-9
Ans-
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
  int num, originalNum, remainder, result = 0;
  printf("Enter a three-digit integer: ");
  scanf("%d", &num);
  originalNum = num;
  while (originalNum != 0) {
   // remainder contains the last digit
    remainder = originalNum % 10;
   result += remainder * remainder;
   // removing last digit from the orignal number
```

```
originalNum /= 10;
}

if (result == num)
    printf("%d is an Armstrong number.", num);
else
    printf("%d is not an Armstrong number.", num);

return 0;
}
Q-10
Ans
```

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
int main()

{
  int no, temp, rem, sum, count=0;
  clrscr();
  printf("Armstrong numbers between 1 and 1000 are:\n");
  for(no=1; no<=1000; no++)
  {
    temp=no;
    sum=0;
    while(temp>0)
    {
        rem=temp%10;
    }
}
```

```
sum=sum+(rem*rem*rem);
temp=temp/10;
}
if(no==sum)
{
printf("\n%d", no);
count++;
}
printf("%d",count);
getch();
return 0;
}
```