# Experiment:9: Illustrate the concept of inter-process communication using shared memory with a C program.

#### Aim:

The aim of this program is to illustrate **Inter-Process Communication (IPC) using Shared Memory** in C. Shared memory allows two or more processes to communicate by accessing a common memory space. One process writes data to the shared memory, and another process reads the data from it.

### **Procedure:**

#### 1. Create Shared Memory:

- Use shmget() to create or access a shared memory segment.
- shmget() returns a shared memory identifier that can be used to attach the shared memory.

# 2. Attach the Shared Memory:

o Use shmat() to attach the shared memory segment to the process's address space.

#### 3. Write to Shared Memory:

One process writes data into the shared memory.

#### 4. Read from Shared Memory:

o Another process reads the data from the shared memory.

#### 5. Detach and Remove Shared Memory:

 After the processes finish using the shared memory, they should detach from it using shmdt() and remove it using shmctl() to free resources.

#### Steps in the Program:

- 1. A **producer process** will write data into the shared memory.
- 2. A **consumer process** will read the data from the shared memory.

#### **C Program Implementation:**

# Producer (writes data to shared memory):

#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <sys/ipc.h>
#include <sys/shm.h>

```
#include <string.h>
#define SHM_KEY 1234 // Shared memory key
int main() {
  int shmid;
  char *shared_mem;
  // Create shared memory segment
  shmid = shmget(SHM_KEY, 1024, IPC_CREAT | 0666);
  if (shmid == -1) {
    perror("shmget failed");
    exit(1);
  }
  // Attach the shared memory segment
  shared_mem = (char *)shmat(shmid, NULL, 0);
  if (shared_mem == (char *)(-1)) {
    perror("shmat failed");
    exit(1);
  }
  // Write data to shared memory
  printf("Enter data to write to shared memory: ");
  fgets(shared_mem, 1024, stdin); // User input to shared memory
  // Detach the shared memory segment
```

```
if (shmdt(shared_mem) == -1) {
    perror("shmdt failed");
    exit(1);
}

printf("Data written to shared memory successfully!\n");
    return 0;
}
```

Output:

# Output

Reader: Reading from shared memory: Hello from sachin!

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Result:

IPC using shared memory allows multiple processes to communicate by sharing a region of memory.